

STATE OF MISSOURI
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



CONSTRUCTION PERMIT

The Missouri Department of Natural Resources hereby issues a permit to:

The Honorable Ira Hawkins
Mayor of the City of Granby
302 N. Main, P.O. Box 500
Granby, MO 64844

for the construction of (described facilities):

See attached.

Permit Conditions:

See attached.

Construction of such proposed facilities shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Missouri Clean Water Law, Chapter 644, RSMo, and regulation promulgated thereunder, or this permit may be revoked by the Department of Natural Resources (Department).

As the Department does not examine structural features of design or the efficiency of mechanical equipment, the issuance of this permit does not include approval of these features.

A representative of the Department may inspect the work covered by this permit during construction. Issuance of a permit to operate by the Department will be contingent on the work substantially adhering to the approved plans and specifications.

This permit applies only to the construction of water pollution control components; it does not apply to other environmentally regulated areas.

August 30, 2022 August 21, 2024
Effective Date Modification Date

August 29, 2025
Expiration Date



John Holte, Director, Water Protection Program

CONSTRUCTION PERMIT

I. CONSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION

Conversion of a sequencing batch reactor to an extended aeration wastewater treatment facility and facility upgrades. Construction of: a mechanically cleaned trash screen, influent lift station improvements including two additional base flow pumps with parallel force main, peak flow detention tank, two rectangular final clarifiers, conversion of existing equalization tank to aerobic sludge digestion; replacement of UV disinfection, replacement and upgrade of standby generator; the SBR tanks will be converted to fixed aeration tanks; together with all the necessary appurtenances to make a complete and usable wastewater system to treat the waste from a population equivalent of 2200 with an average daily discharge of 220,000 gallons. The design flow will remain the same and the existing outfall will remain. Discharge is to Tributary to Shoal Creek in Sec. 25, T26N, R31W, Newton County.

This project will also include general site work appropriate to the scope and purpose of the project and all necessary appurtenances to make a complete and usable wastewater treatment facility.

II. COST ANALYSIS FOR COMPLIANCE

Pursuant to Section 644.145, RSMo, when issuing permits under this chapter that incorporate a new requirement for discharges from publicly owned combined or separate sanitary or storm sewer systems or publicly owned treatment works, or when enforcing provisions of this chapter or the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., pertaining to any portion of a publicly owned combined or separate sanitary or storm sewer system or [publicly owned] treatment works, the Department of Natural Resources shall make a “finding of affordability” on the costs to be incurred and the impact of any rate changes on ratepayers upon which to base such permits and decisions, to the extent allowable under this chapter and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. This process is completed through a cost analysis for compliance. Permits that do not include new requirements may be deemed affordable.

The Department is not required to determine Cost Analysis for Compliance because the permit contains no new conditions or requirements that convey a new cost to the facility.

III. CONSTRUCTION PERMIT CONDITIONS

The permittee is authorized to construct subject to the following conditions:

1. This construction permit does not authorize discharge.
2. All construction shall be consistent with plans and specifications signed and sealed by Eugene Spears, P.E., with Allgeier, Martin and Associates, Inc. and as described in this permit.

3. The Department must be contacted in writing prior to making any changes to the plans and specifications that would directly or indirectly have an impact on the capacity, flow, system layout, or reliability of the proposed wastewater treatment facilities or any design parameter that is addressed by 10 CSR 20-8, in accordance with 10 CSR 20-8.110(11).
4. State and federal law does not permit bypassing of raw wastewater, therefore steps must be taken to ensure that raw wastewater does not discharge during construction. If a sanitary sewer overflow or bypass occurs, report the appropriate information to the Department's Southwest Regional Office per 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(G).
5. The wastewater treatment facility shall be located above the 25-year flood level.
6. The wastewater facility structures, electrical equipment, and mechanical equipment shall be protected from physical damage by not less than the 100- year flood elevation per 10 CSR 20-8.140(2)(B). The minimum distance between wastewater treatment facilities and all potable water sources shall be at least 300 feet per 10 CSR 20-8.140(2)(C)1.
7. In addition to the requirements for a construction permit, 10 CSR 20-6.200 requires land disturbance activities of one acre or more to obtain a Missouri state operating permit to discharge stormwater. The permit requires best management practices sufficient to control runoff and sedimentation to protect waters of the state. Land disturbance permits will only be obtained by means of the Department's ePermitting system available online at <https://dnr.mo.gov/data-e-services/missouri-gateway-environmental-management-mogem>. See <https://dnr.mo.gov/data-e-services/water/electronic-permitting-epermitting> for more information.
8. A United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Clean Water Act Section 404 Department of the Army permit and a Section 401 Water Quality Certification issued by the Department may be required for the activities described in this permit. This permit is not valid until these requirements are satisfied or notification is provided that no Section 404 permit is required by the USACE. You must contact your local USACE district since they determine what waters are jurisdictional and which permitting requirements may apply. You may call the Department's Water Protection Program, Operating Permits Section at 573-522-4502 for more information. See <https://dnr.mo.gov/water/business-industry-other-entities/permits-certification-engineering-fees/section-401-water-quality> for more information.
9. All construction must adhere to applicable 10 CSR 20-8 (Chapter 8) requirements listed below.

10 CSR 20-8.140 Wastewater Treatment Facilities

- Flood protection shall apply to new construction and to existing facilities undergoing major modification. The wastewater facility structures, electrical equipment, and

- mechanical equipment shall be protected from physical damage by not less than the 100- year flood elevation. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (2) (B)
- Unless another distance is determined by the Missouri Geological Survey or by the department's Public Drinking Water Branch, the minimum distance between wastewater treatment facilities and all potable water sources shall be at least 300 feet. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (2) (C) 1.
 - All sampling points shall be designed so that a representative and discrete 24 hour automatic composite sample or grab sample of the effluent discharge can be obtained at a point after the final treatment process and before discharge to or mixing with the receiving waters. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (6) (B)
 - All wastewater treatment facilities shall be provided with an alternate source of electric power or pumping capability to allow continuity of operation during power failures. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (7) (A) 1.
 - Electrical systems and components in raw wastewater or in enclosed or partially enclosed spaces where hazardous concentrations of flammable gases or vapors that are normally present, shall comply with the NFPA 70 *National Electric Code (NEC)* (2017 Edition), as approved and published August 24, 2016, requirements for Class I, Division 1, Group D locations. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (7) (B)
 - An audiovisual alarm or a more advanced alert system, with a self-contained power supply, capable of monitoring the condition of equipment whose failure could result in a violation of the operating permit, shall be provided for all wastewater treatment facilities. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (7) (C)
 - No piping or other connections shall exist in any part of the wastewater treatment facility that might cause the contamination of a potable water supply. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (7) (D) 1.
 - Where a potable water supply is to be used for any purpose in a wastewater treatment facility other than direct connections, a break tank, pressure pump, and pressure tank or a reduced pressure backflow preventer consistent with the department's Public Drinking Water Branch shall be provided. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (7) (D) 3. A.
 - For indirect connections, a sign shall be permanently posted at every hose bib, faucet, hydrant, or sill cock located on the water system beyond the break tank or backflow preventer to indicate that the water is not safe for drinking. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (7) (D) 3. B.
 - Where a separate non-potable water supply is to be provided, a break tank will not be necessary, but all system outlets shall be posted with a permanent sign indicating the water is not safe for drinking. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (7) (D) 4.
 - A means of flow measurement shall be provided at all wastewater treatment facilities. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (7) (E)
 - Effluent 24 hour composite automatic sampling equipment shall be provided at all mechanical wastewater treatment facilities and at other facilities where necessary under provisions of the operating permit. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (7) (F)
 - Adequate provisions shall be made to effectively protect facility personnel and visitors from hazards. The following shall be provided to fulfill the particular needs of each wastewater treatment facility:
 - Fencing. Enclose the facility site with a fence designed to discourage the entrance of unauthorized persons and animals; 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (A)

- Gratings over appropriate areas of treatment units where access for maintenance is necessary; 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (B)
- First aid equipment; 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (C)
- Posted “No Smoking” signs in hazardous areas; 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (D)
- Appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE); 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (E)
- Portable blower and hose sufficient to ventilate accessed confined spaces; 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (F)
- 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (G) Portable lighting equipment complying with NEC requirements. See subsection (7)(B) of this rule;
- 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (H) Gas detectors listed and labeled for use in NEC Class I, Division 1, Group D locations. See subsection (7)(B) of this rule;
- Appropriately-placed warning signs for slippery areas, non-potable water fixtures (see subparagraph (7)(D)3.B. of this rule), low head clearance areas, open service manholes, hazardous chemical storage areas, flammable fuel storage areas, high noise areas, etc.; 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (I)
- Ventilation shall include the following:
 - Isolate all pumping stations and wastewater treatment components installed in a building where other equipment or offices are located from the rest of the building by an air-tight partition, provide separate outside entrances, and provide separate and independent fresh air supply; 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (J) 1.
 - Force fresh air into enclosed screening device areas or open pits more than four feet deep. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (J) 2.
 - Dampers are not to be used on exhaust or fresh air ducts. Avoid the use of fine screens or other obstructions on exhaust or fresh air ducts to prevent clogging; 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (J) 3.
 - Where continuous ventilation is needed (e.g., housed facilities), provide at least 12 complete air changes per hour. Where continuous ventilation would cause excessive heat loss, provide intermittent ventilation of at least 30 complete air changes per hour when facility personnel enter the area. Base air change demands on 100 percent fresh air; 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (J) 4.
 - Electrical controls. Mark and conveniently locate switches for operation of ventilation equipment outside of the wet well or building. Interconnect all intermittently operated ventilation equipment with the respective wet well, dry well, or building lighting system. The manual lighting/ventilation switch is expected to override the automatic controls. For a two speed ventilation system with automatic switch over where gas detection equipment is installed, increase the ventilation rate automatically in response to the detection of hazardous concentrations of gases or vapors; 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (J) 5.
 - Fabricate the fan wheel from non-sparking material. Provide automatic heating and dehumidification equipment in all dry wells and buildings. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (J) 6.
 - Explosion-proof electrical equipment, non-sparking tools, gas detectors, and similar devices, in work areas where hazardous conditions may exist, such as digester vaults and other locations where potentially explosive atmospheres of flammable gas or vapor with air may accumulate. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (K)
 - Provisions for local lockout/tagout on stop motor controls and other devices; 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (L)

- Provisions for an arc flash hazard analysis and determination of the flash protection boundary distance and type of PPE to reduce exposure to major electrical hazards shall be in accordance with NFPA 70E *Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace* (2018 Edition), as approved and published August 21, 2017. 10 CSR 20-8.140 (8) (M)

10 CSR 20-8.150 Preliminary Treatment.

- All wastewater treatment facilities must have a screening device, comminutor, or septic tank for the purpose of removing debris and nuisance materials from the influent wastewater. 10 CSR 20-8.150 (2)
- All screening devices and screening storage areas shall be protected from freezing. 10 CSR 20-8.150 (4) (A) 1.
- Provisions shall be made for isolating or removing screening devices from their location for servicing. 10 CSR 20-8.150 (4) (A) 2.
- Mechanically cleaned screen channels shall be protected by guard railings and deck gratings. 10 CSR 20-8.150 (4) (A) 3. A. (II)
- Mechanical screening equipment shall have adequate removal enclosures to protect facility personnel against accidental contact with moving parts and to prevent dripping in multi-level installations. 10 CSR 20-8.150 (4) (A) 3. B. (I)
- A positive means of locking out each mechanical screening device shall be provided. 10 CSR 20-8.150 (4) (A) 3. B. (II)
- An emergency stop button with an automatic reverse function shall be located in close proximity to the mechanical screening device. 10 CSR 20-8.150 (4) (A) 3. B. (III)

10 CSR 20-8.160 Settling.

- Effective flow splitting devices and control appurtenances (*e.g.* gates and splitter boxes) shall be provided to permit proper proportioning of flow and solids loading to each settling unit, throughout the expected range of flows. 10 CSR 20-8.160 (2) (B)
- Overflow weirs shall be readily adjustable over the life of the structure to correct for differential settlement of the tank. 10 CSR 20-8.160 (3) (C) 1.
- Walls of settling tanks shall extend at least 6 inches above the surrounding ground surface and shall provide not less than 12 inches of freeboard. 10 CSR 20-8.160 (3) (E)
- Safety features shall appropriately include machinery covers, life lines, handrails on all stairways and walkways, and slip resistant surfaces. For additional safety follow the provisions listed in 10 CSR 20-8.140(8). 10 CSR 20-8.160 (5) (A)
- The design shall provide for convenient and safe access to routine maintenance items such as gear boxes, scum removal mechanism, baffles, weirs, inlet stilling baffle areas, and effluent channels. 10 CSR 20-8.160 (5) (B)
- For electrical equipment, fixtures, and controls in enclosed settling basins and scum tanks, where hazardous concentrations of flammable gases or vapors may accumulate, follow the provisions in 10 CSR 20-8.140(7)(B). The fixtures and controls shall be

conveniently located and safely accessible for operation and maintenance. 10 CSR 20-8.160 (5) (C)

10 CSR 20-8.170 Solids Handling and Disposal.

- Aerobic Solids Digestion High Level Emergency Overflow. An unvalved emergency overflow shall be provided that will convey digester overflow to the treatment plant headworks, the aeration process, or to another liquid sludge storage facility and that has an alarm for high level conditions. 10 CSR 20-8.170 (5)
- For solids pumping systems, audio-visual alarms shall be provided in accordance with 10 CSR 20-8.140(7)(C) for:
 - Pump failure; 10 CSR 20-8.170 (6) (A)
 - Pressure loss; 10 CSR 20-8.170 (6) (B) and
 - High pressure. 10 CSR 20-8.170 (6) (C)

10 CSR 20-8.190 Disinfection.

- Emergency Power. Disinfection and dechlorination processes, when used, shall be provided during all power outages. 10 CSR 20-8.190 (2) (A)
- The UV dosage shall be based on the design peak hourly flow, maximum rate of pumpage, or peak batch flow. 10 CSR 20-8.190 (5) (A) 1.
- If no flow equalization is provided for a batch discharger, the UV dosage shall be based on the peak batch flow. 10 CSR 20-8.190 (5) (A) 2.
- The UV system shall deliver the target dosage based on equipment derating factors and, if needed, have the UV equipment manufacturer verify that the scale up or scale down factor utilized in the design is appropriate for the specific application under consideration. 10 CSR 20-8.190 (5) (A) 3.
- The UV system shall deliver a minimum UV dosage of 30,000 microwatt seconds per centimeters squared ($\mu\text{W} \cdot \text{s}/\text{cm}^2$). 10 CSR 20-8.190 (5) (A) 4.
- Open channel UV systems. The combination of the total number of banks shall be capable of treating the design peak hourly flow, maximum rate of pumpage, or peak batch flow. 10 CSR 20-8.190 (5) (B) 1.
- The UV system must continuously monitor and display at the UV system control panel the following minimum conditions:
 - The relative intensity of each bank or closed vessel system; 10 CSR 20-8.190 (5) (C) 1. A.
 - The operational status and condition of each bank or closed vessel system; 10 CSR 20-8.190 (5) (C) 1. B.
 - The ON/OFF status of each lamp in the system; 10 CSR 20-8.190 (5) (C) 1. C. and
 - The total number of operating hours of each bank or each closed vessel system. 10 CSR 20-8.190 (5) (C) 1. D.
- The UV system shall include an alarm system. Alarm systems shall comply with 10 CSR 20-8.140(7)(C). 10 CSR 20-8.190 (5) (C) 2.

10. Upon completion of construction:

- A. Submit an electronic copy of the as built if the project was not constructed in accordance with previously submitted plans and specifications; and
- B. Submit the enclosed form Statement of Work Completed to the Department in accordance with 10 CSR 20-6.010(5)(N).

IV. REVIEW SUMMARY

1. CONSTRUCTION PURPOSE

Update treatment facility and increase wet weather handling capability for better operating reliability with ability to consistently meet current discharge limits.

2. FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The existing treatment facility is a sequence batch reactor followed by ultraviolet disinfection. The upgraded facility will be an extended aeration treatment facility with secondary clarifiers and UV disinfection. A trash screen and a peak flow detention tank will be added to the facility. The design flow and outfall location will remain the same.

The Granby WWTF is located off of North Main St., Granby, in Newton County, Missouri. The facility has a design average flow of 220,000 gallons per day (gpd) and serves an organic population equivalent of approximately 2200 people.

3. COMPLIANCE PARAMETERS

There are no changes proposed to effluent parameters, effluent limits or other permit requirements due to the proposed facility upgrades.

4. REVIEW of MAJOR TREATMENT DESIGN CRITERIA

- Components are designed for a Population Equivalent of 2200 based on organic loading to the system and a hydraulic flow of 220,000 gpd. Facility serves the City of Granby. The existing influent lift station and force main will remain in service. New smaller pumps and a forcemain will be added that will pump base flow to aeration tanks. The larger existing pumps and force main will pump peak (wet-weather) flows to the new 1.955 MG detention tank. A new 250 kw generator will serve the treatment facility; the existing 125 kw generator will be relocated to the influent lift station. Maximum peak flow allowed through the treatment process is 456,000 gpd.

Construction will cover the following items:

- Screening – Installation of screening devices removes nuisance inorganic materials from raw wastewater.
 - Mechanical Trash Screen – One vertical mechanically cleaned trash screen with a perforation size of 0.25 inch. Located prior to the influent pumps. The screening device shall be capable of treating a design average flow of 220,000 gpd and a peak hourly flow of 1.0 MGD.
- Influent Pump Station – Upgrades to include new wet well, relocation of existing pumps and installation of 10 HP duplex pumps with each pump having a capacity of 192 gpm at a TDH of 65 feet; Barnes series 60 or equal. Force main to be approximately 2600 lineal feet of 6-inch C-900 (DR 18) PVC pipe. Existing pumps and 8-inch force main to remain in service and be routed to the detention basin for use during peak flow events.
- Wet Weather Flow Equalization – Wet weather flow equalization is utilized during wet weather events when the peak flow is greater than the design peak capacity of the treatment facility. Once the wet weather event subsides, the flow will be pumped to the head of the treatment facility for full secondary treatment. Flow to extended aeration treatment will be limited to 456,000 gpd.
 - Circular steel tank with a diameter of 123 feet and a side water depth of 22 feet, to provide an equalization volume of approximately 1,955,000 gallons.
 - Two 5 HP pumps each with a capacity of 175 gpm at a TDH of 30 ft. to be used as transfer pumps to empty tank. Pumps are to be controlled by variable frequency drives.
- Conversion of existing SBR tanks to extended aeration – Two existing tanks each with a capacity of approximately 121,000 gallons; 24 ft. by 42 ft. and sidewater depth of 16 feet. Aeration to be supplied with existing blowers and mixing pumps. Two blowers with 20 HP motors, each with a capacity of 305 SCFM. Aeration tanks to be operated in parallel to each other.
- Secondary Clarifiers – two rectangular secondary clarifiers arranged in parallel will be constructed with a total combined surface area of 456 sf.
 - The two clarifiers will have an overflow of 1000 gpd/square foot at a peak flow of 456,000 gpd. The clarifiers have a dimensions of 6 feet wide by 38 feet long with a sidewater depth of 12 feet. Sludge and scum removal with flight and scraper system. Weir overflow rate at peak flow is 9,500 gpd/ft. using double two sided weir troughs.
 - Activated sludge to be returned to aeration through duplex 150 gpm pumps.
- Aerated sludge digestion. Existing SBR equalization tank to be converted to an aerated sludge tank with the addition of a new aeration system. Two 20 HP positive displacement blowers with a capacity of 300 scfm each and coarse bubble diffusers. Tank capacity is approximately 9,216 cf.; 24 ft. square with a

sidewater depth of 16 ft. Another existing aerated sludge storage tank with a capacity of approximately 16,741 cf. will remain in use.

- Existing Ultraviolet Disinfection to be replaced with new UV system to be located in existing channels. New system to consist of 2 banks; each bank will have 6 modules with each module having 4 lamps. Total number of lamps will be 48. Trojan Model UV300B disinfection system or equal. System has capacity to treat the average flow of 220,000 gpd with one bank; and peak capacity of 880,000 gpd using both banks.

5. OPERATING PERMIT

Operating permit MO-0107581 will require a modification to reflect the construction activities. The modified WWTF, MO-0107581, was successfully public noticed from July 8, 2022 to August 8, 2022 with no comments received. Submit the Statement of Work Completed to the Department in accordance with 10 CSR 20-6.010(5)(N) and request the operating permit modification be issued.

Operating permit MO-0107581 expired on March 31, 2023. A renewal application was received October 5, 2022.

6. CONSTRUCTION PERMIT MODIFICATION

This construction permit is being modified upon the request of the facility owner to extend the construction permit schedule. The construction permit will now expire on August 29, 2025.

V. NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL

If you were adversely affected by this decision, you may be entitled to an appeal before the Administrative Hearing Commission (AHC) pursuant to Section 621.250 RSMo. To appeal, you must file a petition with the AHC within 30 days after the date this decision was mailed or the date it was delivered, whichever date was earlier. If any such petition is sent by registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is mailed; if it is sent by any method other than registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is received by the AHC. Any appeal should be directed to:

Administrative Hearing Commission
U.S. Post Office Building, Third Floor
131 West High Street, P.O. Box 1557
Jefferson City, MO 65102-1557
Phone: 573-751-2422
Fax: 573-751-5018
Website: <https://ahc.mo.gov>

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