STATE OF MISSOURI

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92nd Congress) as amended,

MO-0130141

Permit No.

Owner: Address:	International Ingredient Corporation P.O. Box 26377, Fenton MO 63026
Continuing Authority: Address:	Same as Above Same as Above
Facility Name: Facility Address:	International Ingredient Corporation 242 Farm Road 1110, Monett MO 65708
Legal Description: Lat/Long:	See Page (2) Two See Page (2) Two
Receiving Stream: First Classified Stream and ID: USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	See Page (2) Two See Page (2) Two See Page (2) Two
is authorized to discharge from the facility of as set forth herein:	described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements
FACILITY DESCRIPTION	
See Page (2) Two	
	charges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge are regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of
July 8, 2009 May 1, 2013	Sara Parker Paules
Effective Date Modification Date	Sara Parker Pauley, Director, Department of Natural Resources
July 7, 2014 Expiration Date	John Madray, Director, Water Protection Program

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Outfall #001 - SIC#2060

Eliminated outfall. Retained on permit for record keeping purposes.

Outfall #002 – SIC#2060 receives the discharge from outfall #004

Reverse Osmosis reject water and Stormwater discharge.

Reverse Osmosis reject water Maximum Flow is 1,100 gallons per day.

Stormwater discharges is dependent on precipitation.

Legal Description: SW¹/₄, NE¹/₄, Sec. 10, T25N, R27W, Barry County

UTM Coordinates: X=422332, Y=4083357

Receiving Stream: Unnamed Tributary to Clear Creek (U) First Classified Stream and ID: Clear Creek (C) (03239) 303 (d)

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (11070207-0704)

Outfall #003 - - SIC#2060

Dust control water from boiler blowdown water. Emergency discharge only.

Dust control by land application.

Maximum application is 7,500 gallons per day.

Legal Description: SE¼, NE¼, Sec. 10, T25N, R27W, Barry County

UTM Coordinates: X=422857, Y=4083259

Receiving Stream: Unnamed Tributary to Clear Creek (U) First Classified Stream and ID: Clear Creek (C) (03239) 303 (d)

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (11070207-0704)

Outfall #004 – SIC#2060-new outfall flows to outfall #002

Reverse Osmosis reject water.

Reverse Osmosis reject water Maximum Flow is 1,100 gallons per day.

Legal Description: SE¹/₄, NE¹/₄, Sec. 10, T25N, R27W, Barry County

UTM Coordinates: X=422647, Y=4083345

Receiving Stream: Unnamed Tributary to Clear Creek (U)
First Classified Stream and ID: Clear Creek (C) (03239) 303 (d)

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (11070207-0704)

PAGE NUMBER 3 of 9 A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS PERMIT NUMBER MO-0130141 The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below: FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS MONITORING REQUIREMENTS OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT UNITS DAILY WEEKLY MONTHLY MEASUREMENT SAMPLE PARAMETER(S) MAXIMUM AVERAGE FREOUENCY Outfalls #002 – Stormwater Runoff (Note 1) and special condition # 16 MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED ANNUALLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE October 28, 2009 Outfall #003 – Emergency discharge from land application for dust control (Note 2) * once/day/discharge** 24 hr. estimate Flow **MGD** 15 10 once/week** Biochemical Oxygen Demand₅ mg/L grab Total Suspended Solids 20 15 once/week** mg/L grab *** pH – Units SU *** once/week** grab Oil & Grease mg/L 15 10 once/week** grab Ammonia Nitrogen as N mg/L once/week** grab Nitrate/Nitrite as N once/week** mg/L grab **Total Phosphorus** once/week** mg/L grab Barium once/week** mg/L grab Cobalt once/week** mg/L grab Iron mg/L once/week** grab once/week** Manganese mg/L grab MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED QUARTERLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE October 28, 2009

Outfall #003 – Dust control

Flow gallons 7,500 once/day*** 24 hr. estimate

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>QUARTERLY</u>; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>October 28, 2009</u>. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED <u>Part I</u> STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED <u>October 1, 1980</u>, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

- A. <u>EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS</u> (continued)
 - * Monitoring requirement only.
 - ** Monitor only when discharge occurs. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period.
 - *** pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH for all facilities except lagoons is limited to the range of 6.5-9.0 pH units.
 - **** Report once per day Sunday Saturday when flow is diverted for dust control purposes. Include the amount of water used for the dust control.

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

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PERMIT NUMBER MO-0130141

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT	I D HTDG	FINAL EF	FLUENT LIM	ITATIONS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS			
PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE		
Outfall #004 – Reverse Osmosis Reject V	Water (Note 3)							
Flow	MGD	*		*	once/month	24 hr. estimate		
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter**	grab		
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	20		15	once/quarter**	grab		
pH – Units	SU	6.5-9.0		6.5-9.0	once/quarter**	grab		
Oil & Grease	mg/L	15		10	once/quarter**	grab		
Sodium	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter**	grab		
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED QUARTERLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE July 28, 2013. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.								
Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Test	% Survival		See Special Condition #17		Once per permit cycle	e grab		
B. STANDARD CONDITIONS								

B. <u>EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS</u> (continued)

- * Monitoring requirement only.
- ** See table below

Sample discharge at least once for the months of:	Report is due:
January, February, March (1st Quarter)	April 28
April, May, June (2nd Quarter)	July 28
July, August, September (3rd Quarter)	October 28
October, November, December (4th Quarter)	January 28

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED Part I STANDARD

CONDITIONS DATED October 1, 1980, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

A. <u>EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS</u> (continued)

- Note 1 Follow the Stormwater Requirements in Section C of this permit.
- Note 2 <u>Emergency discharge only.</u> Wastewater shall be land applied for dust control purpose only during suitable conditions so that there is no-discharge from the application site.
- Note 3- Must sample from outfall #004 prior to merging with outfall #002.

- 1. This permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to:
 - (a) Comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a) (2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
 - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
 - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
 - (b) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions, if the result of a waste load allocation study, toxicity test or other information indicates changes are necessary to assure compliance with Missouri's Water Quality Standards.
 - (c) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions if, as the result of a watershed analysis, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) limitation is developed for the receiving waters which are currently included in Missouri's list of waters of the state not fully achieving the state's water quality standards, also called the 303(d) list.

The permit as modified or reissued under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Clean Water Act then applicable.

- 2. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
- 3. Permittee will cease discharge by connection to areawide wastewater treatment system within 90 days of notice of its availability.
- 4. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as it knows or has reason to believe:

- (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
 - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 µg/L);
 - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 μg/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 μg/L) for 2,5 dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application;
 - (4) The level established in Part A of the permit by the Director.
- (b) That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any toxic pollutant, which was not reported in the permit application.
- 5. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period.

6. Water Quality Standards

- (a) Discharges to waters of the state shall not cause a violation of water quality standards rule under 10 CSR 20-7.031, including both specific and general criteria.
- (b) General Criteria. The following general water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:
 - (1) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;

- (2) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses:
- (3) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
- (4) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life:
- (5) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
- (6) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
- (7) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community;
- (8) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.
- 7. The permittee shall develop and implement a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). The SWPPP must be prepared within 30 days and implemented within 90 days of permit issuance. The SWPPP must be kept on-site and should not be sent to DNR unless specifically requested. The permittee shall select, install, use, operate, and maintain the Best Management Practices prescribed in the SWPPP in accordance with the concepts and methods described in the following document:

Storm Water Management For Industrial Activities, Developing Pollution Prevention Plans and Best Management Activities, (Document number EPA 832-R-92-006) published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) in September 1992.

The SWPPP must include the following:

- (a) An assessment of all storm water discharges associated with vehicle maintenance (including vehicle rehabilitation, mechanical repairs, painting, fueling, and lubrication), equipment cleaning, and chemical deicing/anti-icing activities. This must include a list of potential contaminants and an annual estimate of amounts that will be used in the described activities.
- (b) A listing of specific Best Management Practices (BMPs) and a narrative explaining how BMPs will be implemented to control and minimize the amount of potential contaminants that may enter storm water. Minimum BMPs are listed in SPECIAL CONDITIONS #9 below.
- (c) The SWPPP must include a schedule for a bi-monthly site inspection and a brief written report. The inspections must include observation and evaluation of BMP effectiveness, deficiencies, and corrective measures that will be taken. Deficiencies must be corrected within seven days. Inspection reports must be kept on site with the SWPPP. These must be made available to DNR personnel upon request.
- (d) A provision for designating an individual to be responsible for environmental matters.
- (e) A provision for providing training to all personnel involved in material handling and storage, and housekeeping of maintenance and cleaning areas. Proof of training shall be submitted on request of DNR.
- 8. Permittee shall adhere to the following minimum Best Management Practices:
 - (a) Prevent the spillage or loss of fluids, oil, grease, fuel, etc. from vehicle maintenance, equipment cleaning, or warehouse activities and thereby prevent the contamination of storm water from these substances.
 - (b) Provide collection facilities and arrange for proper disposal of waste products including but not limited to petroleum waste products, and solvents.
 - (c) Store all paint, solvents, petroleum products and petroleum waste products (except fuels), and storage containers (such as drums, cans, or cartons) so that these materials are not exposed to storm water or provide other prescribed BMP's such as plastic lids and/or portable spill pans to prevent the commingling of storm water with container contents. Commingled water may not be discharged under this permit. Provide spill prevention control, and/or management sufficient to prevent any spills of these pollutants from entering waters of the state. Any containment system used to implement this requirement shall be constructed of materials compatible with the substances contained and shall also prevent the contamination of groundwater.

- (d) Provide good housekeeping practices on the site to keep trash from entry into waters of the state.
- (e) Provide sediment and erosion control sufficient to prevent or control sediment loss off of the property. This could include the use of straw bales, silt fences, or sediment basins, if needed, to comply with effluent limits.
- 9. All fueling facilities present on the site shall adhere to applicable federal and state regulations concerning underground storage, above ground storage, and dispensers, including spill prevention, control and counter measures.
- 10. Before releasing water that has accumulated in secondary containment areas it must be examined for hydrocarbon odor and presence of sheen. When the presence of hydrocarbons is indicated, and at a minimum of once/quarter, this water must be tested for all hydrocarbon parameters listed in Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements. Water shall be taken to a WWTP for treatment before release if it does not meet state requirements.
- 11. Substances, regulated by federal law under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERLA), that are transported, stored, or used for maintenance, cleaning or repair, shall be managed according to RCRA and CERLA.
- 12. The following benchmarks are considered necessary to protect water quality and shall not be exceeded. The BMPs at the facility should be designed to meet these benchmarks during rainfall events up to the 1-in-10 year, 24 hour rain event. The Benchmark does not constitute numeric effluent limitations. A benchmark exceedance alone, therefore, is not a permit violation. If a sample exceeds a benchmark concentration a review of the facilities SWPPP and BMPs shall take place to determine whether any improvement or additional controls are needed to reduce that pollutant in the storm water discharge. The facility may demonstrate via a Corrective Action Report that the benchmark limitation cannot be achieved through the application of BMPs representing the available technology and the benchmark is not feasible because no further pollutant reductions are technologically available and economically practicable and achievable in light of best industry practice. Upon concurrence with a Corrective Action report by the Department, the facility may return to normal q reporting. This evaluation must be kept on file with the SWPPP. Failure to evaluate and improve BMPs to address a benchmark exceedance is a permit violation.

Benchmarks Table for outfall #002

Parameter	Benchmark
Flow	mgd
Chemical Oxygen Demand ₅	90 mg/L
Settleable Solids	1.5 mL/L/hr
pH – Units	6.5-9.0 Standard Units
Oil & Grease	10 mg/L

13. Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Test shall be conducted as follows:

SUMMARY OF ACUTE WET TESTING FOR THIS PERMIT								
OUTFALL AEC FREQUENCY SAMPLE TYPE MONTH								
004 100% Once per permit cycle grab Any								

	Dilution Series									
AEC%	100% effluent	50% effluent	25% effluent	12.5% effluent	6.25% effluent	(Control) 100% upstream, if available	(Control) 100% Lab Water, also called synthetic water			

- (a) Test Schedule and Follow-Up Requirements
 - (1) Perform a MULTIPLE-dilution acute WET test in the months and at the frequency specified above. For tests which are successfully passed, submit test results using the Department's WET test report form #MO-780-1899 along with complete copies of the test reports as received from the laboratory, including copies of chain-of-custody forms within 30 calendar days of availability to the WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102. If the effluent passes the test, do not repeat the test until the next test period.
 - (a) Chemical and physical analysis of the upstream control and effluent sample shall occur immediately upon being received by the laboratory, prior to any manipulation of the effluent sample beyond preservation methods consistent with federal guidelines for WET testing that are required to stabilize the sample during shipping.
 - (b) Any and all chemical or physical analysis of the effluent sample performed in conjunction with the WET test shall be performed at the 100% Effluent concentration in addition to analysis performed upon any other effluent concentration.
 - (c) All chemical analyses included in the Missouri Department of Natural Resources WET test report form #MO-780-1899 shall be performed and results shall be recorded in the appropriate field of the report form.
 - (2) The WET test will be considered a failure if mortality observed in effluent concentrations equal to or less than the AEC is significantly different (at the 95% confidence level; p = 0.05) than that observed in the upstream receiving-water control sample. Where upstream receiving water is not available, synthetic laboratory control water may be used.
 - (3) All failing test results along with complete copies of the test reports as received from the laboratory, INCLUDING THOSE TESTS CONDUCTED UNDER CONDITION (3) BELOW, shall be reported to the WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102 within 14 calendar days of the availability of the results
 - (4) If the effluent fails the test for BOTH test species, a multiple dilution test shall be performed for BOTH test species within 30 calendar days and biweekly thereafter (for storm water, tests shall be performed on the next and subsequent storm water discharges as they occur, but not less than 7 days apart) until one of the following conditions are met: Note: Written request regarding single species multiple dilution accelerated testing will be address by THE WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM on a case by case basis.
 - (i) THREE CONSECUTIVE MULTIPLE-DILUTION TESTS PASS. No further tests need to be performed until next regularly scheduled test period.
 - (ii) A TOTAL OF THREE MULTIPLE-DILUTION TESTS FAIL.
 - (5) Follow-up tests do not negate an initial failed test.
 - (6) The permittee shall submit a summary of all test results for the test series along with complete copies of the test reports as received from the laboratory to the WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102 within 14 calendar days of the third failed test.
 - (7) Additionally, the following shall apply upon failure of the third follow up MULTIPLE DILUTION test The permittee should contact THE WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM within 14 calendar days from availability of the test results to ascertain as to whether a TIE or TRE is appropriate. If the permittee does not contact THE WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM upon the third follow up test failure, a toxicity identification evaluation (TIE) or toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE) is automatically triggered. The permittee shall submit a plan for conducting a TIE or TRE to the WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM within 60 calendar days of the date of the automatic trigger or DNR's direction to perform either a TIE or TRE. This plan must be approved by DNR before the TIE or TRE is begun. A schedule for completing the TIE or TRE shall be established in the plan approval.
 - (8) Upon DNR's approval, the TIE/TRE schedule may be modified if toxicity is intermittent during the TIE/TRE investigations. A revised WET test schedule may be established by DNR for this period.
 - (9) If a previously completed TIE has clearly identified the cause of toxicity, additional TIEs will not be required as long as effluent characteristics remain essentially unchanged and the permittee is proceeding according to a DNR approved schedule to complete a TRE and reduce toxicity. Regularly scheduled WET testing as required in the permit, without the follow-up requirements, will be required during this period.
 - (10) When WET test sampling is required to run over one DMR period, each DMR report shall contain a copy of the Department's WET test report form that was generated during the reporting period.
 - (11) Submit a concise summary in tabular format of all WET test results with the annual report.

- (b) Test Conditions
 - (1) Test Type: Acute Static non-renewal
 - (2) All tests, including repeat tests for previous failures, shall include both test species listed below unless approved by the department on a case by case basis.
 - (3) Test species: Ceriodaphnia dubia and Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow). Organisms used in WET testing shall come from cultures reared for the purpose of conducting toxicity tests and cultured in a manner consistent with the most current USEPA guidelines. All test animals shall be cultured as described in the most current edition of Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms.
 - (4) Test period: 48 hours at the "Allowable Effluent Concentration" (AEC) specified above.
 - (5) Upstream receiving stream water shall be used as dilution water. If upstream water is unavailable or if mortality in the upstream water exceeds 10%, "reconstituted" water will be used as dilution water. Procedures for generating reconstituted water will be supplied by the MDNR upon request
 - (6) Tests will be run with 100% receiving-stream water (if available), collected upstream of the outfall at a point beyond any influence of the effluent, and reconstituted water.
 - (7) If reconstituted-water control mortality for a test species exceeds 10%, the entire test will be rerun.
 - (8) If upstream control mortality exceeds 10%, the entire test will be rerun using reconstituted water as the dilutant.
 - (9) Whole-effluent-toxicity test shall be consistent with the most current edition of <u>Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms</u>

Missouri Department of Natural Resources Statement of Basis International Ingredient Corporation WWTF NPDES #: MO-MO-0130141 Barry County

A Statement of Basis (Statement) gives pertinent information regarding the applicable regulations and rational for the development of the NPDES Missouri State Operating Permit (operating permit). This Statement includes Wasteload Allocations, Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations, and Reasonable Potential Analysis calculations as well as any other calculations that effect the effluent limitations of this operating permit. This Statement does not pertain to operating permits that include sewage sludge land application plans and variance procedures, and does not include the public comment process for this operating permit.

A Statement is not an enforceable part of an operating permit.

Part I – Facility Information

Facility Type: (IND) Facility SIC Code(s): 2060

Facility Description:

International Ingredient Corporation is a manufacturer Of animal feed protein supplements. The raw material arrives in liquid form from a nearby dairy processor by a tanker truck. The liquid is pumped into storage silos for processing. From the storage silos the liquid is delivered by overhead pipes to spray nozzles located above and along the axis of the six drum dryers. The surface of the drum is heated by steam from two boilers. The dryers all exhaust to a single stack located adjacent to the superstructure for the load-out elevator. The Solids material (popcorn)that remains on the dryer drums after the liquid portion has been evaporated is removed by knife blade and conveyed to a tumble drum. The tumble drum exhaust is routed to a bag house that exhausts externally. Solids product is then cooled ground and sieved. The grinding process is controlled by a baghouse that is exhausted externally. Ground product then goes into bags or totes (packaged product) Truck load-out operation is conducted under cover. Outfall #001 was eliminated. Currently there are two active outfalls for this facility outfall #002 and outfall #003.

Modification Description:

On June 5, 2012 International Ingredient Corporation applied for a modification to their existing operating permit to discharge reject water from the Reverse Osmosis process through new outfall #004 which flows to outfall #002, where it is combined with stormwater discharges. The reject water from the Reverse Osmosis were either hauled off-site or utilized for dust suppression. All the parameters that were detected in the submitted lab test for the reject water from the R.O. process were added to outfall #004 to be monitored and benchmark monitoring was added to outfall #002 as per the Antidegradation Review (Appendix – Antidegradation Review). Outfall #003 is for dust control water and generated from boiler blowdown water. Emergency Discharge Only.

OUTFALL(S) TABLE:

OUTFALL	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	TREATMENT LEVEL	RECEIVING WATERBODY	DISTANT TO CLASSIFIED STREAM(MILE)
002	Varies	BMPs*	Trib. to Clear Creek	5.73
003	0.0116	Emergency	Trib. to Clear Creek	5.73
004	0.0017	Primary	Trib. To Clear Creek	5.75

^{*} BMPs = Best Management Practices

Receiving Water Body's Water Quality & Facility Performance History:

No discharge – 12/03/05, 3/31/06, 6/30/06, 9/30/06, 12/31/06, 3/31/07, 6/30/07, 12/31/08. Missing DMR's – 9/30/05, 9/30/07, 12/31/07, 3/31/08, 6/30/08, 9/30/08, 12/31/08.

Comments: A geohydrologic evaluation #21304 was done on 3/12/2004 and determined the area was losing. According to the application submitted in Form C it states that Outfall #003 is for boiler blow down water. However Outfall #003 in the permit is for emergency discharge only. Therefore a separate outfall was added to reflect discharges from the boiler blow down.

Part II – Operator Certification Requirements

As per [10 CSR 20-6.010(8) Terms and Conditions of a Permit], permittees shall operate and maintain facilities to comply with the Missouri Clean Water Law and applicable permit conditions and regulations. Operators or supervisors of operations at regulated wastewater treatment facilities shall be certified in accordance with [10 CSR 20-9.020(2)] and any other applicable state law or regulation. As per [10 CSR 20-9.010(2)(A)], requirements for operation by certified personnel shall apply to all wastewater treatment systems, if applicable, as listed below:

Not Applicable \boxtimes ; This facility is not required to have a certified operator. .

Part III – Receiving Stream Information

APPLICABLE DESIGNATIONS OF WATERS OF THE STATE:

As per Missouri's Effluent Regulations [10 CSR 20-7.015], the waters of the state are divided into the below listed seven (7) categories. Each category list effluent limitations for specific parameters, which are presented in each outfall's Effluent Limitation Table and further discussed in the Derivation & Discussion of Limits section.

Missouri or Mississippi River [10 CSR 20-7.015(2)]:	
Lake or Reservoir [10 CSR 20-7.015(3)]:	
Losing [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)]:	\boxtimes
Metropolitan No-Discharge [10 CSR 20-7.015(5)]:	
Special Stream [10 CSR 20-7.015(6)]:	
Subsurface Water [10 CSR 20-7.015(7)]:	
All Other Waters [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)]:	

10 CSR 20-7.031 Missouri Water Quality Standards, the department defines the Clean Water Commission water quality objectives in terms of "water uses to be maintained and the criteria to protect those uses." The receiving stream and/or 1st classified receiving stream's beneficial water uses to be maintained are located in the Receiving Stream Table located below in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)].

RECEIVING STREAM(S) TABLE: OUTFALL #003

Waterbody Name	CLASS	WBID	Designated Uses*	8-Digit HUC	EDU**
Unnamed Tributary to Clear Creek			General Criteria	11070207	Ozark /
Clear Creek	С	03239	General Criteria, LWW, AQL, WBC-B	11070207	Neosho

^{* -} Irrigation (IRR), Livestock & Wildlife Watering (LWW), Protection of Warm Water Aquatic Life and Human Health-Fish Consumption (AQL), Cool Water Fishery(CLF), Cold Water Fishery (CDF), Whole Body Contact Recreation (WBC), Secondary Contact Recreation (SCR), Drinking Water Supply (DWS), Industrial (IND).

** - Ecological Drainage Unit

RECEIVING STREAM(S) LOW-FLOW VALUES TABLE: OUTFALL #003

DECEMBER OF LAW (II C D)	Low-Flow Values (CFS)				
RECEIVING STREAM (U, C, P)	1Q10	7Q10	30Q10		
Unnamed Tributary to Clear Creek	0	0	0		

MIXING CONSIDERATIONS

Mixing Zone: Not Allowed [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)4.B.(I)(a)].

Zone of Initial Dilution: Not Allowed [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)4.B.(I)(b)].

^{*** -} UAA conducted on October 9, 2007 and approved on March 28, 2008.

Part IV - Rationale and Derivation of Effluent Limitations & Permit Conditions

ALTERNATIVE EVALUATIONS FOR NEW FACILITIES:

As per [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)(A)], discharges to losing streams shall be permitted only after other alternatives including land application, discharges to a gaining stream and connection to a regional wastewater treatment facility have been evaluated and determined to be unacceptable for environmental and/or economic reasons.

Not Applicable ⊠;

The facility does not discharge to a Losing Stream as defined by [10 CSR 20-2.010(36)] & [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(N)], or is an existing facility.

ANTI-BACKSLIDING:

A provision in the Federal Regulations [CWA §303(d)(4); CWA §402(c); 40 CFR Part 122.44(I)] that requires a reissued permit to be as stringent as the previous permit with some exceptions.

☐ - All limits in this statement are at least as protective as those previously established; therefore, backsliding does not apply.

AREA-WIDE WASTE TREATMENT MANAGEMENT & CONTINUING AUTHORITY:

As per [10 CSR 20-6.010(8)(A)10.], when a Continuing Authority under paragraph 10 CSR 20-6.010(3)(B)1. or 2. is expected to be available for connection within the next five (5) years, any operating permit issued to a permittee under this paragraph, located within the service area of the paragraph (3)(B)1. or 2. facility, shall contain the following special condition... This language is contained in Special Condition #3 of this operating permit.

ANTIDEGRADATION:

Policies which ensure protection of water quality for a particular water body where the water quality exceeds levels necessary to protect fish and wildlife propagation and recreation on and in the water. This also includes special protection of waters designated as outstanding natural resource waters. Antidegradation requirements are consistent with 40 CFR 131.12 that outlines methods used to assess activities that may impact the integrity of a water and protect existing uses. This policy may compel the state to maintain a level of water quality above those mandated by criteria.

Applicable ⊠; Antidegradation review sheet was finalized on 8/3/2012 for this facility due to the addition of outfall #004 (Appendix – Antidegradation Review).

APPLICABLE PERMIT PARAMETERS:

Effluent parameters for conventional, non-conventional, and toxic pollutants have been obtained from the previous NPDES operating permit for this facility, technology based effluent limits, and from appropriate sections of the renewal application.

COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT:

Action taken by the department to resolve violations of the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and condition of an operating permit.

Not Applicable ⊠:

The permittee/facility is not under enforcement action and is considered to be in compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and condition of an operating permit.

PRETREATMENT PROGRAM:

The reduction of the amount of pollutants, the elimination of pollutants, or the alteration of the nature of pollutant properties in wastewater prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introducing such pollutants into a Publicly Owned Treatment Works [40 CFR Part 403.3(q)].

Not Applicable ⊠:

At this time, the permittee is not required to implement and enforce a Pretreatment Program.

REASONABLE POTENTIAL ANALYSIS (RPA):

Limitations must control all pollutants or pollutant parameters that are or may be discharged at a level which will cause, have reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above the Missouri Water Quality Standards.

Not Applicable ⊠;

A RPA was not conducted for this facility.

REMOVAL EFFICIENCY:

Removal efficiency is a method by which the Federal Regulations define Secondary Treatment and Equivalent to Secondary Treatment, which applies to Biochemical Oxygen Demand 5-day (BOD₅) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) for Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs). Please see the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) website for interpretation of percent removal requirements for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit Application Requirements for Publicly Owned Treatment Works and Other Treatment Works Treating Domestic Sewage @ www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/EPA-WATER/1999/August/Day-04/w18866.htm

Not Applicable \boxtimes ;

This wastewater treatment facility is not a POTW. Influent monitoring is not being required to determine percent removal.

SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOWS (SSOS), BYPASSES, INFLOW & INFILTRATION (I&I) – PREVENTION/REDUCTION: Sanitary Sewer Systems (SSSs) are municipal wastewater collection system that convey domestic, commercial, and industrial wastewater, and limited amounts of infiltrated groundwater and storm water (i.e. I&I), to a POTW. SSSs are not designed to collect large amounts of storm water runoff from precipitation events.

Untreated or partially treated discharges from SSSs are commonly referred to as SSOs. SSOs have a variety of causes including blockages, line breaks, sewer defects that allow excess storm water and ground water to overload the system, lapses in sewer system operation and maintenance, inadequate sewer design and construction, power failures, and vandalism. SSOs are defined as an untreated or partially treated sewage release from a SSS. SSOs can occur at any point in an SSS, during dry weather or wet weather. SSOs include overflows that reach waters of the state. SSOs also include overflows out of manholes and onto city streets, sidewalks, and other terrestrial locations. SSSs can back up into buildings, including private residences. When sewage backups are caused by problems in the publicly-owned portion of an SSS, they are considered SSOs.

Not Applicable \boxtimes ;

This facility is not required to develop or implement a program for maintenance and repair of the collection system; however, it is a violation of Missouri State Environmental Laws and Regulations to allow untreated wastewater to discharge to waters of the state.

SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE (SOC):

A schedule of remedial measures included in a permit, including an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (actions, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or the terms and conditions of an operating permit.

Not Applicable \boxtimes ;

This permit does not contain a SOC.

STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP):

In accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(k) *Best Management Practices (BMPs)* to control or abate the discharge of pollutants when: (1) Authorized under section 304(e) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) for the control of toxic pollutants and hazardous substances from ancillary industrial activities: (2) Authorized under section 402(p) of the CWA for the control of storm water discharges; (3) Numeric effluent limitations are infeasible; or (4) the practices are reasonably necessary to achieve effluent limitations and standards or to carry out the purposes and intent of the CWA.

In accordance with the EPA's *Storm Water Management for Industrial Activities: Developing Pollution Prevention Plans and Best Management Practices* [EPA 832-R-92-006] (Storm Water Management), BMPs are measures or practices used to reduce the amount of pollution entering (regarding this operating permit) waters of the state. BMPs may take the form of a process, activity, or physical structure.

Additionally in accordance with the Storm Water Management, a SWPPP is a series of steps and activities to (1) identify sources of pollution or contamination, and (2) select and carry out actions which prevent or control the pollution of storm water discharges.

Applicable \boxtimes ;

A SWPPP shall be developed and implemented for each site and shall incorporate required practices identified by the department with jurisdiction, incorporate erosion control practices specific to site conditions, and provide for maintenance and adherence to the plan.

WASTELOAD ALLOCATIONS (WLA) FOR LIMITS:

As per [10 CSR 20-2.010(78)], the amount of pollutant each discharger is allowed by the department to release into a given stream after the department has determined to total amount of pollutant that may be discharged into that stream without endangering its water quality.

Not Applicable ⊠;

Wasteload allocations were not calculated.

WLA MODELING:

Not Applicable ⊠;

A WLA study was either not submitted or determined not applicable by department staff.

WATER QUALITY STANDARDS:

Per [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)], General Criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. Additionally, [40 CFR 122.44(d)(1)] directs the department to establish in each NPDES permit to include conditions to achieve water quality established under Section 303 of the Clean Water Act, including State narrative criteria for water quality.

WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET) TEST:

A WET test is a quantifiable method of determining if a discharge from a facility may be causing toxicity to aquatic life by itself, in combination with or through synergistic responses when mixed with receiving stream water.

Not Applicable \boxtimes ;

At this time, the permittee is not required to conduct WET test for this facility.

303(d) LIST & TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD (TMDL):

Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act requires that each state identify waters that are not meeting water quality standards and for which adequate water pollution controls have not been required. Water quality standards protect such beneficial uses of water as whole body contact (such as swimming), maintaining fish and other aquatic life, and providing drinking water for people, livestock and wildlife. The 303(d) list helps state and federal agencies keep track of waters that are impaired but not addressed by normal water pollution control programs.

A TMDL is a calculation of the maximum amount of a given pollutant that a body of water can absorb before its water quality is affected. If a water body is determined to be impaired as listed on the 303(d) list, then a watershed management plan will be developed that shall include the TMDL calculation Applicable \square ;

Clear Creek is listed on the 2004 / 2006 Missouri 303(d) List for Nutrients.

☐ – This facility is not considered to be a source of the above listed pollutant(s) or considered to contribute to the impairment of Clear Creek.

WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET) TEST:

A WET test is a quantifiable method of determining if a discharge from a facility may be causing toxicity to aquatic life by itself, in combination with or through synergistic responses when mixed with receiving stream water. Applicable \boxtimes ;

Once per permit cycle, see condition #16

Adjusted Design Flow:

10 CSR 20-6.011(1)(B)1. provides for an Adjusted Design Flow when calculating permit fees on human sewage treatment facilities. If the average flow is sixty percent (60%) or less than the system's design flow, the average flow may be substituted for the design flow when calculating the permit fee on human sewage treatment facilities. If the facility's actual average flow is consistently 60% or less than the permitted design flow, the facility may qualify for a reduction in your fee when:

Not Applicable ⊠;

At this time, the permittee has not requested an Adjusted Design Flow modification.

Part V – Effluent Limits Determination

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE: *Outfall #001* Eliminated outfall. Retained on permit for record keeping purposes

Outfall #003– Main Facility Outfall 003 –Emergency discharge from land application for dust control. **EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:**

PARAMETER	Unit	BASIS FOR LIMITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	Modified	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITATIONS	
FLOW	GPD	9	*		*	NO	S	
BOD ₅	MG/L	9		15	10	YES	45, 30	
TSS	MG/L	9		20	15	YES	45, 30	
PH (S.U.)	SU	9	6.5 - 9.0		6.5 – 9.0	YES	6.0 – 9.0	
AMMONIA AS N	MG/L	11	*		*	NO	S	
NITRATE/NITRITE AS N	MG/L	9	*		*	NO	S	
BARIUM	MG/L	9	*		*	NO	S	
COBALT	MG/L	9	*		*	NO	S	
IRON	MG/L	9	*		*	NO	S	
MANGANESE	MG/L	9	*		*	NO	S	
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	MG/L	9	*		*	NO	S	
OIL & GREASE	MG/L	9	15		10	NO	S	
MONITORING FREQUENCY	Please	Please see Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements in the Derivation and Discussion Section below.						

^{*} Monitoring requirement only.

Basis for Limitations Codes:

- 1. State or Federal Regulation/Law
- 2. Water Quality Standard (includes RPA)
- 3. Water Quality Based Effluent Limits
- 4. Lagoon Policy
- 5. Ammonia Policy
- 6. Antidegradation Review

- 7. Antidegradation Policy
- 8. Water Quality Model
- 9. Best Professional Judgment
- 10. TMDL or Permit in lieu of TMDL
- 11. WET Test Policy

OUTFALL #003 - DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:

- <u>Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD₅)</u> 15 mg/L as a Weekly Average and 10 mg/L as a Monthly Average. Please see the <u>APPLICABLE DESIGNATION OF WATERS OF THE STATE</u> sub-section of the <u>Receiving Stream Information</u>.
- <u>Total Suspended Solids (TSS)</u>. 20 mg/L as a Weekly Average and 15 mg/L as a Monthly Average. Please see the <u>APPLICABLE DESIGNATION OF WATERS OF THE STATE</u> sub-section of the <u>Receiving Stream Information</u>.
- **pH.** pH is limited to the range of 6.5 9.0 pH units, as per [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(E)]. pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged.
- <u>Total Ammonia Nitrogen.</u> Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for ammonia is included to determine whether a "reasonable potential" exists to exceed water quality standards after the discharge begins.

^{. ** -} Parameter not previously established in previous state operating permit.

- **Total Phosphorus** Monitoring requirement only.
- **Iron, Total Recoverable** Monitoring requirement only.
- **Nitrates plus Nitrites** Monitoring requirement only
- Oil & Grease. Conventional pollutant, effluent limitation for protection of aquatic life; 10 mg/L monthly average, 15 mg/L daily maximum.
- Metals Monitoring requirement only for Barium, Cobalt, Iron and Manganese.

OUTFALL #004 EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:

PARAMETER	Unit	BASIS FOR LIMITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	Modified	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITATIONS	
FLOW	GPD	1	*		*	NO	S	
COD	MG/L	9	*		*	YES	**	
TSS	MG/L	9	20		15	YES	**	
PH (S.U.)	SU	9	6.5 - 9.0		6.5 – 9.0	YES	**	
OIL & GREASE	MG/L	9	15		10		**	
Sodium	MG/L	9	*		*	YES	**	
MONITORING FREQUENCY	Please	Please see Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements in the Derivation and Discussion Section below.						

Monitoring requirement only.

Basis for Limitations Codes:

7. State or Federal Regulation/Law

8. Water Quality Standard (includes RPA)9. Water Quality Based Effluent Limits Water Quality Standard (includes RPA)

10. Lagoon Policy

11. Ammonia Policy

12. Antidegradation Review

7. Antidegradation Policy

8. Water Quality Model

9. Best Professional Judgment

10. TMDL or Permit in lieu of TMDL

11. WET Test Policy

OUTFALL #004 - DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:

- Flow. Monitoring only requirement in accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(i)(1)(ii)] the volume of effluent discharged from each outfall is needed to assure compliance with permitted effluent limitations. If the permittee is unable to obtain effluent flow, then it is the responsibility of the permittee to inform the department, which may require the submittal of an operating permit modification to determine an alternate location for flow monitoring.
- Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD). Monitoring only as recommended by the antidegeradtation review sheet.
- **Total Suspended Solids (TSS).** Effluent limitations of 20 mg/L as a Daily Maximum and 15 mg/L as a Monthly Average are applicable to this facility and are consistent with other operating permits. The analytical data part A in form C for outfall #002 had a reported value of 577 mg/L for TSS.
- pH. Effluent limitation range is from 6.5 to 9.0 Standard pH Units (SU), as per [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(E). pH is not to be averaged.

^{. ** -} Parameter not previously established in previous state operating permit.

- <u>Oil & Grease</u>. Conventional pollutant, effluent limitation for protection of aquatic life; 10 mg/L monthly average, 15 mg/L daily maximum.
- Sodium. This parameter was detected by a lab test and reported by the facility, monitoring requirements only

Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements for outfall #003:

PARAMETER	SAMPLING FREQUENCY	REPORTING FREQUENCY
FLOW	ONCE/DAY	QUARTERLY
BOD_5	ONCE/WEEK	QUARTERLY
TSS	ONCE/WEEK	QUARTERLY
PH	ONCE/WEEK	QUARTERLY
NITRATE AS NITRITE AS N	ONCE/WEEK	QUARTERLY
Ammonia as N	ONCE/WEEK	QUARTERLY
Barium	ONCE/WEEK	QUARTERLY
Cobalt	ONCE/WEEK	QUARTERLY
Iron	ONCE/WEEK	QUARTERLY
Manganese	ONCE/WEEK	QUARTERLY
OIL & GREASE	ONCE/WEEK	QUARTERLY
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	ONCE/WEEK	QUARTERLY

Outfall 003 – Dust control.

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:

PARAMETER	Unit	BASIS FOR LIMITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	Modified	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITATIONS
FLOW	GPD	1	7,500			NO	S

Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements.

PARAMETER	SAMPLING FREQUENCY	Reporting Frequency
FLOW	ONCE/DAY	QUARTERLY

Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements for outfall #004:

PARAMETER	SAMPLING FREQUENCY	Reporting Frequency
FLOW	ONCE/MONTH	QUARTERLY
COD	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY
TSS	ONCE/ QUARTER	QUARTERLY
РΗ	ONCE/ QUARTER	QUARTERLY
OIL & GREASE	ONCE/ QUARTER	QUARTERLY
SODIUM	ONCE/ QUARTER	QUARTERLY

Administrative Requirements

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Department, as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions contained herein and within the operating permit. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

PERMIT SYNCHRONIZATION:

The Missouri Department of Natural Resources is transitioning from the traditional methods with which Missouri's water resources have been managed to a Watershed Based Management (WBM) approach. The WBM approach will manage watersheds on the eight-digit Hydrological Unit Code (HUC8) scale. As permitting and permit synchronization is a key aspect of successful implementation of a Watershed Management Plan (WMP), the same HUC8 groups that will move through the WBM cycle will have their permit expirations and issuances synchronized in the same fiscal year. The typical five-year term of the permit issuances aligns with the proposed five-year WBM cycle and the two processes will be intimately tied together.

The immediate goals of the permit synchronization include the following:

- The administrative and technical streamlining of Water Protection Program and Regional Office activities such as permitting, inspections, and water quality monitoring.
- Providing the basis for future watershed permitting.
- Beginning to further examine Missouri's water resources on a watershed basis.

This permit will expire on <u>July 7, 2014</u> but in order to meet the permit synchronization goals the next expiration date will be on the 4^{th} quarter of 2017.

☑ - The Public Notice period for this operating permit was from 03/15/2013 to 04/15/2013. No responses were received.

COMPLETED BY:

Date of Factsheet: April 10, 2009 Tara Massey WP Permitting and Assistance Unit (417) 891-4300 tara.massey@dnr.mo.gov

DATE OF THE MODIFICATION TO THE FACT SHEET: AUGUST 21, 2012

MODIFIED BY;

Thabit. H. Hamoud, P.E., EE III

Missouri Department of Natural Resources Water Protection Section 7545 S. Lindbergh, Suite 210, St. Louis, Missouri 63125 (314) 416-2453 <a href="mailto:theatheathcolor: blue, but a control of the cont

Appendix – Antidegradation Review

Water Quality and Antidegradation Review

For the Protection of Water Quality and Determination of Effluent Limits for Discharge to Tributary to Clear Creek

hv

International Ingredient



August 2012

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1. FACILITY INFORMATION

FACILITY NAME: International Ingredient NPDES #: MO-0130141

FACILITY TYPE/DESCRIPTION: International Ingredient is a manufacturer of animal feed protein supplements in Monett, MO. The facility has installed a reverse osmosis system at the facility and needs to discharge reject water from the process. The majority of the water is reused at the facility for dust control. Outfall 004 is a new outfall for the reject water. Outfall 004 flows to Outfall 002, where it is combined with stormwater. This review establishes monitoring requirements and effluent limits for Outfall 004 and benchmarks for Outfall 002. Outfall 004 has a design capacity of 1100 gpd (0.0011 mgd).

COUNTY:	Barry	UTM COORDINATES:	x= 422647; y= 4083345
12- DIGIT HUC:	11070207-0704	LEGAL DESCRIPTION:	SE ¼, NE ¼, Sec. 10,T25N, R27W
EDU*:	Ozark/Neosho	ECOREGION:	Ozark Highlands/Springfield Plains
* - Ecological Drainag	ge Unit	_	

2. WATER QUALITY INFORMATION

In accordance with Missouri's Water Quality Standard [10 CSR 20-7.031(2)] and federal antidegradation policy at Title 40 Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) Section 131.12 (a), the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) developed a statewide antidegradation policy and corresponding procedures to implement the policy. A proposed discharge to a water body will be required to undergo a level of Antidegradation Review which documents that the use of a water body's available assimilative capacity is justified. Effective August 30, 2008, a facility is required to use Missouri's Antidegradation Rule and Implementation Procedure (AIP) for new and expanded wastewater discharges.

2.1. WATER QUALITY HISTORY:

Facility reports no discharge for Outfall 003, as it is an emergency discharge. In the current permit, there are no monitoring requirements on Outfall 002, only the requirement to develop and implement a stormwater pollution prevention plan (SWPPP). Outfall 001 was terminated in July 2009 and was a stormwater outfall.

OUTFALL	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	TREATMENT LEVEL	RECEIVING WATERBODY	DISTANCE TO CLASSIFIED SEGMENT (MI)
001		ELIMINATED	Tributary to Clear Creek	
002	Varies	BMPs	Tributary to Clear Creek	~5.73
003	0.0116	EMERGENCY	Tributary to Clear Creek	~5.73
004	0.0017	PRIMARY	Tributary to Clear Creek	~5.75

3. RECEIVING WATERBODY INFORMATION

WATERBODY NAME	CLASS W	CLASS WBID	LOW-FLOW VALUES (CFS)			DESIGNATED USES"
WATERBOOT NAME	CLASS	WBID	1Q10	7Q10	30Q10	DESIGNATED USES
Tributary to Clear Creek	U					General Criteria
Clear Creek	С	3239	0.0	0.0	0.01	AQL, LWW, WBC(B)

^{**} Protection of Warm Water Aquatic Life and Human Health-Fish Consumption (AQL). Cold Water Fishery (CDF). Cool Water Fishery (CLF). Drinking Water Supply (DWS). Industrial (IND). Irrigation (IRR). Livestock & Wildlife Watering (LWW). Secondary Contact Recreation (SCR). Whole Body Contact Recreation (WBC).

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4. GENERAL COMMENTS

James S. Rickun Environmental Consulting prepared the Antidegradation Request for International Ingredient outside of Monett, MO. Geohydrological Evaluation was submitted with the request and the receiving stream is losing for discharge purposes (Appendix A: Map). International Ingredient completed the expanded testing required for a permit modification prior to submittal of their Antidegradation Request and permit modification request. Applicant elected to determine that all pollutants of concern (POC) are minimally degrading the receiving stream using existing water quality. This analysis was conducted to fulfill the requirements of the AIP. Information that was provided by the applicant in the submitted report and summary forms in Appendix B was used to develop this review document.

5. ANTIDEGRADATION REVIEW INFORMATION

The following is a review of the Antidegradation dated June 2012.

5.1. TIER DETERMINATION

Below is a list of pollutants of concern reasonably expected to be in the discharge (see Appendix B). Pollutants of concern are defined as those pollutants "proposed for discharge that affects beneficial use(s) in waters of the state. POCs include pollutants that create conditions unfavorable to beneficial uses in the water body receiving the discharge or proposed to receive the discharge." (AIP, Page 7). Tier 2 was assumed for all POCs (see Appendix B).

Table 1: Pollutants of Concern and Tier Determination

POLLUTANTS OF CONCERN	TIER*	DEGRADATION	COMMENT
Chemical Oxygen Demand	**	Minimal	
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	**	Minimal	Losing stream limit
Oil and Grease	2	Minimal	Permit limits applied
pH	***	Minimal	Permit limits applied
Sodium	**	Minimal	

^{*} Tier assumed. Tier determination not possible: ** No in-stream standards for these parameters. *** Standards for these parameters are ranges

5.2. MINIMAL DEGRADATION

With the implementation of the reverse osmosis system, International Ingredient faces an increase in water usage and water to be discharged. International Ingredient completed the expanded testing required for a permit modification, and the pollutants of concern identified were pH and sodium. There is not a water quality standard for sodium and pH is limited between 6.5-9.0. In reviewing the results, the facility did have oil and grease and total suspended solids in the sampling results, thus those were added to parameters to monitor for. The facility evaluated its alternatives for discharging the reject water, including hauling to the city of Monett for disposal (~5 miles away), reuse of the water in plant operations, and discharging. The facility determined it was able to use approximately two-thirds (¾) of the water generated in its dust suppression efforts. This left a third (⅓) of the water to discharge.

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6. GENERAL ASSUMPTIONS OF THE WATER QUALITY AND ANTIDEGRADATION REVIEW

- A Water Quality and Antidegradation Review (WQAR) assumes that [10 CSR 20-6.010(3) Continuing Authorities and 10 CSR 20-6.010(4) (D), consideration for no discharge] has been or will be addressed in a Missouri State Operating Permit or Construction Permit Application.
- A WQAR does not indicate approval or disapproval of alternative analysis as per [10 CSR 20-7.015(4) Losing Streams], and/or any section of the effluent regulations.
- Changes to Federal and State Regulations made after the drafting of this WQAR may alter Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (WQBEL).
- Effluent limitations derived from Federal or Missouri State Regulations (FSR) may be WQBEL or Effluent Limit Guidelines (ELG).
- WQBEL supersede ELG only when they are more stringent. Mass limits derived from technology based limits are still appropriate.
- A WQAR does not allow discharges to waters of the state, and shall not be construed as a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System or Missouri State Operating Permit to discharge or a permit to construct, modify, or upgrade.
- Limitations and other requirements in a WQAR may change as Water Quality Standards, Methodology, and Implementation procedures change.
- Nothing in this WQAR removes any obligations to comply with county or other local ordinances or restrictions.
- 9. If the proposed treatment technology is not covered in 10 CSR 20-8 Design Guides, the treatment process may be considered a new technology. As a new technology, the permittee will need to work with the review engineer to ensure equipment is sized properly. The operating permit may contain additional requirements to evaluate the effectiveness of the technology once the facility is in operation. This Antidegradation Review is based on the information provided by the facility and is not a comprehensive review of the proposed treatment technology. If the review engineer determines the proposed technology will not consistently meet proposed effluent limits, the permittee will be required to revise their Antidegradation Report.

7. MIXING CONSIDERATIONS

Mixing Zone (MZ): Not Allowed [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)4.B.(I)(a)]. Zone of Initial Dilution (ZID): Not Allowed [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)4.B.(I)(b)]

8. RECEIVING WATER MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

No receiving water monitoring requirements recommended at this time.

9. DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS

Wasteload allocations and limits were calculated using the method below:

1) Water quality-based – Using water quality criteria or water quality model results and the dilution equation below:

$$C = \frac{\left(C_s \times Q_s\right) + \left(C_e \times Q_e\right)}{\left(Q_e + Q_s\right)}$$
 (EPA/505/2-90-001, Section 4.5.5)

Where C = downstream concentration

 C_s = upstream concentration

 $Q_s = upstream flow$

 C_e = effluent concentration

 $Q_e = effluent flow$

Chronic wasteload allocations were determined using applicable chronic water quality criteria (CCC: criteria continuous concentration). Acute wasteload allocations were determined using applicable water quality criteria (CMC: criteria maximum concentration). Water quality-based maximum daily and average monthly effluent limitations were calculated using methods and procedures outlined in USEPA's "Technical Support Document For Water Quality-based Toxics Control" (EPA/505/2-90-001).

9.1. OUTFALL #004 - REJECT WATER OUTFALL LIMIT DERIVATION

TABLE 2: EFFLUENT LIMITS

PARAMETER	Units	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	BASIS FOR LIMIT (NOTE 1)	MONITORING FREQUENCY
FLOW	MGD	*		*	FSR	ONCE/QUARTER
CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND	MG/L	*		*	BPJ	ONCE/QUARTER
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	MG/L	20		15	PEL/FSR	ONCE/QUARTER
OIL AND GREASE	MG/L	15		10	FSR	ONCE/QUARTER
PH	SU	6.5-9.0		6.5 - 9.0	FSR	ONCE/QUARTER
SODIUM	MG/L	*		*	BPJ	ONCE/QUARTER
WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY	%					ONCE/PERMIT
WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY	SURVIVAL					CYCLE

^{* -} Monitoring requirements only.

NOTE 1 - WATER QUALITY-BASED EFFLUENT LIMITATION -- WQBEL; OR MINIMALLY DEGRADING EFFLUENT LIMIT--MDEL; OR PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE EFFLUENT LIMIT--PEL; TECHNOLOGY-BASED EFFLUENT LIMIT--TBEL; OR NO DEGRADATION EFFLUENT LIMIT--NDEL; OR FSR --FEDERAL/STATE REGULATION; BPJ---BEST PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT OR N/A--NOT APPLICABLE. ALSO, PLEASE SEE THE GENERAL ASSUMPTIONS OF THE WOAR #4 & #5.

- Flow. In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(i)(1)(ii)] the volume of effluent discharged from each outfall is needed to assure compliance with permitted effluent limitations. If the permittee is unable to obtain effluent flow, then it is the responsibility of the permittee to inform the department, which may require the submittal of an operating permit modification.
- <u>Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)</u>. Monitoring only. Chemical oxygen demand would provide a
 better representation of oxygen demand than biochemical oxygen demand for reject water process.
- <u>Total Suspended Solids (TSS)</u>. 15 mg/L monthly average, 20 mg/L daily maximum limit. Facility discharges to a losing stream.
- <u>Sodium.</u> Monitoring only. A Water Quality Standard does not exist for sodium, however in the sampling completed by the facility; sodium was identified as a pollutant of concern.
- pH. pH shall be maintained in the range from 6.5 to nine (6.5 9.0) standard units [10 CSR 20-7.015 (8)(A)2.].
- Oil & Grease. Conventional pollutant, [10 CSR 20-7.031, Table A]. Effluent limitation for protection of aquatic life; 10 mg/L monthly average, 15 mg/L daily maximum.
- WET Test. WET Testing schedules and intervals are established in accordance with the Department's Permit Manual; Section 5.2 Effluent Limits / WET Testing for Compliance Bio-monitoring. It is

Page 7

recommended that WET testing be conducted during the period of lowest stream flow.

□ Acute

No less than ONCE/PERMIT CYCLE:

Facility handles large quantities of toxic substances, or substances that are toxic in large amounts. Acute and/or Chronic Allowable Effluent Concentrations (AECs) for facilities that discharge to unclassified streams are 100%, 50%, 25%, 12.5%, & 6.25%.

9.2. OUTFALL #002 - REJECT WATER & STORMWATER LIMIT DERIVATION

The following Benchmark Limitation is considered necessary to protect existing water quality and should not be exceeded during discharges resulting from a precipitation event exceeding 0.1 inches during a 24 hour period. The BMPs at the facility should be designed to meet this limit during rainfall event up to the 10 year, 24 hour rain event. The Benchmark does not constitute numeric effluent limitations. A benchmark exceedance alone, therefore, is not a permit violation. If a sample exceeds a benchmark concentration a review of the facilities SWPPP and BMPs shall take place to determine whether any improvement or additional controls are needed to reduce that pollutant in the storm water discharge. This evaluation must be kept on file with the SWPPP. Failure to evaluate and improve BMPs to address a Benchmark Limitation exceedance is a permit violation.

Parameter	Benchmark
Flow	mgd
Chemical Oxygen Demand	90 mg/L
Settleable Solids	1.5 mL/L/hr
pH	6.5-9.0 SU
Oil and grease	10 mg/L

- Flow. In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(i)(1)(ii)] the volume of effluent discharged from each outfall is needed to assure compliance with permitted effluent limitations. If the permittee is unable to obtain effluent flow, then it is the responsibility of the permittee to inform the department, which may require the submittal of an operating permit modification.
- <u>Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)</u>. 90mg/L benchmark for chemical oxygen demand. This is based
 on best professional judgment and consistent with other stormwater permits in the state.
- <u>Settleable Solids (SS)</u>. 1.5 mL/L/hr benchmark for settleable solids. This is based on best professional
 judgment and consistent with other stormwater permits in the state.
- <u>Sodium.</u> Monitoring only. A Water Quality Standard does not exist for sodium, however in the sampling completed by the facility; sodium was identified as a pollutant of concern.
- pH. pH shall be maintained in the range from six and half to nine (6.5 9.0) standard units [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)(A)2.].
- Oil & Grease. Conventional pollutant, [10 CSR 20-7.031, Table A]. Effluent limitation for protection of aquatic life; 10 mg/L benchmark.

10. ANTIDEGRADATION REVIEW PRELIMINARY DETERMINATION

The proposed expanded facility discharge, International Ingredient will result in minimal degradation of the segment identified in the Clear Creek. Per the requirements of the AIP, the effluent limits in this review were developed to be protective of beneficial uses and to retain the remaining assimilative capacity. MDNR has determined that the submitted review is sufficient and meets the requirements of the AIP. No further analysis is needed for this discharge.

Reviewer: Leasue J. Meyers

Date: 08/03/2012 Unit Chief: John Rustige, P.E.

" " LENGTHNING!

JUN - 4 2012

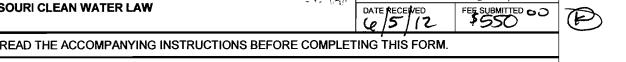
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MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, WATER POLLUTION CONTROL BRANCH
FORM A - APPLICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OR OPERATING PERMIT
UNDER MISSOURI CLEAN WATER LAW

FOR AGENCY USE ONLY

CHECK NUMBER # (29639



Note ► PLEASE READ THE ACCOMPANYING INSTRUC	CTIONS BEFORE (COMPLETING THIS FO	ORM.						
1. This application is for:									
☐ An operating permit and antidegradation review public notice									
A construction permit following an appropriate operating permit and antidegradation review public notice									
A construction permit and concurrent operating permit and antidegradation review public notice									
A construction permit (submitted before Aug. 30, 2008 or antidegradation review is not required)									
An operating permit for a new or unpermitted fac	ility Cor	nstruction Permit#_							
An operating permit renewal: permit # MO	_ Exp	oiration Date							
✓ An operating permit modification: permit # MO-01	130141 Rea	ason:							
1.1 Is the appropriate fee included with the application? (See	instructions for app	propriate fee) 🛭 YES	3	□NO					
2. FACILITY									
NAME				NE WITH AREA CODE					
International Ingredient Corporation				7) 235-8740					
ADDRESS (PHYSICAL)	CITY		STATE	7) 235-8751 ZIP CODE					
242 Farm Road 1110	Monett		МО	65708					
<u> </u>			0	00.00					
3. OWNER									
NAME		E-MAIL ADDRESS		NE WITH AREA CODE 5) 717-2100					
International Ingredient Corporation		iicag.com		349-4845					
ADDRESS (MAILING)	CITY		STATE	ZIP CODE					
PO Box 26377	Fenton		МО	63026					
3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice?	? VES	□NO							
4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY									
NAME				IE WITH AREA CODE					
International Ingredient Corporation				235-8740					
	Larry			235-8751 ZIP CODE					
ADDRESS (MAILING) 242 Farm Road 1110	CITY Monett		STATE MO	65708					
5. OPERATOR	Wildlight			00.00					
NAME	CERTIFICATE NUMBER		TELEPHON	IE WITH AREA CODE					
) 235-8740					
Kirk Marcuson	N/A		FAX (417) 235-8751					
ADDRESS (MAILING)	CITY		STATE	ZIP CODE					
242 Farm Road 1110	Monett		МО	65708					
6. FACILITY CONTACT									
NAME	TITLE			E WITH AREA CODE) 235-8740					
Kirk Marcuson	Plant Manager	-) 235-8751					
7. ADDITIONAL FACILITY INFORMATION			174) 200-0701					
7.1 Legal Description of Outfalls. (Attach additional shee	ets if necessary.)								
001¼¼ Sec	T	R		County					
UTM Coordinates Easting (X): Northing									
For Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 15 No			_	Countr					
002 <u>SE ¼ NE ¼ Sec 10</u> UTM Coordinates Easting (X): 422332 Northin	T <u>25N</u> g (Y): 4083357	R <u>27W</u>	Barry (County					
003 SE ½ NE ½ Sec 10	T 25N	 R 27W	Barry (County					
	g (Y): 4083258.92	K 27 VV	Daily (County					
004¼ Sec	T	 R	(County					
UTM Coordinates Easting (X): Northing	g (Y):	.,	`	,					
7.2 Primary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) and Facility		 ndustrial Classification	System	(NAICS) Codes					
001 – SIC <u>2060</u> and NAICS		and NAI							
003 – SIC and NAICS 004 – SIC and NAICS									

MO 780-1479 (01-09)



JUN - 4 2012



WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

James S. Rickun Environmental Consulting

4933 Black Oak Drive Madison, WI 53711- 4373

Phone (608) 274-2921

Fax (608) 274-2921

jrickun@chorus.net

June 1, 2012

Mr. John Hoke MDNR – Water Protection Program Permits & Engineering Section P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176

Dear Mr. Hoke,

On behalf of International Ingredient Corporation (MO-0130141) please find enclosed a copy of a Water Quality Review Assistance/Antidegradation Review Request, accompanying an Operating Permit Modification for the discharge of R.O. reject water to outfall # 2 at the Monett, Missouri facility. This application package includes a check in the amount of \$550.00 payable to the Missouri DNR which we believe is the appropriate amount of fees required for this action.

International Ingredient Corporation would appreciate your agency's expeditious review of this application. If you have any questions or need any further information, please contact me at the phone or e-mail address above. Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

ames S. Rickun

Attachments

CC: Mr. Kirk Marcuson - Plant Manager



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, WATER POLLUTION CONTROL BRANCH

WATER QUALITY REVIEW ASSISTANCE/ANTIDEGRADATION REVIEW REQUEST PRE-CONSTRUCTION REVIEW FOR PROTECTION OF BENEFICIAL USES AND DEVELOPING EFFLUENT LIMITS

TYPE OF PROJEC		Other Projects		
REQUESTER		<u> </u>	_	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE (417) 235-8740
	gredient Corporation		 	
PERMITTEE International Ir	gredient Corporation			TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE (417) 235-8740
		THE RESERVE AND A STATE OF THE		
	narge (See Instruction #9)	☐ Upgrade (No expansion) (See AIP		
DESCRIPTION OF	PROPOSED ACTIVITY:			
•	ansion of Outfall # 002 to inc			
FACILITY INF	ORMATION			
FACILITY NAME				MSOP NUMBER (IF APPLICABLE)
International Ir	ngredient Corporation			MO-0130141
COUNTY				SIC / NAICS CODE
Barry				2060
	TERIA COMPLIANCE Disinfection U	Itraviolet Disinfection	— ✓ Not	Applicable
WATER QUALITY				
W				
None				
Water quality is	sues include: effluent limit comp	liance issues, notice (s) of violation, water body	y beneficial use:	s not attained or supported, etc.
OUTFALL	LOCATION (LAT/L	ONG OR LEGAL DESCRIPTION)	MAPPED ¹ (CHECK)	RECEIVING WATER BODY ²
002	+36	53346/-09352178	✓	Unnamed Tributary to Clear Creek
For a	ch topographic map (See ww additional outfalls, attach a s general instructions for disch		utfall location(s	s) clearly marked.
OUTFALL	NEW DESIGN FLOW **	TREATMENT TYPE		EFFLUENT TYPES*
002	(MGD) 1.1	None		See Attached
		-		_
storn	cribe predominating characte n water, mining leachate, etc pansion, indicate new design		iter, municipal	wastewater, industrial wastewater,
☐ Chec	ked for rare or endangered	species and provided determination with t	his request. S	See Instruction #8.
ANTIDEGRAI	DATION REVIEW SUBMISS	SION:		
☐ Tier l ☐ Attac ☐ Attac ☐ Attac ☐ Attac ☐ No D	Determination and Effluent L chment A – Significant Degra chment B – Minimal Degrada chment C – Temporary degra chment D – Tier 1 Review degradation Evaluation – Cor	dation tion		
MO 700 1002 (02 00				

See general instructions. Additional inform	ation may be needed to complete your request. Your request may be returned if items are
missing. Revised submittal will be consider	ed a new submittal.
SIGNATURE	DATE PIER 2 2
PRINT NAME	
	• •
Kirk Marcuson	
E-MAIL ADDRESS	
kmarcuson@iicag.com	
Submit request to:	Missouri Department of Natural Resources
•	Water Protection Program
	Attn: Permits and Engineering Section
	P.O. Box 176
	Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176
	Phone: 573-751-1300
	Fax: 573-522-9920

The water quality review assistance is a process to determine effluent limits for new facilities or existing facilities seeking to increase loading into the receiving stream. Limits can be calculated by the permittee and submitted for review the department.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- . Please attach: A. A list of pollutants expected to be discharged.
 - B. The location of each outfall clearly shown on map(s). A U.S. Geological Survey topographic map is available at www.dnr.mo.gov/internetmapviewer/.
- 2. Discharge(s) to all gaining streams: Applicant must submit dissolved oxygen analysis (i.e., using Missouri Department of Natural Resources approved models such as Streeter Phelps (www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/eap/pwspread/pwspread.html) or Qual2K/Qual2E (Q2K/Q2E) stream water quality study (www.epa.gov/athens/wwqtsc/index.html)) indicating that the preferred alternative's BOD₅ effluent limitations from the alternative analysis or the technology-based/regulatory BOD₅ effluent limits are protective of Missouri's water quality standard for dissolved oxygen. Note: If Q2K/Q2E is used, wasteload allocation for ammonia must be assumed. All Q2K/Q2E studies must have department approved Quality Assurance Project Plans. Recommended modeling procedures from the department (may differ with discharge) for this analysis are available upon request.
- 3. Discharge(s) to unclassified gaining stream: Applicant may provide the time of travel to the confluence with the classified stream segment for modeling pollutant decay (See Total Ammonia Nitrogen Criteria Implementation Guidance Policy at www.dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/permits/antideg-implementation.htm). Otherwise, the applicant may determine limits based on no decay of discharge pollutants, which typically results in lower permit limits. Please use the TR-55 method (Natural Resource Conservation Service, Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, June 1986) for time of travel determination (http://directives.sc.egov.usda.gov/22162.wba). Please include a map, schematic or description of flow segments with your calculations. A worksheet with instructions is available upon request.
- 4. For all discharges, the chronic water quality criteria point of compliance is the classified stream or the confluence with the classified stream. No mixing is allowed for streams with seven-day Q10 low flow less than 0.1 cfs (10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)B(I)), while mixing is allowed for streams with seven-day Q10 low flow greater than 0.1 cfs (10 CSR 20-7.031(4) (A)B(II)).
- 5. For industrial facilities, a list of all chemicals, compounds, elements, etc. found in the discharge must be submitted with the request. Proprietary names of chemicals are not sufficient, as these chemicals may contain several pollutants for which the department must evaluate separate effluent limits. A pre-construction review meeting is highly recommended.
- Do not submit water quality review assistance requests for renewals. All water quality-based effluent limits will be determined during the renewal process.
- 10 CSR 20-7.015(8)(B)3. allows alternative limitations (i.e., lagoon or trickling filters) if a water quality impact study is conducted. This impact study should indicate that equivalent to secondary treatment for lagoons or trickling filters are protective of Missouri Water Quality standards for dissolved oxygen and ammonia.
- 8. Applicant must check for rare and endangered aquatic species that may be affected by the discharge at http://mdcgis.mdc.mo.gov/heritage/newheritage/heritage.htm.
- Additional requirements for new facilities:
 - A. Division of Geology and Land Survey Geohydrologic Evaluations must be submitted with the request.
 - B. Coordinates of outfall (s) in lat/long or in the public land survey system must be provided.
 - C. Please submit a letter with project timeframe.

Note: Lack of response for additional informational within a reasonable timeframe will result in return of request.

MO 780-1893 (03-09)

8.	ADDITIONAL FORMS AND MAPS NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THIS APPLICATION (Complete all forms that are applicable.)	N						
Α.	Is your facility a manufacturing, commercial, mining or silviculture waste treatment facility yes, complete Form C (unless storm water only, then complete U.S. Environmental Protection		YES 🗹 m 2F per					
В.	Is your facility considered a "Primary Industry" under EPA guidelines: If yes, complete Forms C and D.		YES 🗌	NO 🗹				
C.	Is application for storm water discharges only? If yes, complete EPA Form 2F.		YES 🗌	NO 🛮				
D.	Attach a map showing all outfalls and the receiving stream at 1" = 2,000' scale.							
E.	Is wastewater land applied? If yes, complete Form I.		YES 🛭	NO 🗌				
F.	Is sludge, biosolids, ash or residuals generated, treated, stored or land applied? If yes, complete Form R.		YES 🗌	NO 🗹				
9.	DOWNSTREAM LANDOWNER(S) Attach additional sheets as necessary. See Instruction (PLEASE SHOW LOCATION ON MAP. SEE 8.D ABOVE).	tions.						
NAME								
ADDRESS	CITY		STATE	ZIP CODE				
10.	I certify that I am familiar with the information contained in the application, that to the be information is true, complete and accurate, and if granted this permit, I agree to abide by all rules, regulations, orders and decisions, subject to any legitimate appeal available to Water Law to the Missouri Clean Water Commission.	y the Missou	ın Clean	Water Law and				
NAME AND	OFFICIAL TITLE (TYPE OR PRINT)	TELEPHONE W	ITH AREA C	ODE				
Kirk Mar		(417) 235-8	740					
SIGNATURE		DATE SIGNED						
10 700 147	5/17/12							
MC 780-1147	(01-0-9)	•						
BEFORE MAILING, PLEASE ENSURE ALL SECTIONS ARE COMPLETED AND ADDITIONAL FORMS, IF APPLICABLE, ARE INCLUDED.								
	Submittal of an incomplete application may result in the application being returned.							

HAVE YOU INCLUDED:

Appropriate Fees?
Map at 1" = 2000' scale?
Signature?
Form C, if applicable?
Form D, if applicable?
Form 2F, if applicable?
Form I (Irrigation), if applicable?
Form R (Sludge), if applicable?



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, WATER POLLUTION BRANCH (SEE MAP FOR APPROPRIATE REGIONAL OFFICE)

FORM C - APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE PERMIT - MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL, MINING AND SILVICULTURE OPERATIONS

FOR AGENC	FOR AGENCY USE ONLY								
CHECK NO.									
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1.00 NAME OF FACILITY
INTERNATIONAL INGREDIENT CORPORATION
1.10 THIS FACILITY IS NOW IN OPERATION UNDER MISSOURI OPERATING PERMIT NUMBER MO - 0130141
1.20 THIS IS A NEW FACILITY AND WAS CONSTRUCTED UNDER MISSOURI CONSTRUCTION PERMIT NUMBER (COMPLETE ONLY IF THIS FACILITY DOES NOT HAVE AN OPERATING PERMIT).
2.00 LIST THE STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION (SIC) CODES APPLICABLE TO YOUR FACILITY (FOUR DIGIT CODE)
A. FIRST 2060 B. SECOND
C. THIRD D. FOURTH
2.10 FOR EACH OUTFALL GIVE THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION. OUTFALL NUMBER (LIST) SE 1/4 NE 1/4 SEC 10 T 25N R 27W BARRY County
OUTFALL NUMBER (LIST) 3E 1/4 NE 1/4 SEC 10 T 25N R 210 15H7CKY County
2.20 FOR EACH OUTFALL LIST THE NAME OF THE RECEIVING WATER.
OUTFALL NUMBER (LIST) RECEIVING WATER
#002 UNINMED TRIBUTARY TO CLEAR CREEK
#003 UNINMED TRIBUTARY TO CLEAR CREEK #003 NONE-READWAY APPLICATION ONLY
THE TOTAL POLICE THE STATE OF T
2.30 BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE NATURE OF YOUR BUSINESS:
SEE ATTACHED DESCRIPTION

- A. Attach a line drawing showing the water flow through the facility. Indicate sources of intake water, operations contributing wastewater to the effluent and treatment units labeled to correspond to the more detailed descriptions in Item B. Construct a water balance on the line drawing by showing average flows between intakes, operations, treatment units, public sewers and outfalls. If a water balance cannot be determined (e.g., for certain mining activities), provide a pictorial description of the nature and amount of any sources of water and any collection or treatment measures.
- B. For each outfall, provide a description of 1. All operations contributing wastewater to the effluent, including process wastewater, sanitary wastewater, cooling water and storm water runoff. 2. The average flow contributed by each operation. 3. The treatment received by the wastewater. Continue on additional sheets if necessary.

1 OUTSALL NO. 2 OPERATION/S) CONTRIBUTING SLOW. 2 TREATMENT									
1. OUTFALL NO.		S) CONTRIBUTING FLOW	3. TREATMENT						
(LIST)	A. OPERATION (LIST)	B. AVERAGE FLOW (INCLUDE UNITS) (MAXIMUM FLOW)	A. DESCRIPTION	B. LIST CODES FROM TABLE A					
002	RO. PETET WATER STOLMWATER BOILER BLOW DOWN WATER	1100 GPD/VALIES 1400 GPD/7500 GPD	NONE	NONE					
002	BOILER BLOW WATER	1400GPD/7500GPD	NONE	NONE					
	<i>x</i> - <i>n</i>								
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2.40 CONTINUED

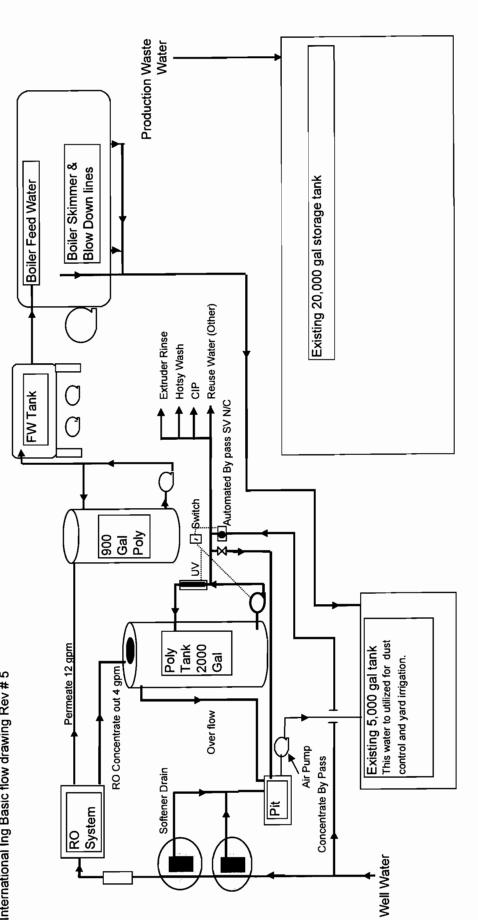
C. EXCEPT FOR STORM RUNOFF, LEAKS, OR SPILLS, ARE ANY OF THE DISCHARGES DESCRIBED IN ITEMS A OR B INTERMITTENT OR SEASONAL? NO (GO TO SECTION 2.50)												
TES (COMP	3. FREQUENCY 4. FLOW											
1. OUTFALL	BER CONTRIBUTING FLOW		A. DAYS	T	A. FLOW RATE (in mgd) B. TOTAL VO							
NUMBER (list)			PER WEE! (specify average)	(specify	1. LONG TERM AVERAGE	2. MAXIMUM DAILY	4. LONG TERM DAILY	3. MAXIMUM AVERAGE	ATION (in days)			
003	BOILER-BLOW DOWN				4	12	0.0014	0.002	1400 GPD	2000 GPD	365	
2.50 MAXIMUM PRO	DUCTION											
YES (COMPLETE L	3.)	ZÍ NO (go то sect	TON 2.60)		CTION 304 OF THE CL					
	IMITATIONS		_	EFFLUENT (GO TO SECT		XPRESSED II	N TERMS OF PRODU	CTION (OR OTH	ER MEASURE OF	OPERATION)?		
C. IF YOU AN	SWERED "YE	ES" TO B. LIS	T THE C	UANTITY TH	AT REPRES		TUAL MEASUREMEN ECTED OUTFALLS.	T OF YOUR MAX	IMUM LEVEL OF	PRODUCTION, E	EXPRESSED IN T	HE TERMS AND
					1. MAXIM	UM QUANTIT	Υ				2. AFF	ECTED
A. QUANTITY PE	ER DAY	B. UNIT	S OF ME	ASURE			C. OPERATION, PRO	DDUCT, MATERIA specify)	L, ETC.		OUTE	ALLS I numbers)
2.60 IMPROVEMENT										ONOTE LOTION	IDODADING OD	ODED ATION OF
WASTEWAT INCLUDES,	TER TREATM BUT IS NOT	ENT EQUIP	MENT OF	PRACTICES CONDITION	OR ANY OT	HER ENVIRO	MEET ANY IMPLEME DNMENTAL PROGRAM ENFORCEMENT ORD	MS THAT MAY AF	FECT THE DISCH	HARGES DESCRI	BED IN THIS APP	LICATION? THIS
YES (C	COMPLETE 1	HE FOLLOW	ING TAB	LE)	No (GO TO 3.00)						
1. IDENTIFICATION	ON OF CONI	OITION,		2. AFFECTE	OUTFALLS		3. BRI	EF DESCRIPTION	OF PROJECT		4. FINAL COM	B. PROJECTED
Adjieli	, 2101										A. REQUIRED	D, PROJECTED
EFFECT YO	OUR DISCHA		IOW HAV	'E UNDER W		HYOU PLAN. I	AL WATER POLLUTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	EACH PROGRAM	IS NOW UNDER	WAY OR PLANNE	ED, AND INDICATI	

INTERNATIONAL INGREDIENT CORPORATION 242 FARM ROAD 1110 MONETT, MISSOURI 65708

International Ingredient Corporation is a manufacturer of animal feed protein supplements. Briefly, the raw material arrives in liquid form from a nearby dairy processor by tanker truck. The liquid is pumped into storage silos for processing. From the storage silos the liquid is delivered by overhead pipes to spray nozzles located above and along the axis of each of six drum dryers. The surface of the drum is heated by steam from two boilers. The dryers all exhaust to a single stack located adjacent to the superstructure for the load-out elevator. The solids material (popcorn) that remains on the dryer drums after the liquid portion has been evaporated is removed by knife blade and conveyed to a tumble drum. The tumble drum exhaust is routed to a baghouse that exhausts externally.

Solids product is then cooled, ground and sieved. The grinding process is controlled by a baghouse that is exhausted externally. Ground product then goes into bags or totes (packaged product), with this operation also controlled by a baghouse that is exhausted externally. Truck load-out operations are conducted under cover. All these operations are conducted under cover of roof.

The facility is accessed via a gravel road that circulates the perimeter of the manufacturing structure.



International Ing Basic flow drawing Rev # 5

ISE THE SPACE BELOW TO LIST ANY DISCHARGED FROM ANY OUTFALL, FO OUR POSSESSION.	OR EVERY POLLUTANT YOU LIST, BRIEFLY DESC	INSTRUCTIONS, WHICH YOU KNOW OR HAVE RE. RIBE THE REASONS YOU BELIEVE IT TO BE PRES	ASON TO BELIEVE IS DISCHARGEI ENT AND REPORT ANY ANALYTIC
	2. SOURCE	1. POLLUTANT	2. SOURCE
1. POLLUTANT NONE			
<u> </u>			
		,	
			_
_			
		_	
			_
		_	

3.00 INTAKE AND EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS

3.00 INTAKE AND EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS	S		
	CEEDING — COMPLETE ONE TABLE FOR EACH OU EPARATE SHEETS NUMBERED FROM PAGE 6 TO P.		I THE SPACE PROVIDED.
	OF THE POLLUTANTS LISTED IN PART B OF THE IN PREVERY POLLUTANT YOU LIST, BRIEFLY DESCRIE		
1. POLLUTANT	2. SOURCE	1. POLLUTANT	2. SOURCE
NONE			
	-	-	
	-		
-			
-			
	-		

3.10 BIOLOGICAL TOXICITY TESTING DATA DO YOU HAVE ANY KNOWLEDGE OR REASON TO BE	RELIEVE THAT ANY BIOLOGICAL TES	T FOR ACUTE OR CH	IBONIC TOYICITY HAS BEEN	I MADE ON	ANV OF YOUR DISCHARGES OR ON A
RECEIVING WATER IN RELATION TO YOUR DISCHAR		97		MADE ON	ANT OF TOOM STOCK MILES OF ON A
YES (IDENTIFY THE TEST(S) AND DESCRIBE TH	HEIR PURPOSES BELOW.)	NO (GO TO 3	1.20)		
3.20 CONTRACT ANALYSIS INFORMATION		_			
WERE ANY OF THE ANALYSES REPORTED PERFOR	MED BY A CONTRACT LABORATORY	OR CONSULTING FIF	AM?		
YES (LIST THE NAME, ADDRESS AND TELEPHO	ONE NUMBER OF AND POLLUTANTS	ANALYZED BY EACH S	SUCH LABORATORY OR FIRM	A BELOW.)	NO (GO TO 3.30)
A. NAME	B. ADDRESS		C. TELEPHONE (area code an		D. POLLUTANTS ANALYZED (list)
	D. ADDII200		0.7EEE 11014E (Brea co.o Br.		
NATIONAL TESTING LABORATORY, LTD				ļ	SEE ATTACHED
LABORATORY, LTD					
1 '				ļ	
				-	
O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O					
3.30 CERTIFICATION	W THAT I WAVE DEDOC				
I CERTIFY UNDER PENALTY OF LAW SUBMITTED IN THIS APPLICATION A	N THAT I HAVE PERSO ND ALL ATTACHMENTS	NALLY EXAMI S AND THAT. I	NED AND AM FAN BASED ON MY IN	MILIAH QUIRY	OF THOSE INDIVIDUALS
IMMEDIATELY RESPONSIBLE FOR OB	TAINING THE INFORMATI	ON, I BELIEVE	THAT THE INFORM	NOITAN	IS TRUE, ACCURATE AND
COMPLETE. I AM AWARE THAT THERE POSSIBILITY OF FINE AND IMPRISON	: ARE SIGNIFICANT PEN MENT.	IALITES FOR S	SUBMITTING FALSE	: INFOR	RMATION, INCLUDING THE
			O TELED	HONE NIA	ARER (AREA CODE AND ALLIANDED
NAME AND OFFICIAL TITLE (TYPE OF PRINT)	NI- PLANT	MANAGE	5 Tu	17	ABER (AREA CODE AND NUMBER
SIGNATURE (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)	1-144	7	DATE	SIGNED	<u> </u>
was to			5/1	17/12	
MO 780-1614 (6-04)	Þ	AGE 5	•	-	

Well - Fro. Rejet Worth - K.C. was

International Ing. Monett MO.

MISSOURI VALLEY ENVIRONMENTAL REUSE & ENERGY SAVINGS PROJECT

Projected Combined	Discharge		0.02	208.1	0	62	0	0	0.15	0.3	2.3	470.2	24.9	-	0	0	42.45	11	732.5	8.25	0.02		900 £3300 gpd
Blend Ratio	1 to 10.2	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×		
Projected	Boiler Discharge	-		20.2		620		0	က	0.8	#	1000	50.5	10	0	0	55	12	2131.2	11.57	0.18		06
Current	"Boiler Discharge	1.2	7.0 0.5	20.2	٠	620	·	0	3	0.8 0.8		1500		10	0	رخ. ک	0,5 0,5		2131.2		M.Ø. 0.18		1,400
Projected Current	RO Concentate	0.00	0.00	228.63	0.00	1 00.00 #1/63/1	STEWNIUM 0.00	0.00	0.12 0.041		1.19	HC03- DE INTENTITE 578.05	DETRICE 22.00 5.3					10.67	576.99 %	2.66.7	CaCo3 CALICAR CANO 0.00		3,300
		Ca++	Mg++	Na+	추 -	NH4+	Sr++ ST(6NT) UP	Ba++	Fe++	Mn++	CO3-	HC03- 7	-604-	ძ :	NO3- 7/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1	F. FE	Si02 51	C02	·TDS	풉	CaCo3	2	MAX gpd

Note: Projected combined discharge is based on utilizing 2/3 of the RO concentrate for reuse and 1/3 for dust control. If lower combined discharge levels are desired, simply blend in more RO concentrate water to this storage tank.



Status	Contaminant	Results	Units	National Stan	Marine e dell'estille	Detection Level
<u> </u>	Aluminum	ND	mg/L	nalytes - Metal: 0.2	EPA Secondary	0.1
<u></u>	Arsenic	ND	mg/L	0.010	EPA Primary	0.005
	Barium	ND	mg/L	2.00	EPA Primary	0.30
<u> </u>	Cadmium	ND -	mg/L	0.005	EPA Primary	0.002
	Calcium	37.8	mg/L		Zi Xi iiiiaiy	2.0
✓	Chromium	ND	mg/L	0.100	EPA Primary	0.010
•	Copper	0.015	mg/L	1.300	EPA Action Level	0.004
		0.013		0.300	EPA Secondary	0.020
	Iron		mg/L		EPA Secondary EPA Action Level	0.002
<u>~</u>	Lead	ND	mg/L	0.015	EPA Action Level	
	Magnesium	17.00	mg/L			0.10
	Manganese	0.020	mg/L 	0.050	EPA Secondary	0.004
<u> </u>	Mercury	ND	mg/L	0.002	EPA Primary	0.001
<u>√</u>	Nickel	ND	mg/L			0.020
<u>√</u>	Potassium	ND	mg/L			1.0
<u>√</u>	Selenium	ND	mg/L	0.050	EPA Primary	0.020
	Silica	10.500	mg/L		<u> </u>	0.100
<u>√</u>	Silver	ND	mg/L			0.002
	Sodium	2	mg/L			1
	Zinc	0.025	mg/L Ph ysic	5.000 al Factors	EPA Secondary	0.004
	Alkalinity (Total)	150	mg/L			20
	Bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	150	mg/L			20
√	Carbonate (as CaCO3)	ND	mg/L	_		20
\triangle	Hardness	160	mg/L	100	NTL Internal	10
√	рН	7.6	pH Units	6.5 to 8.5	EPA Secondary	
	Total Dissolved Solids	200	mg/L	500	EPA Secondary	20
	Turbidity	0.1	NTU	1.0	EPA Action Level	0.1
age 2	of 3 7/8/2011 11:35:49 AM	1			Product: RO Check	Sample: 820736

Status	Contaminant.	Results 🖟			ndards ⊶ Min ast : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	
✓	Chloride	ND	mg/L	250.0	EPA Secondary	5.0
1	Fluoride	ND	mg/L	4.0	EPA Primary	0.5
1	Nitrate as N	ND	mg/L	10.0	EPA Primary	0.5
✓	Nitrite as N	ND	mg/L	1.0	EPA Primary	0.5
	Sulfate	5.5	mg/L	250.0	EPA Secondary	5.0

We certify that the analyses performed for this report are accurate, and that the laboratory test were conducted by methods approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or variations of these EPA methods.

These test results are intended to be used for informational purposes only and may not be used for regulatory compliance.

National Testing Laboratories, Ltd. NATIONAL TESTING LABORATORIES, LTD

7/8/2011 11:35:49 AM Product: RO Check Sample: 820736

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE. You may report some or all of this information on separate sheets (use the same format) instead of completing these pages. SEE INSTRUCTIONS.

FORM C TABLE 1 FOR 3.00 ITEM A AND B OUTFALL NO.

B, NO. OF ANAL-YSES

INTAKE AND EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS (continued from page 3 of Form 2-C)

4. INTAKE (optional) A. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE (2) MASS (1) CONCENTRATION VALUE VALUE VALUE B. MASS 3. UNITS (specify if blank) STANDARD UNITS ပ္ ပ္စ PART A - You must provide the results of at least one analysis for every pollutant in this table. Complete one table for each outfall. See instructions for additional details. A. CONCEN-TRATION D. NO. OF ANAL-YSES C. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE (2) MASS (1) CONCENTRATION VALUE VALUE VALUE 2. EFFLUENT
B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE (2) MASS MAXIMUM (1) CONCENTRATION MINIMOM VALUE VALUE VALUE A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE (2) MASS 1100 % MAXIMUM MBIEN AMBIENT (1) CONCENTRATION 577 VALUE VALUE VALUE C. Total Organic Carbon (TOC) A. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) B. Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) D. Total Suspended Solids (TSS) 1. POLLUTANT G. Temperature (winter) H. Temperature (summer) E. Ammonia (as N) F. Flow Hd.

PART B - Mark "X" in column 2-a for each pollutant you know or have reason to believe is present. Mark "X" in column 2-b for each pollutant you believe to be absent. If you mark column 2-a for any pollutant, you must provide the results of at least one analysis for that pollutant. Complete one table for each outfall. See the instructions for additional details and requirements.

1 POLLITANT	2. MARK "X"	,x				3. EFFLUENT				4. UNITS	TS	5. IN	5. INTAKE (optional)	
AND CAS NUMBER	A. BE- B. I	B. BE- LIEVED A. N	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE	IILY VALUE	B. MAXIMUM	(IMUM 30 DAY VALUE	C. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE	AVRG. VALUE	D. NO. OF	A. CONCEN-		A. LONG TERM	AVRG. VALUE	3. NO. OF
(if available)	PRE- A		(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANAL- YSES	TRATION	B. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(1) ANAL-	ANAL-
A. Bromide (24959-67-9)	<u>入</u>	✓												
B. Chlorine Total Residual	火													
C. Color	<u> </u>	✓												
D. Fecal Coliform	· ^	√												
E. Fluoride (16984-48-8)	×	<u> </u>												I
F. Nitrate– Nitrite (as N)	. ×													!
MO 780-1514 (6-04)		,					PAGE 6							

CONTINUED FROM FRONT

	2. MA	2. MARK "X"				3. EFFLUENT				4. UNITS	VITS	5.1	5. INTAKE (optional)	
1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER	A. BE-	B. BE.	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE	JAILY VALUE	B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE	O DAY VALUE	C. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE	AVRG. VALUE	D. NO. OF	A. CONCEN-		A. LONG TERM	A. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE	B. NO. OF
(if available)	PRE-	AB- SENT	S	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANAL- YSES	TRATION	B. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANAL- YSES
G. Nitrogen Total Organic (as N)		×												
H. Oil and Grease		\												
 Phosphorus (as P) Total (7723-14-0) 		×												
J. RADIOACTIVITY														
(1) Alpha Total														
(2) Beta Total														
(3) Radium Total														
(4) Radium 226 Total										ζ.				
K. Sulfate (as SO') (14808-79-8)			4	0.362					Ì	nedle	<i>j</i> 05			
L. Sulfide (as S)									•	9				
M. Sulfite (as SO ²) (14265-45-3)														
N. Surfactants														
O. Aluminum Total (7429-90-5)														
P. Barium Total (7440-39-3)														
Q. Boron Total (7440-42-8)														
R. Cobalt Total (7440-48-4)														
S. Iron total (7439-89-6)										\$				
T. Magnesium Total (7439-95-4)			17	0,156					,	midk	105			
U. Molybdenum Total (7439-98-7)			•) ()				
V. Manganese Total (7439-96-5)			0.08	0.0007					-	malk	1,65			
W. Tin Total (7440-31-5)				•					•	\supset				
X. Titanium Total (7440-32-6)														
MO 780-1514 (6-04)							PAGE 7							

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE. You may report some or all of this information on separate sheets use the same format instead of completing these pages
SEE INSTRUCTIONS.

FORM C TABLE 1 FOR 3.00 ITEM A AND B

INTAKE AND EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS (continued from page 3 of Form 2-C)

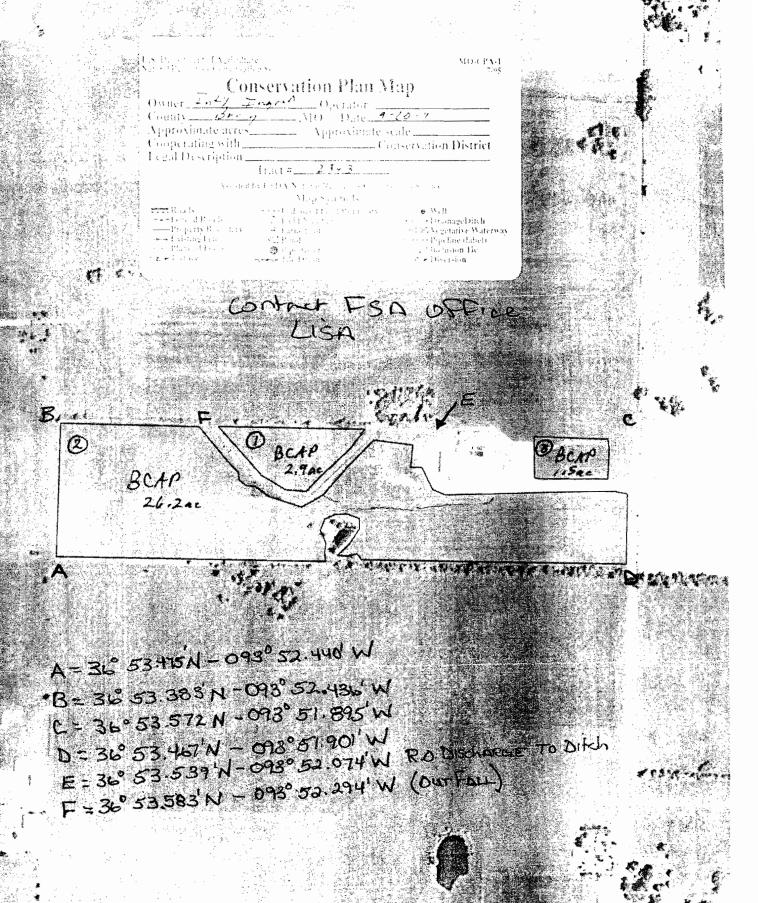
											}	
PART A - You must provide the results of at least one analysis for every pollutant in this table. Complete one table for each outfall. See instructions for additional details.	e results of at lea	ast one analysis fo	r every pollutant	in this table. Con	nplete one table for	each outfall. See ins	structions for a	dditional details.				
				2. EFFLUENT				3. UNITS (specify if blank)	scify if blank)	A. INTA	4. INTAKE (optional)	
1. POLLUTANT	A. MAXIMUM	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE	B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY	30 DAY VALUE	C. LONG TERI	C. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE	D. NO. OF	A. CONCEN		A. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE	RG. VALUE	B NO OF
	CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(z) MASS	CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	YSES	TRATION	B. MASS	CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	YSES
A. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	7	7570						mall	ma			
B. Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	66	1.65						1181	18			
C. Total Organic Carbon (TOC)								0	2			
D. Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	0.00	0.14						mall	165.			
E. Ammonia (as N)	0.73	1:486						md/2	747			
F Flow	VALUE	000	VALUE	 	VALUE			2	0	VALUE		!
G. Temperature (winter)	VALUE	¥	VALUE		VALUE				J	VALUE		
H. Temperature (summer)	VALUE	75	VALUE		VALUE				U	VALUE		j
Ha -	PINIMUM C	MAXILLIN'S	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	//		ļ	STANDA	STANDARD UNITS			N/
								1				

PART B - Mark X in column 2-a for each pollutant you know or have reason to believe is present. Mark X in column 2-b for each pollutant you mark column 2-a for any pollutant you must provide the instructions for additional details and requientents.

	: :	÷ -											
S INTAKE	AVRG VALUE	(2) 1.1455	-					!		:			
3 111	A. LONG TERM AVRG VALUE			_	1							!	
		B MASS										174	3
4. UNITS	A CONCEN	TRATION									•	o w	
:	D NO OF	ANAL	3										
	AM AVAG. VALUE	(2) MASS											
:	1	: 5	CONCENIMATION										PAGE 6
3 EFFLUERT	O DAY VALUE	(2) MASS											
• • •	B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE	(1)	CONCENTRATION										- [
	DAILY VALUE	(2) MASS										X00	7
	A MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE	CONCENTRATION										2.7	
×	A BE. B. BE.	AB. SENT	•	×		L	.>	ζ.	X	>	4		
2 MARK X	A BE.	SENT	-					;				X	!
1 POLLUTANI	AND CAS NUMBER		A Broinide	(24959-67-9)	B. Chlorine	Total Residual	C. Color	D Figure 1	Coliforn	E Fiuoride	(116984-48-8)	F. Nitrate. · Nitrite (as N)	MO 780-15-1-19-02

CONTINUED FROM FRONT

A continue of the continue o	R A MATHUM DALLY VALUE B. MAZHIWH DALLY VALUE D. NO CONCENTRATION D. NO CONCEN	1. POLLUTANT	2. MARK X	4		3.6	3. EFFLUENT				4. UNITS	IITS	1.5	5. INTAKE OUT COLD	
X 3.1 0.053	X 3.6 0.063 0.0453 0.0453 0.0454 0.0454 0.0455 0.0653 0	AND CAS NUMBER	LIEVED LIEVEL		A DAILY VALUE	B. MAXIMUM 30 D.	AY VALUE	C. LONG TERM	AVRG. VALUE	D. NO. OF	A CONCEN.		A. LONG TERM	A AVRG VALUE	i
X 3.1 0.052 X 3.8 0.063 X 3.8 0.063 N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	X 3.1 0.053 X 3.8 0.063 X 3.8 0.063 2.008 60.56 0.05 578.5 3.09 0.053		SENT SENT		_	CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANAL-	TRATION	B. WASS	1-1	C21 HASS	ANAL
XX	XX	Total Organic (as N)	×	•									CONCENTRATION	\perp	252
X	X	H. Oil and Grease	メ	7.4	0.052					1	0100	146			:
		I. Phosphorus (as P) Total (7723-14-0)	×	×	0.062							160			!
		J. RADIOACTIVITY		3	7						Maria	<i>(8)</i>			
		(1) Alpha Total									3				į
		(2) Beta Totai													!
		(3) Radium Total												}	:
		(4) Radium 226 Total													:
		K. Sulfate (as SO) (14808-79-8)													!
		L. Sulfide (as S)													
		M. Sulfite (as SO) (14265-45-3)												!	
		N. Surfactants	 											:	
		O Aluminum Total (7429-90:5)					!							:	
		P. Barium Total (7440-39-3)		0.008	200,56		!				0100	2007	; ;	:	<u>.</u>
		U Boron Total (7440-42-8)	!)							X PO	-0	:	!	
		Total (7440-48-4)	 - - 	0.05	378.5	!					0100	, 0%			
	:	total (7439-89-6)		3.09	4500					,	200	777	;	:	
		T. Magnesium Total (7439-95-4)					!				The state of the s	(BB)		:	:
		Total (7439-98-7)		:				-					:	:	· ·
· · ·	1	Total (7439-96-5)		0.036	, 27.d.S	-					De Jo	700		; ;	
Total (744032 6)		Total (7440-31-5)	i 							,		4			
	Total (7440 32 6)	Total (7440 32 6)				-						>	:		



MMET, Inc.

Middleton Microbiological & Environmental Testing Laboratory
3889 N. Hwy 65, Ozark, MO 65721

417-581-MMET(6638), Toll Free 877-581-MMET, Fax 417-582-0269 email: mmetinc@earthlink.net

Laboratory Report

Report Number: M5569-B

Report Date: September 14, 2001

Custor ter: ESC, Inc.

1922 N. Broadway Ave. Springfield, MO 65803

417-831-5500

Fax: 417-831-4533

Purch: se Order #:

Project Manager: Bud Sherman
Project Name: Ozark Ingredients
Project Location: Ozark Ingredients

Monett, MO

Sample Matrix: water Sampled by: Rick Allen

Sample ID: Boiler Blow Down
Date Sampled: 8-13-01 @ 0745

Date Received: 8-15-01 @ 0900

Param ter	Mcthod	Result	Date	
Total ! olids	EPA 160.3	1700 mg/L	8-28-01	
Settle: 31: Solids	EPA 160.5	< 0.1 ml/L/hr	8-15-01	
Total ! uspended Solids	EPA 160.2	8.6 mg/L	8-28-01	
Ammo da as N	EPA 350.2	0.13 mg/L	8-23-01	
Nitrati /Nitrite	EPA 353.1	2.7 mg/L	8-21-01	10
Total Vitrogen	HACH 10071*	< 1 mg/L	8-25-01	, -
Total hosphorous	EPA 365.2	3.8 mg/L	9-2-01	
BOD	SM 5210B	< 1 mg/L	8-28-01	
COD	EPA 410.4	99 mg/L	8-15-01	
pН	EPA 150.1	12.50 pH units/	8-15-01	
Oil & Grease	EPA 1664	3.1 mg/L	9-13-01	
Oxyger: Uptake Rate		< 1 mg O ₂ / Hour	8-23-01	

^{*}persul ate digestion method

Report Approved by:

Wayne Λ. Middleton, Pres., Lab Dir.

MMET, Inc.

Middleton Microbiological & Environmental Testing Laboratory 3889 N. Hwy 65, Ozark, MO 65721

417-581-MMET(6638), Toll Pree 877-581-MMET, Fax 417-582-0269 email: mmetinc@earthlink.net

Laboratory Report

Report Number: M5570-B

Report Date: September 14, 2001

Custor: cr: ESC, Inc.

1922 N. Broadway Ave. Springfield, MO 65803

417-831-5500

Fax: 417-831-4533

Purcha: e Order #:

Project Manager: Bud Sherman
Project Name: Ozark Ingredients
Project Location: Ozark Ingredients
Monett, MO

Sample Matrix: water Sampled by: Rick Allen

Sample ID: Boiler Blow Down
Date Sampled: 8-14-01 @ 0650
Date Received: 8-15-01 @ 0900

Parame er	Method	Result	Date
Total Salids	EPA 160.3	1400 mg/L	8-28-01
Settleal le Solids	EPA 160.5	< 0.1 ml/L/hr	8-15-01
Total 5 ispended Solids	EPA 160.2	6.6 mg/L	8-28-01
Ammot ia as N	EPA 350.2	0.01 mg/L	8-23-01
Nitrate, Nitrite	EPA 353.1	2.1 mg/L	8-21-01
Total Litrogen	HACH 10071*	< 1 mg/L	8-25-01
Total l' insphorous	EPA 365.2	32 mg/L	9-2-01
BOD	SM 5210B	< 1 mg/L	8-28-01
COD	EPA 410.4	18 mg/L	8-15-01
pН	EPA 150.1	12.52 pH units	8-15-01
Oil & Crease	EPA 1664	1.9 mg/L	9-13-01
Oxygen Uptake Rate		< 1 mg O, / Hour	8-23-01

^{*}persul[te digestion method

Report approved by:

Wayne A. Middleton, Pres., Lab Dir.

1 no silver

TEST RESULTS REPORT DRAFT

LOG NUMBE	SAMPLE R DESCRIPTION	RESULTS OF ANALYSIS	UNITS OF MEASURE
DOC IVOIDE			IIBASOKE
2802328	Boiler Blow Down Water 06/	18/03	
	SAMPLE DATE: 06/18/03		•
	Total Metals Prep/Flame AA	06/25/03	
	Total Metals Prep/GTF AA	06/25/03	
A - UZL	Total Metals Prep/ICP	06/25/03	
A -##	Total Metals Prep/As, Se	06/25/03	
1- 1-	Total Metals Prep./CV HG	06/25/03	
$\varphi < \partial c$	2 Antimony	< 0.02	mg Sb/l
50 20		0.020	mg As/1
1000 E	Barium	0.008	mg Ba/1
4 <	3 Beryllium	< 0.005	mg Be/l
	5 Cadmium	< 0.005	mg Cd/l
	O Chromium	0.010	mg Cr/l
	5 Hexavalent Chromium	< 0.005	mg Cr6/1
_ /	O_Trivalent Chromium	0.010	mg Cr3/1
1388 %	5 Cobalt	< 0.05	mg Co/l
1300 10	2 Copper	0.102	mg Cu/1
300 309	10 Iron	3.09	mg Fe/l
15 3	3 Lead.	0.033	mg Pb/1
50 31	Manganese	0.036	mg Mn/l
2 < 0.3	Mercury	< 0.0002	mg Hg/1
100 45	o Nickel	< 0.050	mg Ni/l
50 2	Selenium	< 0.005	mg Se/1
2 2	Thallium	< 0.005	mg T1/1
5000 20	7 ^{2inc}	0.207	mg 2n/1
802610	Waste Water #1 06/25/03		
	SAMPLE DATE: 06/25/03		
	Total Metals Prep/ICP	07/01/03	•
	Zinc	1.60	mg Zn/l
802611	Waste Water #2 06/25/03		
	SAMPLE DATE: 06/25/03		
	Total Metals Prep/ICP	07/01/03	
	Zinc	1.63	mg Zn/l
802612	Waste Water #3 06/25/03		
	SAMPLE DATE: 06/25/03		
	Total Metals Prep/ICP	07/01/03	
	Zinc	1.60	mg Zn/l
02612	Wall Water #2 05/05/05		<i>y</i> , -
02613	Well Water #1 06/25/03		
	SAMPLE DATE: 06/25/03		
	Total Metals Prep/ICP	07/01/03	
	Zinc	0.043	mg Zn/l

Client Sample Results

Client Lakeland Laboratories (6164) Project/Site: [none]

TestAmerica Job ID: NWD1190

Client Sample ID: Internation Date Collected: 04/10/12 15:35 Date Received: 04/11/12 08:30	onal Ingredient #1 (int.	Ing.)	,		or an and a second	Lab Samp	ole ID: NWD1 Matrix: Wast	•
Method: EPA 410.4 - General C	hemistry Parameters	si .	•				•	
Ansiyte	Result Qualifier	RL.	MDL	Unit	Ð	Prepared	Analyzad	Dii Fee
Chemical Oxygen Demand	ND	10.0		mgA		04/20/12 11:32	04/23/12 09:55	1.00
Method: SM 5210B - General Ci	nemistry Parameters							
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL .	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	DII Fec
EOD-5 Day	ND K	20.0		mg/L		04/11/12 16:40	04/10/12 12:15	10.0
Method: SW846 9050A - Genera	l Chemistry Parameters		•					
Anelyte	Result Gualifier	RL	MOL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dit Fac
Total Organic Carbon	nd)	1.00		mgA.		04/14/12 14:43	04/14/12 14:43	1.00

Definitions/Glossary

Client: Lakeland Laboratories (6164)
Project/Site: [none]

TestAmerica Job ID: NWD1190

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WetChem

MNR

M8

Qualifier

Qualifier Description

K The approint Mullone

The sample distions set-up for the 800 enalysis did not meet the oxygen depletion criteria of at least 2 mg/l. Therefore the reported

result is an estimated value only.

No results were reported for the MS/MSD. The sample used for the MS/MSD required dilution due to the sample matrix. Because of this, the solice compounds were diluted below the detection limit.

The MS and/or MSD wate below the acceptance limits. See Blank Spike (LCS).

Glossary

Appreviation	These commonly used	chieuristiane meu ar m	ay not be present in this report.
Land in A 17 de barbert	LUPRA AGUIDISMI AGEN	SANGE INSTRUCTOR USES L ME IN	INT INCH MA IN ARRIVE HE HOME CANNER

Listed under the "D" column to designate that the result is reported on a day weight basis

%R Percent Recovery

CNF Contains no Free Liquid

DL. RA, RE, IN Indicates a Dilution, Resnetyeth, Re-extraction, or additional Initial metals/anion analysis of the sample

EDL Estimated Detection Limit

EPA United States Emironmental Protection Agency

MDL Method Detection Limit

ML Minimum Level (Dioxin)

ND Not detected at the reporting first (or MDL or BDL if shown)

PQL Practical Quantitation Limit

QC Quality Control
RL Reporting Limit

RPD Relative Percent Difference, a measure of the relative difference between two points

TEF Toxicity Equivalent Factor (Diction)
TEQ Toxicity Equivalent Quotient (Diction)