STATE OF MISSOURI

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law (Chapter 644 RSMo, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92nd Congress) as amended,

1 Eagle Sky Drive, Piedmont, MO 63957

authorizes activities pursuant to the terms and conditions of this permit in accordance with the Missouri Clean Water Law and/or the

Eagle Sky of the Ozarks, LLC

Facility Name:	Eagle Sky of the Ozarks WWTF
Facility Address:	1 Eagle Sky Drive, Piedmont, MO 63957
Legal Description:	See Page 2
UTM Coordinates:	See Page 2
Receiving Stream:	See Page 2
First Classified Stream and ID:	See Page 2
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	See Page 2

MO-0135658

Same as above

Same as above

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated activities.

FACILITY DESCRIPTION

See Page 2

Permit No.:

Owner:

Address:

Address:

Continuing Authority:

September 1, 2023 Effective Date

August 31, 2028

Expiration Date

John Hoke, Director, Water Protection Program

FACILITY DESCRIPTION (continued):

Permitted Feature #001 - Non-POTW

One cell storage lagoon / irrigation pump station / wastewater is irrigated to the surface / sludge is retained in lagoon / biosolids may be land applied, landfilled, or hauled to a permitted treatment disposal facility

Design population equivalent is 3,000.

Design Flow is 300,000 gallons per day (Design Flow plus 10-year rainfall minus evaporation, does not account for inflow and infiltration)

Average design flow is 164,000 gallons per day (dry weather flows).

Design sludge production is 51 dry tons per year.

Legal Description: Sec. 11, T29N, R04E, Wayne County

UTM Coordinates: X = 714367, Y = 4120569 Receiving Stream: Tributary to Clark Creek

First Classified Stream and ID: Presumed Use Streams (C) (5034)

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (08020202-0501)

Storage Basin/Tank:

Maximum Operating Level: 2 foot of freeboard (storage basin water level in feet below the overflow level)

Storage volume (min to max water levels, in gallons): 26,234,315

Storage Capacity (in Days):

Design for Dry weather flows: 130 days Design with 1-in 10 year flows: 75 days

Permitted Feature #002 - Traveling Gun Irrigation Field

Legal Description: Sec. 02, T29N, R04E, Wayne County

UTM Coordinates: X = 714235, Y = 4121006 Receiving Stream: Tributary to Clark Creek

First Classified Stream and ID: Presumed Use Streams (C) (5034)

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (08020202-0501)

Permitted Feature #003 – Traveling Gun Irrigation Field

Legal Description: Sec. 11, T29N, R04E, Wayne County

UTM Coordinates: X = 714091, Y = 4120448Receiving Stream: Tributary to Clark Creek

First Classified Stream and ID: Presumed Use Streams (C) (5034)

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (08020202-0501)

Permitted Feature #004 - Traveling Gun Irrigation Field

Legal Description: Sec. 11, T29N, R04E, Wayne County

UTM Coordinates: X = 714607, Y = 4120570Receiving Stream: Tributary to Clark Creek

First Classified Stream and ID: Presumed Use Streams (C) (5034)

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (08020202-0501)

Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Irrigation volume per year: 65,170,286 gallons (based on annual irrigation rate) Minimum irrigation volume per year at Design Flow: 59,860,000 gallons Irrigation areas: 100 acres at design loading (148 acres total available)

Irrigation rates: 0.33 inch/hour; 1.0 inch/day; 3.0 inches/week; 24.0 inches/year

Field slopes: less than 12 percent Equipment type: traveling gun

Vegetation: pasture

Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate

PERMITTED FEATURE #001

TABLE A-1 IRRIGATION SYSTEM LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

The permittee is authorized to conduct irrigation of wastewater as specified in the application for this permit. The final limitations shall become effective on <u>September 1, 2023</u> and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. The irrigation of wastewater shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

3 1						
	LINITES	FINAL LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
STORAGE BASIN PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY TOTAL	WEEKLY TOTAL	MONTHLY TOTAL	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Limit Set: OM						
Storage Basin Freeboard**	feet	*			once/week	measured
Precipitation	inches	*		*	daily	total

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED MONTHLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE OCTOBER 28, 2023.

PERMITTED FEATURE #002, #003, & #004***

TABLE A-2 IRRIGATION SYSTEM LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

The permittee is authorized to conduct irrigation of wastewater as specified in the application for this permit. The final limitations shall become effective on <u>September 1, 2023</u> and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. The irrigation of wastewater shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

IRRIGATION OPERATIONAL	UNITS	FINAL LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
MONITORING PARAMETER(S)		DAILY TOTAL	WEEKLY TOTAL	MONTHLY TOTAL	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Limit Set: LW						
Irrigation Period	hours	*		*	daily	total
Volume Irrigated	gallons	*		*	daily	total
Irrigation Area	acres	*		*	daily	total
Irrigation Rate	inches	*		*	daily	total

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED MONTHLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE OCTOBER 28, 2023.

- * Monitoring requirement only.
- ** Storage Basin Freeboard shall be reported as storage basin water level in feet below the overflow level.
- *** Monitoring data from each Permitted Feature shall be reported separately.

B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

In addition to specified conditions stated herein, this permit is subject to the attached Parts I & III standard conditions dated August 1, 2014 and August 1, 2019, and hereby incorporated as though fully set forth herein. Annual reports required per Standard Conditions Part III Section K shall be submitted online to the Department via the Department's eDMR system as an attachment. This supersedes Standard Conditions Part III Section K #4. EPA reports shall continue to be submitted online via the Central Data Exchange system.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

Discharges.

(a) Monitoring. Any discharge shall be monitored for the parameters in the table below at least once during the discharge event. Additional monitoring may be required by the Department on a case-by-case basis. The facility shall submit test results, along with the number of days the storage basin(s) has discharged during the month, via the Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System by the 28th day of the month after the discharge ceases. Permittee shall monitor for the following constituents:

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Constituent	Units
Effluent Flow	MGD
Biochemical Oxygen Demand ₅	mg/L
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L
Ammonia as N	mg/L
pH – Units	SU
Oil & Grease	mg/L
E. coli*	#/100mL
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L
Nitrite + Nitrate	mg/L
Total Phosphorus	mg/L

^{*} Sampling for *E. coli* is only required during the recreational months of April – October.

(b) <u>Authorized Discharges</u>. A discharge from wastewater storage structures may only occur if rainfall exceeds the 10-year 365-day rainfall event (chronic) or the 25-year 24-hour rainfall event (catastrophic). The facility shall make all reasonable attempts to return the water level in the lagoon to below the maximum operating level. Design Storm Maps and Tables can be found at http://ag3.agebb.missouri.edu/design_storm/. For this facility:

Wayne County	Data Collected: May 05, 2023
10-year 365-day rainfall event	57.6 inches
25-year 24-hour rainfall event	6.5 inches

(c) <u>Unauthorized Discharges</u>. Discharge for any other reason than what is stated in 1(b) of this Special Condition shall constitute a permit violation and shall be reported in accordance with Standard Conditions Part 1 Section B.2.

Unauthorized discharges are to be reported to the Southeast Regional Office during normal business hours or by using the online Sanitary Sewer Overflow/Facility Bypass Application located at: https://dnr.mo.gov/data-e-services/missouri-gateway-environmental-management-mogem or the Environmental Emergency Response spill-line at 573-634-2436 outside of normal business hours.

2. Wastewater Irrigation System.

- (a) <u>No-discharge facility requirements</u>. Wastewater shall be stored and irrigated during suitable conditions so that there is no discharge from the storage basins or irrigation sites.
- (b) Storage Basin Operating Levels No-discharge Systems. The minimum and maximum operating water levels for the storage basin(s) shall be clearly marked in each of the storage basins. Each storage basin shall be operated so that the maximum water elevation does not exceed two feet below the Emergency Spillway except due to exceedances of the 10-year 365-day rainfall event or 25-year 24-hour rainfall event as detailed in Special Condition 1. Wastewater shall be irrigated whenever feasible based on soil, weather conditions, and permit requirements. To ensure maximum storage capacity for the winter months when soil conditions may not be suitable for wastewater irrigation, the storage basin(s) shall be lowered to the two-

foot minimum operating level during the months of September through November unless the Department approves a specific deviation from this requirement.

- (c) <u>Emergency Spillway.</u> Lagoons and earthen storage basins should have an emergency spillway to protect the structural integrity of earthen structures during operation at near full water levels and in the event of overflow conditions. The spillway shall be at least one foot below top of berm.
- (d) <u>General Irrigation Requirements.</u> The wastewater irrigation system shall be operated so as to provide uniform distribution of irrigated wastewater over the entire irrigation site.
 - A complete ground cover of vegetation shall be maintained on the irrigation site unless the system is approved for row crop irrigation. The wastewater irrigation system shall be capable of irrigating the annual design flow during an irrigation period of 100 days or less per year. If the facility determines that night time irrigation is needed, the facility shall submit a night time irrigation plan to the Department's Water Protection Program for review and approval. Night time irrigation shall only occur when the Department has approved the night time irrigation plan.
- (e) <u>Saturated/Frozen Conditions.</u> There shall be no surface irrigation during ground frost; frozen, snow-covered, or saturated soil conditions; or when precipitation is imminent or occurring.
- (f) <u>Slope Restrictions.</u> Wastewater irrigation on slopes exceeding 10%, the hourly irrigation rate shall not exceed one-half (1/2) the design sustained permeability and in no case shall exceed one-half (1/2) inch per hour.

- (g) Set Backs. There shall be no irrigation within:
 - (1) 150 feet of dwelling or public use areas;
 - (2) 50 feet of the property line or public road;
 - (3) 300 feet of any sinkhole, losing stream, or any other feature that may provide a connection to the ground water table and the surface:
 - (4) 300 feet from any existing potable water supply well not located on the property;
 - (5) 100 feet of any gaining streams (classified or unclassified; perennial or intermittent), wetlands, ponds, or lakes. As a compliance alternative a 35-foot vegetative buffer that is permanently covered with perennial vegetation may be substituted for the 100 foot set-back requirement; and
 - (6) If an established vegetated buffer or the wastewater is disinfected, the setbacks established in subsections (1)-(5) above may be decreased if the permittee demonstrates the risk is mitigated.
- (h) <u>Public Access Restrictions.</u> Public access shall not be allowed to public-use-area surface irrigation sites when irrigation is occurring.
- (i) <u>Grazing and Harvesting of Forage Crops Restrictions</u>. Grazing of animals shall be deferred as per the following:
 - (1) From May 1 to October 31, the minimum deferment from grazing or forage harvesting shall be 14 days.
 - (2) From November 1 to April 30, the minimum deferment from grazing or forage harvesting shall be 30 days.
- (j) <u>Irrigated Wastewater Disinfection.</u> Wastewater shall be disinfected prior to irrigation (not storage) to public-use-areas.
- (k) <u>Equipment Checks during Irrigation.</u> The irrigation system, including application sites, shall be visually inspected during periods of wastewater irrigation to check for equipment malfunctions and runoff from the irrigation site. Inspections shall occur <u>once per day for surface irrigation</u>.
- 3. Wastewater irrigation records shall be maintained and summarized into an annual operating report for the previous calendar year. This annual report is in addition to the reporting requirements listed in Table A and the report shall be kept onsite and made available to Department personnel upon request. The summarized annual report shall include the following:
 - (a) Record of maintenance and repairs performed during the year, average number of times per month the facility is checked to see if it is operating properly, and description of any unusual operating conditions encountered during the year;
 - (b) The number of days the storage basin(s) has discharged during the year, the discharge flow, and the reasons discharge occurred; and
 - (c) A summary of the irrigation operations for the year including: the number of days of irrigation, the total gallons irrigated, the total acres used, the irrigation rate in inches for the year, and the annual precipitation received at the facility.
- 4. <u>Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System.</u> Per 40 CFR Part 127 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Electronic Reporting Rule, reporting of effluent monitoring data and any report required by the permit (unless specifically directed otherwise by the permit) shall be submitted by the permittee via an electronic system to ensure timely, complete, accurate, and nationally consistent set of data about the NPDES program. All reports uploaded into the system shall be reasonably named so they are easily identifiable, such as "Permitted Feature 001 Daily Data Jan 2023," or "Permitted Feature 004 Daily Irrigation Data Mar 2025."
 - (a) eDMR Registration Requirements. The permittee must register with the Department's eDMR system through the Missouri Gateway for Environmental Management (MoGEM) before the first report is due. Registration and other information regarding MoGEM can be found at https://dnr.mo.gov/data-e-services/missouri-gateway-environmental-management-mogem. Information about the eDMR system can be found at https://dnr.mo.gov/water/business-industry-other-entities/reporting/electronic-discharge-monitoring-reporting-system-edmr. The first user shall register as an Organization
 - Official and the association to the facility must be approved by the Department. Regarding Standard Conditions Part I, Section B, #7, the eDMR system is currently the only Department approved reporting method for this permit unless a waiver is granted by the Department. See paragraph (c) below.
 - (b) Electronic Submissions. To access the eDMR system, use the following link in your web browser: https://apps5.mo.gov/mogems/welcome.action. If you experience difficulties with using the eDMR system you may contact edmr@dnr.mo.gov or call 855-789-3889 or 573-526-2082 for assistance.
 - (c) Waivers from Electronic Reporting. The permittee must electronically submit compliance monitoring data and reports unless a waiver is granted by the Department in compliance with 40 CFR Part 127. The permittee may obtain an electronic reporting waiver by first submitting an eDMR Waiver Request Form: https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/electronic-discharge-monitoring-report-waiver-request-form-mo-780-2692. The Department will either approve or deny this electronic reporting waiver request within 120 calendar days
- 5. The full implementation of this operating permit, which includes implementation of any applicable schedules of compliance, shall constitute compliance with all applicable federal and state statutes and regulations in accordance with §644.051.16, RSMo, and the Clean Water Act (CWA) section 402(k); however, this permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued:

- (a) To comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a)(2) of the CWA, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
 - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
 - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
- 6. Report as no-discharge when irrigation does not occur during the report period.
- 7. It is a violation of the Missouri Clean Water Law to fail to pay fees associated with this permit (644.055 RSMo).
- 8. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
- 9. The permittee shall develop, maintain and implement an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manual that includes all necessary items to ensure the operation and integrity of the waste handling and wastewater irrigation systems, including key operating procedures, an aerial or topographic site map with the permitted features, irrigation fields, and irrigation buffer zones marked, and a brief summary of the operation of the facility. The O&M manual shall be made available to the operator and shall be reviewed and updated at least every five years or when there is a change in equipment or irrigation sites.
- 10. Reporting of Non-Detects:
 - (a) An analysis conducted by the permittee or their contracted laboratory shall be conducted in such a way that the precision and accuracy of the analyzed result can be enumerated.
 - (b) See sufficiently sensitive test method requirements in Standard Conditions Part I, Section A, No. 4 regarding proper testing and method minimum levels used for sample analysis.
 - (c) The permittee shall not report a sample result as "Non-Detect" without also reporting the method minimum level of the test. Reporting as "Non Detect" without also including the method minimum level, will be considered failure to report, which is a violation of this permit.
 - (d) The permittee shall provide the "Non-Detect" sample result using the less than symbol and the method minimum level (e.g., $<50 \mu g/L$), if the method minimum level for the parameter is $50 \mu g/L$).
 - (e) Where the permit contains a Department determined Minimum Quantification Level (ML) and the permittee is granted authority in the permit to report zero in lieu of the < ML for a specified parameter (conventional, priority pollutants, metals, etc.), then zero (0) is to be reported for that parameter.
 - (f) For the daily maximum, the facility shall report the highest value. If the highest value was a non-detect, use the less than "<" symbol and the laboratory's highest method minimum level.
 - (g) For reporting an average based on all non-detected values, remove the "<" sign from the values, average the values, and then add the "<" symbol back to the resulting average.
 - (h) For reporting an average based on a mix of detected and non-detected values (not including *E. coli*), assign a value of "0" for all non-detects for that reporting period and report the average of all the results.
 - (i) When *E. coli* is not detected above the method minimum level, the permittee must report the data qualifier signifying less than detection limit for that parameter (e.g., <1 #/100mL, if the method minimum level is 1 #/100mL). For reporting a geometric mean based on a mix of detected and non-detected values, use one-half of the detection limit (instead of zero) for non-detects when calculating geometric means.
 - (j) See the Fact Sheet Appendix Non-Detect Example Calculations for further guidance.
- 11. Access to the storage basin(s) and any associated wastewater irrigation equipment must be sufficiently restricted or secured to prevent entry by children, livestock and unauthorized persons as well as to protect the facility from vandalism.
- 12. An all-weather access road shall be provided to the treatment facility.
- 13. The berms of the storage basin(s) shall be moved and kept free of any deep-rooted vegetation, animal dens, or other potential sources of damage to the berms.
- 14. The facility shall ensure that adequate provisions are provided to prevent surface water intrusion into the storage basin(s) and to divert stormwater runoff around the storage basin(s) and protect embankments from erosion.
- 15. <u>Wastewater Irrigation Sites</u>. To add additional irrigation sites or to convert any of the land to public-use-areas, a construction permit, geohydrologic evaluation, soils report, and permit modification may be required. The facility shall contact the Department for a written determination.

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D. NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL

If you were adversely affected by this decision, you may be entitled to pursue an appeal before the administrative hearing commission (AHC) pursuant to Sections 621.250 and 644.051.6 RSMo. To appeal, you must file a petition with the AHC within thirty days after the date this decision was mailed or the date it was delivered, whichever date was earlier. If any such petition is sent by registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is mailed; if it is sent by any method other than registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is received by the AHC. Any appeal should be directed to:

Administrative Hearing Commission U.S. Post Office Building, Third Floor 131 West High Street, P.O. Box 1557 Jefferson City, MO 65102-1557 Phone: 573-751-2422

> Fax: 573-751-5018 Website: https://ahc.mo.gov

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES FACT SHEET FOR THE PURPOSE OF RENEWAL OF MO-0135658 EAGLE SKY OF THE OZARKS WWTF

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act ("Clean Water Act" Section 402 Public Law 92-500 as amended) established the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program. This program regulates the discharge of pollutants from point sources into the waters of the United States, and the release of stormwater from certain point sources. All such discharges are unlawful without a permit (Section 301 of the "Clean Water Act"). After a permit is obtained, a discharge not in compliance with all permit terms and conditions is unlawful. Missouri State Operating Permits (MSOPs) are issued by the Director of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) under an approved program, operating in accordance with federal and state laws (Federal "Clean Water Act" and "Missouri Clean Water Law" Section 644 as amended). MSOPs are issued for a period of five (5) years unless otherwise specified.

As per [40 CFR Part 124.8(a)] and [10 CSR 20-6.020(1)(A)2.] a Factsheet shall be prepared to give pertinent information regarding the applicable regulations, rationale for the development of effluent limitations and conditions, and the public participation process for the Missouri State Operating Permit (operating permit) listed below.

A Factsheet is not an enforceable part of an operating permit.

<u>Part I – Facility Information</u>

Facility Type and Description: Non-POTW

One cell storage lagoon / irrigation pump station / wastewater is irrigated to the surface / sludge is retained in lagoon / biosolids may be land applied, landfilled, or hauled to a permitted treatment disposal facility

Application Date: 10/25/2021 Expiration Date: 06/30/2022

PERMITTED FEATURE(S) TABLE:

PERMITTED FEATURE	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	TREATMENT LEVEL	EFFLUENT TYPE	
#001	0.254	Storage Basin	Domestic	
#002, #003, and #004	Irrigation Field with Traveling Gun			

Comments:

No changes were made to the Irrigation System Limitations and Monitoring Requirements for Permitted Features #001, #002, #003, and #004. First classified stream names have been updated to reflect the name change of streams with the WBID of 3960 from 8-20-13 MUDD V 1.0 to Presumed Use Streams (C) (5034). Special conditions were updated to include the revision of the Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR), the revision of reporting Non-Detects, the removal of changes in existing or the addition of new pollutants to the treatment facility but this facility is still subject to Standard Conditions Part I, Section B, and the removal for sludge treatment, storage, and disposal practices; however, the permit is subject to Standard Conditions Part III.

Part II - Receiving Stream Information

While this facility is no discharge, a receiving stream is listed for the purposes of showing what stream would be affected in the event of a discharge due to an acute or chronic rain event.

RECEIVING STREAM(S) TABLE: PERMITTED FEATURE #001, #002, #003, AND #004

WATER-BODY NAME	CLASS	WBID	DESIGNATED USES**	12-Digit HUC
Tributary to Clark Creek				08020202-0501
Presumed Use Streams*	С	5034	AHP, WWH, WBC-B, SCR, HHP, IRR, LWP	08020202-0301

^{*} The previous permit identified MUDD WBID #3960 and 100K Extent-Remaining Stream. This change is due to a new numbering system and new naming convention of the streams, and the actual receiving stream has not changed.

Uses found in the receiving streams table, above:

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)1.:

AHP = Aquatic Habitat Protection - To ensure the protection and propagation of fish, shellfish, and wildlife. AHP is further subcategorized as:

WWH = Warm Water Habitat:

CLH = Cool Water Habitat;

CDH= Cold Water Habitat;

EAH = Ephemeral Aquatic Habitat;

MAH = Modified Aquatic Habitat;

LAH = Limited Aquatic Habitat.

This permit uses Aquatic Life Protection effluent limitations in 10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A for all aquatic habitat designations unless otherwise specified.

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)2.: Recreation in and on the water

WBC = Whole Body Contact recreation where the entire body is capable of being submerged. WBC is further subcategorized as:

WBC-A = Whole body contact recreation that supports swimming uses and has public access;

WBC-B = Whole body contact recreation that supports swimming;

SCR = Secondary Contact Recreation (like fishing, wading, and boating).

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)3. to 7.:

HHP = Human Health Protection as it relates to the consumption of fish;

IRR = Irrigation - Application of water to cropland or directly to cultivated plants that may be used for human or livestock consumption;

LWP = Livestock and wildlife protection - Maintenance of conditions in waters to support health in livestock and wildlife;

DWS = Drinking water supply;

IND = Industrial water supply

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)8-11.: Wetlands (10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A currently does not have corresponding habitat use criteria for these defined uses)

WSA = Storm- and flood-water storage and attenuation;

WHP = Habitat for resident and migratory wildlife species;

WRC = Recreational, cultural, educational, scientific, and natural aesthetic values and uses;

WHC = Hydrologic cycle maintenance.

10 CSR 20-7.031(6):

GRW = Groundwater

Receiving Water Body's Water Quality

✓ This facility is designed for wastewater irrigation; therefore, it does not discharge to a 303(d) listed stream or to a stream with an EPA approved TMDL.

Permit Limits Determination

PERMITTED FEATURE #001 - STORAGE BASIN

• Freeboard. Monitoring requirement to verify adequate freeboard is maintained, so as to avoid an overflow of the storage basin.

^{**}As per 10 CSR 20-7.031 Missouri Water Quality Standards, the Department defines the Clean Water Commission's water quality objectives in terms of "water uses to be maintained and the criteria to protect those uses." The receiving stream and 1st classified receiving stream's beneficial water uses to be maintained are in the receiving stream table in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)].

• <u>Precipitation.</u> Monitoring requirement to ensure appropriate irrigation is conducted to account for accumulated water in the storage basin.

PERMITTED FEATURE #002, #003, AND #004 – IRRIGATION FIELDS

- <u>Irrigation Period.</u> Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for the Irrigation Period is included to determine if proper irrigation is occurring on the irrigation fields.
- <u>Volume Irrigated</u>. Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for the Volume Irrigated is included to determine if proper irrigation is occurring on the irrigation fields.
- <u>Irrigation Area.</u> Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for the Irrigation Area is included to determine if proper irrigation is occurring on the irrigation fields.
- Irrigation Rate. Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for the Irrigation Rate is included to determine if proper irrigation is occurring on the irrigation fields.

Sampling Frequency Justification:

Sampling frequency has been determined to be appropriate so it has been retained from the previous state operating permit.

Sampling Type Justification:

Sampling type has been determined to be appropriate so it has been retained from the previous state operating permit.

DISCHARGE PARAMETERS – BOD₅, TSS, Ammonia, pH, Oil & Grease, *E. coli*, Total Phosphorus, and Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, and Nitrite + Nitrate are conventional pollutants found in domestic wastewater. These parameters shall be monitored at least once during the discharge event. Additional monitoring may be required by the Department on a case-by-case basis. All samples shall be collected as grab samples. pH samples cannot be preserved and must be sampled in the field.

OUTFALL #001, #002, #003, AND #004 – GENERAL CRITERIA CONSIDERATIONS:

In accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1), effluent limitations shall be placed into the permit for those pollutants which have been determined to cause, have the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above any State water quality standard, including State narrative criteria for water quality. The rule further states that pollutants which have been determined to cause, have the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above a narrative criterion within an applicable State water quality standard, the permit shall contain a numeric effluent limitation to protect that narrative criterion. In order to comply with this regulation, the permit writer will complete reasonable potential determinations on whether the discharge will violate any of the general criteria listed in 10 CSR 20-7.031(4). These specific requirements are listed below followed by derivation and discussion (the lettering matches that of the rule itself, under 10 CSR 20-7.031(4)). It should also be noted that Section 644.076.1, RSMo as well as Section D – Administrative Requirements of Standard Conditions Part I of this permit states that it shall be unlawful for any person to cause or permit any discharge of water contaminants from any water contaminant or point source located in Missouri that is in violation of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated by the commission.

- (A) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses. This facility utilizes irrigation of domestic wastewater to the land surface and therefore does not discharge. Based upon a review of a recent Report of Compliance Inspection for the inspection conducted on December 14, 2022, no evidence of an excursion of this criterion has been observed by the Department in the past and the facility has not disclosed any other information their permit application which has the potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this narrative criterion. Additionally, there had been no indication to the Department that the stream has had issues maintaining beneficial uses as a result of the wastewater irrigation. Therefore, based on the information reviewed during the drafting of this permit, and the fact that the facility does not discharge, no reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this criterion exists.
- (B) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (C) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (D) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (E) Waters shall provide for the attainment and maintenance of water quality standards downstream including waters of another state. Please see (D) above as justification is the same.
- (F) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (G) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.

- (H) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (I) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247. The discharge from this facility is made up of treated domestic wastewater. No evidence of an excursion of this criterion has been observed by the Department in the past and the facility has not disclosed any other information related to the characteristics of the discharge on their permit application which has the potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this narrative criterion. Additionally, any solid wastes received or produced at this facility are wholly contained in appropriate storage facilities, are not discharged, and are disposed of offsite. This discharge is subject to Standard Conditions Part III, which contains requirements for the management and disposal of sludge to prevent its discharge. Therefore, this discharge does not have reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this criterion.

Part III - Rationale and Derivation of Effluent Limitations & Permit Conditions

ALTERNATIVE EVALUATIONS FOR NEW FACILITIES:

✓ The facility does not discharge to a Losing Stream as defined by [10 CSR 20-2.010(40)] & [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(O)], or is an existing facility.

ANTI-BACKSLIDING:

✓ All limits in this operating permit are at least as protective as those previously established; therefore, backsliding does not apply.

ANTIDEGRADATION:

✓ No degradation proposed and no further review necessary. Facility did not apply for authorization to increase pollutant loading or to add additional pollutants to their discharge.

AREA-WIDE WASTE TREATMENT MANAGEMENT & CONTINUING AUTHORITY:

As per [10 CSR 20-6.010(2)(C)], an applicant may utilize a lower preference continuing authority when a higher level authority is available by submitting information as part of the application to the Department for review and approval, provided it does not conflict with any area-wide management plan approved under section 208 of the Federal Clean Water Act or any other regional sewage service and treatment plan approved for higher preference authority by the Department.

BIOSOLIDS & SEWAGE SLUDGE:

Biosolids are solid materials resulting from domestic wastewater treatment that meet federal and state criteria for beneficial uses (i.e. fertilizer). Sewage sludge is solids, semi-solids, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works; including but not limited to, domestic septage; scum or solids removed in primary, secondary, or advanced wastewater treatment process; and a material derived from sewage sludge. Sewage sludge does not include ash generated during the firing of sewage sludge in a sewage sludge incinerator or grit and screening generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works.

✓ Permittee is not authorized to land apply biosolids. Sludge/biosolids are retained in the lagoon. Sludge/biosolids may be land applied, landfilled, or hauled to a permitted treatment disposal facility. If removal and disposal (landfill, land apply, haul to another permitted treatment facility, etc.) of sludge/biosolids is needed and that method is not listed in the current permit, the permittee must modify the operating permit to add any biosolids/sludge disposal method to the facility description of the operating permit. For time sensitive situations, the permittee may contact the Department to see about approval for a one-time removal and disposal of sludge or biosolids that are not identified in the facility description of the operating permit.

COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT:

Enforcement is the action taken by the Water Protection Program (WPP) to bring an entity into compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and conditions of an operating permit. The primary purpose of the enforcement activity in the WPP is to resolve violations and return the entity to compliance.

Facility Performance History:

✓ The facility is not currently under Water Protection Program enforcement action. This facility was last inspected on December 14, 2022. The inspection showed the following unsatisfactory features: failure to remove all potential sources of damage to the berm, and failure to mark the minimum and maximum operating water levels for the storage basin.

CONTINUING AUTHORITY:

Each application for an operating permit shall identify the person, as that term is defined in section 644.016(15), RSMo, that is the owner of, operator of, or area-wide management authority for a water contaminant source, point source, wastewater treatment facility, or sewer collection system. This person shall be designated as the continuing authority and shall sign the application. By doing so, the person designated as the continuing authority acknowledges responsibility for compliance with all permit conditions.

10 CSR 20-6.010(2) establishes preferential levels for continuing authorities: Levels 1 through 5 (with Level 1 as the highest level), and requires a higher preference continuing authority be utilized if available. A Level 3, 4, or 5 applicant may constitute a continuing authority by showing that the authorities listed under paragraphs (B)1.–2. of 10 CSR 20-6.010(2) are not available; do not have jurisdiction; are forbidden by state statute or local ordinance from providing service to the person; or that it has met one of the requirements listed in paragraphs (2)(C)1.–7. of 10 CSR 20-6.010(2). The seven options in paragraphs (2)(C)1.–7. for a lower-level authority to demonstrate that it is the valid continuing authority are:

- 1. A waiver from the existing higher authority declining the offer to accept management of the additional wastewater or stormwater;
- 2. A written statement or a demonstration of non-response from the higher authority;
- 3. A to-scale map showing all parts of the legal boundary of the facility's property are beyond 2000 feet from the collection (sewer) system operated by the higher preference authority;
- 4. A proposed connection or adoption charge by the higher authority that would equal or exceed what is economically feasible for the applicant, which may be in the range of one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the applicant's cost for constructing or operating a wastewater treatment system;
- 5. A proposed service fee on the users of the system by the higher authority that is above what is affordable for existing homeowners in that area;
- 6. Terms for connection or adoption by the higher authority that would require more than two (2) years to achieve full sewer service; or
- 7. A demonstration that the terms for connection or adoption by the higher authority are not viable or feasible to homeowners in the area.

Permit applicants that are Levels 3, 4, and 5 must, as part of their application, identify their method of compliance with this regulation. The following are the methods to comply.

- o No higher level authorities are available to the facility;
- No higher level authorities have jurisdiction;
- o Higher level authorities are forbidden by state statute or local ordinance from providing service to the person;
- O The existing higher level authority is available to the facility, however the facility has proposed the use of a lower preference continuing authority and has submitted one of the following as part of their application (See Fact Sheet Appendix Continuing Authority for more information on these options):
 - o A waiver from the existing higher authority;
 - o A written statement or a demonstration of non-response from the higher authority;
 - o A to-scale map showing all parts of the legal boundary of the facility's property are beyond 2000 feet from the collection (sewer) system operated by the higher preference authority;
 - Documentation that the proposed connection or adoption charge by the higher authority would equal or exceed what is economically feasible for the applicant, which may be in the range of one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the applicant's cost for constructing or operating a wastewater treatment system;
 - O Documentation that the proposed service fee on the users of the system by the higher authority is above what is affordable for existing homeowners in that area;
 - O Documentation that the terms for connection or adoption by the higher authority would require more than two (2) years to achieve full sewer service;
 - o A demonstration that the terms for connection or adoption by the higher authority are not viable or feasible to homeowners in the area;
- ✓ The continuing authority listed on the application is a person. The continuing authority listed on the application form is for a business entity which is incorporated under the laws of Missouri. The business entity is registered with the Missouri Secretary of State's office and is assigned Charter Number LC0674457 per the Secretary of State's webpage. The corporation name with that charter number was verified by the permit writer to match the corporation name on the application form. The corporation has a status of "Active" on the Secretary of State's webpage at the time of the drafting of this permit. The continuing authority is a Level 4 Authority. There is no approved Clean Water Act Section 208 plan in Wayne County. The applicant has shown that:

o A higher level authority is not available to the facility.

ELECTRONIC DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (EDMR) SUBMISSION SYSTEM:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) promulgated a final rule on October 22, 2015, to modernize Clean Water Act reporting for municipalities, industries, and other facilities by converting to an electronic data reporting system. This final rule requires regulated entities and state and federal regulators to use information technology to electronically report data required by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program instead of filing paper reports. To comply with the federal rule, the Department is requiring all permittees to begin submitting discharge monitoring data and reports online. In an effort to aid facilities in the reporting of applicable information electronically, the Department has created several new forms including operational control monitoring forms and an I&I location and reduction form. These forms are optional and can be provided upon request to the Department.

Per 40 CFR 127.15 and 127.24, permitted facilities may request a temporary waiver for up to 5 years or a permanent waiver from electronic reporting from the Department. To obtain an electronic reporting waiver, a permittee must first submit an eDMR Waiver Request Form: https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/electronic-discharge-monitoring-report-waiver-request-form-mo-780-2692. A request must be made for each facility. If more than one facility is owned or operated by a single entity, then the entity must submit a separate request for each facility based on its specific circumstances. An approved waiver is non-transferable.

The Department must review and notify the facility within 120 calendar days of receipt if the waiver request has been approved or rejected [40 CFR 124.27(a)]. During the Department review period as well as after a waiver is granted, the facility must continue submitting a hard-copy of any reports required by their permit. The Department will enter data submitted in hard-copy from those facilities allowed to do so and electronically submit the data to the EPA on behalf of the facility.

✓ The permittee/facility is currently using the eDMR data reporting system.

NUMERIC LAKE NUTRIENT CRITERIA

✓ This facility is located in a lake watershed (Lake Wappapello) where numeric lake nutrient criteria are applicable, per 10 CSR 20-7.031(5)(N), and has a design flow less than or equal to 0.1 MGD; however, this is a no-discharge facility which irrigates the wastewater. As a result, the facility is not required to monitor for nutrients unless the facility emergency discharges in accordance with Special Condition #1(a).

OPERATOR CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS:

✓ This facility is not required to have a certified operator as it is not owned or operated by or for a municipality, public sewer district, county, public water supply district, private sewer company regulated by the PSC, state or federal agency.

OPERATIONAL CONTROL TESTING REQUIREMENTS

✓ As per [10 CSR 20-9.010(4)], the facility is not required to conduct operational monitoring.

PRETREATMENT PROGRAM:

✓ The permittee, at this time, is not required to have a Pretreatment Program or does not have an approved pretreatment program.

REMOVAL EFFICIENCY:

Removal efficiency is a method by which the Federal Regulations define Secondary Treatment and Equivalent to Secondary Treatment, which applies to Biochemical Oxygen Demand 5-day (BOD₅) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) for publically owned treatment works (POTWs). See 40 CFR Part 133.102(a)(3) & (b)(3) and 40 CFR 133.105(a)(3)&(b)(3).

✓ This is a no-discharge facility, therefore removal efficiency is 100% and influent monitoring is not required.

SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOWS (SSO) AND INFLOW AND INFILTRATION (I&I):

✓ This facility is not required to develop or implement a program for maintenance and repair of the collection system; however, it is a violation of Missouri State Environmental Laws and Regulations to allow untreated wastewater to discharge to waters of the state.

SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE (SOC):

✓ This permit does not contain a SOC.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP):

✓ At this time, the permittee is not required to develop and implement a SWPPP. As the permittee is a no-discharge facility, the use of best management practices to reduce stormwater flows into the treatment basin or into the application fields should be considered and employed.

VARIANCE:

✓ This operating permit is not drafted under premises of a petition for variance.

40 CFR 122.41(M) - BYPASSES:

✓ This facility does not anticipate bypassing.

<u>Part IV – Cost Analysis for Compliance</u>

✓ The Department is not required to complete a cost analysis for compliance because the facility is not a combined or separate sanitary sewer system for a publicly-owned treatment works.

Part V – Administrative Requirements

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Department, as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions contained herein and within the operating permit. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

WATER QUALITY STANDARD REVISION:

✓ This operating permit does not contain requirements for a water quality standard that has changed twenty-five percent or more since the previous operating permit.

PUBLIC NOTICE:

The Department shall give public notice that a draft permit has been prepared and its issuance is pending. Additionally, public notice will be issued if a public hearing is to be held because of a significant degree of interest in and water quality concerns related to a draft permit. No public notice is required when a request for a permit modification or termination is denied; however, the requester and permittee must be notified of the denial in writing. The Department must issue public notice of a pending operating permit or of a new or reissued statewide general permit. The public comment period is the length of time not less than 30 days following the date of the public notice which interested persons may submit written comments about the proposed permit. For persons wanting to submit comments regarding this proposed operating permit, then please refer to the Public Notice page located at the front of this draft operating permit. The Public Notice page gives direction on how and where to submit appropriate comments.

✓ The Public Notice period for this operating permit was from June 23, 2023 to July 24, 2023. No responses received.

DATE OF FACT SHEET: 05/09/2023

COMPLETED BY:

STEPHANIE GARCIA, ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAM ASSISTANT MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM OPERATING PERMITS SECTION - DOMESTIC WASTEWATER UNIT (573) 751-1399 stephanie.garcia@dnr.mo.gov

Appendices

APPENDIX – Non-Detect Example Calculations:

Example: Permittee has four samples for Pollutant X which has a method minimum level of 5 mg/L and is to report a Daily Maximum and Monthly Average.

```
Week 1 = 11.4 mg/L

Week 2 = Non-Detect or <5.0 mg/L

Week 3 = 7.1 mg/L

Week 4 = Non-Detect or <5.0 mg/L
```

For this example, use subpart (h) - For reporting an average based on a mix of detected and non-detected values (not including *E. coli*), assign a value of "0" for all non-detects for that reporting period and report the average of all the results.

```
11.4 + 0 + 7.1 + 0 = 18.5 \div 4 (number of samples) = 4.63 mg/L.
```

The Permittee reports a Monthly Average of 4.63 mg/L and a Daily maximum of 11.4 mg/L (Note the < symbol was dropped in the answers).

Example: Permittee has five samples for Pollutant Y that has a method minimum level of $9 \mu g/L$ and is to report a Daily Maximum and Monthly Average.

```
Day 1 = Non-Detect or <9.0 \mug/L
Day 2 = Non-Detect or <9.0 \mug/L
Day 3 = Non-Detect or <9.0 \mug/L
Day 4 = Non-Detect or <9.0 \mug/L
Day 5 = Non-Detect or <9.0 \mug/L
```

For this example, use subpart (g) - For reporting an average based on all non-detected values, remove the "<" sign from the values, average the values, and then add the "<" symbol back to the resulting average.

```
(9 + 9 + 9 + 9 + 9) \div 5 (number of samples) = <9 \mu g/L.
```

The Permittee reports a Monthly Average of <9.0 μg/L (retain the 'less than' symbol) and a Daily Maximum of <9.0 μg/L.

Example: Permittee has four samples for Pollutant Z where the first two tests were conducted using a method with a method minimum level of 4 μ g/L and the remaining two tests were conducted using a different method that has a method minimum level of <6 μ g/L and is to report a Monthly Average and a Weekly Average.

```
Week 1 = Non-Detect or <4.0 \mu g/L
Week 2 = Non-Detect or <4.0 \mu g/L
Week 3 = Non-Detect or <6.0 \mu g/L
Week 4 = Non-Detect or <6.0 \mu g/L
```

For this example, use subpart (g) - For reporting an average based on all non-detected values, remove the "<" sign from the values, average the values, and then add the "<" symbol back to the resulting average.

```
(4+4+6+6) \div 4 (number of samples) = <5 \mu g/L. (Monthly)
```

The facility reports a Monthly Average of <5.0 µg/L and a Weekly Average of <6.0 µg/L.

APPENDIX – Non-Detect Example Calculations (Continued):

Example: Permittee has five samples for Pollutant Z where the first two tests were conducted using a method with a method minimum level of $4 \mu g/L$ and the remaining three tests were conducted using a different method that has a method minimum level of $<6 \mu g/L$ and is to report a Monthly Average and a Weekly Average.

```
Week 1 = Non-Detect or <4.0 \mug/L
Week 2 = Non-Detect or <4.0 \mug/L
Week 2 = Non-Detect or <6.0 \mug/L
Week 3 = Non-Detect or <6.0 \mug/L
Week 4 = Non-Detect or <6.0 \mug/L
```

For this example, use subpart (g) - For reporting an average based on all non-detected values, remove the "<" sign from the values, average the values, and then add the "<" symbol back to the resulting average.

```
(4 + 4 + 6 + 6 + 6) \div 5 (number of samples) = <5.2 \mu g/L. (Monthly) (4 + 6) \div 2 (number of samples) = <5 \mu g/L. (Week 2)
```

The facility reports a Monthly Average of $<5.2 \mu g/L$ and a Weekly Average of $<6.0 \mu g/L$ (report highest Weekly Average value)

Example: Permittee has four samples for Pollutant Z where the tests were conducted using a method with a method minimum level of $10 \,\mu\text{g/L}$ and is to report a Monthly Average and Daily Maximum. The permit lists that Pollutant Z has a Department determined Minimum Quantification Level (ML) of $130 \,\mu\text{g/L}$.

```
Week 1 = 12 \mu g/L
Week 2 = 52 \mu g/L
Week 3 = \text{Non-Detect or} < 10 \mu g/L
Week 4 = 133 \mu g/L
```

For this example, use subpart (h) - For reporting an average based on a mix of detected and non-detected values (not including *E. coli*), assign a value of "0" for all non-detects for that reporting period and report the average of all the results.

```
For this example, (12 + 52 + 0 + 133) \div 4 (number of samples) = 197 \div 4 = 49.3 \mu g/L.
```

The facility reports a Monthly Average of 49.3 µg/L and a Daily Maximum of 133 µg/L.

Example: Permittee has five samples for *E. coli* which has a method minimum level of 1 #/100mL and is to report a Weekly Average (seven (7) day geometric mean) and a Monthly Average (thirty (30) day geometric mean).

```
Week 1 = 102 #/100mL

Week 2 (Monday) = 400 #/100mL

Week 2 (Friday) = Non-Detect or <1 #/100mL

Week 3 = 15 #/100mL

Week 4 = Non-Detect or <1 #/100mL
```

For this example, use subpart (i) - When E. coli is not detected above the method minimum level, the permittee must report the data qualifier signifying less than detection limit for that parameter (e.g., <1 #/100mL), if the method minimum level is 1 #/100mL). For reporting a geometric mean based on a mix of detected and non-detected values, use one-half of the detection limit (instead of zero) for non-detects when calculating geometric means. The Geometric Mean is calculated by multiplying all of the data points and then taking the nth root of this product, where n = # of samples collected.

```
The Monthly Average (30 day Geometric Mean) = 5th root of (102)(400)(0.5)(15)(0.5) = <math>5th root of 153,000 = 10.9 \#/100mL. The 7 day Geometric Mean = 2nd root of (400)(0.5) = 2nd root of 200 = 14.1 \#/100mL. (Week 2)
```

The Permittee reports a Monthly Average (30 day Geometric Mean) of 10.9 #/100mL and a Weekly Average (7 day geometric mean) of 102 #/100mL (report highest Weekly Average value)

APPENDIX - ALTERNATIVE: SITE MAP





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These Standard Conditions incorporate permit conditions as required by 40 CFR 122.41 or other applicable state statutes or regulations. These minimum conditions apply unless superseded by requirements specified in the permit.

Part I – General Conditions Section A – Sampling, Monitoring, and Recording

1. Sampling Requirements.

- Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.
- b. All samples shall be taken at the outfall(s) or Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) approved sampling location(s), and unless specified, before the effluent joins or is diluted by any other body of water or substance.

2. Monitoring Requirements.

- a. Records of monitoring information shall include:
 - i. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - ii. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
 - iii. The date(s) analyses were performed;
 - iv. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
 - v. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
 - vi. The results of such analyses.
- b. If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by the permit at the location specified in the permit using test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136, or another method required for an industry-specific waste stream under 40 CFR subchapters N or O, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reported to the Department with the discharge monitoring report data (DMR) submitted to the Department pursuant to Section B, paragraph 7.
- Sample and Monitoring Calculations. Calculations for all sample and monitoring results which require averaging of measurements shall utilize an arithmetic mean unless otherwise specified in the permit.
- Test Procedures. The analytical and sampling methods used shall conform to the reference methods listed in 10 CSR 20-7.015 unless alternates are approved by the Department. The facility shall use sufficiently sensitive analytical methods for detecting, identifying, and measuring the concentrations of pollutants. The facility shall ensure that the selected methods are able to quantify the presence of pollutants in a given discharge at concentrations that are low enough to determine compliance with Water Quality Standards in 10 CSR 20-7.031 or effluent limitations unless provisions in the permit allow for other alternatives. A method is "sufficiently sensitive" when; 1) the method minimum level is at or below the level of the applicable water quality criterion for the pollutant or, 2) the method minimum level is above the applicable water quality criterion, but the amount of pollutant in a facility's discharge is high enough that the method detects and quantifies the level of pollutant in the discharge, or 3) the method has the lowest minimum level of the analytical methods approved under 10 CSR 20-7.015. These methods are also required for parameters that are listed as monitoring only, as the data collected may be used to determine if limitations need to be established. A permittee is responsible for working with their contractors to ensure that the analysis performed is sufficiently sensitive.
- 5. Record Retention. Except for records of monitoring information required by the permit related to the permittee's sewage sludge use and disposal activities, which shall be retained for a period of at least five (5) years (or longer as required by 40 CFR part 503), the permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by the permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for the permit, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Department at any time.

Illegal Activities.

- a. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under the permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both. If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed after a first conviction of such person under this paragraph, punishment is a fine of not more than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than four (4) years, or both.
- b. The Missouri Clean Water Law provides that any person or who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or by both. Second and successive convictions for violation under this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.

Section B – Reporting Requirements

1. Planned Changes.

- a. The permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility when:
 - The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in 40 CFR 122.29(b); or
 - ii. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements under 40 CFR 122.42;
 - iii. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan;
- iv. Any facility expansions, production increases, or process modifications which will result in a new or substantially different discharge or sludge characteristics must be reported to the Department 60 days before the facility or process modification begins. Notification may be accomplished by application for a new permit. If the discharge does not violate effluent limitations specified in the permit, the facility is to submit a notice to the Department of the changed discharge at least 30 days before such changes. The Department may require a construction permit and/or permit modification as a result of the proposed changes at the facility.

2. Non-compliance Reporting.

a. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. Relevant information shall be provided orally or via the current electronic method approved by the Department, within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances, and shall be reported to the appropriate Regional Office during normal business hours or the Environmental Emergency Response hotline at 573-634-2436 outside of normal business hours. A written submission shall also be provided within five (5) business days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.



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- b. The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours under this paragraph.
 - Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - ii. Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Department in the permit required to be reported within 24 hours.
- c. The Department may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis for reports under paragraph 2. b. of this section if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.
- Anticipated Noncompliance. The permittee shall give advance notice to the
 Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity
 which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements. The notice
 shall be submitted to the Department 60 days prior to such changes or
 activity.
- 4. Compliance Schedules. Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of the permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date. The report shall provide an explanation for the instance of noncompliance and a proposed schedule or anticipated date, for achieving compliance with the compliance schedule requirement.
- 5. Other Noncompliance. The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs 2, 3, and 6 of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph 2. a. of this section.
- 6. Other Information. Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.

7. Discharge Monitoring Reports.

- a. Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified in the
- b. Monitoring results must be reported to the Department via the current method approved by the Department, unless the permittee has been granted a waiver from using the method. If the permittee has been granted a waiver, the permittee must use forms provided by the Department.
- Monitoring results shall be reported to the Department no later than the 28th day of the month following the end of the reporting period.

Section C – Bypass/Upset Requirements

1. **Definitions.**

- a. Bypass: the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility, except in the case of blending.
- Severe Property Damage: substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
- c. Upset: an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

2. Bypass Requirements.

a. Bypass not exceeding limitations. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2. b. and 2. c. of this section.

b. Notice.

- Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least 10 days before the date of the bypass.
- ii. Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in Section B – Reporting Requirements, paragraph 5 (24-hour notice).

c. Prohibition of bypass.

- i. Bypass is prohibited, and the Department may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:
 - Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
 - 2. There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
 - The permittee submitted notices as required under paragraph 2.
 b. of this section.
- ii. The Department may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Department determines that it will meet the three (3) conditions listed above in paragraph 2. c. i. of this section.

3. Upset Requirements.

- a. Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of paragraph 3. b. of this section are met. No determination made during administrative review of claims that noncompliance was caused by upset, and before an action for noncompliance, is final administrative action subject to judicial review.
- b. Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
 - ii. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated; and
 - iii. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in Section B
 Reporting Requirements, paragraph 2. b. ii. (24-hour notice).
 - iv. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Section D – Administrative Requirements, paragraph 4.
- Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

Section D – Administrative Requirements

- Duty to Comply. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this
 permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Missouri
 Clean Water Law and Federal Clean Water Act and is grounds for
 enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or
 modification; or denial of a permit renewal application.
 - a. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the CWA within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
 - b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who violates section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any such sections in a permit issued under section 402, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under sections 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 per day for each violation. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who negligently violates sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the Act, or any condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, or any requirement



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imposed in a pretreatment program approved under section 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to criminal penalties of \$2,500 to \$25,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than one (1) year, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a negligent violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than two (2) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates such sections, or such conditions or limitations is subject to criminal penalties of \$5,000 to \$50,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment for not more than three (3) years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$100,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than six (6) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates section 301, 302, 303, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, and who knows at that time that he thereby places another person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury, shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not more than \$250,000 or imprisonment of not more than 15 years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing endangerment violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$500,000 or by imprisonment of not more than 30 years, or both. An organization, as defined in section 309(c)(3)(B)(iii) of the CWA, shall, upon conviction of violating the imminent danger provision, be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000,000 and can be fined up to \$2,000,000 for second or subsequent convictions.

- c. Any person may be assessed an administrative penalty by the EPA Director for violating section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of this Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of this Act. Administrative penalties for Class I violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per violation, with the maximum amount of any Class II penalty assessed not to exceed \$25,000. Penalties for Class II violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day during which the violation continues, with the maximum amount of any Class II penalty not to exceed \$125,000.
- It is unlawful for any person to cause or permit any discharge of water contaminants from any water contaminant or point source located in Missouri in violation of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law, or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated by the commission. In the event the commission or the director determines that any provision of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or standard, rules, limitations or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or permits issued by, or any final abatement order, other order, or determination made by the commission or the director, or any filing requirement pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or any other provision which this state is required to enforce pursuant to any federal water pollution control act, is being, was, or is in imminent danger of being violated, the commission or director may cause to have instituted a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction for the injunctive relief to prevent any such violation or further violation or for the assessment of a penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day, or part thereof, the violation occurred and continues to occur, or both, as the court deems proper. Any person who willfully or negligently commits any violation in this paragraph shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$25,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. Second and successive convictions for violation of the same provision of this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.

2. Duty to Reapply.

- a. If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit.
- b. A permittee with a currently effective site-specific permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 180 days before the expiration date of the existing permit, unless permission for a later date has been granted by the Department. (The Department shall not grant permission

- for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)
- c. A permittees with currently effective general permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 30 days before the existing permit expires, unless the permittee has been notified by the Department that an earlier application must be made. The Department may grant permission for a later submission date. (The Department shall not grant permission for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)
- Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense. It shall not be a defense
 for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to
 halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the
 conditions of this permit.
- Duty to Mitigate. The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize
 or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit
 which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the
 environment.
- 5. Proper Operation and Maintenance. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

6. Permit Actions.

- Subject to compliance with statutory requirements of the Law and Regulations and applicable Court Order, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to, the following:
 - i. Violations of any terms or conditions of this permit or the law;
 - Having obtained this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully any relevant facts;
 - A change in any circumstances or conditions that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge; or
 - iv. Any reason set forth in the Law or Regulations.
- b. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

7. Permit Transfer.

- a. Subject to 10 CSR 20-6.010, an operating permit may be transferred upon submission to the Department of an application to transfer signed by the existing owner and the new owner, unless prohibited by the terms of the permit. Until such time the permit is officially transferred, the original permittee remains responsible for complying with the terms and conditions of the existing permit.
- b. The Department may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Missouri Clean Water Law or the Federal Clean Water Act.
- c. The Department, within 30 days of receipt of the application, shall notify the new permittee of its intent to revoke or reissue or transfer the permit.
- 8. Toxic Pollutants. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the Federal Clean Water Act within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
- Property Rights. This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.



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- 10. Duty to Provide Information. The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, any information which the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Department upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
- 11. Inspection and Entry. The permittee shall allow the Department, or an authorized representative (including an authorized contractor acting as a representative of the Department), upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:
 - Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
 - Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
 - d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Federal Clean Water Act or Missouri Clean Water Law, any substances or parameters at any location.

12. Closure of Treatment Facilities.

- a. Persons who cease operation or plan to cease operation of waste, wastewater, and sludge handling and treatment facilities shall close the facilities in accordance with a closure plan approved by the Department.
- b. Operating Permits under 10 CSR 20-6.010 or under 10 CSR 20-6.015 are required until all waste, wastewater, and sludges have been disposed of in accordance with the closure plan approved by the Department and any disturbed areas have been properly stabilized. Disturbed areas will be considered stabilized when perennial vegetation, pavement, or structures using permanent materials cover all areas that have been disturbed. Vegetative cover, if used, shall be at least 70% plant density over 100% of the disturbed area.

13. Signatory Requirement.

- All permit applications, reports required by the permit, or information requested by the Department shall be signed and certified. (See 40 CFR 122.22 and 10 CSR 20-6.010)
- b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months per violation, or by both.
- c. The Missouri Clean Water Law provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed or required to be maintained pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by both.
- 14. Severability. The provisions of the permit are severable, and if any provision of the permit, or the application of any provision of the permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of the permit, shall not be affected thereby.

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PART III - BIOSOLIDS AND SLUDGE FROM DOMESTIC TREATMENT FACILITIES

SECTION A – GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 1. PART III Standard Conditions pertain to biosolids and sludge requirements under the Missouri Clean Water Law and regulations for domestic and municipal wastewater and also incorporates federal sludge disposal requirements under 40 CFR Part 503 for domestic wastewater. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has principal authority for permitting and enforcement of the federal sludge regulations under 40 CFR Part 503 for domestic biosolids and sludge.
- 2. PART III Standard Conditions apply only to biosolids and sludge generated at domestic wastewater treatment facilities, including public owned treatment works (POTW) and privately owned facilities.
- 3. Biosolids and Sludge Use and Disposal Practices:
 - a. The permittee is authorized to operate the biosolids and sludge generating, treatment, storage, use, and disposal facilities listed in the facility description of this permit.
 - b. The permittee shall not exceed the design sludge/biosolids volume listed in the facility description and shall not use biosolids or sludge disposal methods that are not listed in the facility description, without prior approval of the permitting authority.
 - c. For facilities operating under general operating permits that incorporate Standard Conditions PART III, the facility is authorized to operate the biosolids and sludge generating, treatment, storage, use and disposal facilities identified in the original operating permit application, subsequent renewal applications or subsequent written approval by the department.
- 4. Biosolids or Sludge Received from other Facilities:
 - a. Permittees may accept domestic wastewater biosolids or sludge from other facilities as long as the permittee's design sludge capacity is not exceeded and the treatment facility performance is not impaired.
 - b. The permittee shall obtain a signed statement from the biosolids or sludge generator or hauler that certifies the type and source of the sludge
- 5. Nothing in this permit precludes the initiation of legal action under local laws, except to the extent local laws are preempted by state law.
- 6. This permit does not preclude the enforcement of other applicable environmental regulations such as odor emissions under the Missouri Air Pollution Control Lawand regulations.
- 7. This permit may (after due process) be modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to comply with any applicable biosolids or sludge disposal standard or limitation issued or approved under Section 405(d) of the Clean Water Act or under Chapter 644 RSMo.
- 8. In addition to Standard Conditions PART III, the Department may include biosolids and sludge limitations in the special conditions portion or other sections of a site specific permit.
- 9. Exceptions to Standard Conditions PART III may be authorized on a case-by-case basis by the Department, as follows:
 - a. The Department may modify a site-specific permit following permit notice provisions as applicable under 10 CSR 20-6.020, 40 CFR § 124.10, and 40 CFR § 501.15(a)(2)(ix)(E).
 - b. Exceptions cannot be granted where prohibited by the federal sludge regulations under 40 CFR Part 503.

SECTION B - DEFINITIONS

- 1. Best Management Practices are practices to prevent or reduce the pollution of waters of the state and include agronomic loading rates (nitrogen based), soil conservation practices, spill prevention and maintenance procedures and other site restrictions.
- 2. Biosolids means organic fertilizer or soil amendment produced by the treatment of domestic wastewater sludge.
- 3. Biosolids land application facility is a facility where biosolids are spread onto the land at agronomic rates for production of food, feed or fiber. The facility includes any structures necessary to store the biosolids until soil, weather, and crop conditions are favorable for land application.
- 4. Class A biosolids means a material that has met the Class A pathogen reduction requirements or equivalent treatment by a Process to Further Reduce Pathogens (PFRP) in accordance with 40 CFR Part 503.
- 5. Class B biosolids means a material that has met the Class B pathogen reduction requirements or equivalent treatment by a Process to Significantly Reduce Pathogens (PSRP) in accordance with 40 CFR Part 503.
- 6. Domestic wastewater means wastewater originating from the sanitary conveniences of residences, commercial buildings, factories and institutions; or co-mingled sanitary and industrial wastewater processed by a (POTW) or a privately owned facility.
- 7. Feed crops are crops produced primarily for consumption by animals.
- 8. Fiber crops are crops such as flax and cotton.
- 9. Food crops are crops consumed by humans which include, but is not limted to, fruits, vegetables and tobacco.
- 10. Industrial wastewater means any wastewater, also known as process wastewater, not defined as domestic wastewater. Per 40 CFR Part 122.2, process wastewater means any water which, during manufacturing or processing, comes into direct contact with or results from the production or use of any raw material, intermediate product, finished product, byproduct, or waste product. Land application of industrial wastewater, residuals or sludge is not authorized by Standard Conditions PART III.
- 11. Mechanical treatment plants are wastewater treatment facilities that use mechanical devices to treat wastewater, including, sand filters, extended aeration, activated sludge, contact stabilization, trickling filters, rotating biological contact systems, and other similar facilities. It does not include wastewater treatment lagoons or constructed wetlands for wastewater treatment.
- 12. Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) is nitrogen that will be available to plants during the growing seasons after biosolids application.
- 13. Public contact site is land with a high potential for contact by the public. This includes, but is not limited to, public parks, ball fields, cemeteries, plant nurseries, turf farms, and golf courses.
- 14. Sludge is the solid, semisolid, or liquid residue removed during the treatment of wastewater. Sludge includes septage removed from septic tanks or equivalent facilities. Sludge does not include carbon coal byproducts (CCBs), sewage sludge incinerator ash, or grit/screenings generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage.
- 15. Sludge lagoon is part of a mechanical wastewater treatment facility. A sludge lagoon is an earthen or concrete lined basin that receives sludge that has been removed from a wastewater treatment facility. It does not include a wastewater treatment lagoon or sludge treatment units that are not a part of a mechanical wastewater treatment facility.
- 16. Septage is the sludge pumped from residential septic tanks, cesspools, portable toilets, Type III marine sanitation devices, or similar treatment works such as sludge holding structures from residential wastewater treatment facilities with design populations of less than 150 people. Septage does not include grease removed from grease traps at a restaurant or material removed from septic tanks and other similar treatment works that have received industrial wastewater. The standard for biosolids from septage is different from other sludges. See Section H for more information.

SECTION C - MECHANICAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES

- 1. Biosolids or sludge shall be routinely removed from wastewater treatment facilities and handled according to the permit facility description and the requirements of Standard Conditions PART III or in accordance with Section A.3.c., above.
- 2. The permittee shall operate storage and treatment facilities, as defined by Section 644.016(23), RSMo, so that there is no biosolids or sludge discharged to waters of the state. Agricultural storm water discharges are exempt under the provisions of Section 644.059, RSMo.
- 3. Mechanical treatment plants shall have separate biosolids or sludge storage compartments in accordance with 10 CSR 20, Chapter 8. Failure to remove biosolids or sludge from these storage compartments on the required design schedule is a violation of this permit.

SECTION D - BIOSOLIDS OR SLUDGE DISPOSED AT OTHER TREATMENT FACILITY OR BY CONTRACT HAULER

- 1. Permittees that use contract haulers, under the authority of their operating permit, to dispose of biosolids or sludge, are responsible for compliance with all the terms of this permit. Contract haulers that assume the responsibility of the final disposal of biosolids or sludge, including biosolids land application, must obtain a Missouri State Operating Permit unless the hauler transports the biosolids or sludge to another permitted treatment facility.
- 2. Testing of biosolids or sludge, other than total solids content, is not required if biosolids or sludge are hauled to a permitted wastewater treatment facility, unless it is required by the accepting facility.

SECTION E - INCINERATION OF SLUDGE

- Please be aware that sludge incineration facilities may be subject to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 503 Subpart E, Missouri Air Conservation Commission regulations under 10 CSR 10, and solid waste management regulations under 10 CSR 80, as applicable.
- 2. Permittee may be authorized under the facility description of this permit to store incineration ash in lagoons or ash ponds. This permit does not authorize the disposal of incineration ash. Incineration ash shall be disposed in accordance with 10 CSR 80; or, if the ash is determined to be hazardous, with 10 CSR 25.
- 3. In addition to normal sludge monitoring, incineration facilities shall report the following as part of the annual report, mass of sludge incinerated and mass of ash generated. Permittee shall also provide the name of the ash disposal facility and permit number if applicable.

SECTION F – SURFACE DISPOSAL SITES AND BIOSOLIDS AND SLUDGE LAGOONS

- 1. Please be aware that surface disposal sites of biosolids or sludge from wastewater treatment facilities may be subject to other laws including the requirements in 40 CFR Part 503 Subpart C, Missouri Air Conservation Commission regulations under 10 CSR 10, and solid waste management regulations under 10 CSR 80, as applicable.
- 2. Biosolids or sludge storage lagoons are temporary facilities and are not required to obtain a permit as a solid waste management facility under 10 CSR 80. In order to maintain biosolids or sludge storage lagoons as storage facilities, accumulated biosolids or sludge must be removed routinely, but not less than once every two years unless an alternate schedule is approved in the permit. The amount of biosolids or sludge removed will be dependent on biosolids or sludge generation and accumulation in the facility. Enough biosolids or sludge must be removed to maintain adequate storage capacity in the facility.
 - a. In order to avoid damage to the lagoon seal during cleaning, the permittee may leave a layer of biosolids or sludge on the bottom of the lagoon, upon prior approval of the Department; or
 - b. Permittee shall close the lagoon in accordance with Section I.

SECTION G - LAND APPLICATION OF BIOSOLIDS

- 1. The permittee shall not land apply biosolids unless land application is authorized in the facility description, the special conditions of the issued NPDES permit, or in accordance with Section A.3.c., above.
- 2. This permit only authorizes "Class A" or "Class B" biosolids derived from domestic wastewater to be land applied onto grass land, crop land, timber, or other similar agricultural or silviculture lands at rates suitable for beneficial use as organic fertilizer and soil conditioner.
- 3. Class A Biosolids Requirements: Biosolids shall meet Class A requirements for application to public contact sites, residential lawns, home gardens or sold and/or given away in a bag or other container.
- 4. Class B biosolids that are land applied to agricultural and public contact sites shall comply with the following restrictions:
 - a. Food crops that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after application of biosolids.
 - b. Food crops below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for four months or longer prior to incorporation into the soil.
 - c. Food crops below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for less than four months prior to incorporation into the soil.
 - d. Animal grazing shall not be allowed for 30 days after application of biosolids.
 - e. Food crops, feed crops, and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after application of biosolids.
 - f. Turf shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids if used for lawns or high public contact sites in close proximity to populated areas such as city parks or golf courses.
 - g. After Class B biosolids have been land applied to public contact sites with high potential for public exposure, as defined in 40 CFR § 503.31, such as city parks or golf courses, access must be restricted for 12 months.
 - h. After Class B biosolids have been land applied public contact sites with low potential for public exposure as defined in 40 CFR § 503.31, such as a rural land application or reclamation sites, access must be restricted for 30 days.

5. Pollutant limits

- a. Biosolids shall be monitored to determine the quality for regulated pollutants listed in Table 1, below. Limits for any pollutants not listed below may be established in the permit.
- b. The number of samples taken is directly related to the amount of biosolids or sludge produced by the facility (See Section J, below). Samples should be taken only during land application periods. When necessary, it is permissible to mix biosolids with lower concentrations of biosolids as well as other suitable Department approved material to achieve pollutant concentration below those identified in Table 1, below.
- c. Table 1 gives the ceiling concentration for biosolids. Biosolids which exceed the concentrations in Table 1 may not be land applied.

TABLE 1

Biosolids ceiling concentration			
Pollutant	Milligrams per kilogram dry weight		
Arsenic	75		
Cadmium	85		
Copper	4,300		
Lead	840		
Mercury	57		
Molybdenum	75		
Nickel	420		
Selenium	100		
Zinc	7,500		

d. Table 2 below gives the low metal concentration for biosolids. Because of its higher quality, biosolids with pollutant concentrations below those listed in Table 2 can safely be applied to agricultural land, forest, public contact sites, lawns, home gardens or be given away without further analysis. Biosolids containing metals in concentrations above the low metals concentrations but below the ceiling concentration limits may be land applied but shall not exceed the annual loading rates in Table 3 and the cumulative loading rates in Table 4. The permittee is required to track polluntant loading onto application sites for parameters that have exceeded the low metal concentration limits.

TABLE 2

IABLE Z			
Biosolids Low Metal Concentration			
Pollutant	Milligrams per kilogram dry weight		
Arsenic	41		
Cadmium	39		
Copper	1,500		
Lead	300		
Mercury	17		
Nickel	420		
Selenium	100		
Zinc	2,800		

e. Annual pollutant loading rate.

Table 3

Biosolids Annual Loading Rate				
Pollutant	Kg/ha (lbs./ac) per year			
Arsenic	2.0 (1.79)			
Cadmium	1.9 (1.70)			
Copper	75 (66.94)			
Lead	15 (13.39)			
Mercury	0.85 (0.76)			
Nickel	21 (18.74)			
Selenium	5.0 (4.46)			
Zinc	140 (124.96)			

f. Cumulative pollutant loading rates.

Table 4

Biosolids Cumulative Pollutant Loading Rate			
Pollutant	Kg/ha (lbs./ac)		
Arsenic	41 (37)		
Cadmium	39 (35)		
Copper	1500 (1339)		
Lead	300 (268)		
Mercury	17 (15)		
Nickel	420 (375)		
Selenium	100 (89)		
Zinc	2800 (2499)		

- 6. Best Management Practices. The permittee shall use the following best management practices during land application activities to prevent the discharge of biosolids to waters of the state.
 - a. Biosolids shall not be applied to the land if it is likely to adversely affect a threatened or endangered species listed under § 4 of the Endangered Species Act or its designated critical habitat.
 - $b. \quad Apply \ biosolids \ only \ at the \ agronomic \ rate \ of \ nitrogen \ needed \ (see \ 5.c. \ of \ this \ section).$
 - c. The applicator must document the Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) loadings, available nitrogen in the soil, and crop

nitrogen removal when either of the following occurs: 1) When biosolids are greater than 50,000 mg/kgTN; or 2) When biosolids are land applied at an application rate greater than two dry tons per acre per year.

- i. PAN can be determined as follows:
 - (Nitrate + nitrite nitrogen) + (organic nitrogen x 0.2) + (ammonia nitrogen x volatilization factor 1).

 Volatilization factor is 0.7 for surface application and 1 for subsurface application. Alternative volitalization factors and mineralization rates can be utilized on a case-by-case basis.
- ii. Crop nutrient production/removal to be based on crop specific nitrogen needs and realistic yield goals. NO TE: There are a number of reference documents on the Missouri Department of Natural Resources website that are informative to implement best management practices in the proper management of biosolids, including crop specific nitrogen needs, realistic yields on a county by county basis and other supporting references.
- iii. Biosolids that are applied at agronomic rates shall not cause the annual pollutant loading rates identified in Table 3 to be exceeded.
- d. Buffer zones are as follows:
 - i. 300 feet of a water supply well, sinkhole, water supply reservoir or water supply intake in a stream;
 - 300 feet of a losing stream, no discharge stream, stream stretches designated for whole body contact recreation, wild and scenic rivers, Ozark National Scenic Riverways or outstandingstate resource waters as listed in the Water Quality Standards, 10 CSR 20-7.031;
 - iii. 150 feet of dwellings or public use areas;
 - iv. 100 feet (35 feet if biosolids application is down-gradient or the buffer zone is entirely vegetated) of lake, pond, wetlands or gaining streams (perennial or intermittent);
 - v. 50 feet of a property line. Buffer distances from property lines may be waived with written permission from neighboring property owner.
 - vi. For the application of dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected, buffer zones identified in 5.d.i. through 5.d.iii above, may be reduced to 100 feet. The buffer zone may be reduced to 35 feet if the buffer zone is permanently vegetated. Subsurface injection does not include methods or technology reflective of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation.
- e. Slope limitation for application sites are as follows:
 - i. For slopes less than or equal to 6 percent, no rate limitation;
 - ii. Applied to a slope 7 to 12 percent, the applicator may apply biosolids when soil conservation practices are used to meet the minimum erosion levels;
 - iii. Slopes > 12 percent, apply biosolids only when grass is vegetated and maintained with at least 80 percent ground cover at a rate of two dry tons per acre per year or less.
 - iv. Dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected, may be applied on slopes not to exceed 20 percent. Subsurface injection does not include the use of methods or technology reflective of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation.
- f. No biosolids may be land applied in an area that it is reasonably certain that pollutants will be transported into waters of the state.
- g. Biosolids may be land applied to sites with soil that are snow covered, frozen, or saturated with liquid when site restrictions or other controls are provided to prevent pollutants from being discharged to waters of the state during snowmelt or stormwater runoff. During inclement weather or unfavorable soil conditions use the following management practices:
 - A maximum field slope of 6% and a minimum 300 feet grass buffer between the application site and waters of the state. A 35 feet grass buffer may be utilized for the application of dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected. Subsurface injection does not include the use of mthods or technology refletive of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation;
 - ii. A maximum field slope of 2% and 100 feet grass buffer between the application site and waters of the state. A 35 feet grass buffer may be used for the application of dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected. Subsurface injection does not included the use of methods or technology refletive of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation;
 - iii. Other best management practices approved by the Department.

SECTION H - SEPTAGE

- 1. Haulers that land apply septage must obtain a state permit. An operating permit is not required for septage haulers who transport septage to another permitted treatment facility for disposal.
- 2. Do not apply more than 30,000 gallons of septage per acre per year or the volume otherwise stipulated in the operating permit.
- 3. Septic tanks are designed to retain sludge for one to three years which will allow for a larger reduction in pathogens and vectors, as compared to mechanical treatment facilities.
- 4. Septage must comply with Class B biosolids regarding pathogen and vector attraction reduction requirements before it may be applied to crops, pastures or timberland. To meet required pathogen and vector reduction requirements, mix 50 pounds of hydrated lime for every 1,000 gallons of septage and maintain a septage pH of at least 12 pH standard units for 30 minutes or more prior to application.
- 5. Lime is to be added to the pump truck and not directly to the septic tanks, as lime would harm the beneficial bacteria of the septic tank.
- 6. As residential septage contains relatively low levels of metals, the testing of metals in septage is not required.

SECTION I— CLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

- 1. This section applies to all wastewater facilities (mechanical and lagoons) and sludge or biosolids storage and treatment facilities. It does not apply to land application sites.
- 2. Permittees of a domestic wastewater facility who plan to cease operation must obtain Department approval of a closure plan which addresses proper removal and disposal of all sludges and/or biosolids. Permittee must maintain this permit until the facility is closed in accordance with the approved closure plan per 10 CSR 20 6.010 and 10 CSR 20 6.015.
- 3. Biosolids or sludge that are left in place during closure of a lagoon or earthen structure or ash pond shall not exceed the agricultural loading rates as follows:
 - a. Biosolids and sludge shall meet the monitoring and land application limits for agricultural rates as referenced in Section G, above.
 - b. If a wastewater treatment lagoon has been in operation for 15 years or more without sludge removal, the sludge in the lagoon qualifies as a Class B biosolids with respect to pathogens due to anaerobic digestion, and testing for fecal coliform is not required. For other lagoons, testing for fecal coliform is required to show compliance with Class B biosolids limitations. In order to reach Class B biosolids requirements, fecal coliform must be less than 2,000,000 colony forming units or 2,000,000 most probable number. All fecal samples must be presented as geometric mean per gram.
 - c. The allowable nitrogen loading that may be left in the lagoon shall be based on the plant available nitrogen (PAN) loading. For a grass cover crop, the allowable PAN is 300 pounds/acre. Alternative, site-specific application rates may be included in the closure plan for department consideration.
 - i. PAN can be determined as follows:
 (Nitrate + nitrite nitrogen) + (organic nitrogen x 0.2) + (ammonia nitrogen x volatilization factor¹).

 i. Volatilization factor is 0.7 for surface application and 1 for subsurface application. Alternative volitalization factors and mineralization rates can be utilized on a case-by-case basis
- 4. Domestic wastewater treatment lagoons with a design treatment capacity less than or equal to 150 persons, are "similar treatment works" under the definition of septage. Therefore the sludge within the lagoons may be treated as septage during closure activities. See Section B, above. Under the septage category, residuals may be left in place as follows:
 - a. Testing for metals or fecal coliform is not required.
 - b. If the wastewater treatment lagoon has been in use for less than 15 years, mix lime with the sludge at a rate of 50 pounds of hydrated lime per 1000 gallons (134 cubic feet) of sludge.
 - c. The amount of sludge that may be left in the lagoon shall be based on the plant available nitrogen (PAN) loading. 100 dry tons/acre of sludge may be left in the basin without testing for nitrogen. If 100 dry tons/acre or more will be left in the lagoon, test for nitrogen and determine the PAN using the calculation above. Allowable PAN loading is 300 pounds/acre.
- 5. Biosolids or sludge left within the domestic lagoon shall be mixed with soil on at least a 1 to 1 ratio, and unless otherwise approved, the lagoon berm shall be demolished, and the site shall be graded and contain ≥70% vegetative density over 100% of the site so as to avoid ponding of storm water and provide adequate surface water drainage without creating erosion. Alternative biosolids or sludge and soil mixing ratios may be included in the closure plan for department consideration.
- 6. Lagoon and earthen structure closure activities shall obtain a storm water permit for land disturbance activities that equal or exceed one acre in accordance with 10 CSR 20-6.200.
- 7. When closing a mechanical wastewater plant, all biosolids or sludge must be cleaned out and disposed of in accordance with the Department approved closure plan before the permit for the facility can be terminated.
 - a. Land must be stabilized which includes any grading, alternate use or fate upon approval by the Department, remediation, or other work that exposes sediment to stormwater per 10 CSR 20-6.200. The site shall be graded and contain $\geq 70\%$ vegetative density over 100% of the site, so as to avoid ponding of storm water and provide adequate

- surface water drainage without creating erosion.
- b. Hazardous Waste shall not be land applied or disposed during mechanical plant closures unless in accordance with Missouri Hazardous Waste Management Law and Regulations pursuant to 10 CSR 25.
- c. After demolition of the mechanical plant, the site must only contain clean fill defined in Section 260.200.1(6) RSMo as uncontaminated soil, rock, sand, gravel, concrete, asphaltic concrete, cinderblocks, brick, minimal amounts of wood and metal, and inert solids as approved by rule or policy of the Department for fill, reclamation, or other beneficial use. Other solid wastes must be removed.
- 8. If biosolids or sludge from the domestic lagoon or mechanical treatment plant exceeds agricultural rates under Section G and/or I, a landfill permit or solid waste disposal permit must be obtained if the permittee chooses to seek authorization for onsite sludge disposal under the Missouri Solid Waste Management Law and regulations per 10 CSR 80, and the permittee must comply with the surface disposal requirements under 40 CFR Part 503, Subpart C.

SECTION J – MONITORING FREQUENCY

1. At a minimum, biosolids or sludge shall be tested for volume and percent total solids on a frequency that will accurately represent sludge quantities produced and disposed. Please see the table below.

TABLE 5

T. I D LL C					
Biosolids or Sludge	Monitoring Frequency (See Notes 1, and 2)				
produced and disposed (Dry Tons per Year)	Metals, Pathogens and Vectors, Total Phosphorus, Total Potassium	Nitrogen TKN, Nitrogen PAN ¹	Priority Pollutants ²		
319 or less	1/year	1 per month	1/year		
320 to 1650	4/year	1 per month	1/year		
1651 to 16,500	6/year	1 per month	1/year		
16,501+	12/year	1 per month	1/year		

Calculate plant available nitrogen (PAN) when either of the following occurs: 1) when biosolids are greater than 50,000 mg/kg TN; or 2) when biosolids are land applied at an application rate greater than two dry tons per acre per year.

Note 1: Total solids: A grab sample of sludge shall be tested one per day during land application periods for percent total solids. This data shall be used to calculate the dry tons of sludge applied per acre.

Note 2: Table 5 is not applicable for incineration and permit holders that landfill their sludge.

- 2. Permittees that operate wastewater treatment lagoons, peak flow equalization basins, combined sewer overflow basins or biosolids or sludge lagoons that are cleaned out once a year or less, may choose to sample only when the biosolids or sludge is removed or the lagoon is closed. Test one composite sample for each 319 dry tons of biosolids or sludge removed from the lagoon during the reporting year or during lagoon closure. Composite sample must represent various areas at one-foot depth.
- 3. Additional testing may be required in the special conditions or other sections of the permit.
- 4. Biosolids and sludge monitoring shall be conducted in accordance with federal regulation 40 CFR § 503.8, Sampling and analysis.

SECTION K - RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The permittee shall maintain records on file at the facility for at least five years for the items listed in Standard Conditions PART III and any additional items in the Special Conditions section of this permit. This shall include dates when the biosolids or sludge facility is checked for proper operation, records of maintenance and repairs and other relevant information.
- 2. Reporting period
 - a. By February 19th of each year, applicable facilities shall submit an annual report for the previous calendar year period for all mechanical wastewater treatment facilities, sludge lagoons, and biosolids or sludge disposal facilities.
 - b. Permittees with wastewater treatment lagoons shall submit the above annual report only when biosolids or sludge are removed from the lagoon during the report period or when the lagoon is closed.
- 3. Report Form. The annual report shall be prepared on report forms provided by the Department or equivalent forms approved by the Department.
- 4. Reports shall be submitted as follows:
 - Major facilities, which are those serving 10,000 persons or more or with a design flow equal to or greater than 1 million gallons per day or that are required to have an approved pretreatment program, shall report to both the Department and EPA if the facility land applied, disposed of biosolids by surface disposal, or operated a sewage sludge incinerator. All other facilities shall maintain their biosolids or sludge records and keep them available to Department personnel upon request. State reports shall be submitted to the address listed as follows:

DNR regional or other applicable office listed in the permit (see cover letter of permit)

² Priority pollutants (40 CFR 122.21, Appendix D, Tables II and III) are required only for permit holders that must have a pre-treatment program. Monitoring requirements may be modified and incorporated into the operating permit by the Department on a case-by-case basis.

Reports to EPA must be electronically submitted online via the Central Data Exchange at: https://cdx.epa.gov/ Additional information is available at: https://www.epa.gov/biosolids/compliance-and-annual-reporting-guidance-about-clean-water-act-laws

- 5. Annual report contents. The annual report shall include the following:
 - a. Biosolids and sludge testing performed. If testing was conducted at a greater frequency than what is required by the permit, all test results must be included in the report.
 - b. Biosolids or sludge quantity shall be reported as dry tons for the quantity produced and/or disposed.
 - c. Gallons and % solids data used to calculate the dry ton amounts.
 - d. Description of any unusual operating conditions.
 - e. Final disposal method, dates, and location, and person responsible for hauling and disposal.
 - This must include the name and address for the hauler and sludge facility. If hauled to a municipal
 wastewater treatment facility, sanitary landfill, or other approved treatment facility, give the name of that
 facility.
 - ii. Include a description of the type of hauling equipment used and the capacity in tons, gallons, or cubic feet.

f. Contract Hauler Activities:

If using a contract hauler, provide a copy of a signed contract from the contractor. Permittee shall require the contractor to supply information required under this permit for which the contractor is responsible. The permittee shall submit a signed statement from the contractor that he has complied with the standards contained in this permit, unless the contract hauler has a separate biosolids or sludge use permit.

g. Land Application Sites:

- i. Report the location of each application site, the annual and cumulative dry tons/acre for each site, and the landowners name and address. The location for each spreading site shall be given as alegal description for nearest 1/4, 1/4, Section, Township, Range, and county, or UTM coordinates. The facility shall report PAN when either of the following occurs: 1) When biosolids are greater than 50,000 mg/kgTN; or 2) when biosolids are land applied at an application rate greater than two dry tons per acre per year.
- ii. If the "Low Metals" criteria are exceeded, report the annual and cumulative pollutant loading rates in pounds per acre for each applicable pollutant, and report the percent of cumulative pollutant loading which has been reached at each site.
- iii. Report the method used for compliance with pathogen and vector attraction requirements.
- iv. Report soil test results for pH and phosphorus. If no soil was tested during the year, report the last date when tested and the results.



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

FORM B2 – APPLICATION FOR OPERATING PERMIT FOR FACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW MORE THAN 100,000 GALLONS PER DAY

Easle Sky of the Ozarks	
PERMIT NO.	COUNTY
MO-0135658	Wayne
APPLICATION OVERVIEW	

Form B2 has been developed in a modular format and consists of Parts A, B and C and a Supplemental Application Information (Parts D, E, F and G) packet. All applicants must complete Parts A, B and C. Some applicants must also complete parts of the Supplemental Application Information packet. The following items explain which parts of Form B2 you must complete. Submittal of an incomplete application may result in the application being returned.

BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION

- A. Basic application information for all applicants. All applicants must complete Part A.
- В. Additional application information for all applicants. All applicants must complete Part B.
- C. Certification. All applicants must complete Part C.

SUPPLEMENTAL APPLICATION INFORMATION

- Expanded Effluent Testing Data. A treatment works that discharges effluent to surface water of the United States and meets one or more of the following criteria must complete Part D - Expanded Effluent Testing Data:
 - Has a design flow rate greater than or equal to 1 million gallons per day.
 - 2. Is required to have or currently has a pretreatment program.
 - Is otherwise required by the permitting authority to provide the information.
- Toxicity Testing Data. A treatment works that meets one or more of the following criteria must complete Part E -Toxicity Testing Data:
 - Has a design flow rate greater than or equal to 1 million gallons per day.
 - Is required to have or currently has a pretreatment program.
 - Is otherwise required by the permitting authority to provide the information.
- Industrial User Discharges and Resource Conservation and Recovery Act / Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act Wastes. A treatment works that accepts process wastewater from any significant industrial users, also known as SIUs, or receives a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act or CERCLA wastes must complete Part F - Industrial User Discharges and Resource Conservation and Recovery Act /CERCLA Wastes.

SIUs are defined as:

- All Categorical Industrial Users, or CIUs, subject to Categorical Pretreatment Standards under 40 Code of Federal Regulations 403.6 and 40 Code of Federal Regulations 403.6 and 40 CFR Chapter 1, Subchapter N.
- Any other industrial user that meets one or more of the following:
 - Discharges an average of 25,000 gallons per day or more of process wastewater to the treatment works (with certain exclusions).
 - Contributes a process waste stream that makes up 5% or more of the average dry weather hydraulic or organic capacity of the treatment plant.
 - iii. Is designated as an SIU by the control authority.
 - Is otherwise required by the permitting authority to provide the information.
- Combined Sewer Systems. A treatment works that has a combined sewer system must complete Part G -Combined Sewer Systems.

RECEIVED

ΔΙΙ	APPI	ICANTS	MUST	COMPLE	TE PARTS	AR	and C
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MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

FORM B2 - APPLICATION FOR AN OPERATING PERMIT FOR FACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW MORE THAN 100,000 GALLONS PER DAY

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FOR	ΔG	FNCY	ī

USE ONLY CHECK NUMBER

DATE RECEIVED	FEE SUBMITTED
0 25 21	0

JET PAY OONFIRMATION NUMBER

PART A – BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION					
1. THIS APPLICATION IS FOR:					
An operating permit for a new or unpermitted facility. (Include completed Antidegradation Review or request to conduct an Antidegradation Review, see instructions) An operating permit renewal: Permit #MO- o 13√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√					
An operating permit modification: Permit #MO Reason:					
1.1 Is the appropriate fee included with the application (see instructions for appropriate fee)?	YES	□NO			
2. FACILITY					
NAME E 1 S1 C i 1 A 1	TELEPHONE NUMBER				
Lask Sky of the Ozarks ADDRESS (PHYSICAL) 1 Eask Sky Or. Piedmont	573-287-3	ZIP CODE			
I E 1. St. On Piedmant	MO	63957			
2.1 LEGAL DESCRIPTION (Facility Site): Sec. 11 , T. A.W., R 04=	COUNTY				
2.2 UTM Coordinates Easting (X): <u>ว/ฯ3/</u> ว Northing (Y): <u>ฯม</u> วธราย	Wayr	18			
For Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 15 North referenced to North American De	atum 1983 (NAD8	3)			
2.3 Name of receiving stream: Tributary to Clark Creek					
2.4 Number of Outfalls: O wastewater outfalls: stormwater outfalls: ins	tream monitoring	sites:			
3. OWNER					
NAME Easle Sky of the Ozark EMAIL ADDRESS	573-287-	_			
ADDRESS Eagle Sky Or Piechmont	MO	63957			
3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to Public Notice?					
Are you a Publically Owned Treatment Works (POTW)? ☐ YES 【 NO If yes, is the Financial Questionnaire attached? See: https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/	780-2511-f.ndf				
3.3 Are you a Privately Owned Treatment Facility? ✓ YES ☐ NO	100 2011 1190.				
3.4 Are you a Privately Owned Treatment Facility regulated by the Public Service Commission	(PSC)?	ON 💢 G			
4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY					
NAME Fack Sky of the Ozanks Email Address	573-387-	3,288			
Lask Sky of the Ozarks 1 Eask Sky Da Piechmont	STATE MO	63957			
If the Continuing Authority is different than the Owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement.	ween the two parti	es and a			
5. OPERATOR					
NAME // TITLE	CERTIFICATE NUMBER	R (IF APPLICABLE)			
EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE	9056				
kevins Deashsky, camp 573-287-3330					
6. FACILITY CONTACT					
NAME // C / C / C / C					
Kevin Seal Chief Operato EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA					
Kevins @ easlesky.comp 573-287-333		L ZID CODE			
1 Each Sky Or, RECEIVED Piedmont	MO STATE	ZIP CODE 63957 Page 2			

FACILITY NAME + 1 C 1	PERMIT NO.	OUTFALL NO.
Eagle Dky of the Oracles	MO-0135758	
PART A - BASIC APPLICATION INFORMA	ATION	

7. FACILITY INFORMATION

7.1 Process Flow Diagram or Schematic. Provide a diagram showing the processes of the treatment plant. Show all of the treatment units, including disinfection (e.g. – Chlorination and Dechlorination), influents, and outfalls. Specify where samples are taken. Indicate any treatment process changes in the routing of wastewater during dry weather and peak wet weather. Include a brief narrative description of the diagram.
Attach sheets as necessary.

Inlet

Days for land Application

Lasoon

FACILITY	YNAME T. I Sky of H. Oz. K. PERMIT NO.	OUTFA	LL NO.		
PART A - BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION					
7.	FACILITY INFORMATION (continued)				
7.2					
7.3	Number of people presently connected or population equivalent (P.E.): 20	_	Design P.E. 300	<u>0</u>	
7.4	Connections to the facility: Number of units presently connected: 24 Residential: 24 Commercial: Industrial				
7.5	Design Flow 300, 000 Actual Flow 3,000	<i>O</i>			
7.6					
7.7	7.7 Is industrial wastewater discharged to the facility? If yes, describe the number and types of industries that discharge to your facility. Attach sheets as necessary Refer to the APPLICATION OVERVIEW to determine whether additional information is needed for Part F.				
7.8	Does the facility accept or process leachate from landfills?	Yes 🗌	No 🔀		
7.9	Is wastewater land applied? If yes, please attach Form I See: https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-1686-f.pdf	Yes 🗷	No 🗆		
7.10	Does the facility discharge to a losing stream or sinkhole?	Yes 🗌	No 🛣		
7.11	Has a wasteload allocation study been completed for this facility?	Yes 🗌	No 🛛		
8.	LABORATORY CONTROL INFORMATION				
	LABORATORY WORK CONDUCTED BY PLANT PERSONNEL Lab work conducted outside of plant. Push-button or visual methods for simple test such as pH, settleable solids. Additional procedures such as Dissolved Oxygen, Chemical Oxygen Demand, Oxygen Demand, titrations, solids, volatile content. More advanced determinations such as BOD seeding procedures, fecal colifor nutrients, total oils, phenols, etc. Highly sophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chron	m,	Yes	No XI No XI No XI No XI No XI	



FACILITY NAME	Eagle Sky of the Orack MO-013563	58	OUTFALL NO.		
PART A – BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION					
	DGE HANDLING, USE AND DISPOSAL				
9.1 Is th	e sludge a hazardous waste as defined by 10 CSR	25? Yes 🗌	No 🔀		
9.2 Slud	ge production (Including sludge received from othe	rs): Design Dry Tons/Yea	ar SI Actual Dry Tons/Year NA-		
9.3 Sluc	ge storage provided: Cubic feet; Day	ys of storage; Ave	rage percent solids of sludge;		
1	lo sludge storage is provided. 🔀 Sludge is stored	in lagoon.			
9.4 Тур	e of storage:	☐ Building ☑ Lagoon ☐ Other (Des	scribe)		
9.5 Slud	ge Treatment:				
	naerobic Digester	☐ Lime Stabilization ☐ Composting	Lagoon ☐ Other (Attach Description)		
9.6 Slud	ge use or disposal:				
	and Application ☐ Contract Hauler ☐ Ha ourface Disposal (Sludge Disposal Lagoon, Sludge Other (Attach Explanation Sheet)	auled to Another Treatme Held For More Than Two			
9.7 Pers	on responsible for hauling sludge to disposal facilit By Applicant By Others (complete below)				
NAME			MAIL ADDRESS		
			STATE ZIP CODE		
ADDRESS		CITY	STATE ZIP CODE		
CONTACT PER	SON 1	ELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA C	CODE PERMIT NO.		
			МО-		
	dge use or disposal facility:]By Applicant 囗 By Others (Complete below)				
NAME	1 by Applicant		MAIL ADDRESS		
ADDRESS		DITY	STATE ZIP CODE		
CONTACT PER	SON 1	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA (CODE PERMIT NO.		
			MO-		
9.9 Do	es the sludge or biosolids disposal comply with Fed]Yes ☐ No (Explain)	leral Sludge Regulation 4			
	EN	D OF PART A			
780-1805 (10-			Page 5		

FACILI*	TYNAME 151 (11)	PERMIT NO.		OUTFALL NO.	
DAD	Eagle Sky of the Occik TB-ADDITIONAL APPLICATION INF	MO- 0135758			
10.	COLLECTION SYSTEM	ORIVIATION			
10.1	Are there any municipal satellite colle	ction systems connected	to this facility?	Yes 🗶 I	No
. • . •	If yes, please list all connected to this				
		raomty, contact priorie ni		14000	LENGTH OF SYSTEM
FAC	LITY		CONTACT PHON	IE NUMBER	(FEET OR MILES)
		0.11.00.40			
			1		t miles
10.2	Length of sanitary sewer collection sy			satellite collectio	n systems) miles
10.3	Does significant infiltration occur in the lf yes, briefly explain any steps unde		Yes 🔀 No	on:	
	ii yes, bheny explain arry steps unde	iway or plainted to millin	nzo mnow and mniudu	O11.	
ı					
11.	BYPASSING				
	s any bypassing occur anywhere in the	collection system or at th	e treatment facility?	Yes 🗌 No 🔀	
If yes	s, explain:				
			D 1 0 7 0 7 (0)		
12.	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE F				
Are	any operational or maintenance aspects	(related to wastewater t	reatment and effluent o	quality) of the tre	eatment works the
resp Yes	onsibility of the contractor? ☐ No 【█				
	s, list the name, address, telephone nui	mber and status of each	contractor and describ	e the contractor	's responsibilities.
(Atta	ich additional pages if necessary.)				,
NAME					1000
MAN!	IG ADDRESS				
WAILIF	ADDITEOU				
TELER	PHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE	I	EMAIL ADDRESS		
REGD	ONSIBILITIES OF CONTRACTOR				
NEOP	CHOIDETTEC OF CONTINUED				
13.	SCHEDULED IMPROVEMENTS AN	D SCHEDULES OF IMP	LEMENTATION		
Prov	ride information about any uncompleted	implementation schedul	e or uncompleted plan	s for improveme	nts that will affect the
wastewater treatment, effluent quality, or design capacity of the treatment works. If the treatment works has several different implementation schedules or is planning several improvements, submit separate responses for each.					
Impl	ementation schedules of is planning sev	verai improvements, subi	mit separate responses	s ioi each.	
790	1805 (10-20)				Page 6
/ OU-	1000 (10-20)				· - 3

FACILITY NAME			PERMIT NO. OUTFALL NO. MO-						
PART B - ADDITIO	NAL APPL	ICATION INF			1.404	1			
14. EFFLUENT T									
Applicants must prov through which efflureported must be bacomply with QA/QC not addressed by 40 more than four and oidx?SID=2d29852e2	ient is disc sed on data requiremen CFR Part f one-half yea	charged. Do a collected th ts of 40 CFR 136. At a min ars apart. See	not include in rough analysi Part 136 and imum, effluen e 40 CFR 136	formation of s conducted tother approte t testing da s.3 for suffic	f combined sed using 40 CF opriate QA/Q0 ta must be bailently sensitive	ewer overflows in R Part 136 method of the Requirements are on at least the methods: http.	n this section nods. In add for standard three samp	n. All info ition, this methods les and r	rmation data must s for analytes nust be no
Outfall Number									
DADA	METED		MAXIM	IUM DAILY	VALUE	A'	VERAGE DA	AILY VAL	UE
PARA	METER		Val	Value Units Valu			Units	Numb	er of Samples
pH (Minimum)					S.U.		S.U.		
pH (Maximum)					S.U.		S.U.		
Flow Rate					MGD		MGD		
*For pH report a min	imum and a	a maximum o	daily value						
			IM DAILY IARGE	AVERA	GE DAILY DI	SCHARGE	ANALYT	TICAL	NAL /NAIDI
POLLUTAN		Conc.	Units	Conc.	Units	Number of Samples	METH	METHOD ML/MDL	
Conventional and No	onconventio	nal Compou	ınds						
BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN	BOD₅		mg/L		mg/L				
DEMAND (Report One)	CBOD₅		mg/L		mg/L				
E. COLI			#/100 mL		#/100 mL				
TOTAL SUSPENDE SOLIDS (TSS)			mg/L		mg/L				
TOTAL PHOSPHOR	RUS		mg/L		mg/L				
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN			mg/L		mg/L				
NITRITES + NITRA	ΓES		mg/L		mg/L				
AMMONIA AS N			mg/L		mg/L				
CHLORINE* (TOTAL RESIDUAL	, TRC)		mg/L		mg/L				
DISSOLVED OXYG	EN		mg/L		mg/L			Luurerata	
OIL and GREASE			mg/L		mg/L				
OTHER:			mg/L		mg/L				
*Report only if facilit	y chlorinate	:S							
ACRES OF STATE OF STA		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		END OF P	ART B				

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FACILITY NAME PERMIT NO.	OUTFALL NO.							
Eagle Sky of the Orack MO-0135858								
PART C - CERTIFICATION								
15. ELECTRONIC DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT								
and monitoring shall be submitted by the permittee via an ele	in System (NPDES) Electronic Reporting Rule, reporting of effluent limits ctronic system to ensure a timely, complete, accurate, and nationally-hecked in order for this application to be considered complete. Visit be department's eDMR system and how to register.							
☐ I will register an account online to participate in the depar Management (MoGEM) before any reporting is due, in co	I will register an account online to participate in the department's eDMR system through the Missouri Gateway for Environmental Management (MoGEM) before any reporting is due, in compliance with the Electronic Reporting Rule.							
🔀 I have already registered an account online to participate	🐧 I have already registered an account online to participate in the department's eDMR system through MoGEM.							
☐ I have submitted a written request for a waiver from elect	ronic reporting. See instructions for further information regarding waivers.							
$\ \ \square$ The permit I am applying for does not require the submiss	sion of discharge monitoring reports.							
6. JETPAY								
Permit fees may be payed online by credit card or eCheck thand make an online payment.	rough a system called JetPay. Use the URL provided to access JetPay							
Construction Permits: https://magic.collectorsolutions.col	New Site Specific Permit: https://magic.collectorsolutions.com/magic-ui/payments/mo-natural-resources/591/ Modification Fee: https://magic.collectorsolutions.com/magic-ui/payments/mo-natural-resources/592/							
17. CERTIFICATION								
All applicants must complete the Certification Section. This certification must be signed by an officer of the company or city official. All applicants must complete all applicable sections as explained in the Application Overview. By signing this certification statement, applicants confirm that they have reviewed the entire form and have completed all sections that apply to the facility for which this application is submitted.								
ALL APPLICANTS MUST COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING	CERTIFICATION.							
with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel pro inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and be	certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my nquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant benalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.							
PRINTED NAME	OFFICIAL TITLE (MUST BE AN OFFICER OF THE COMPANY OR CITY OFFICIAL)							
SIGNATURE SIGNATURE	Director of Operations							
TELEPHONE NUMBER WITHAREA CODE								
\$73-287-3279								
DATE SIGNED //) - /2 -2/								
Upon request of the permitting authority, you must submit an	y other information necessary to assess wastewater treatment practices							
at the treatment works or identify appropriate permitting requ								
Send Completed Form to: <u>cleanwate</u>	erpermits@dnr.mo.gov OR							
Denartme	nt of Natural Resources							
	Protection Program							
	ermits and Engineering Section							
	P.O. Box 176 City, MO 65102-0176							
El	ND OF PART C TERMINE WHICH PARTS OF FORM B2 YOU MUST COMPLETE.							
Do not complete the remainder of this application, unless at	The second secon							
 Your facility design flow is equal to or great 	ter than 1,000,000 gallons per day.							
2. Your facility is a pretreatment treatment w	orks.							
3. Your facility is a combined sewer system.								

Submittal of an incomplete application may result in the application being returned. Permit fees for returned applications shall be forfeited. Permit fees for applications being processed by the department that are withdrawn by the applicant shall be forfeited.

780-1805 (10-20)

MAKE ADDITIONAL CO	PIES O	F THIS F			OUTFAL	L					
FACILITY NAME		-	PERMI MO-	T NO.				OUTFAL	OUTFALL NO.		
PART D - EXPANDED	EFFLUE	NT TEST		·A				L			
18. EXPANDED EFF											
Refer to the APPLICATION	ON OVE	RVIEW to	determi	ne wheth	er Part D	applies t	o the treat	ment wor	ks.		
If the treatment works had otherwise required by the Provide the indicated eff of combined sewer over sensitive methods found idx?SID=2d29852e2dcd QA/QC requirements of by 40 CFR Part 136. At four and one-half years pany additional data for pattached documents cor	e permitt luent tes flows in the in 40 CF f91badc0 40 CFR haminimum prior to the collutants	ing autho ting inforr his sectio FR Part 1: 043bd5fc3 Part 136 a um, efflue ne date of not speci	rity to promation form. All info n. All info 36. See 48d4df&mo and other of the pern fically list	ovide the reach of commation to CFR 1 control of the control of th	data, the utfall throuse reported 36.3 for some seed to describe the bases ation subs	n provide bugh wh must be sufficiently 0.25.136 QC require sed on at mittal. In	e effluent to ich efflue based on y sensitive 13&rgn=c ements fo least thre the blank	esting dat nt is disc data colle methods liv8. In ac r standarc e polluta rows prov	a for the folk charged. Do cted and and the https://www ddition, all da methods fo nt scans an ided at the e	owing pollutants on the include info alyzed using sufaced using sufaced in the include include in the include include in the i	ormation ificiently n/text- with ddressed ore than clude
Outfall Number (Comple											
		IUM DAIL	1				E DAILY [ANALYTICAL	ML/MDL
POLLUTANT	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	No. of Samples	METHOD	IVIL/IVIDL
METALS (TOTAL RECOV	ERABLE)	, CYANIDI	E, PHENC	LS AND	HARDNES	S					
ALUMINUM											
ANTIMONY											
ARSENIC											
BERYLLIUM											
CADMIUM											
CHROMIUM III											
CHROMIUM VI											
COPPER										100-21-0	
IRON											
LEAD											
MERCURY											
NICKEL											
SELENIUM					<u> </u>						
SILVER											
THALLIUM											
ZINC											
CYANIDE											
TOTAL PHENOLIC COMPOUNDS					,						
HARDNESS (as CaCO ₃)											
VOLATILE ORGANIC CO	MPOUND	S									
ACROLEIN											
ACRYLONITRILE											
BENZENE											
BROMOFORM											
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE 780-1805 (10-20)										P	age 9

FACILITY NAME			PERMI MO-	PERMIT NO. OUTFALL NO.			LL NO.				
PART D EXPANDED	EFFLUE	NT TEST		TA							
18. EXPANDED EFF											
Complete Once for Eac				ent to Wa	ters of the	State					
	MAXIM	1UM DAIL	Y DISCHARGE AVERAGE DAILY DISCHARGE					RGE	ANALYTICAL		
POLLUTANT	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	No. of Samples	METHOD	ML/MDL
CHLOROBENZENE											
CHLORODIBROMO- METHANE											
CHLOROETHANE											
2-CHLORO-ETHYLVINYL ETHER											
CHLOROFORM											
DICHLOROBROMO- METHANE											
1,1-DICHLORO-ETHANE											
1,2-DICHLORO-ETHANE											
TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE											
1,1-DICHLORO- ETHYLENE											
1,2-DICHLORO-PROPANE											
1,3-DICHLORO- PROPYLENE											
ETHYLBENZENE											
METHYL BROMIDE											
METHYL CHLORIDE											
METHYLENE CHLORIDE											
1,1,2,2-TETRA- CHLOROETHANE											
TETRACHLOROETHYLEN E											
TOLUENE											
1,1,1-TRICHLORO- ETHANE											
1,1,2-TRICHLORO- ETHANE											
TRICHLOROETHYLENE											
VINYL CHLORIDE											
ACID-EXTRACTABLE C	OMPOUN	DS								···	
P-CHLORO-M-CRESOL											
2-CHLOROPHENOL											
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL											
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL											
4,6-DINITRO-O-CRESOL											
2,4-DINITROPHENOL											
2-NITROPHENOL											
4-NITROPHENOL											Dame 40
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FACILITY NAME			PERMI	T NO.		- 1177.73		OUTFA	ALL NO.		
PART D – EXPANDED EFFLUENT TESTING DATA											
18. EXPANDED EFF				IA			,				
Complete Once for Eac				ent to Wa	ters of the	State					
Complete Office for Eac	···	1UM DAIL			1		E DAILY	DISCHAF	RGE		
POLLUTANT	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	No. of Samples	ANALYTICAL METHOD	ML/MDL
PENTACHLOROPHENOL											
PHENOL											
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL											
BASE-NEUTRAL COMPO	OUNDS										
ACENAPHTHENE											
ACENAPHTHYLENE											
ANTHRACENE											
BENZIDINE											
BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE											
BENZO(A)PYRENE											
3,4-BENZO- FLUORANTHENE								,			
BENZO(GH) PHERYLENE											
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE											
BIS (2-CHLOROTHOXY) METHANE											
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) – ETHER											
BIS (2-CHLOROISO- PROPYL) ETHER											
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE											
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER											
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE											
2-CHLORONAPH- THALENE											
4-CHLORPHENYL PHENYL ETHER											
CHRYSENE											
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE											
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE											
DIBENZO (A,H) ANTHRACENE											
1,2-DICHLORO-BENZENE											
1,3-DICHLORO-BENZENE						1					
1,4-DICHLORO-BENZENE											
3,3-DICHLORO- BENZIDINE			4								
DIETHYL PHTHALATE											
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE											

FACILITY NAME			PERMIT MO-	NO.				OUTFAL	L NO.		
PART D - EXPANDED E	FFLUEN	T TESTIN	NG DATA	\							
18. EXPANDED EFFL	UENT TE	STING [DATA								
Complete Once for Each										I	
		IUM DAIL	T		<u> </u>		E DAILY		1	ANALYTICAL	ML/MDL
POLLUTANT	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	No. of Samples	METHOD	IVIC/IVIDC
2,4-DINITRO-TOLUENE											
2,6-DINITRO-TOLUENE											
1,2-DIPHENYL-HYDRAZINE											
FLUORANTHENE											
FLUORENE											
HEXACHLOROBENZENE											
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE											
HEXACHLOROCYCLO- PENTADIENE											
HEXACHLOROETHANE											
INDENO (1,2,3-CD) PYRENE											
ISOPHORONE											
NAPHTHALENE											
NITROBENZENE											
N-NITROSODI- PROPYLAMINE											
N-NITROSODI- METHYLAMINE											
N-NITROSODI- PHENYLAMINE											
PHENANTHRENE											
PYRENE											
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE											
Use this space (or a sepa	arate she	et) to pro	vide infor	mation o	n other po	ollutants	not specif	ically list	ed in this for	m.	
				E	ND OF P	ART D		TO OF :	CODM DO Y	OU MUST COM	DI ETE
REFER TO THE API	PLICATION	ON OVER	EVIEW TO	O DETER	MINE W	HICH OT	HER PAI	KIS OF I	OKM B2 YO	JU MUST COM	PLETE.

MAKE ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THIS FORM	FOR EACH OUTFALL							
FACILITY NAME P	ERMIT NO. 10-							
PART E - TOXICITY TESTING DATA								
19. TOXICITY TESTING DATA								
Refer to the APPLICATION OVERVIEW to dete	rmine whether Part E applies to t	the treatment	works.					
Publicly owned treatment works, or POTWs, me tests for acute or chronic toxicity for each of the A. POTWs with a design flow rate great. B. POTWs with a pretreatment program C. POTWs required by the permitting au • At a minimum, these results must species (minimum of two species prior to the application, provided ton the range of receiving water di information reported must be bas addition, this data must comply we standard methods for analytes not life EPA methods were not used, reall of the information requested be complete Part E. Refer to the approximation of the second complete Part E. Refer to the second control of the information requested be complete.	eting one or more of the followin facility's discharge points. er than or equal to 1 million gallo (or those that are required to ha athority to submit data for these princlude quarterly testing for a 12), or the results from four tests per he results show no appreciable to lution. Do not include informationed on data collected through analytic QA/QC requirements of 40 Clot addressed by 40 CFR Part 136 apport the reason for using alternatelow, they may be submitted in p	g criteria mus ns per day. ve one under varameters. 2-month perior erformed at le toxicity, and te n about combis slysis conduct FR Part 136 a 5. titive methods.	t provide the result 40 CFR Part 403 d within the past ast annually in the esting for acute or ned sewer overfled using 40 CFR and other appropriate of the est summaries. If test summaries are the company to the est summaries are the company to the est summaries.	one year using multiple e four and one-half years r chronic toxicity, depending ows in this section. All Part 136 methods. In iate QA/QC requirements for s are available that contain ring data is required, do not				
Indicate the number of whole effluent toxicity test Complete the following chart for the last three								
three tests are being reported.	mileta amadin textorily tooler 7	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	po. tooop					
	Most Recent	2 ND Mo	ost Recent	3 RD Most Recent				
A. Test Information								
Test Method Number								
Final Report Number								
Outfall Number								
Dates Sample Collected								
Date Test Started								
Duration								
B. Toxicity Test Methods Followed								
Manual Title								
Edition Number and Year of Publication								
Page Number(s)								
C. Sample collection method(s) used. For mult	ple grab samples, indicate the n	umber of grat	samples used					
24-Hour Composite		T	,					
Grab								
D. Indicate where the sample was taken in relat	ion to disinfection (Check all tha	at apply for ea	ch)					
Before Disinfection	T _D	10						
After Disinfection								
After Dechlorination								
E. Describe the point in the treatment process a				1				
Sample Was Collected:								
F. Indicate whether the test was intended to as	sess chronic toxicity, acute toxici	tv. or both						
Chronic Toxicity		Т <u>П</u>						
Acute Toxicity	 	lä –						
G. Provide the type of test performed								
Static	П			П				
Static-renewal	1							
Flow-through	1 🖁							
H. Source of dilution water. If laboratory water,	specify type: if receiving water is	necify source		1				
Laboratory Water	T							
Receiving Water			All and the second seco					
				<u></u>				

FACILITY NAME	PERMIT NO.	OUTFALL NO.	- Control of the Cont
	MO-		
PART E – TOXICITY TESTING DATA			
19. TOXICITY TESTING DATA (continue	d)		
	Most Recent	Second Most Recent	Third Most Recent
I. Type of dilution water. If salt water, specif	y "natural" or type of artificial sea	a salts or brine used.	
Fresh Water			
Salt Water			
J. Percentage of effluent used for all concen	trations in the test series		
K. Parameters measured during the test (Sta	te whether parameter meets tes	t method specifications)	
pH			LEUWANA.
Salinity			
Temperature			
Ammonia			
Dissolved Oxygen			
L. Test Results			
Acute:	I	<u> </u>	
Percent Survival in 100% Effluent			
LC ₅₀			
95% C.I.			
Control Percent Survival			
Other (Describe)			
Chronic:			
NOEC			
IC ₂₅ Control Percent Survival			
Other (Describe)			
M. Quality Control/ Quality Assurance Is reference toxicant data available?			
Was reference toxicant test within			
acceptable bounds?			
What date was reference toxicant test run (MM/DD/YYYY)?			
Other (Describe)			
Is the treatment works involved in a toxicity re	eduction evaluation?	ll es □ No	
If yes, describe:	eduction evaluation?	es 🗆 140	
ii yes, describe.			
If you have submitted biomonitoring test infor	mation or information regarding	the cause of toxicity, within the	nast four and one-half
years, provide the dates the information was	submitted to the permitting author	prity and a summary of the resu	ults.
Date Submitted (MM/DD/YYYY)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Summary of Results (See Instructions)			
- Immery of the data (000 mondonorio)			
	END OF PART E		I WHET COMPLETE

REFER TO THE APPLICATION OVERVIEW TO DETERMINE WHICH OTHER PARTS OF FORM B2 YOU MUST COMPLETE.

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MAK	E ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THIS FOR	RM FOR EACH OUTFALL				
FACILIT	Y NAME	PERMIT NO. MO-		OUTFALL NO.		
PART	F – INDUSTRIAL USER DISCHARGE	S AND RCRA/CERCLA W	ASTES			
Refer	to the APPLICATION OVERVIEW to de	etermine whether Part F app	olies to the treatme	ent works.		
20.	GENERAL INFORMATION					
20.1	Does the treatment works have, or is i ☐ Yes ☐ No	t subject to, an approved pre	etreatment progra	m?		
20.2	Number of Significant Industrial Users types of industrial users that discharge Number of non-categorical SIUs Number of CIUs	e to the treatment works:				
21.	INDUSTRIES CONTRIBUTING MORE INDUSTRIAL USERS INFORMATION					
reque	ly the following information for each SIU ested for each, Submit additional pages		narges to the treat	ment works, provide	the inforn	nation
NAME						
MAILING	GADDRESS		CITY		STATE	ZIP CODE
21.1	Describe all of the industrial processes	s that affect or contribute to	the SIU's discharg	je		
21.2	Describe all of the principle processes	and raw materials that affe	ct or contribute to	the SIU's discharge.		
	Principal Product(s):					
	Raw Material(s):					
21.3	Flow Rate					
	a. PROCESS WASTEWATER FLOW collection system in gallons per dagpd	ay, or gpd, and whether the	discharge is conti			into the
	b. NON-PROCESS WASTEWATER F the collection system in gallons pe gpd	er day, or gpd, and whether	the discharge is c			discharged into
21.4	Pretreatment Standards. Indicate who	ether the SIU is subject to th	e following:			
	a. Local Limits	☐ Yes	□ No			
	b. Categorical Pretreatment Standar	ds Yes	□ No			
	If subject to categorical pretreatment s	standards, which category ar	nd subcategory?			
21.5	Problems at the treatment works attrib (e.g., upsets, interference) at the treat Yes No If Yes, describe each episode			SIU caused or contr	ibuted to	any problems

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MAK	E ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THIS FOR	RM FOR EACH OUTFALL	
FACILIT	TY NAME	PERMIT NO. MO-	OUTFALL NO.
PAR	T F – INDUSTRIAL USER DISCHARGI	ES AND RCRA/CERCLA WASTE	S
22.	RCRA HAZARDOUS WASTE RECEI	VED BY TRUCK, RAIL, OR DEDI	CATED PIPELINE
22.1	Does the treatment works receive or h pipe?		ed RCRA hazardous waste by truck, rail or dedicated
22.2	Method by which RCRA waste is recei	ived. (Check all that apply) ☐ Rail ☐ Dedicate	ed Pipe
22.3	Waste Description		
	EPA Hazardous Waste Number	Amount (volume or mas	ss) Units
23.	CERCLA (SUPERFUND) WASTEWA REMEDIAL ACTIVITY WASTEWATE	TER, RCRA REMEDIATION/COR ER	RECTIVE ACTION WASTEWATER, AND OTHER
23.1	Does the treatment works currently (or Yes	□ No	
	Provide a list of sites and the requeste		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
23.2	Waste Origin. Describe the site and ty to originate in the next five years).	pe of facility at which the CERCLA	VRCRA/or other remedial waste originates (or is expected
	to originate in the flext live years).		
23.3	List the hazardous constituents that ar	re received (or are expected to be	received). Included data on volume and concentration, if
	known. (Attach additional sheets if ne		,
23.4	Waste Treatment		
	a. Is this waste treated (or will it be tre	eated) prior to entering the treatme	nt works?
	If yes, describe the treatment (pro	ovide information about the remova	al efficiency):
	17 yee, accessed the treatment (p. 1		O
	b. Is the discharge (or will the discharge) Continuous	ge be) continuous or intermittent?	
	If intermittent, describe the discha	_	
	a mornatorit, describe the disort	argo sorioddio.	
		END OF PART F	
DEEL	ED TO THE ADDITION OVERVIEW		R PARTS OF FORM R2 YOU MUST COMPLETE

REFER TO THE APPLICATION OVERVIEW TO DETERMINE WHICH OTHER PARTS OF FORM B2 YOU MUST COMPLETE.

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MAK	E ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THIS FORM FOR EACH OUTFALL						
FACILIT	Y NAME PERMIT NO. OUTFALL NO.						
DAD.	MO-						
 	G - COMBINED SEWER SYSTEMS						
	to the APPLICATION OVERVIEW to determine whether Part G applies to the treatment works.						
24.	GENERAL INFORMATION						
24.1	System Map. Provide a map indicating the following: (May be included with basic application information.) A. All CSO Discharges.						
	 A. All CSO Discharges. B. Sensitive Use Areas Potentially Affected by CSOs. (e.g., beaches, drinking water supplies, shellfish beds, sensitive 						
	aquatic ecosystems and Outstanding Natural Resource Waters.)						
	C. Waters that Support Threatened and Endangered Species Potentially Affected by CSOs.						
24.2	System Diagram. Provide a diagram, either in the map provided above or on a separate drawing, of the Combined Sewer						
	Collection System that includes the following information:						
	 A. Locations of Major Sewer Trunk Lines, Both Combined and Separate Sanitary. B. Locations of Points where Separate Sanitary Sewers Feed into the Combined Sewer System. 						
	C. Locations of In-Line or Off-Line Storage Structures.						
	D. Locations of Flow-Regulating Devices.						
24.2	E. Locations of Pump Stations.						
24.3	Percent of collection system that is combined sewer						
24.4	Population served by combined sewer collection system						
25.	24.5 Name of any satellite community with combined sewer collection system						
25. 25.1	CSO OUTFALLS. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ONCE FOR EACH CSO DISCHARGE POINT Description of Outfall						
25.1	a. Outfall Number						
	b. Location						
	c. Distance from Shore (if applicable) ft						
	d. Depth Below Surface (if applicable) ft						
	e. Which of the following were monitored during the last year for this CSO?						
	☐ Rainfall ☐ CSO Pollutant Concentrations ☐ CSO						
	☐ CSO Flow Volume ☐ Receiving Water Quality						
	f. How many storm events were monitored last year?						
25.2	CSO Events						
	a. Give the Number of CSO Events in the Last Year Events Actual Approximate						
	b. Give the Average Duration Per CSO Event Hours Approximate						
	c. Give the Average Volume Per CSO Event Million Gallons Actual Approximate						
	d. Give the minimum rainfall that caused a CSO event in the last year inches of rainfall						
25.3	Description of Receiving Waters						
	a. Name of Receiving Water						
	b. Name of Watershed/River/Stream System						
	c. U.S. Soil Conservation Service 14-Digit Watershed Code (If Known)						
	d. Name of State Management/River Basin						
25.4	e. U.S. Geological Survey 8- Digit Hydrologic Cataloging Unit Code (If Known) 25.4 CSC Operations						
Desc perm	25.4 CSO Operations Describe any known water quality impacts on the receiving water caused by this CSO (e.g., permanent or intermittent beach closings, permanent or intermittent shellfish bed closings, fish kills, fish advisories, other recreational loss, or violation of any applicable state water quality standard.)						
	END OF PART G						

REFER TO THE APPLICATION OVERVIEW TO DETERMINE WHICH OTHER PARTS OF FORM B2 YOU MUST COMPLETE.

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Page 1

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING FORM B2

APPLICATION FOR OPERATING PERMIT FOR FACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW MORE THAN 100,000 GALLONS PER DAY, Form 780-1805

(Facilities less than or equal to 100,000 gallons per day of domestic waste must use Form B, 780-1512.)

PART A - BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION

1. Check the appropriate box. **Do not check more than one item.** Operating permits refer to permits issued by the Department of Natural Resources, Water Protection Program. If an Antidegradation Review has not been conducted, submit the application located at the following link, to the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, Water Protection Program, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102: dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-1893-f.pdf.

1.1 Fees Information:

DOMESTIC OPERATING PERMIT FEES - PRIVATELY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS (Non-POTW)

Annual operating permit fees are based on flow.

 Annual fee/Design flow
 Annual fee/Design flow
 Annual fee/Design flow
 Annual fee/Design flow

 \$150......<5,000 gpd</td>
 \$1,000.....15,000-24,999 gpd
 \$4,000......100,000-249,999 gpd

 \$300......5,000-9,999 gpd
 \$1,500.....25,000-29,999 gpd
 \$5,000......≥250,000 gpd

 \$600......10,000-14,999 gpd
 \$3,000.....30,000-99,999 gpd

New domestic wastewater treatment facilities must submit the annual fee with the original application.

If the application is for a site-specific permit re-issuance, send no fees. You will be invoiced separately by the department on the anniversary date of the original permit. Permit fees must be current for the department to reissue the operating permit. Late fees of 2% per month are charged and added to outstanding annual fees.

PUBLICLY OWNED SEWER SYSTEM OPERATING PERMIT FEES (City, public sewer district, public water district, or other publicly owned treatment works that charge a service connection fee.) Annual fee is based on number of service connections. Fees listings are found in 10 CSR 20-6.011 which is available at

http://s1.sos.mo.gov/cmsimages/adrules/csr/current/10csr/10c20-6.pdf. New public sewer system facilities should not submit any fee as the department will invoice the permittee.

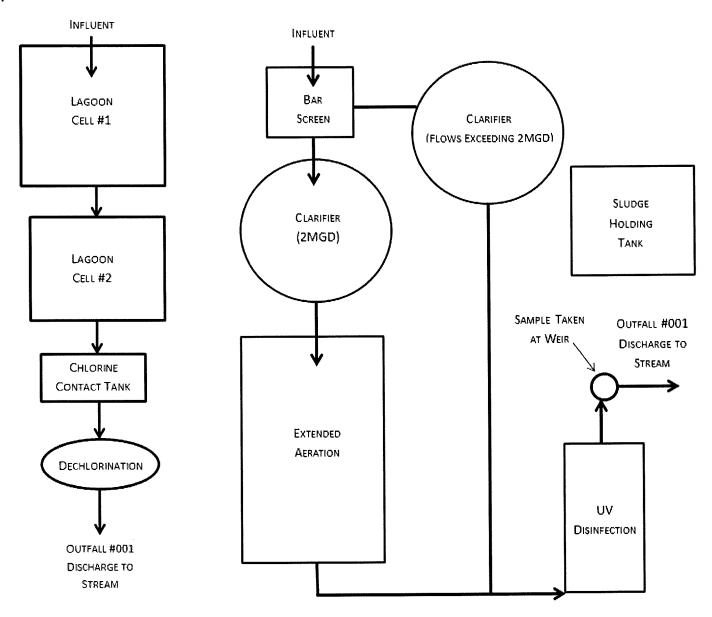
OPERATING PERMIT MODIFICATIONS, including transfers, are subject to the following fees:

- a. Operating permits that charge a service connection fee \$200 each.
- b. All other permits
 - (1) \$100 each for a minor modification (name changes, address changes, other non-substantive changes) or
 - (2) A fee equal to 25% of the facility's annual operating fee for a major modification.
- 2. Name of Facility Include the name by which this facility is locally known. Example: Southwest Sewage Treatment Plant, Country Club Mobile Home Park, etc. Provide the street address or location of the facility. If the facility lacks a street name or route number, provide the names of the closest intersection, highway, country road, etc.
- 2.1 Self-explanatory.
- 2.2 Global Positioning System, or GPS, is a satellite-based navigation system. The department prefers that a GPS receiver is used and the displayed coordinates submitted. If access to a GPS receiver is not available, use a mapping system to approximate the coordinates; the department's mapping system is available at https://modnr.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=1d81212e0854478ca0dae87c33c8c5ce.
- 2.3-2.4 Self-explanatory. For the No Exposure Certification for Exclusion Application: https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2828-f.pdf
- 3. Owner Provide the legal name, mailing address, phone number, and email address of the owner. The owner identified in this section and subsequently reflected on the certificate page of the operating permit, is the owner of the regulated activity/discharge being applied for and is not necessarily the owner of the real property on which the activity or discharge is occurring.
- 3.1 Prior to submitting a permit to public notice, the Department of Natural Resources shall provide the permit applicant 10 days to review the draft permit for nonsubstantive drafting errors. In the interest of expediting permit issuance, permit applicants may waive the opportunity to review draft permits prior to public notice.
- 3.2-3.4 Self-explanatory. See the following link for Financial Questionnaire: https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2511-f.pdf
- 4. Continuing Authority A continuing authority is a company, business, entity or person(s) that will be operating the facility and/or ensuring compliance with the permit requirements. A continuing authority is not, however, an entity or individual that is contractually hired by the permittee to sample or operate and maintain the system for a defined time period, such as a certified operator or analytical laboratory. To access the regulatory requirement regarding continuing authority, 10 CSR 20-6.010(2), please visit http://s1.sos.mo.gov/cmsimages/adrules/csr/current/10csr/10c20-6.pdf. If the continuing authority is not an individual(s), government, or otherwise required to register with the Missouri Secretary of State (SoS), then the business name must be listed exactly as it appears on the SoS's webpage:

 https://bsd.sos.mo.gov/BusinessEntity/BESearch.aspx?SearchType=0
- 5. Operator Provide the name, certificate number, title, mailing address, primary phone number, and email address of the operator of the facility.
- 6. Provide the name, title, mailing address, primary phone number, and email address of a person who is thoroughly familiar with the operation of the facility and with the facts reported in this application and who can be contacted by the department.

7.1 Process Flow Diagram Examples

Wastewater Treatment Lagoon Wastewater Treatment Facility



- 7.2 A map is available on the web at https://modnr.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=1d81212e0854478ca0dae87c33c8c5ce or from the Department of Natural Resources' Geological Survey in Rolla at 573-368-2125.
- 7.3-7.8 Self explanatory.
- 7.9 If wastewater is land-applied submit Form I: www.dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-1686-f.pdf.
- 7.10-8. Self-explanatory
- 9.1 A copy of 10 CSR 25 is available at www.sos.mo.gov/adrules/csr/current/10csr/10csr.asp#10-25.
- 9,2-9,9 Self explanatory.

PART B - ADDITIONAL APPLICATION INFORMATION

10.-14. Self-explanatory

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING FORM B2 APPLICATION FOR OPERATING PERMIT FOR FACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW MORE THAN 100,000 GALLONS PER DAY (continued)

PART C - CERTIFICATION

15. Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System – Visit the eDMR site at http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/edmr.htm and click on the "Facility Participation Package" link. The eDMR Permit Holder and Certifier Registration Form and information about the eDMR system can be found in the Facility Participation Package.

Waivers to electronic reporting may be granted by the department per 40 CFR 127.15 under certain, special circumstances. A written request must be submitted to the department for approval. Waivers may be granted to facilities owned or operated by:

- a. members of religious communities that choose not to use certain technologies or
- b. permittees located in areas with limited broadband access. The National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) in collaboration with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) have created a broadband internet availability map: https://broadbandmap.fcc.gov/#/. Please contact the department if you need assistance.

16. JetPay

Applicants can pay fees online by credit card or eCheck through a system called JetPay.

- a. Per Section 37.001, RSMo, a transaction fee will be included. The transaction fee is paid to the third party vendor JetPay, not the Department of Natural Resources.
- b. Be sure to select the correct fee type and corresponding URL to ensure your payment is applied appropriately. If you are unsure what type of fee to pay, please contact the Water Protection Program's Budget, Fees, and Grants Management Unit by phone at (573) 522-1485 for assistance.
- c. Upon successful completion of your payment, JetPay provides a payment confirmation. Submit this form with a copy of the payment confirmation if requesting a new permit or a permit modification. For permit renewals of active permits, the Department will invoice fees annually in a separate request.
- d. If you are unable to make your payment online, but want to pay with credit card, you may email your name, phone number, and invoice number, if applicable, to sherry.bell@dnr.mo.gov. The Budget, Fees, and Grants Management Unit will contact you to assist with the credit card payment. Please do not include your credit card information in the email.
- e. Applicants can find fee rates in 10 CSR 20-6.011 (https://dnr.mo.gov/pubs/pub2564.htm).
- 17. Signature All applications must be signed as follows and the signatures must be original:
 - For a corporation, by an officer having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity or for environmental matters.
 - b. For a partnership or sole proprietorship, by a general partner or the proprietor.
 - c. For a municipal, state, federal or other public facility, by either a principal executive officer or by an individual having overall responsibility for environmental matters at the facility.

PART D - EXPANDED EFFLUENT TESTING DATA

18 Self-explanatory. ML/MDL means minimum limit or minimum detection limit.

PART E - TOXICITY TESTING DATA

19. Self- explanatory.

PART F - INDUSTRIAL USER DISCHARGES AND RCRA/CERCLA WASTES

- 20. Federal regulations are available through the U.S. Government Printing Office at https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/browse/collectionCfr.action?collectionCode=CFR.
- 20.1 Self explanatory
- 20,2 A noncategorical significant industrial user is an industrial user that is not a CIU and meets one or more of the following:
 - Discharges an average of 25,000 gallons per day or more of process wastewater to the treatment works (with certain exclusions).
 - ii. Contributes a process waste stream that makes up 5% or more of the average dry weather hydraulic or organic capacity of the treatment plant.
 - ii. Is designated as an SIU by the control authority.
- 21.-23.4 Self-explanatory.

PART G - COMBINED SEWER SYSTEMS

24.-25.4 Self-explanatory.

Submittal of an incomplete application may result in the application being returned.

This completed form and any attachments along with the applicable permit fees, should be submitted to:

cleanwaterpermits@dnr.mo.gov

or

Department of Natural Resources
Water Protection Program
ATTN: NPDES Permits and Engineering Section
P.O. Box 176
Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176

Map of regional offices with addresses and phone numbers are available on the web at http://dnr.mo.gov/regions/. If there are any questions concerning this form, contact the appropriate regional office or the Department of Natural Resources, Water Protection Program, Operating Permits Section at 800-361-4827 or 573-522-4502.

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MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

FORM I – PERMIT APPLICATION FOR OPERATION OF WASTEWATER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

FOR AGENCY USE ONLY
PERMIT NUMBER MO -
DATE RECEIVED

INSTRUCTIONS: The following forms must be submitted with Form I: FORM B or B2 for domestic wastewater.						
	FORM A for industrial wastewater.					
	1. FACILITY INFORMATION					
1.1	Facility Name	1.2 Permit Number				
Eagle	Sky of the Ozark	_{MO-} 0135658				
1.3	Type of wastewater to be irrigated: 🗹 Domestic 🔲 N	Municipal ☐ State/National Park ☐ Seasonal business				
	Municipal with Pretreatment Program or Significant Industr	ial Users				
	SIC Codes (list all that apply, in order of importance) 4452	<u>20</u> 32, 7033				
1.4	Months when the business or enterprise will operate or genera ☑ 12 months per year ☐ Part of year (list Months):					
1.5	This system is designed for: ☑ No-discharge ☐ Partial irrigation when feasible and di	scharge rest of time.				
	☐ Irrigation during recreation season (April – October) and di☐ Other (explain)	scharge during November – March.				
1.6	List the Facility outfalls which will be applicable to the irrigation	n system.				
	Outfall Numbers: Co2,003,604					
2. STORAGE BASINS						
2.1	Number of storage basins: 1					
	Type of basin: Steel Concrete	☐ Fiberglass ☐ Earthen				
	☑ Earthen with membrane liner					
3. L.	3. LAND APPLICATION SYSTEM					
3.1	Number of irrigation sites 3 Total Acres	48				
0,1	Location: <u>SW</u> ¼, <u>SW</u> ¼, <u>1</u> ¼, Sec <u>02</u> T <u>29N</u> R <u>0</u>					
	Location: 1/4 / 1/4 / 1/4 / Sec 11 T 29N R 0	4E Wayne County 62 Acres				
	Attach pages as needed.					
3.2	Attach a site map showing topography, storage basins, irrigation other pertinent features.	on sites, property boundary, streams, wells, roads, dwellings, and				
3.3	Type of vegetation: ☐ Grass hay ☑ Pasture ☐	Fimber Row crops Other (describe)				
3.4	Wastewater flow (dry weather) gallons/day:					
	Average annual: 164000 Seasonal 300000	Off-season 2000				
	Months of seasonal flow: 3					
700.40	SRE (OR 14)					

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Water Protection Program



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

FORM I – PERMIT APPLICATION FOR OPERATION OF WASTEWATER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

FOR AGENCY USE ONLY
PERMIT NUMBER
MO -
DATE RECEIVED

INSTRUCTIONS: The following forms must be submitted with Form I: FORM B or B2 for domestic wastewater.

FORM A for industrial wastewater.

1. FACILITY INFORMATION				
1.1	Facility Name	1.2 Permit Number		
	Easle Sky of the Ocarks	MO-0\$35758		
1.3	Type of wastewater to be irrigated: Domestic	Municipal State/National Park Seasonal business		
	☐ Municipal with Pretreatment Program or Significant Industrial	trial Users		
	SIC Codes (list all that apply, in order of importance)			
1.4	Months when the business or enterprise will operate or generate wastewater:			
	☐ 12 months per year ☐ Part of year (list Months): _			
1.5	This system is designed for:			
	☐ No-discharge ☐ Partial irrigation when feasible and discharge rest of time.			
	☐ Irrigation during recreation season (April – October) and discharge during November – March.			
	Other (explain)			
1.6	List the Facility outfalls which will be applicable to the irrigation	on system.		
	Outfall Numbers:			
2. S	TORAGE BASINS			
2.1	Number of storage basins:			
	Type of basin: Steel Concrete	☐ Fiberglass ☐ Earthen		
	☐ Earthen with membrane liner			
3. LAND APPLICATION SYSTEM				
3.1	Number of irrigation sites Total Acres			
	Location: <u>NE 1/4</u> , <u>NV 1/4</u> , 1/4, Sec <u>//</u> T <u>1/9/</u> V R	O 4 County County Acres County Acres		
	Location: 1/4, 1/4, Sec T R	CountyAcres		
	Attach pages as needed.			
3.2	Attach a site map showing topography, storage basins, irriga other pertinent features.	ation sites, property boundary, streams, wells, roads, dwellings, and		
3.3	Type of vegetation:	Timber		
3.4	4 Wastewater flow (dry weather) gallons/day:			
	Average annual: Seasonal	Off-season		
	Months of seasonal flow:			

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Water Protection Program

3. LAND APPLICATION SYSTEM (continued)			
3.5 Land Application rate per acre (design flow including 1 in 10 year stormwater flows):			
Design: 24 inches/year .33 inches/hour 1 inches/day 3 inches/week			
Actual: inches/year inches/hour inches/day inches/week			
Total Irrigation per year (gallons): 64000000 Design Actual			
Actual months used for Irrigation (check all that apply):			
☑ Jan ☑ Feb ☑ Mar ☑ Apr ☑ May ☑ Jun ☑ Jul ☑ Aug ☑ Sep ☑ Oct ☑ Nov ☑ Dec			
3.6 Land Application Rate is based on: ☐ Nutrient Management Plan (N&P)			
Hydraulic Loading			
Other (describe)			
3.7 Equipment type: ☐ Sprinklers ☐ Gated pipe ☐ Center pivot ☑ Traveling gun ☐ Other (describe)			
Equipment Flow Capacity: Gallons per hour Total hours of operation per year			
3.8 Public Use Areas. Public access shall not be allowed to public use area irrigation sites when application is occurring. Method of Public Access Restriction: Site is Fenced Wastewater disinfection prior to irrigation Site is not for public use			
Other (describe):			
3.9 Separation distance (in feet) from the outside edge of the wetted irrigation area to nearby down gradient features: 2040 Permanent flowing stream Losing Stream 100 Intermittent (wet weather) stream 75 Lake or pond			
504-Property boundary /5840' Dwellings /5840' Water supply well Other (describe)			
3.10 The facility must develop and retain an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan for the irrigation system.			
Date of O&M Plan: 01/31/2016			
4. CERTIFICATION			
I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this application and all attachments and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining this information, I believe that the information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.			
OWNER OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OFFICIAL TITLE			
EMAIL ADDRESS EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE			
Kevins@ eaghsky. camp 573-287-3330			
SIGNATURE DATE SIGNED			
10-13-21			
780-1686 (08-14)			