STATE OF MISSOURI

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92nd Congress) as amended,

Permit No.	MO-0138720
Owner:	Irma Aguilera
Address:	19816 Hwy 59, Neosho, MO 64850
Continuing Authority:	Same as above
Address:	Same as above
Facility Name:	Aguilera's Auto Sales and Salvage, Inc.
Facility Address:	19816 Hwy 59, Neosho, MO 64850
Legal Description:	See following page
UTM Coordinates:	See following page
Receiving Stream:	See following page
First Classified Stream and ID:	See following page
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	See following page

is authorized to discharge from the facility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:

FACILITY DESCRIPTION

Automotive sales and salvage, SIC #5015 & 5521

This permit authorizes only stormwater discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Sections 640.013, 621.250, and 644.051.6 of the Law.

Edward B. Galbraith, Director, Division of Environmental Quality

Chris Wieberg, Director, Water Projection Program

June 30, 2024 Expiration Date

July 1, 2019

Effective Date

FACILITY DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

OUTFALL # 001 - Stormwater; SIC # 5015 & 5521

Legal Description: UTM Coordinates: **Receiving Stream:** First Classified Stream and ID: USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: Actual flow:

Sec.20, T24N, R32W, Newton County X = 375376, Y = 4072990 Tributary to Buffalo Creek 8-20-13 MUDD V.1.0; (C) WBID# 3960; losing Upper Buffalo Creek (11070208-0401) Dependent upon precipitation

OUTFALL # 002 - Stormwater; SIC # 5015 & 5521

Legal Description: **UTM Coordinates: Receiving Stream:** First Classified Stream and ID: USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: Actual flow:

UTM Coordinates:

Receiving Stream:

Actual flow:

Sec.20, T24N, R32W, Newton County X = 375011, Y = 4073017 Tributary to Buffalo Creek (C) 8-20-13 MUDD V.1.0; (C) WBID# 3960; losing Upper Buffalo Creek (11070208-0401) Dependent upon precipitation

OUTFALL # 003 - Stormwater; SIC # 5015 & 5521 Legal Description:

Sec.20, T24N, R32W, Newton County X = 375019, Y = 4072882 Tributary to Buffalo Creek (C) 8-20-13 MUDD V.1.0; (C) WBID# 3960; losing First Classified Stream and ID: USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No .: Upper Buffalo Creek (11070208-0401) Dependent upon precipitation

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

OUTFALLS #001, #002, #003 Stormwater Only

TABLE A-1 FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective on <u>July 1, 2019</u> and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

FINAL LIMITATIONS BENCH- MONITORING REQUIREMENTS †											
EFFLUENT PARAMETERS UNITS DAILY MONTHLY MARKS MEASUREMENT SAMPLE MAXIMUM AVERAGE FREQUENCY TYPE											
PHYSICAL											
Flow MGD * - once/quarter ◊ 24 hr. estimate											
Precipitation inches * - once/quarter (measured											
CONVENTIONAL											
Chemical Oxygen Demand mg/L ** 120 once/quarter ◊ grab †											
Oil & Grease mg/L **10once/quarter \diamond grab \dagger											
pH*** SU 6.5 to 9.0 - once/quarter \Diamond grab \dagger											
Total Suspended Solidsmg/L**100once/quarter ◊grab †											
METALS											
Aluminum, Total Recoverable μ g/L*-once/quarter \Diamond grab †											
Iron, Total Recoverable $\mu g/L$ **4000once/quarter \Diamond grab \dagger											
Zinc, Total Recoverable $\mu g/L$ **188once/quarter \Diamond grab \dagger											
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL E THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARG											

- * Monitoring requirement only.
- ** Monitoring requirement with associated benchmark. See Special Condition #4.
- *** The facility will report the minimum and maximum values. pH is not to be averaged.
- [†] All samples shall be collected from a discharge resulting from a precipitation event greater than 0.1 inches in magnitude and that occurs at least 72 hours from the previously measurable precipitation event. If a discharge does not occur within the reporting period, report as no discharge. The total amount of precipitation should be noted from the event from which the samples were collected.

♦ Quarterly sampling

QUARTER	MONTHS	QUARTERLY EFFLUENT PARAMETERS	R EPORT IS D UE
First	January, February, March	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	April 28th
Second	April, May, June	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	July 28th
Third	July, August, September	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	October 28th
Fourth	October, November, December	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	January 28th

B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

In addition to specified conditions stated herein, this permit is subject to the attached <u>Part I</u> standard conditions dated <u>August 1, 2014</u> and hereby incorporated as though fully set forth herein.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System
 - (a) The permittee shall submit an eDMR Permit Holder and Certifier Registration form within 60 days of the effective date of this permit. Per 40 CFR Part 127 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Electronic Reporting Rule, reporting of effluent limits and monitoring shall be submitted by the permittee via an electronic system to ensure a timely, complete, accurate, and nationally-consistent set of data. Visit <u>http://dnr.mo.gov/pubs/pub2474.pdf</u> to access the Facility Participation Package which contains the eDMR Permit Holder and Certifier Registration form. Once the permittee is activated in the eDMR system:
 - (b) Programmatic Reporting Requirements. The following reports (if required by this permit) must be electronically submitted as an attachment to the eDMR system until such a time when the current or a new system is available to allow direct input of the data:
 - Any additional report required by the permit excluding bypass reporting.
 After such a system has been made available by the Department, required data shall be directly input into the system by the next report due date.
 - (c) Other actions. The following shall be submitted electronically after such a system has been made available by the Department:
 - (1) General Permit Applications/Notices of Intent to discharge (NOIs);
 - (2) Notices of Termination (NOTs);
 - (3) No Exposure Certifications (NOEs);
 - (4) Low Erosivity Waivers and Other Waivers from Stormwater Controls (LEWs); and
 - (5) Bypass reporting.
 - (d) Electronic Submissions. To access the eDMR system, use the following link in your web browser: <u>https://edmr.dnr.mo.gov/edmr/E2/Shared/Pages/Main/Login.aspx</u>.
 - (e) Waivers from Electronic Reporting. The permittee must electronically submit compliance monitoring data and reports unless a waiver is granted by the department in compliance with 40 CFR Part 127. The permittee may obtain an electronic reporting waiver by first submitting an eDMR Waiver Request Form: <u>http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2692-f.pdf</u>. The Department will either approve or deny this electronic reporting waiver request within 120 calendar days. Only permittees with an approved waiver request may submit monitoring data and reports on paper to the Department for the period that the approved electronic reporting waiver is effective.
- 2. The purpose of the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and the Best Management Practices (BMPs) listed herein is the prevention of pollution of waters of the state. A deficiency of a BMP means it was not effective preventing pollution [10 CSR 20-2.010(56)] of waters of the state, and corrective actions means the facility took steps to eliminate the deficiency.
- 3. The facility's SIC code(s) or description is found in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14) and/or 10 CSR 20-6.200(2) hence the facility shall implement a SWPPP which must be prepared and implemented within 90 days of permit effective date. The SWPPP must be kept on-site and should not be sent to the Department unless specifically requested. The SWPPP must be reviewed and updated every five years or as site conditions change (see Part III: Antidegradation Analysis and SWPPP sections in the fact sheet). The permittee shall select, install, use, operate, and maintain the Best Management Practices prescribed in the SWPPP in accordance with the concepts and methods described in: *Developing Your Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan, A Guide for Industrial Operators*, (EPA 833-B-09-002) published by the EPA in February 2009 (www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/industrial_swppp_guide.pdf). The SWPPP must include:
 - (a) A listing of specific contaminants and their control measures (or BMPs) and a narrative explaining how BMPs are implemented to control and minimize the amount of contaminants potentially entering stormwater.
 - (b) The SWPPP must include a schedule for once per month site inspections and brief written reports. The inspection report must include precipitation information for the entire period since last inspection, as well as observations and evaluations of BMP effectiveness. Throughout coverage under this permit, the facility must perform ongoing SWPPP review and revision to incorporate any site condition changes.
 - i. Operational deficiencies must be corrected within seven (7) calendar days.
 - ii. Minor structural deficiencies must be corrected within fourteen (14) calendar days.
 - iii. Major structural deficiencies must be reported to the regional office within seven (7) days of discovery. The initial report shall consist of the deficiency noted, the proposed remedies, the interim or temporary remedies (including the general timing of the placement of the interim measures), and an estimate of the timeframe needed to wholly complete the repairs or construction. The permittee will work with the regional office to determine the best course of action, including but not limited to temporary structures to control stormwater runoff. The facility shall correct the major structural deficiency as soon as reasonably achievable.
 - iv. All actions taken to correct the deficiencies shall be included with the written report, including photographs.
 - v. Inspection reports must be kept on site with the SWPPP and maintained for a period of five (5) years. These must be made available to Department and EPA personnel upon request.

- (c) A provision for designating an individual to be responsible for environmental matters.
- (d) A provision for providing training to all personnel involved in material handling and storage, and housekeeping of maintenance and cleaning areas. Proof of training shall be submitted on request of the Department.
- 4. This permit stipulates pollutant benchmarks applicable to your discharge. The benchmarks do not constitute direct numeric effluent limitations; therefore, a benchmark exceedance alone is not a permit violation. Benchmark monitoring and visual inspections shall be used to determine the overall effectiveness of SWPPP and to assist you in knowing when additional corrective action may be necessary to protect water quality. If a sample exceeds a benchmark concentration you must review your SWPPP and your BMPs to determine what improvements or additional controls are needed to reduce that pollutant in your stormwater discharge(s).

Any time a benchmark exceedance occurs a Corrective Action Report (CAR) must be completed. A CAR is a document that records the efforts undertaken by the facility to improve BMPs to meet benchmarks in future samples. CARs must be retained with the SWPPP and available to the Department upon request. If the efforts taken by the facility are not sufficient and subsequent exceedances of a benchmark occur, the facility must contact the Department if a benchmark value cannot be achieved. Failure to take corrective action to address a benchmark exceedance and failure to make measureable progress towards achieving the benchmarks is a permit violation.

- 5. Permittee shall adhere to the following minimum Best Management Practices (BMPs):
 - (a) Prevent the spillage or loss of fluids, oil, grease, fuel, etc. from vehicle maintenance, equipment cleaning, or warehouse activities and thereby prevent the contamination of stormwater from these substances.
 - (b) Provide collection facilities and arrange for proper disposal of waste products including but not limited to petroleum waste products, and solvents.
 - (c) Store all paint, solvents, petroleum products and petroleum waste products (except fuels), and storage containers (such as drums, cans, or cartons) so that these materials are not exposed to stormwater or provide other prescribed BMPs such as plastic lids and/or portable spill pans to prevent the commingling of stormwater with container contents. Commingled water may not be discharged under this permit. Provide spill prevention control, and/or management sufficient to prevent any spills of these pollutants from entering waters of the state. Any containment system used to implement this requirement shall be constructed of materials compatible with the substances contained and shall also prevent the contamination of groundwater. Any spills should be noted in the SWPPP.
 - (d) Provide good housekeeping practices on the site to keep trash from entry into waters of the state.
 - (e) Provide sediment and erosion control sufficient to minimize and control sediment loss off of the property
- 6. To protect the general criteria found at 10 CSR 20-7.031(4), before releasing water accumulated in secondary containment areas, it must be examined for hydrocarbon odor and presence of sheen. If the presence of odor or sheen is indicated, the water shall be treated using an appropriate method or disposed of in accordance with legally approved methods, such as being sent to a wastewater treatment facility. Following treatment, the water shall be tested for oil and grease, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene using 40 CFR part 136 methods. All pollutant levels must be below the most protective, applicable standards for the receiving stream, found in 10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A. Records of all testing and treatment of water accumulated in secondary containment shall be stored in the SWPPP to be available on demand to Department and EPA personnel.
- 7. The full implementation of this operating permit, which includes implementation of any applicable schedules of compliance, shall constitute compliance with all applicable federal and state statutes and regulations in accordance with §644.051.16, RSMo, and the CWA section 402(k); however, this permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued to comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), §304(b)(2), and §307(a) (2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
- 8. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
- 9. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Pollutant

In addition to the reporting requirements under \$122.41(1), all existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural dischargers must notify the Director as soon as they know or have reason to believe:

- (a) That an activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following notification levels:
 - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 μ g/L);
 - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 μ g/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile;
 - (3) Five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol;
 - (4) One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - (5) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application in accordance with 40 CFR 122.21(g)(7); or

- (6) The notification level established by the Department in accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(f).
- (b) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
 - (1) Five hundred micrograms per liter (500 μ g/l);
 - (2) One milligram per liter (1 mg/l) for antimony;
 - (3) Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with \$122.21(g)(7).
 - (4) The level established by the Director in accordance with §122.44(f).
- 10. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period. It is a violation of this permit to report nodischarge when a discharge has occurred.
- 11. Reporting of Non-Detects
 - (a) An analysis conducted by the permittee or their contracted laboratory shall be conducted in such a way that the precision and accuracy of the analyzed result can be enumerated.
 - (b) The permittee shall not report a sample result as "non-detect" without also reporting the detection limit of the test. Reporting as "non-detect" without also including the detection limit will be considered failure to report, which is a violation of this permit.
 - (c) The permittee shall report the "non-detect" result using the less than sign and the minimum detection limit (e.g. <10).
 - (d) Where the permit contains a Minimum Level (ML) and the permittee is granted authority in the permit to report zero in lieu of the < ML for a specified parameter (conventional, priority pollutants, metals, etc.), then zero (0) is to be reported for that parameter.
 - (e) See Standard Conditions Part I, Section A, #4 regarding proper detection limits used for sample analysis.
 - (f) When calculating monthly averages, one-half of the minimum detection limit (MDL) should be used instead of a zero. Where all data are below the MDL, the "<MDL" shall be reported as indicated in item (C).
- 12. It is a violation of the Missouri Clean Water Law to fail to pay fees associated with this permit (644.055 RSMo).

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES FACT SHEET FOR THE PURPOSE OF A NEW PERMIT FOR MO-0138720 AGUILERA'S AUTO SALES AND SALVAGE, INC.

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act ("Clean Water Act" Section 402 Public Law 92-500 as amended) established the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program. This program regulates the discharge of pollutants from point sources into the waters of the United States, and the release of stormwater from certain point sources. All such discharges are unlawful without a permit (Section 301 of the "Clean Water Act"). After a permit is obtained, a discharge not in compliance with all permit terms and conditions is unlawful. Missouri State Operating Permits (MSOPs) are issued by the Director of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) under an approved program, operating in accordance with federal and state laws (Federal "Clean Water Act" and "Missouri Clean Water Law" Section 644 as amended). MSOPs are issued for a period of five (5) years unless otherwise specified for less.

As per [40 CFR Part 124.8(a)] and [10 CSR 20-6.020(1)(A)2.] a factsheet shall be prepared to give pertinent information regarding the applicable regulations, rationale for the development of effluent limitations and conditions, and the public participation process for the Missouri State Operating Permit (MSOP or operating permit) listed below. A factsheet is not an enforceable part of an operating permit.

Part I. FACILITY INFORMATION

Facility Type:	Industrial
Facility SIC Code(s):	5015, 5521
Application Date:	06/05/2017, 09/22/2017
Last Inspection:	n/a, new facility

FACILITY DESCRIPTION:

Automotive sales and salvage. Activities abut a losing stream.

The charter number for the continuing authority for this facility is 01364384.

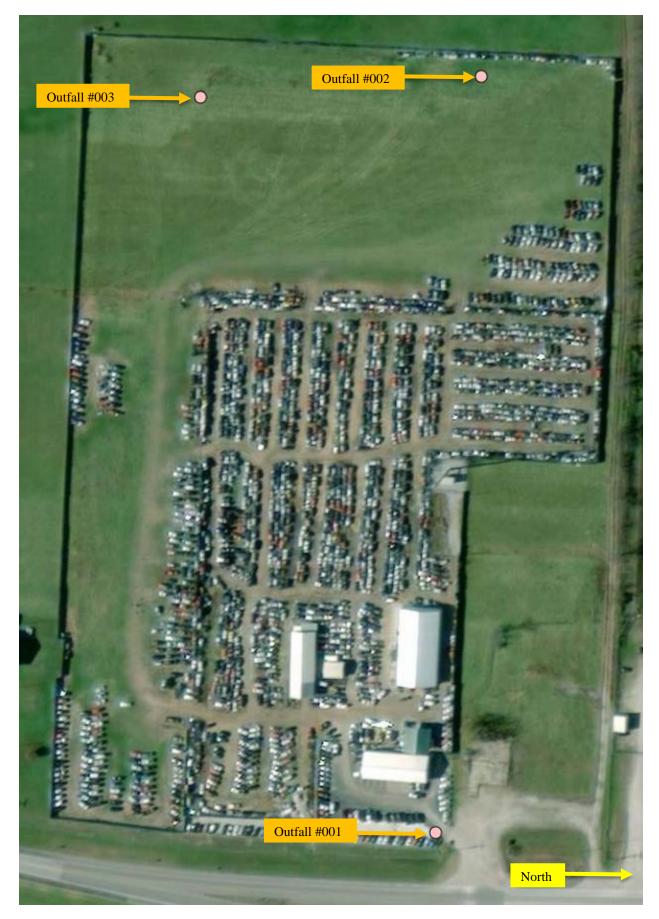
PERMITTED FEATURES TABLE:

OUTFALL	AVERAGE FLOW (MGD)	TREATMENT LEVEL	EFFLUENT TYPE
#001	dependent on precipitation	none	industrial stormwater
#002	dependent on precipitation	none	industrial stormwater

FACILITY PERFORMANCE HISTORY & COMMENTS:

There are no available discharge monitoring reports for this facility, it is a new facility. The facility was required to submit an application for site specific permit by regional office personnel due to operation without a permit.

FACILITY MAP:



MAJOR WATER USER:

Any surface or groundwater user with a water source and the equipment necessary to withdraw or divert 100,000 gallons (or 70 gallons per minute) or more per day combined from all sources from any stream, river, lake, well, spring, or other water source is considered a major water user in Missouri. All major water users are required by law to register water use annually (Missouri Revised Statues Chapter 256.400 Geology, Water Resources and Geodetic Survey Section). <u>https://dnr.mo.gov/pubs/pub2337.htm</u> ✓ Not applicable; this permittee cannot withdraw water from the state in excess of 70 gpm/0.1 MGD.

Part II. RECEIVING WATERBODY INFORMATION

RECEIVING WATER BODY'S WATER QUALITY:

The receiving waterbody has no concurrent water quality data available. All receiving tributaries and streams are considered losing streams.

303(D) LIST:

Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act requires each state identify waters not meeting water quality standards and for which adequate water pollution controls have not been required. Water quality standards protect such beneficial uses of water as whole body contact (such as swimming), maintaining fish and other aquatic life, and providing drinking water for people, livestock, and wildlife. The 303(d) list helps state and federal agencies keep track of impaired waters not addressed by normal water pollution control programs. http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/waterquality/303d/303d.htm

 \checkmark Not applicable; this facility does not discharge to an impaired segment of a 303(d) listed stream.

TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD (TMDL):

A TMDL is a calculation of the maximum amount of a given pollutant that a water body can absorb before its water quality is affected; hence, the purpose of a TMDL is to determine the pollutant loading a specific waterbody can assimilate without exceeding water quality standards. If a water body is determined to be impaired as listed on the 303(d) list, then a watershed management plan or TMDL may be developed. The TMDL shall include the WLA calculation. http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/tmdl/

- ✓ Applicable; Elk River Watershed is associated with the 2004 EPA approved TMDL for nutrients.
- ✓ This facility is not considered to be a source of the above listed pollutant(s) or considered to contribute to the impairment.

APPLICABLE DESIGNATIONS OF WATERS OF THE STATE:

✓ As per Missouri's Effluent Regulations [10 CSR 20-7.015(1)(B)], the waters of the state are divided into the following seven categories. Each category lists effluent limitations for specific parameters, which are presented in each outfall's effluent limitation table and further discussed in the derivation & discussion of limits section.

Missouri or Mississippi River:

RECEIVING WATERBODY TABLE:

OUTFALL	WATERBODY NAME	CLASS	WBID	DESIGNATED USES*	DISTANCE TO SEGMENT	12-DIGIT HUC
	Tributary to Buffalo Creek	n/a	n/a	GEN	0.0 mi	
#001	Tributary to Buffalo Creek; Losing	С	3960	HHP, IRR, LWW, SCR, WBC-B, WWH (AQL)	0.6 mi	Upper Buffalo
#002	Tributary to Buffalo Creek; Losing	С	3960	HHP, IRR, LWW, SCR, WBC-B, WWH (AQL)	0.0 mi	Creek 11070208-0401
#003	Tributary to Buffalo Creek; Losing	С	3960	HHP, IRR, LWW, SCR, WBC-B, WWH (AQL)	0.0 mi	

n/a not applicable

WBID = Waterbody IDentification: Missouri Use Designation Dataset 8-20-13 MUDD V1.0 data can be found as an ArcGIS shapefile on MSDIS at ftp://msdis.missouri.edu/pub/Inland_Water_Resources/MO_2014_WQS_Stream_Classifications_and_Use_shp.zip

^{*} As per 10 CSR 20-7.031 Missouri Water Quality Standards, the Department defines the Clean Water Commission's water quality objectives in terms of "water uses to be maintained and the criteria to protect those uses." The receiving stream and 1st classified receiving stream's beneficial water uses to be maintained are in the receiving stream table in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)].

Uses which may be found in the receiving streams table, above: 10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)1.:

- AQL = Protection of aquatic life (Current narrative use(s) are defined to ensure the protection and propagation of fish shellfish and wildlife, which is further subcategorized as: WWH = Warm Water Habitat; CLH = Cool Water Habitat; CDH = Cold Water Habitat; EAH = Ephemeral Aquatic Habitat; MAH = Modified Aquatic Habitat; LAH = Limited Aquatic Habitat. This permit uses AQL effluent limitations in 10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A for all habitat designations unless otherwise specified.)
- 10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)2.: Recreation in and on the water
 - WBC = Whole Body Contact recreation where the entire body is capable of being submerged;
 - **WBC-A** = Whole body contact recreation supporting swimming uses and has public access;
 - **WBC-B** = Whole body contact recreation supporting swimming;
 - SCR = Secondary Contact Recreation (like fishing, wading, and boating).
- 10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)3. to 7.:
 - HHP (formerly HHF) = Human Health Protection as it relates to the consumption of fish;
 - **IRR** = Irrigation for use on crops utilized for human or livestock consumption;
 - LWW = Livestock and wildlife watering (Current narrative use is defined as LWP = Livestock and Wildlife Protection);
 - **DWS** = Drinking Water Supply;
 - **IND** = Industrial water supply
- 10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)8-11.: Wetlands (10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A currently does not have corresponding habitat use criteria for these defined uses) WSA = Storm- and flood-water storage and attenuation; WHP = Habitat for resident and migratory wildlife species;
 - WRC = Recreational, cultural, educational, scientific, and natural aesthetic values and uses; WHC = Hydrologic cycle maintenance. 10 CSR 20-7.031(6): GRW = Groundwater

MIXING CONSIDERATIONS:

Mixing zone: not allowed [10 CSR 20-7.031(5)(A)4.B.(I)(a)]. Zone of initial dilution: not allowed [10 CSR 20-7.031(5)(A)4.B.(I)(b)].

RECEIVING STREAM MONITORING REQUIREMENTS:

No receiving water monitoring requirements are recommended at this time.

Part III. RATIONALE AND DERIVATION OF EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS & PERMIT CONDITIONS

ALTERNATIVE EVALUATIONS FOR NEW FACILITIES:

As per [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)(A)], discharges to losing streams shall be permitted only after other alternatives including land application, discharges to a gaining stream and connection to a regional wastewater treatment facility have been evaluated and determined to be unacceptable for environmental and/or economic reasons.

✓ Not applicable; the facility discharges only stormwater.

ANTI-BACKSLIDING:

Federal Regulations [CWA \$303(d)(4); CWA \$402(c); 40 CFR Part 122.44(l)] require a reissued permit to be as stringent as the previous permit with some exceptions. Backsliding (a less stringent permit limitation) is only allowed under certain conditions. \checkmark New facility, backsliding does not apply.

ANTIDEGRADATION REVIEW:

For process water discharge with new, altered, or expanding discharges, the Department is to document, by means of antidegradation review, if the use of a water body's available assimilative capacity is justified. In accordance with Missouri's water quality regulations for antidegradation [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)], degradation may be justified by documenting the socio-economic importance of a discharge after determining the necessity of the discharge. Facilities must submit the antidegradation review request to the Department prior to establishing, altering, or expanding discharges. See http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/permits/antideg-implementation.htm

✓ Not applicable; the facility has not submitted information proposing expanded or altered process water discharge; no further degradation proposed therefore no further review necessary.

For stormwater discharges with new, altered, or expanding discharges, the stormwater BMP chosen for the facility, through the antidegradation analysis performed by the facility, must be implemented and maintained at the facility. Failure to implement and maintain the chosen BMP alternative is a permit violation; see SWPPP.

✓ Applicable; the facility must review and maintain stormwater BMPs as appropriate.

BENCHMARKS:

When a permitted feature or outfall consists of only stormwater, a benchmark may be implemented at the discretion of the permit writer. Benchmarks require the facility to monitor, and if necessary, replace and update stormwater control measures. Benchmark concentrations are not effluent limitations. A benchmark exceedance, therefore, is not a permit violation; however, failure to take corrective action is a violation of the permit. Benchmark monitoring data is used to determine the overall effectiveness of control measures and to assist the permittee in knowing when additional corrective actions may be necessary to comply with the limitations of the permit.

Because of the fleeting nature of stormwater discharges, the Department, under the direction of EPA guidance, has determined monthly averages are capricious measures of stormwater discharges. The *Technical Support Document for Water Quality Based*

Toxics Control (EPA/505/2-90-001; 1991) Section 3.1 indicates most procedures within the document apply only to water quality based approaches, not end-of-pipe technology-based controls. Hence, stormwater only outfalls will generally only contain a maximum daily limit (MDL), benchmark, or monitoring requirement determined by the site specific conditions including the receiving water's current quality. While inspections of the stormwater BMPs occur monthly, facilities with no compliance issues are usually expected to sample stormwater quarterly.

Numeric benchmark values are based on water quality standards or other stormwater permits including guidance forming the basis of Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA's) *Multi-Sector General Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity* (MSGP). Because precipitation events are sudden and momentary, benchmarks based on state or federal standards or recommendations use the Criteria Maximum Concentration (CMC) value, or acute standard. The CMC is the estimate of the highest concentration of a material in surface water to which an aquatic community can be exposed briefly without resulting in an unacceptable effect. The CMC for aquatic life is intended to be protective of the vast majority of the aquatic communities in the United States.

COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT:

Enforcement is the action taken by the Water Protection Program (WPP) to bring an entity into compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and conditions of an operating permit. The primary purpose of the enforcement activity in the WPP is to resolve violations and return the entity to compliance.

✓ Applicable; this permittee is currently in WPP Enforcement. Enforcement is requiring the Permittee to obtain a site specific permit due to discharging into a losing stream, and requested all outfall locations listed in the site specific permit be confirmed by the permittee. Enforcement is also requiring the Permittee to develop a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) to mitigate storm water discharges to the waters of the state. Enforcement has required a draft copy of the SWPPP be submitted to the Department for review, comment and approval.

EFFLUENT LIMITATION GUIDELINE:

Effluent Limitation Guidelines, or ELGs, are found at 40 CFR 400-499. These are limitations established by the EPA based on the SIC code and the type of work a facility is conducting. Most ELGs are for process wastewater and some address stormwater. All are technology based limitations which must be met by the applicable facility at all times.

 \checkmark The facility does not have an associated ELG.

GROUNDWATER MONITORING:

Groundwater is a water of the state according to 10 CSR 20-7.015(1)11, and is subject to regulations at 10 CSR 20-7.015(7) and 10 CSR 20-7.031(6) and must be protected accordingly.

 \checkmark This facility is not required to monitor groundwater for the water protection program.

REASONABLE POTENTIAL ANALYSIS (RPA):

Federal regulation [40 CFR Part 122.44(d)(1)(i)] requires effluent limitations for all pollutants that are (or may be) discharged at a level causing or have the reasonable potential to cause (or contribute to) an in-stream excursion above narrative or numeric water quality standards. If the permit writer determines any given pollutant has the reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an in-stream excursion above the WQS, the permit must contain effluent limits for that pollutant [40 CFR Part 122.44(d)(1)(iii)].

- ✓ Not applicable; an RPA was not conducted for this facility. This is a new facility. Additionally, this permit establishes permit limits and benchmarks for stormwater. The Department has determined stormwater is not a continuous discharge and is therefore not necessarily dependent on mathematical RPAs. However, the permit writer completed an RPD, a reasonable potential determination, using best professional judgment for all of the appropriate parameters in this permit. An RPD consists of reviewing application data and/or discharge monitoring data for the last five years and comparing those data to narrative or numeric water quality criteria.
- Permit writers use the Department's permit writer's manual (<u>http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/permits/manual/permit-manual.htm</u>), the EPA's permit writer's manual (<u>https://www.epa.gov/npdes/npdes-permit-writers-manual</u>), program policies, and best professional judgment. For each parameter in each permit, the permit writer carefully considers all applicable information regarding: technology based effluent limitations, effluent limitation guidelines, water quality standards, stream flows and uses, and all applicable site specific information and data gathered by the permittee through discharge monitoring reports and renewal (or new) application sampling. Best professional judgment is based on the experience of the permit writer, cohorts in the Department and resources at the EPA, research, and maintaining continuity of permits if necessary. For stormwater permits, the permit writer is required per 10 CSR 6.200(6)(B)2 to consider: A. application and other information supplied by the permittee; B. effluent guidelines; C. best professional judgment of the permit writer; D. water quality; and E. BMPs. Part V provides specific decisions related to this permit.
- The permit writer reviewed application materials, DMR data, past inspections, and other site specific factors to evaluate general and narrative water quality reasonable potential for this facility. Per the permit writer's best professional judgment, based on available data and full and accurate disclosure on application materials, this facility does not demonstrate reasonable potential for excursions from the general or narrative water quality criteria. See Part IV: Effluent Limit Determinations for specific parameter RP.

SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE (SOC):

A schedule of remedial measures included in a permit, including an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (actions, effluent limits, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or the terms and conditions of an operating permit. SOCs are allowed under 40 CFR 122.47 providing certain conditions are met. ✓ Not applicable; this permit does not contain a SOC.

SPILL REPORTING:

Per 10 CSR 24-3.010, any emergency involving a hazardous substance must be reported to the Department's 24 hour Environmental Emergency Response hotline at (573) 634-2436 at the earliest practicable moment after discovery. The Department may require the submittal of a written report detailing measures taken to clean up a spill. These reporting requirements apply whether or not the spill results in chemicals or materials leaving the permitted property or reaching waters of the state. This requirement is in addition to the noncompliance reporting requirement found in Standard Conditions Part I. <u>http://dnr.mo.gov/env/esp/spillbill.htm</u>

SLUDGE - DOMESTIC BIOSOLIDS:

Biosolids are solid materials resulting from domestic wastewater treatment meeting federal and state criteria for beneficial use (i.e. fertilizer). Sewage sludge is solid, semi-solid, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works; including but not limited to, domestic septage; scum or solids removed in primary, secondary, or advanced wastewater treatment process; and material derived from sewage sludge. Sewage sludge does not include ash generated during the firing of sewage sludge in a sewage sludge incinerator or grit and screening generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works. Additional information: <u>http://extension.missouri.edu/main/DisplayCategory.aspx?C=74</u> (WQ422 through WQ449). ✓ Not applicable; this condition is not applicable to the permittee for this facility.

SLUDGE - INDUSTRIAL:

Industrial sludge is solid, semi-solid, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of industrial process wastewater in a treatment works; including but not limited to, scum or solids removed in primary, secondary, or advanced wastewater treatment process; scum and solids filtered from water supplies and backwashed; and a material derived from industrial sludge.

 \checkmark Not applicable; sludge is not generated at this facility.

STORMWATER PERMITTING:

A standard mass-balance equation cannot be calculated for stormwater from this facility because the stormwater flow and flow in the receiving stream cannot be determined for conditions on any given day. The amount of stormwater discharged from the facility will vary based on previous rainfall, soil saturation, humidity, detention time, BMPs, surface permeability, etc. Flow in the receiving stream will vary based on climatic conditions, size of watershed, amount of surfaces with reduced permeability (houses, parking lots, and the like) in the watershed, hydrogeology, topography, etc. Decreased permeability increases the flash of the stream.

It is likely sufficient rainfall to cause a discharge for four continuous days from a facility will also cause some significant amount of flow in the receiving stream. Chronic WQSs are based on a four-day exposure (except ammonia, which is based on a thirty day exposure). In the event a discharge does occur from this facility for four continuous days, some amount of flow will occur in the receiving stream. This flow will dilute stormwater discharges from a facility. For these reasons, most industrial stormwater facilities have limited potential to cause a violation of chronic water quality standards in the receiving stream.

Sufficient rainfall to cause a discharge for one hour or more from a facility would not necessarily cause significant flow in a receiving stream. Acute WQSs are based on a one hour of exposure, and must be protected at all times in unclassified streams, and within mixing zones of class P streams [10 CSR 20-7.031(4) and (5)(4)4.B.]. Therefore, industrial stormwater facilities with toxic contaminants do have the potential to cause a violation of acute WQSs if those toxic contaminants occur in sufficient amounts.

It is due to the items stated above staff are unable to perform statistical Reasonable Potential Analysis (RPA). However, staff will use their best professional judgment in determining if a facility has a potential to violate Missouri's Water Quality Standards.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP):

In accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(k), Best Management Practices (BMPs) must be used to control or abate the discharge of pollutants when: 1) Authorized under section 304(e) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) for the control of toxic pollutants and hazardous substances from ancillary industrial activities; 2) Authorized under section 402(p) of the CWA for the control of stormwater discharges; 3) Numeric effluent limitations are infeasible; or 4) the practices are reasonably necessary to achieve effluent limitations and standards or to carry out the purposes and intent of the CWA. In accordance with the EPA's *Developing Your Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan, A Guide for Industrial Operators*, (Document number EPA 833-B-09-002) [published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) in February 2009], BMPs are measures or practices used to reduce the amount of pollution entering waters of the state from a permitted facility. BMPs may take the form of a process, activity, or physical structure. Additionally in accordance with the Stormwater Management, a SWPPP is a series of steps and activities to 1) identify sources of pollution or contamination, and 2) select and carry out actions which prevent or control the pollution of storm water discharges.

A SWPPP must be prepared by the permittee if the SIC code is found in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14) and/or 10 CSR 20-6.200(2). A SWPPP may be required of other facilities where stormwater has been identified as necessitating better management. The purpose of a SWPPP is to comply with all applicable stormwater regulations by creating an adaptive management plan to control and mitigate stream pollution from stormwater runoff. Developing a SWPPP provides opportunities to employ appropriate BMPs to minimize the risk of pollutants being discharged during storm events. The following paragraph outlines the general steps the permittee should take to determine which BMPs will work to achieve the benchmark values or limits in the permit. This section is not intended to be all encompassing or restrict the use of any physical BMP or operational and maintenance procedure assisting in pollution control. Additional steps or revisions to the SWPPP may be required to meet the requirements of the permit.

Areas which should be included in the SWPPP are identified in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14). Once the potential sources of stormwater pollution have been identified, a plan should be formulated to best control the amount of pollutant being released and discharged by each activity or source. This should include, but is not limited to, minimizing exposure to stormwater, good housekeeping measures, proper facility and equipment maintenance, spill prevention and response, vehicle traffic control, and proper materials handling. Once a plan has been developed the facility will employ the control measures determined to be adequate to achieve the benchmark values discussed above. The facility will conduct monitoring and inspections of the BMPs to ensure they are working properly and reevaluate any BMP not achieving compliance with permitting requirements. For example, if sample results from an outfall show values of TSS above the benchmark value, the BMP being employed is deficient in controlling stormwater pollution. Corrective action should be taken to repair, improve, or replace the failing BMP. This internal evaluation is required at least once per month but should be continued more frequently if BMPs continue to fail. If failures do occur, continue this trial and error process until appropriate BMPs have been established.

For new, altered, or expanded stormwater discharges, the SWPPP shall identify reasonable and effective BMPs while accounting for environmental impacts of varying control methods. The antidegradation analysis must document why no discharge or no exposure options are not feasible. The selection and documentation of appropriate control measures shall serve as an alternative analysis of technology and fulfill the requirements of antidegradation [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)]. For further guidance, consult the antidegradation implementation procedure (<u>http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/docs/AIP050212.pdf</u>).

Alternative Analysis (AA) evaluation of the BMPs is a structured evaluation of BMPs that are reasonable and cost effective. The AA evaluation should include practices that are designed to be: 1) non-degrading; 2) less degrading; or 3) degrading water quality. The glossary of AIP defines these three terms. The chosen BMP will be the most reasonable and effective management strategy while ensuring the highest statutory and regulatory requirements are achieved and the highest quality water attainable for the facility is discharged. The AA evaluation must demonstrate why "no discharge" or "no exposure" is not a feasible alternative at the facility. This structured analysis of BMPs serves as the antidegradation review, fulfilling the requirements of 10 CSR 20-7.031(3) Water Quality Standards and *Antidegradation Implementation Procedure* (AIP), Section II.B.

If parameter-specific numeric exceedances continue to occur and the permittee feels there are no practicable or cost-effective BMPs which will sufficiently reduce a pollutant concentration in the discharge to the benchmark values established in the permit, the permittee can submit a request to re-evaluate the benchmark values. This request needs to include 1) a detailed explanation of why the facility is unable to comply with the permit conditions and unable to establish BMPs to achieve the benchmark values; 2) financial data of the company and documentation of cost associated with BMPs for review and 3) the SWPPP, which should contain adequate documentation of BMPs employed, failed BMPs, corrective actions, and all other required information. This will allow the Department to conduct a cost analysis on control measures and actions taken by the facility to determine cost-effectiveness of BMPs. The request shall be submitted in the form of an operating permit modification; the application is found at: http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/index.html.

✓ Applicable; a SWPPP shall be developed and implemented for this facility.

TECHNOLOGY-BASED EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS (TBEL):

One of the major strategies of the Clean Water Act (CWA) in making "reasonable further progress toward the national goal of eliminating the discharge of all pollutants" is to require effluent limitations based on the capabilities of the technologies available to control those discharges. Technology-based effluent limitations (TBELs) aim to prevent pollution by requiring a minimum level of effluent quality attainable using demonstrated technologies for reducing discharges of pollutants or pollution into the waters of the United States. TBELs are developed independently of the potential impact of a discharge on the receiving water, which is addressed through water quality standards and water quality-based effluent limitations (WQBELs).

✓ Not applicable; this facility does not discharge process wastewater therefore is not subject to TBEL POC analysis.

VARIANCE:

Per the Missouri Clean Water Law §644.061.4, variances shall be granted for such period of time and under such terms and conditions as shall be specified by the commission in its order. The variance may be extended by affirmative action of the commission. In no event shall the variance be granted for a period of time greater than is reasonably necessary for complying with the Missouri Clean

Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141 or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to Missouri Clean Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141.

 \checkmark Not applicable; this permit is not drafted under premise of a petition for variance.

WASTELOAD ALLOCATIONS (WLA) FOR LIMITS:

As per [10 CSR 20-2.010(78)], the WLA is the amount of pollutant each discharger is allowed to discharge into the receiving stream without endangering water quality. Two general types of effluent limitations, technology-based effluent limits (TBELs) and water quality based effluent limits (WQBELs) are reviewed. If one limit does not provide adequate protection for the receiving waters, then the other must be used.

 \checkmark Not applicable; wasteload allocations were not calculated.

WLA MODELING:

Permittees may submit site specific studies to better determine the site specific wasteload allocations applied in permits.

✓ Not applicable; a WLA study was either not submitted or determined not applicable by Department staff.

WATER QUALITY STANDARDS:

Per 10 CSR 20-7.031(4), general criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. Additionally, 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1) directs the Department to establish in each NPDES permit to include conditions to achieve water quality established under Section 303 of the Clean Water Act, including state narrative criteria for water quality.

WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET) TEST:

A WET test is a quantifiable method to determine discharges from the facility cause toxicity to aquatic life by itself, in combination with, or through synergistic responses, when mixed with receiving stream water.

✓ Not applicable; at this time, the permittee is not required to conduct WET testing for this facility.

Part IV. EFFLUENT LIMITS DETERMINATION

Effluent limitations derived and established for this permit are based on current operations of the facility. Effluent means both process water and stormwater. Any flow through the outfall is considered a discharge and must be sampled and reported as provided below. Future permit action due to facility modification may contain new operating permit terms and conditions that supersede the terms and conditions, including effluent limitations, of this operating permit.

OUTFALLS #001, #002, #003- STORMWATER OUTFALLS

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS	TADLE.						
PARAMETERS	Unit	Daily Maximum Limit	Bench- Mark	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITS	Minimum Sampling Frequency	Minimum Reporting Frequency	SAMPLE TYPE
PHYSICAL							
FLOW	MGD	*	-	NEW	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER	24 HR. ESTIMATE
PRECIPITATION	inches	*	-	NEW	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER	24 hr. tot
CONVENTIONAL							
COD	mg/L	**	120	NEW	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER	GRAB
OIL & GREASE	mg/L	**	10	NEW	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER	GRAB
PH ‡	SU	6.5 то 9.0	-	NEW	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER	GRAB
TSS	mg/L	**	100	NEW	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER	GRAB
METALS							
ALUMINUM, TR	µg/L	*	-	NEW	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER	GRAB
IRON, TR	µg/L	**	4000	NEW	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER	GRAB
ZINC, TR	µg/L	**	188	NEW	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER	GRAB

Monitoring requirement only
 Monitoring with associated be

Monitoring with associated benchmark

+ Report the minimum and maximum pH values; pH is not to be averaged.

NEW Parameter not established in previous state operating permit.

TR Total Recoverable

DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:

PHYSICAL:

Flow

In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(i)(1)(ii)] the volume of effluent discharged from each outfall is needed to assure compliance with permitted effluent limitations. If the permittee is unable to obtain effluent flow, then it is the responsibility of the permittee to inform the Department, which may require the submittal of an operating permit modification. The facility will report the total flow in millions of gallons per day (MGD).

Precipitation

Monitoring only requirement; measuring the amount of precipitation [(10 CSR 20-6.200(2)(C)1.E(VI)] during an event is necessary to ensure adequate stormwater management exists at the site. Knowing the amount of potential stormwater runoff can provide the permittee a better understanding of specific control measure that should be employed to ensure protection of water quality. The facility will provide the 24 hour accumulation value of precipitation from the day of sampling the other parameters. It is not necessary to report all days of precipitation during the quarter because of the readily available on-line data.

CONVENTIONAL:

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

Monitoring with a daily maximum benchmark of 120 mg/L is included using the permit writer's best professional judgment. There is no water quality standard for COD; however, increased oxygen demand may impact instream water quality. COD is also a valuable indicator parameter. COD monitoring allows the permittee to identify increases in COD that may indicate materials/chemicals coming into contact with stormwater that cause an increase in oxygen demand. Increases in COD may indicate a need for maintenance or improvement of BMPs. Additionally, a benchmark value will be implemented for this parameter. The benchmark value falls within the range of values implemented in other permits that have similar industrial activities.

Oil & Grease

Monitoring with a daily maximum benchmark of 10 mg/L. Oil and grease is considered a conventional pollutant. Oil and grease is a comprehensive test which measures for gasoline, diesel, crude oil, creosote, kerosene, heating oils, heavy fuel oils, lubricating oils, waxes, and some asphalt and pitch. The test can also detect some volatile organics such as benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, or toluene, but these constituents are often lost during testing due to their boiling points. It is recommended to perform separate testing for these constituents if they are a known pollutant of concern at the site, i.e. aquatic life toxicity or human health is a concern. Results do not allow for separation of specific pollutants within the test, they are reported, totaled, as "oil and grease". Per 10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A: *Criteria for Designated Uses*; 10 mg/L is the standard for protection of aquatic life. This standard will also be used to protect the general criteria found at 10 CSR 20: 7.031 (4). 10 mg/L is the level at which sheen is expected to form on receiving waters. Oils and greases of different densities will possibly form sheen or unsightly bottom deposits at levels which vary from 10 mg/L. To protect the general criteria, it is the responsibility of the permittee to visually observe the discharge and receiving waters for sheen or bottom deposits.

<u>рН</u>

6.5 to 9.0 SU. The Water Quality Standard at 10 CSR 20-7.031(5)(E) states water contaminants shall not cause pH to be outside the range of 6.5 to 9.0 standard pH units.

Total Suspended Solids (TSS)

Monitoring, with a daily maximum benchmark of 100 mg/L. There is no water quality standard for TSS; however, sediment discharges can negatively impact aquatic life habitat. TSS is also a valuable indicator parameter. TSS monitoring allows the permittee to identify increases in TSS that may indicate uncontrolled materials leaving the site. Increased suspended solids in runoff can lead to decreased available oxygen for aquatic life and an increase of surface water temperatures in a receiving stream. Suspended solids can also be carriers of toxins, which can adsorb to the suspended particles; therefore, total suspended solids are a valuable indicator parameter for other pollution. A benchmark value will be implemented for this parameter. The benchmark value is achievable through proper operational and maintenance of BMPs and falls within the range of values implemented in other permits having similar industrial activities.

METALS:

General warm-water habitat criteria apply (WWH) designated as AQL in 10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A. Additional use criterion (HHP, DWS, GRW, IRR, or LWW) may also be used as applicable to determine the most protective effluent limit for the stream class and uses.

Aluminum, Total Recoverable

Monitoring only. The permittee provided water samples from the site with the application materials which indicate aluminum is a pollutant of concern.

Iron, Total Recoverable

Monitoring, with a daily maximum benchmark of $4,000 \ \mu g/L$. The permittee provided water samples from the site with the application materials which indicate iron is a pollutant of concern. The benchmark included is typical of industrial permits and is considered achievable with proper BMP implementation and maintenance.

Zinc, Total Recoverable

Monitoring, with a benchmark of 188 μ g/L. The permittee provided water samples from the site with the application materials which indicate zinc is a pollutant of concern. The benchmark included is typical of industrial permits and is considered achievable with proper BMP implementation and maintenance.

Part V. SAMPLING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS:

Refer to each outfall's derivation and discussion of limits section to review individual sampling and reporting frequencies and sampling type. Additionally, see Standard Conditions Part I attached at the end of this permit and fully incorporated within.

ELECTRONIC DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (EDMR) SUBMISSION SYSTEM:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) promulgated a final rule on October 22, 2015, to modernize Clean Water Act reporting for municipalities, industries, and other facilities by converting to an electronic data reporting system. This final rule requires regulated entities and state and federal regulators to use information technology to electronically report data required by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program instead of filing paper reports. To comply with the federal rule, the Department is requiring all permittees to begin submitting discharge monitoring data and reports online.

Per 40 CFR 127.15 and 127.24, permitted facilities may request a temporary waiver for up to 5 years or a permanent waiver from electronic reporting from the Department. To obtain an electronic reporting waiver, a permittee must first submit an eDMR Waiver Request Form: <u>http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2692-f.pdf</u>. A request must be made for each facility. If more than one facility is owned or operated by a single entity, then the entity must submit a separate request for each facility based on its specific circumstances. An approved waiver is non-transferable.

The Department must review and notify the facility within 120 calendar days of receipt if the waiver request has been approved or rejected [40 CFR 124.27(a)]. During the Department review period as well as after a waiver is granted, the facility must continue submitting a hard-copy of any reports required by their permit. The Department will enter data submitted in hard-copy from those facilities allowed to do so and electronically submit the data to the EPA on behalf of the facility.

✓ The permittee/facility is not currently using the eDMR data reporting system. The permittee shall submit an eDMR Permit Holder and Certifier Registration form within 60 days of the effective date of this permit.

SAMPLING FREQUENCY JUSTIFICATION:

40 CFR 122.45(d)(1) indicates all continuous discharges shall be permitted with daily maximum and monthly average limits. Sampling frequency for stormwater-only outfalls is typically quarterly even though BMP inspection occurs monthly. The facility may sample more frequently if additional data is required to determine if best management operations and technology are performing as expected.

SAMPLING TYPE JUSTIFICATION:

The sampling types are representative of the discharges, and are protective of water quality. Discharges with altering effluent should have composite sampling; discharges with uniform effluent can have grab samples. Grab samples are usually appropriate for stormwater. Parameters which must have grab sampling are: pH, ammonia, *E. coli*, total residual chlorine, free available chlorine, hexavalent chromium, dissolved oxygen, total phosphorus, and volatile organic samples.

SUFFICIENTLY SENSITIVE ANALYTICAL METHODS:

Please review Standard Conditions Part 1, section A, number 4. The analytical and sampling methods used shall conform to the reference methods listed in 10 CSR 20-7.015 and/or 40 CFR 136 unless alternates are approved by the Department. The facility shall

use sufficiently sensitive analytical methods for detecting, identifying, and measuring the concentrations of pollutants. The facility shall ensure the selected methods are able to quantify the presence of pollutants in a given discharge at concentrations that are low enough to determine compliance with Water Quality Standards in 10 CSR 20-7.031 or effluent limitations unless provisions in the permit allow for other alternatives. A method is "sufficiently sensitive" when; 1) the method quantifies the pollutant below the level of the applicable water quality criterion or; 2) the method minimum level is above the applicable water quality criterion, but the amount of pollutant in a facility's discharge is high enough that the method detects and quantifies the level of pollutant in the discharge, or 3) the method has the lowest minimum level of the analytical methods approved under 10 CSR 20-7.015 and or 40 CFR 136. These methods are also required for parameters listed as monitoring only, as the data collected may be used to determine if numeric limitations need to be established. A permittee is responsible for working with their contractors to ensure the analysis performed is sufficiently sensitive. 40 CFR 136 lists the approved methods accepted by the Department. Table A at 10 CSR 20-7.031 shows water quality standards.

Part VI. ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Department, as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions contained herein and within the operating permit. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

PERMIT SYNCHRONIZATION:

The Department of Natural Resources is currently undergoing a synchronization process for operating permits. Permits are normally issued on a five-year term, but to achieve synchronization many permits will need to be issued for less than the full five years allowed by regulation. The intent is that all permits within a watershed will move through the Watershed Based Management (WBM) cycle together will all expire in the same fiscal year. http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/cpp/docs/watershed-based-management.pdf. This will allow further streamlining by placing multiple permits within a smaller geographic area on public notice simultaneously, thereby reducing repeated administrative efforts. This will also allow the Department to explore a watershed based permitting effort at some point in the future. Renewal applications must continue to be submitted within 180 days of expiration, however, in instances where effluent data from the previous renewal is less than three years old, that data may be re-submitted to meet the requirements of the renewal application. If the permit provides a schedule of compliance for meeting new water quality based effluent limits beyond the expiration date of the permit, the time remaining in the schedule of compliance will be allotted in the renewed permit.

✓ If the Department issues the permit at this time, the effective period of the permit would be less than one year in length. To ensure efficient use of Department staff time, reduce the Department's permitting back log, and to provide better service to the permittee by avoiding another renewal application to be submitted in such a short time period, this operating permit will be issued for the maximum timeframe of five years and synced with other permits in the watershed at a later date.

PUBLIC NOTICE:

The Department shall give public notice that a draft permit has been prepared and its issuance is pending.

<u>http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/permits/pn/index.html</u>. Additionally, public notice will be issued if a public hearing is to be held because of a significant degree of interest in and water quality concerns related to a draft permit. No public notice is required when a request for a permit modification or termination is denied; however, the requester and permittee must be notified of the denial in writing.

The Department must issue public notice of a pending operating permit or of a new or reissued statewide general permit. The public comment period is the length of time not less than 30 days following the date of the public notice which interested persons may submit written comments about the proposed permit.

For persons wanting to submit comments regarding this proposed operating permit, then please refer to the Public Notice page located at the front of this draft operating permit. The Public Notice page gives direction on how and where to submit appropriate comments.

☑ - The Public Notice period for this operating permit was from 02/08/2019 to 03/11/2019. No responses were received.

DATE OF FACT SHEET: 07/12/2018, updated and checked for consistency 01/04/2019

COMPLETED BY:

AMBERLY SCHULZ MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM OPERATING PERMITS SECTION – STORMWATER AND CERTIFICATION UNIT (573) 751-8049 Amberly.schulz@dnr.mo.gov



These Standard Conditions incorporate permit conditions as required by 40 CFR 122.41 or other applicable state statutes or regulations. These minimum conditions apply unless superseded by requirements specified in the permit.

Part I – General Conditions

Section A - Sampling, Monitoring, and Recording

1. Sampling Requirements.

- a. Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.
- b. All samples shall be taken at the outfall(s) or Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) approved sampling location(s), and unless specified, before the effluent joins or is diluted by any other body of water or substance.

2. Monitoring Requirements.

a.

- Records of monitoring information shall include:
- i. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
- ii. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
- iii. The date(s) analyses were performed;
- iv. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
- v. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
- vi. The results of such analyses.
- b. If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by the permit at the location specified in the permit using test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136, or another method required for an industry-specific waste stream under 40 CFR subchapters N or O, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reported to the Department with the discharge monitoring report data (DMR) submitted to the Department pursuant to Section B, paragraph 7.
- 3. **Sample and Monitoring Calculations.** Calculations for all sample and monitoring results which require averaging of measurements shall utilize an arithmetic mean unless otherwise specified in the permit.
- Test Procedures. The analytical and sampling methods used shall conform 4. to the reference methods listed in 10 CSR 20-7.015 unless alternates are approved by the Department. The facility shall use sufficiently sensitive analytical methods for detecting, identifying, and measuring the concentrations of pollutants. The facility shall ensure that the selected methods are able to quantify the presence of pollutants in a given discharge at concentrations that are low enough to determine compliance with Water Quality Standards in 10 CSR 20-7.031 or effluent limitations unless provisions in the permit allow for other alternatives. A method is "sufficiently sensitive" when; 1) the method minimum level is at or below the level of the applicable water quality criterion for the pollutant or, 2) the method minimum level is above the applicable water quality criterion, but the amount of pollutant in a facility's discharge is high enough that the method detects and quantifies the level of pollutant in the discharge, or 3) the method has the lowest minimum level of the analytical methods approved under 10 CSR 20-7.015. These methods are also required for parameters that are listed as monitoring only, as the data collected may be used to determine if limitations need to be established. A permittee is responsible for working with their contractors to ensure that the analysis performed is sufficiently sensitive.
- 5. Record Retention. Except for records of monitoring information required by the permit related to the permittee's sewage sludge use and disposal activities, which shall be retained for a period of at least five (5) years (or longer as required by 40 CFR part 503), the permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by the permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for the permit, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Department at any time.

6. Illegal Activities.

- a. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under the permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both. If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed after a first conviction of such person under this paragraph, punishment is a fine of not more than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than (4) years, or both.
- b. The Missouri Clean Water Law provides that any person or who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or by both. Second and successive convictions for violation under this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.

Section B - Reporting Requirements

1. Planned Changes.

- The permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility when:
 - i. The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in 40 CFR 122.29(b); or
 - ii. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements under 40 CFR 122.42;
 - iii. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan;
 - iv. Any facility expansions, production increases, or process modifications which will result in a new or substantially different discharge or sludge characteristics must be reported to the Department 60 days before the facility or process modification begins. Notification may be accomplished by application for a new permit. If the discharge does not violate effluent limitations specified in the permit, the facility is to submit a notice to the Department of the changed discharge at least 30 days before such changes. The Department may require a construction permit and/or permit modification as a result of the proposed changes at the facility.

2. Non-compliance Reporting.

a. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. Relevant information shall be provided orally or via the current electronic method approved by the Department, within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances, and shall be reported to the appropriate Regional Office during normal business hours or the Environmental Emergency Response hotline at 573-634-2436 outside of normal business hours. A written submission shall also be provided within five (5) business days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.



- b. The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours under this paragraph.
 - i. Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - ii. Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Department in the permit required to be reported within 24 hours.
- c. The Department may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis for reports under paragraph 2. b. of this section if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.
- 3. Anticipated Noncompliance. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements. The notice shall be submitted to the Department 60 days prior to such changes or activity.
- 4. Compliance Schedules. Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of the permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date. The report shall provide an explanation for the instance of noncompliance and a proposed schedule or anticipated date, for achieving compliance with the compliance schedule requirement.
- 5. **Other Noncompliance.** The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs 2, 3, and 6 of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph 2. a. of this section.
- 6. **Other Information**. Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.

7. Discharge Monitoring Reports.

- a. Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified in the permit.
- b. Monitoring results must be reported to the Department via the current method approved by the Department, unless the permittee has been granted a waiver from using the method. If the permittee has been granted a waiver, the permittee must use forms provided by the Department.
- c. Monitoring results shall be reported to the Department no later than the 28^{th} day of the month following the end of the reporting period.

Section C - Bypass/Upset Requirements

1. Definitions.

- a. *Bypass*: the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility, except in the case of blending.
- b. Severe Property Damage: substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
- c. *Upset:* an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

2. Bypass Requirements.

a. Bypass not exceeding limitations. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2. b. and 2. c. of this section.

- b. Notice.
 - i. Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least 10 days before the date of the bypass.
 - ii. Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in Section B – Reporting Requirements, paragraph 5 (24-hour notice).
- c. Prohibition of bypass.
 - i. Bypass is prohibited, and the Department may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:
 - 1. Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
 - 2. There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
 - 3. The permittee submitted notices as required under paragraph 2. b. of this section.
 - ii. The Department may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Department determines that it will meet the three (3) conditions listed above in paragraph 2. c. i. of this section.

3. Upset Requirements.

- a. Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of paragraph 3. b. of this section are met. No determination made during administrative review of claims that noncompliance was caused by upset, and before an action for noncompliance, is final administrative action subject to judicial review.
- b. Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - i. An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
 - ii. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated; and
 - iii. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in Section B

 Reporting Requirements, paragraph 2. b. ii. (24-hour notice).
 iv. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under
 - iv. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Section D – Administrative Requirements, paragraph 4.
- c. Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

Section D - Administrative Requirements

- 1. **Duty to Comply.** The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Missouri Clean Water Law and Federal Clean Water Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application.
 - a. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the CWA within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
 - b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who violates section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any such sections in a permit issued under section 402, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under sections 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 per day for each violation. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who negligently violates sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the Act, or any condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, or any requirement



imposed in a pretreatment program approved under section 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to criminal penalties of \$2,500 to \$25,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than one (1) year, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a negligent violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than two (2) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates such sections, or such conditions or limitations is subject to criminal penalties of \$5,000 to \$50,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment for not more than three (3) years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$100,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than six (6) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates section 301, 302, 303, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, and who knows at that time that he thereby places another person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury, shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not more than \$250,000 or imprisonment of not more than 15 years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing endangerment violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$500,000 or by imprisonment of not more than 30 years, or both. An organization, as defined in section 309(c)(3)(B)(iii) of the CWA, shall, upon conviction of violating the imminent danger provision, be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000,000 and can be fined up to \$2,000,000 for second or subsequent convictions.

- c. Any person may be assessed an administrative penalty by the EPA Director for violating section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of this Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of this Act. Administrative penalties for Class I violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per violation, with the maximum amount of any Class I penalty assessed not to exceed \$25,000. Penalties for Class II violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day during which the violation continues, with the maximum amount of any Class II penalty not to exceed \$125,000.
- It is unlawful for any person to cause or permit any discharge of water d. contaminants from any water contaminant or point source located in Missouri in violation of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law, or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated by the commission. In the event the commission or the director determines that any provision of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or standard, rules, limitations or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or permits issued by, or any final abatement order, other order, or determination made by the commission or the director, or any filing requirement pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or any other provision which this state is required to enforce pursuant to any federal water pollution control act, is being, was, or is in imminent danger of being violated, the commission or director may cause to have instituted a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction for the injunctive relief to prevent any such violation or further violation or for the assessment of a penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day, or part thereof, the violation occurred and continues to occur, or both, as the court deems proper. Any person who willfully or negligently commits any violation in this paragraph shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$25,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. Second and successive convictions for violation of the same provision of this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.

2. Duty to Reapply.

- a. If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit.
- b. A permittee with a currently effective site-specific permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 180 days before the expiration date of the existing permit, unless permission for a later date has been granted by the Department. (The Department shall not grant permission

for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)

- c. A permittees with currently effective general permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 30 days before the existing permit expires, unless the permittee has been notified by the Department that an earlier application must be made. The Department may grant permission for a later submission date. (The Department shall not grant permission for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)
- 3. **Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense.** It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.
- 4. **Duty to Mitigate.** The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
- 5. Proper Operation and Maintenance. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

6. Permit Actions.

- a. Subject to compliance with statutory requirements of the Law and Regulations and applicable Court Order, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to, the following:
 - i. Violations of any terms or conditions of this permit or the law;ii. Having obtained this permit by misrepresentation or failure to
 - disclose fully any relevant facts; iii. A change in any circumstances or conditions that requires either a
 - temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge; or
 - iv. Any reason set forth in the Law or Regulations.
- b. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

7. Permit Transfer.

- a. Subject to 10 CSR 20-6.010, an operating permit may be transferred upon submission to the Department of an application to transfer signed by the existing owner and the new owner, unless prohibited by the terms of the permit. Until such time the permit is officially transferred, the original permittee remains responsible for complying with the terms and conditions of the existing permit.
- b. The Department may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Missouri Clean Water Law or the Federal Clean Water Act.
- c. The Department, within 30 days of receipt of the application, shall notify the new permittee of its intent to revoke or reissue or transfer the permit.
- 8. **Toxic Pollutants.** The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the Federal Clean Water Act within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
- 9. **Property Rights.** This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.



- 10. **Duty to Provide Information.** The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, any information which the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Department upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
- 11. **Inspection and Entry.** The permittee shall allow the Department, or an authorized representative (including an authorized contractor acting as a representative of the Department), upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:
 - Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
 - b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - c. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
 - d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Federal Clean Water Act or Missouri Clean Water Law, any substances or parameters at any location.

12. Closure of Treatment Facilities.

- Persons who cease operation or plan to cease operation of waste, wastewater, and sludge handling and treatment facilities shall close the facilities in accordance with a closure plan approved by the Department.
- b. Operating Permits under 10 CSR 20-6.010 or under 10 CSR 20-6.015 are required until all waste, wastewater, and sludges have been disposed of in accordance with the closure plan approved by the Department and any disturbed areas have been properly stabilized. Disturbed areas will be considered stabilized when perennial vegetation, pavement, or structures using permanent materials cover all areas that have been disturbed. Vegetative cover, if used, shall be at least 70% plant density over 100% of the disturbed area.

13. Signatory Requirement.

- a. All permit applications, reports required by the permit, or information requested by the Department shall be signed and certified. (See 40 CFR 122.22 and 10 CSR 20-6.010)
- b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months per violation, or by both.
- c. The Missouri Clean Water Law provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed or required to be maintained pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by both.
- 14. **Severability.** The provisions of the permit are severable, and if any provision of the permit, or the application of any provision of the permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of the permit, shall not be affected thereby.

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	7.2 Primary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) and F	-acility North American muusular	Classification System (NAICS) Codes.

MO 780-1479 (09-16)

and the second second	ADDITIONAL FORMS AND MAPS NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THIS APPLICATION (Complete all forms that are applicable.)		
Α.	Is your facility a manufacturing, commercial, mining or silviculture waste treatment facility? If yes, complete Form C or 2F. (2F is the U.S. EPA's Application for Storm Water Discharges Associate with Industrial Activ	YES 🗖	DON
B.	Is application for storm water discharges only? If yes, complete Form C or 2F.	YES 🗖	NOTA
C.	Is your facility considered a "Primary Industry" under EPA guidelines: If yes, complete Forms C or 2F and D.	YES 🗖	NOR
D.	Is wastewater land applied? If yes, complete Form I.	YES	NODE
E.	Is sludge, biosolids, ash or residuals generated, treated, stored or land applied? If yes, complete Form R.	YES 🗖	NO
F.	If you are a Class IA CAFO, please disregard part D and E of this section. However, please Nutrient Management Plan.	e attach any revision	on to your
F.	Attach a map showing all outfalls and the receiving stream at 1" = 2,000' scale.		
9.	ELECTRONIC DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (eDMR) SUBMISSION SYSTEM		
waiver	the submitted a written request for a waiver from electronic reporting. See instructions for	further informatio	n recording
	bu have submitted a written request for a waiver from electronic reporting. See instructions for s. DOWNSTREAM LANDOWNER(S) Attach additional sheets as necessary. See Instructions (PLEASE SHOW LOCATION ON MAP. SEE 8.D ABOVE).		on regarding
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Appropriate Fees? Map at 1" = 2000' scale? Signature? Form C or 2F, if applicable? Form D, if applicable?

Form I (Irrigation), if applicable? Form R (Sludge), if applicable? Revised Nutrient Management Plan, if applicable?

20

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING FORM A - APPLICATION FOR NONDOMESTIC PERMIT

Check which option is applicable. Do not check more than one item. Nondomestic permit refers to permits issued by the Department of Natural Resources' Water Protection Program for all nondomestic wastewater treatment facilities, including all industry, stormwater, and Class IA Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO). This includes all nondomestic wastewater treatment facilities that incorporate domestic wastewater into the operating permit. OPERATING PERMIT FEES

If the application is for a site-specific permit re-issuance, send no fees. You will be invoiced separately by the department.

JUN 0 5 2017

DEQ/SWRO

Discharges covered by section 644.052.4 RSMo. (Primary or Categorical Facilities) \$3,500 for a design flow under 1 mgd

\$5,000 for a design flow of 1 mgd or more

A. Discharges covered by section 644.052.5 RSMo. (Secondary or Noncategorical Facilities).

\$1,500 for a design flow under 1 million gallons per day (mpg) \$2,500 for a design flow of 1 mgd or more

SITE-SPECIFIC STORMWATER DISCHARGE FEES

- A. \$1,350 for a design flow under 1 mgd
- B. \$2,350 for a design flow of 1 mgd or more
- CAFO OPERATING PERMIT FEES

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A. \$5,000 for site-specific permit (Class IA)

- OPERATING PERMIT MODIFICATIONS are subject to the following fees:
 - A. Major Modifications 25 percent of annual fee.
 - B. Minor Modifications (in accordance with 40 CFR 122.63, including transfers) \$100

Note: Facility name and address changes where owner, operator and continuing authority remain the same are not considered transfers.

Incomplete permit applications and/or related engineering documents will be returned by the department if they are not completed in the time frame established in a comment letter from the department to the owner. Permit fees for returned applications shall be forfeited. Permit fees for applications being processed by the department that are withdrawn by the applicant shall be forfeited.

- Facility Provide the name by which this facility is known locally. Example: Southwest Sewage Treatment Plant, Country Club Mobile Home Park, etc. Also include the street address or location of the facility. If the facility lacks a street name or route number, give the names of the closest intersection, highway, county road, etc.
- 3. Owner Provide the legal name and address of owner.
- 3.1 Prior to submitting a permit to public notice, the department shall provide the permit applicant 15 days to review the draft permit for nonsubstantive drafting errors. In the interest of expediting permit issuance, permit applicants may waive the opportunity to review draft permits prior to public notice. Check YES to review the draft permit prior to public notice. Check NO to waive the process and expedite the permit.
- 4. Continuing Authority Permanent organization that will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. The regulatory requirement regarding continuing authority is available at http://s1.sos.mo.gov/cmsimages/adrules/csr/current/10csr/10c20-6.pdf or contact the appropriate Department of Natural Resources regional office.
- 5. Operator Provide the name, certificate number and telephone number of the person operating the facility.
- 6. Provide the name, title and work telephone number of a person who is thoroughly familiar with the operation of the facility and with the facts reported in this application and who can be contacted by the department, if necessary.
- 7.1 An outfall is the point at which wastewater is discharged. Outfalls should be given in terms of the legal description of the facility. Global Positioning System, or GPS, is a satellite-based navigation system. The department prefers that a GPS receiver is used at the outfall pipe and the displayed coordinates submitted. If access to a GPS receiver is not available, please use a mapping system to approximate the coordinates; the department's mapping system is available at www.dnr.mo.gov/internetmapviewer/.
- 7.2 List only your primary Standard Industrial Classification, or SIC, and North American Industry Classification System code for each outfall. The SIC system was devised by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget to cover all economic activities. To find the correct SIC code, an applicant may check his or her unemployment insurance forms or contact the Missouri Division of Employment Security, 573-751-3215. The primary SIC code is that of the operation that generates the most revenue. If this information is not available, the number of employees or, secondly, production rate may be used to determine your SIC code. Additional information for Standard Industrial Codes can be found at www.osha.gov/pls/imis/sicsearch.html and for the North American Industry Classification System at www.census.gov/naics or contact the appropriate Department of Natural Resources regional office.
- 8. If you answer yes to A, B, C, D, or E, then you must complete and file the supplementary form(s) indicated. A U.S. Geological Survey 1" = 2,000' scale map must be submitted with the permit application showing all outfalls, the receiving stream and the location of the downstream property owners. This type of map is available at www.dnr.mo.gov/internetingapvievver/ or from the Missouri Department of Natural Resources' Geological Survey in Rolla at 573-368-2125.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING FORM A - APPLICATION FOR NONDOMESTIC PERMIT (CONTINUED)

9. Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System – Visit the eDMR site at <u>http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/edmr.htm</u> and click on the "Facility Participation Package" link. The eDMR Permit Holder and Certifier Registration Form and information about the eDMR system can be found in the Facility Participation Package.

Waivers to electronic reporting may be granted by the department per 40 CFR 127.15 under certain, special circumstances. A written request must be submitted to the Department for approval. Waivers may be granted to facilities owned or operated by:

- A. members of religious communities that choose not to use certain technologies or
- B. permittees located in areas with limited broadband access. The National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) in collaboration with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) have created a broadband internet availability map: <u>http://www.broadbandmap.gov/</u>. Please contact the department if you need assistance.
- 10. Please provide the name and address of the first downstream landowner, different from that of the permitted facility, through whose property the discharge will flow. Also, please indicate the location on the map. For discharges that leave the permitted facility and flow under a road or highway, or along the right-of-way, the downstream property owner is the landowner that the discharge flows to after leaving the right-of-way. For no discharge facilities, provide this information for the location where discharge would flow if there was one. For land application sites, include the owners of the land application sites and all adjacent landowners.
- 11. Signature All applications must be signed as follows and the signature must be original:
 - A. For a corporation, by an officer having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity or for environmental matters.
 - B. For a partnership or sole proprietorship, by a general partner or the proprietor.
 - C. For a municipal, state, federal or other public facility, by either a principal executive officer or by an individual having overall responsibility for environmental matters at the facility.

This completed form, along with the applicable permit fees, should be submitted to the Department of Natural Resources, Water Protection Program, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176. Submittal of an incomplete application may result in the application being returned. A map of the department's regional offices with addresses and phone numbers can be viewed at www.dnr.mo.gov/regions/ro-map.pdf. If there are any questions concerning this form, contact the appropriate regional office or the Department of Natural Resources' Water Protection Program, Operating Permits Section at 800-361-4827 or 573-751-6825.

For More Information

Missouri Department of Natural Resources Water Protection Program P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176 800-361-4827 or 573-751-1300 www.dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/index.html

MO 780-1479 (09-16)

FORM C – APPLICATION FOR	ATER POLLUTION BRANCHN 0 5 2017 CHECK	AGENCY USE ONLY
MANUFACTURING, COMMERCE SILVICULTURE OPERATIONS,	CIAL, MINING, DEC/SWRO PROCESS AND STORMWATER	ECEIVED FEE SUBMITTED
And the second	FORM BEFORE READING THE ACCOMPANYING	INSTRUCTIONS
Aquileras Aute	Sales É Salvage 1	nc
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20 THIS IS A NEW FACILITY AND WAS CONSTRUCTED UNDER MISSOU RMIT).	JRI CONSTRUCTION PERMIT NUMBER (COMPLETE ONLY IF THIS FACILI	TY DOES NOT HAVE AN OPERATING
	et al anti-	
20 LIST THE STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION (SIC) CODES A		
A. FIRST	B. SECOND	
C. THIRD	D. FOURTH	
10 FOR EACH OUTFALL GIVE THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION.		
	21/4 SEC CO3 TOOYR NEW+	6 h COUNTY
		COUNTY
1		
20 FOR EACH OUTFALL LIST THE NAME OF THE RECEIVING WATER	the second se	
OUTFALL NUMBER (LIST)	RECEIVING WATER	
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OUTFALL NUMBER (LIST)	RECEIVING WATER	
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Alage Yard	RECEIVING WATER	PAGE 1
Alage Yard	RECEIVING WATER	
OUTFALL NUMBER (LIST)		PAGE 1

3

A. Attach a line drawing showing the water flow through the facility. Indicate sources of intake water, operations contributing wastewater to the effluent and treatment units labeled to correspond to the more detailed descriptions in item B. Construct a water balance on the line drawing by showing average flows between intakes, operations, treatment units, public sewers and outfalls. If a water balance cannot by determined (e.g., for certain mining activities), provide a pictorial description of the nature and amount of any sources of water and any collection or treatment measures.

B. For each outfall, provide a description of 1. All operations contributing wastewater to the effluent, including process wastewater, sanitary wastewater, cooling water and storm water runoff. 2. The average flow contributed by each operation. 3. The treatment received by the wastewater. Continue on additional sheets if necessary.

1. OUTFALL NO.	2. OPERATION(S) CONTRIBUTING FLOW	3. TREA	TMENT
(LIST)	A. OPERATION (LIST)	B. AVERAGE FLOW (INCLUDE UNITS) (MAXIMUM FLOW)	A. DESCRIPTION	B. LIST CODES
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		24 S 24 S 25 S 25 S		
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	YES (COMPL	ETE THE FOLLOW	ING TABLE)	NO (GO	TO SECTION 2	2.50)			DFO/S	MAR	
	-			3. FRE	QUENCY		4. F				
1. OUTFALL						A. FLOW R/	ATE (in mgd)		UME (specify with hits)	C. DURATIO	
NUMBER (list)	2. OPE	RATION(S) CONTRIBL	TING FLOW (list)	A. DAYS PER WEEK (specify average)	B. MONTHS PER YEAR (specify average)	1. LONG TERM AVERAGE	2. MAXIMUM DAILY	4. LONG TERM DAILY	3. MAXIMUM AVERAGE	(in days)	
50 MAXIMUM F	PRODUCTION										
	NEFFLUENT GU		PROMULGATED BY EF (GO TO SECTION 2.6		ON 304 OF THE	CLEAN WATER AC	T APPLY TO YO	UR FACILITY?			
	LIMITATIONS		FFLUENT GUIDELINES		TERMS OF PRO	DUCTION (OF OT)	IER MEASURE C	F OPERATION)?		_	
C. IF YOU /	NSWERED YE	S" TO B. LIST THE QU	ANTITY THAT REPRES	ENTS AN ACTUA	L MEASUREMEN	T OF YOUR MAXI	MUM LEVEL OF	PRODUCTION, EX	PRESSED IN TH	ETERMS	
AND UNITS	USED IN THE A	PPLICABLE EFFLUEN	T GUIDELINE AND IND	ICATE THE AFFE	CTED OUTFALL	S.					
		·	1. MAX			DUCT, MATERIAL,	ETC			FECTED	
QUANTITY P	R DAY B.	UNITS OF MEASURE	1		(list outfa	ll numbers)					
	NOW REQUIR	TER TREATMENT EQUIDES, BUT IS NOT LIM	STATE OR LOCAL AU JIPMENT OR PRACTIC ITED TO, PERMIT CON R LOAN CONDITIONS.	ES OR ANY OTH	ER ENVIRONME	NTAL PROGRAMS	THAT MAY AFFE	ECT THE DISCHAR	RGES DESCRIBE	D IN THIS LETTERS,	
OPERATION APPLICATION STIPULATION	N? THIS INCLU	OLLOWING TABLE)					S				
	N? THIS INCLU NS, COURT OR OMPLETE THE		2. AFFECTED OU	TFALLS	3	BRIEF DESCRIPT	ION OF PROJEC	- L	4. PINAL COMP	LIANCE DATE	
	N? THIS INCLU NS, COURT OR OMPLETE THE		2. AFFECTED OU		3.	BRIEF DESCRIPT	ION OF PROJEC		A. REQUIRED	LIANCE DAT B. PROJECT	

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. USE THE SPACE BELOW TO LIST ANY OF IAY BE DISCHARGED FROM ANY OUTFALL NALYTICAL DATA IN YOUR POSSESSION.	THE POLLUTANTS LISTED IN PART B OF T FOR EVERY POLLUTANT YOU LIST, BRIEF	HE INSTRUCTIONS, WHICH YOU KNOW OR HAV LY DESCRIBE THE REASONS YOU BELIEVE IT T	E REASON TO BELIEVE IS DISCHARGED O O BE PRESENT AND REPORT ANY
1. POLLUTANT	2. SOURCE	1. POLLUTANT	2. SOURCE
		5 - 10 K	
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A STATE IS N. MANY		and the second	
		27 - 17 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 1	Test while 5 th
			An Anna
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BIOLOGICAL TOXICITY TESTING DATA DO YOU HAVE ANY KNOWLEDGE OR RE DISCHARGES OR ON RECEIVING WATER	ASON TO BELIEVE THAT ANY BIOLOGICAL T R IN RELATION TO YOUR DISCHARGE WITHIN	EST FOR ACUTE OR CHRONIC TOXICITY HAS B I THE LAST THREE YEARS?	EEN MADE ON ANY OF YOUR
YES (IDENTIFY THE TEST(S) AND DE	SCRIBE THEIR PURPOSES BELOW.)	NO (GO TO 3.20)	DEQ/SW
_	ED PERFORMED BY A CONTRACT LABORATO		
A. NAME	B. ADDRESS	S ANALYZED BY EACH SUCH LABORATORY OR C. TELEPHONE (area code and number	
			- 65
			a de la composición d
		3	
	1 C		
	e pagine la s	the second second	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
APPLICATION AND ALL ATTAC OBTAINING THE INFORMATIO	CHMENTS AND THAT, BASED ON I	AMINED AND AM FAMILIAR WITH TH MY INQUIRY OF THOSE INDIVIDUAL TION IS TRUE, ACCURATE AND COI DN, INCLUDING THE POSSIBILITY O	S IMMEDIATELY RESPONSIBLE MPLETE. I AM AWARE THAT THERE
		TELEPHO	NE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE
AND OFFICIAL TITLE (TYPE OR PRINT)			

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FORM C TABLE 1 FOR 3.00 ITEM A AND B

INTAKE AND EFFLUEN		ACTE	DISTICS											OUTFALL NO.	
PART A – You must provide the	a central an er				o pollutan	in this table. Cor	molete one ta	ble for each outfall	See instruc	tions for ad	alisteb lenoltik				1
PARTA - Tou must provide un		alleast		S IUI EVEI	y politican	2. EFFLUENT		Die for each obtain.	Obe madde			pecify if blank)	4.1	TAKE (optiona	a/)
1. POLLUTANT	A. MAXI	IMUM DAI	LY VALUE	B,	B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE (if available)			C. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE			A. CONCEN-		A. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE		B. NO. 0
	(1) CONCENT	RATION	(2) MASS	CONCI	(1)	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRA	TION (2) MAS	ANA	NO. OF	TRATION	B. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANALYS
A. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)														-	
B. Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)															
C. Total organic Carbon (TOC)	2														
D. Total Suspended Solids (TSS)															
E. Ammonia (as N)															
F. Flow	VALUE	-		VALUE			VALUE						VALUE		-
G. Temperature (winter)	VALUE			VALUE			VALUE				ف	с	VALUE		
H. Temperature (summer)	VALUE			VALUE	ALUE		VALUE				19.13	с	VALUE		
1. pH	MINIMUM	N	AXIMUM	MINIMU	м	MAXIMUM					STANDARD UNITS				
PART B - Mark "X" in column 2A for pollutant. Complete one table for ea	r each polluta ach outfall. Si	nt you kno ee the insi	w or have rea	ason to be	lieve is pres etails and re	ent. Mark "X" in colu equirements.	mn 2B for each	pollutant you believe	o be absent. If	f you mark co	lumn 2A for any p	oliutant, you must	provide the results for	at least one and	alysis for tha
	2. MAF	RK "X"		3. EFFLUENT							1 3 3 1	4. UNITS	6.	INTAKE (optic	inal)
1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER	A. BELIEVED	B. BELIEVED	A. MAXIM	IUM DAIL	YVALUE	B. MAXIMUM 30 (if availa		C. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE (if available)		D. NO. 0	F A. CONCI	EN- B. MAS	the second se	M AVRG. VAL	UE B. NO.
(if available)	PRESENT	ABSENT	(1) CONCENT	RATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANALYSE	S TRATIO	N D. MAG	CONCENTRA	TION (2) MAS	SS ANALY
CONVENTIONAL AND NONC	ONVENTIC	NAL PO	LLUTANTS	5											
A. Bromide (24959-67-9)															
B. Chlorine, Total Residual											121.00				
C. Color											1 2 3	_			

D. Fecal Coliform E. Fluoride (16984-48-8)

F. Nitrate - Nitrate (as N) MO 780-1514 (06-13)

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B. NO. OF ANALYSES

B. NO. OF

	2. MA	RK "X"			3.	EFFLUENT				4. UN	ITS	6. INT/	AKE (optional)	h
1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER	A. BELIEVED	B. BELIEVED	A. MAXIMUM DAI	YVALUE	B. MAXIMUM 30 D		C. LONG TERM AV		D. NO. OF	A. CONCEN-		A. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE	B. NO. OI	
(if available)	BELIEVED	BELIEVED	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANALYSES	TRATION	B. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANALYSE
G. Nitrogen, Total Organic (as N)														
H. Oil and Grease								12.4-						
. Phosphorus (as P), Total 7723-14-0)	-													
J. Sulfate (as SO ⁴) (14808-79-8)														_
K. Sulfide (as S)							π·:::							
L. Sulfite (as SO ³) (14265-45-3)					S		278							
M. Surfactants				E			-1			7				
N. Aluminum, Total (7429-90-5)														
O. Barium, Total (7440-39-3)							1							
P. Boron, Total (7440-42-8)														
Q. Cobalt, Total (7440-48-4)			er e constatu L				44							
R. Iron, Total (7439-89-6)														
S. Magnesium, Total (7439-95-4)														
T. Molybdenum, Total (7439-98-7)				_										
U. Manganese, Total (7439-96-5)														
∨. Tin, Total (7440-31-5)					_									
W. Titanium, Total (7440-32-6)				_										
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	2. MARK "X"				3.	EFFLUENT	2			4. UNITS		5. INTAKE (optional)		
1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER (if available)	A. BELIEVED PRESENT	B. BELIEVED	A. MAXIMUM DAI	YVALUE	B. MAXIMUM 30 D (if availab	AY VALUE	C. LONG TERM AV (if availab	RG. VALUE	D. NO. OF	A. CONCEN-	B. MASS	A, LONG TERM AV	RG. VALUE	B. NO. OF
(пачанарю)		ABSENT	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANALYSES	TRATION	B. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANALYSE
METALS, AND TOTAL PHEN	IOLS						e.							-
1M. Antimony, Total (7440-36-9)							1							
2M. Arsenic, Total (7440-38-2)							1 Hills							
3M. Beryllium, Total (7440-41-7)						1.1		1						
4M. Cadmium, Total (7440-43-9)			1.1									12 300 3		
5M. Chromium III (16065-83-1)							41						1	
6M. Chromium VI (18540-29-9)										*				
7M. Copper, Total (7440-50-8)		1	·				lool.							
8M. Lead, Total (7439-92-1)							1 L			1. A.				
9M. Mercury, Total (7439-97-6)		1												
10M. Nickel, Total (7440-02-0)	1	-					a line			-				
11M. Selenium, Total (7782-49-2)							-			1				
12M. Silver, Total (7440-22-4)			122				1							
13M. Thallium, Total (7440-28-0)											_			
14M. Zinc, Total (7440-66-6)								1.						1
15M. Cyanide, Amenable to Chlorination											2			
16M. Phenols, Total				i			12							
RADIOACTIVITY										22				-
(1) Alpha Total	*						199						_	
(2) Beta Total	~		1	-		_								
(3) Radium Total			14.12.12						-			0		
(4) Radium 226 Total	- new	-	come of a sec	7117	Star Stra	-	Design of the					0 (T (C (D)		PAGE B

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING OUT APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE PERMIT FORM C – MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL, MINING AND SILVICULTURE OPERATIONS.

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All blanks must be filled in when the application is submitted to the appropriate regional office (see map). The form must be signed as indicated.

This application is to be completed only for wastewater facilities with a discharge. Include any facility with possibility of discharge, even if normally there is no discharge. If this form is not adequate for you to describe your existing operation, then sufficient information should be attached so that an evaluation of the discharge can be made.

1.00 Name of Facility - By what title or name is this facility known locally?

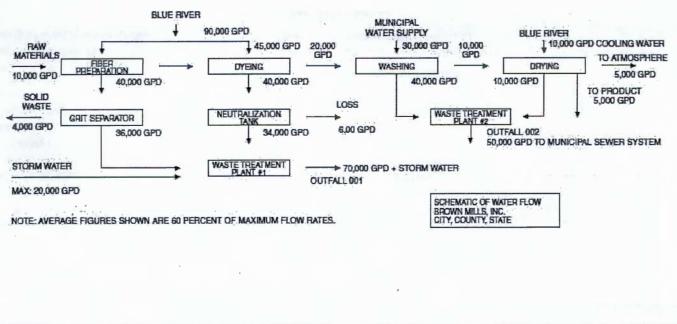
1.10 and 1.20 Self-explanatory.

2.00 List in descending order of significance the four digit Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes that best describe your facility in terms of the principal products or services you produce or provide. Also, specify each classification in words.

SIC code numbers are descriptions that may be found in the "Standard Industrial Classification Manual" prepared by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, that is available from the Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. Use the current edition of the manual. If you have any questions concerning the appropriate SIC code for your facility, contact the Missouri Department of Natural Resources Regional office in your area (see map).

- 2.10 Point of discharge should be given in terms of the legal description of the waste treatment plant, location or sufficient information so that it may be located.
- 2.20 Receiving Water the name of the stream to which the discharge is directed and any subsequent tributary until a continuous flowing stream is reached.
- 2.30 Self-explanatory.

2.40 A. The line drawing should show generally the route taken by water in your facility from intake to discharge. Show all operations contributing wastewater, including process and production areas, sanitary flows, cooling water and storm water runoff. You may group similar operations into a single unit labeled to correspond to the more detailed listing. The water balance should show average and maximum flows. Show all significant losses of water to products, atmosphere, discharge and public sewer systems. You should use actual measurements whenever available; otherwise, use your best estimate. An example of any acceptable line drawing appears below.



B. List all sources of wastewater to each outfall. Operations may be described in general terms (for example, "dye-making reactor" or a distillation tower"). You may estimate the flow contributed by each source if no data is available, and for storm water, you may use any reasonable measure of duration, volume or frequency. For each treatment unit, indicate its size, flow rate and retention time, and describe the ultimate disposal of any solid or liquid wastes not discharged. Treatment units should be listed in order and you should select the proper code from Table A to fill in column 3B for each treatment unit. Insert "XX" into column 3B if no code corresponds to a treatment unit you list.

TABLE A - CODES FOR TREATMENT UNITS

PHYSICAL TREATMENT PROCESSES

1-A	Ammonia Stripping	1-M	Grit Removal
1-B	Dialysis	1-N	Microstraining
1-C	Diatomaceous Earth Filtration	1-0	Mixing
1-D	Distillation	1-P	
1-E	Electrodialysis	1-Q	
1-F	Evaporation	1-R	Rapid Sand Filtration
1-G	Flocculation	1-S	
1-H	Flotation	1-T	Screening
1-1	Foam Fractionation	1-U	
1-J	Freezing	1-V	Slow Sand Filtration
1-K	Gas-Phase Separation	1-W	Solvent Extraction
1-L	Grinding (Comminutors)	1-X	
	CHEMICAL TREATMEN	NT PROCESS	SES
2-A	Carbon Absorption	2-G	Disinfection (Ozone)
2-B	Chemical Oxidation	2-H	
2-C		2-1	Electrochemical Treatment
2-D	Coagulation	2-J	Ion Exchange
2-E	Dechlorination	2-K	Neutralization
2-F	. Disinfection (Chlorine)	2-L	Reduction
21	BIOLOGICAL TREATME		
3-A	Activated Sludge	3-E	Pre-Aeration
3-B	Aerated Lagoons	3-F	Spray Imigation/Land Application
3-C	Anaerobic Treatment	3-G	Stabilization Ponds
3-D	Nitrification-Denitrification	3-H	Trickling Filtration
	OTHER PROC		
4-A	Discharge to Surface Water	4-C	Reuse/Recycle of Treated Effluent
4-B	Ocean Discharge Through Outfall	4-D	Underground Injection
	SLUDGE TREATMENT AND D	ISPOSAL PR	CCESSES
5-A	Aerobic Digestion	5-M	Heat Drying
5-B	Anaerobic Digestion	5-N	Heat Treatment
5-C	Belt Filtration	5-O	Incineration
5-D	Centrifugation	5-P	Land Application
5-E	Chemical Conditioning	5-Q	Landfill
5-F	Chlorine Treatment	5-R	Pressure Filtration
5-G	Composting	5-S	Pyrolysis
5-H	Drying Beds	5-T	Sludge Lagoons
5-1	Elutriation	5-U	
5-J	Flotation Thickening	5-V	Vibration
5-K	Freezing	5-W	
5-L	Gravity Thickening		

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- 2.40 C. A discharge is intermittent unless it occurs without interruption during the operating hours of the facility except for infrequent shutdowns for maintenance, process changes or other similar activities. A discharge seasonal if it occurs only during certain parts of the year. Fill in every applicable column in this item for each source of intermittent or seasonal discharges. Base your answers on actual data whenever available; otherwise, provide your best estimate. Report the highest daily value for flow rate and total volume in the "Maximum Daily" columns. Report the average of all daily values measures during days when discharge occurred within the last year in the "Long Term Average" columns.
- 2.50 A. All effluent guidelines promulgated by EPA appear in the Federal Register and are published annually in 40 CPR Subchapter N. A guideline applies to you if you have any operations contributing process wastewater in any subcategory covered by BPT, BCT, or BAT guidelines. If you are unsure whether you are covered by a promulgated effluent guideline, check with your Missouri Department of Natural Resources' Regional Office. You must check yes if an applicable effluent guideline has been promulgated, even if the guideline limitations are being contested in court. If you believe that a promulgated effluent guideline has been remanded for reconsideration by a court and does not apply to your operations, you may check no.
 - B. An effluent guideline is expressed in terms of production (or other measure of operation) if the limitations are expressed as mass of pollutant per operational parameter; for example, "pounds of BOD per cubic foot of logs from which bark is removed," or "pounds of TSS per megawatt hour of electrical energy consumed by smelting furnace." An example of a guideline not expressed in terms of a measure of operation is one which limits the concentration of pollutants.
 - C. This item must be completed only if you checked yes to item B. The production information requested here is necessary to apply effluent guidelines to your facility and you may not claim it as confidential. However, you do not have to indicate how the reported information was calculated.

Report quantities in the units of measurement used in the applicable effluent guideline. The figures provided must be a measure of actual operation over a one month period, such as the production for the highest month during the last twelve months, or the monthly average production for the highest year of the last five years, or other reasonable measure of actual operation, but may not be based on design capacity or on predictions of future increases in operation.

- 2.60 A. If you check yes to this question, complete all parts of the chart, or attach a copy of any previous submission you have made containing the same information.
 - B. You are not required to submit a description of future pollution control projects if you do not wish to or if none is planned.
 - 3.00 These items require you to collect and report data on the pollutants discharged from each of your outfalls. Each part of this item addresses a different set of pollutants and must be completed in accordance with the specific instructions for that part. The following general instructions apply to the entire item.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. Part A requires you to report at least one analysis for each pollutant. Part B requires you to mark "X" in either the "Believe Present" column or the "Believe Absent" column (column 2A or 2B, Part B) based on you best estimate, and test for those which you believe to be present. Part C requires you to list any of a group of pollutants which you believe to be present, with a brief explanation of why you believe it to be present. (See specific instructions on the form and below Parts A through C).

Base your determination that a pollutant is present in or absent from your discharge on your knowledge of your raw materials, maintenance chemicals, intermediate and final products and byproducts, and any previous analyses known to you of your effluent or of any similar effluent. (For example, if you manufacture pesticides, you should expect those pesticides to be present in contaminated storm water runoff.) If you would expect a pollutant to be present solely as a result of its presence in your intake water, you must mark "Believe Present" but you are not required to analyze for that pollutant. Instead, mark an "X" in the "Intake" column.

REPORTING. All levels must be reported as a concentration and as total mass. You may report some or all of the required data by attaching separate sheets of paper. (Use the following abbreviations in the columns headed "Units" (column 3, Part A, and column 4, Part B).

cc	ONCENTRATION	M	ASS
ppm	parts per million	lbs	
	milligrams per liter	ton	tons (English tons)
ppb	parts per billion	mg	
	micrograms per liter	g	
		kg	kilograms
		Ť	tonnes (metric tons)

If you measure only one daily value, complete only the "Maximum Daily Values" columns and insert "1" into the "number of analyses" columns (columns 2A and 2B, Part A, and columns 3A and 3D, Part B). The Missouri Department of Natural Resources may require you to conduct additional analyses to further characterize your discharges.

For composite samples, the daily value is the total mass or average concentration found in a complete sample taken over the operating hours of the facility during a 24 hour period; for grab samples, the daily value is the arithmetic or flow-weighted total mass or average concentration found in a series of at least four grab samples taken over the operating hours of the facility during a 24 hour period.

If you measure more than one daily value for a pollutant, determine the average of all values within the last year and report the concentration and mass under the "Long Term Average Values" columns (column 2C, Part A, and column 3C, Part B), and the total number of daily values under the "Number of Analyses" columns (column 2D, Part A, and column 3D, Part B). Also, determine the average of all daily values taken during each calendar month, and report the highest average of all daily values taken during each calendar month, and report the "Maximum 30 Day Values" columns (column 2B, Part A, and column 3B, Part B).

SAMPLING. The collection of the samples for the reported analyses should be supervised by a person experienced in performing sampling of industrial wastewater. You may contact your Missouri Department of Natural Resources' Regional Office for detailed guidance on sampling techniques and for answers to specific questions. Any specific requirements contained in the applicable analytical methods should be followed for sample containers, sample preservation, holding times, the collection of duplicate samples, etc. The time when you sample should be representative of your normal operation, to the extent feasible, with all processes which contribute wastewater in normal operation and with your treatment system operating properly with no system upsets. Samples should be collected from the center of the flow channel, where turbulence is at a maximum, at a site specified in your present permit or at any site adequate for the collection of a representative sample.

Grab and composite samples are defined as follows:

GRAB SAMPLE. An individual sample of at least 100 milliliters collected at a randomly selected time over a period not exceeding 15 minutes.

COMPOSITE SAMPLE. A combination of at least eight sample aliquots of at least 100 milliliters, collected at periodic intervals during the operating hours of a facility over a 24 hour period. For volatile pollutants, aliquots must be combined in the laboratory immediately before analysis. The composite must be flow proportional; either the time interval between each aliquot or the volume of each aliquot must be proportional to either the stream flow at the time of sampling or the total stream flow since the collection of the previous aliquot. Aliquots may be collected manually or automatically.

ANALYSIS. You must use test methods promulgated in 40 CFR Part 136; however, if none has been promulgated for a particular pollutant, you may use any suitable method for measuring the level of the pollutant in your discharge provided that you submit a description of the method or a reference to a published method. Your description should include the sample holding times, preservation techniques and the quality control measures which you used.

If you have two or more substantially identical outfalls, you may request permission from the Missouri Department of Natural Resources to sample and analyze only one outfall and submit the results of the analysis for other substantially identical outfalls. If your request is granted by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, on a separate sheet attached to the application form, identify which outfall you did test and describe why the outfalls which you did not test are substantially identical to the outfall which you did test.

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REPORTING OF INTAKE DATA. You are not required to report data under the "Intake" columns unless you wish to demonstrate your eligibility for a "net" effluent limitation for one or more pollutants, that is, an effluent limitation adjusted by subtracting the average level of the pollutant(s) present in your intake water. National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) regulations allow net limitations only in certain circumstances. To demonstrate your eligibility, under the Intake columns report the average of the results of analyses on your intake water (if your water is treated before use, test the water after it is treated), and attach a separate sheet containing the following for each pollutant:

- 1. A statement that the intake water is drawn from the body of water into which the discharge is made. (Otherwise, you are not eligible for net limitations.)
- 2. A statement of the extent to which the level of the pollutant is reduced by treatment of your wastewater. (Your limitations will be adjusted only to the extent that the pollutant is not removed.)
- 3. When applicable, a demonstration of the extent to which the pollutants in the intake vary physically, chemically, or biologically from the pollutants contained in your discharge. For example, when the pollutant represents a class of compounds. Your limitations will be adjusted only to the extent that the intake pollutants do not vary from the discharged pollutants.
- 3.00 Part A must be completed by all applicants for all outfalls, including outfalls containing only noncontact cooling water or storm runoff. However, at your request, the Missouri Department of Natural Resources may waive the requirements to test for one or more of these pollutants, upon a determination that testing for the pollutant(s) is not appropriate for your effluent.

Use composite samples for all pollutants in this part, except use grab samples for pH and temperature. See discussion in instructions above for definitions of the columns in Part A. The "Long Term Average Values" column (column 2C) and "Maximum 30 Day Values" column (column 2B) are not compulsory but should be filled out if data is available.

3.00 Part B must be completed by all applicants for all outfalls, including outfalls containing only noncontact cooling water or storm runoff.

Use composite samples for all pollutants you analyze for in this part, except use grab samples for residual chlorine, oil and grease and fecal coliform. The Long Term Average Values column (column 3C) and Maximum 30 Day Values column (column 3B) are not compulsory but should be filled out if data is available.

3.00 List any pollutants in Table B that you believe to be present and explain why you believe them to be present in part C. No analysis is required, but you have analytical, you must report it.

TABLE B – TOXIC POLLUTANTS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES REQUIRED TO BE IDENTIFIED BY APPLICANTS IF EXPECTED TO BE PRESENT

TOXIC POLLUTANT	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES	
Asbestos	Dichlorvos	Nalad	
	Diethylamine	Napthenic acid	
HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES	Dimethylamine	Nitrotoluene	
	Dintrobenzene	Parathion	
Acetaldehyde	Diguat	Phenolsulfonate	
Allyl alcohol	Disulfoton	Phosgene	
Allyl chloride	Diuron	Propargite	
Amyl acetate	Epichlorohydrin	Propylene oxide	
Aniline	Ethion	Pyrethrins	
Berizonitrile	Ethylene diamine	Quinoline	
Benzyl chloride	Ethylene dibromide	Resorcinol	
Butyl acetate	Formaldehyde	Strontium	
Butylamine	Furfural	Strychnine	
Captan	Guthion	Sytrene	

TABLE B - (continued)

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Carbaryl Carbofuran Carbon disulfide Chlorpyrifos Coumaphos Cresol Crotonaldehyde 2,4-D (2,4-Dichloro-Phenoxyacetic acid) Diazinon Dicamba Dichlobenil 2,2-Dichloropropionic acid Isoprene Isopropanolamine Kelthane Kepone Malathion Mercaptodimethur Methoxychlor Methyl mercaptan Methyl parathion Mevinphos Mexacarbate Monethyl amine Monomethyl amine

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

2, 4, 5-T (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid) TDE (Tetrachlorodiphenyl ethane) 2, 4, 5-TP (2-(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy) propanoic acid) Trichlorofon Triethanolamine Triethaylamine Uranium Vanadium Vinyl acetate Xylene Xylenol Zirconium

3.10 Self-explanatory. Additional information may be requested by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources.

3.20 Self-explanatory.

3.30 The Clean Water Act provides for severe penalties for submitting false information on this application form.

Section 309(c)(2) of the Clean Water Act provides that "Any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any application . . . shall upon conviction, be punished by a fine of no more \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.

All applications must be signed as follows and the signature must be original.

- A. For a corporation, by an officer having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity or for environmental matters.
- B. For a partnership or sole proprietorship, by a general partner or the proprietor.
- C. For a municipal, state, federal or other public facility, by either a principal executive officer or by an individual having overall responsibility for environmental matters at the facility.