# **STATE OF MISSOURI**

# **DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES**

# **MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION**



# **MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT**

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law (Chapter 644 RSMo, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92<sup>nd</sup> Congress) as amended,

Permit No.	MO-0129518
Owner:	Holcim (US) Inc.
Address:	2942 US Hwy 61, Bloomsdale, MO 63627
Continuing Authority:	Same as above
Address:	Same as above
Facility Name:	Holcim (US) Inc. – Ste. Genevieve Plant
Facility Address:	2942 US Hwy 61, Bloomsdale, MO 63627
Legal Description:	See following page(s)
UTM Coordinates:	See following page(s)
Receiving Stream:	See following page(s)
First Classified Stream and ID:	See following page(s)
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.	:See following page(s)

authorizes activities pursuant to the terms and conditions of this permit in accordance with the Missouri Clean Water Law and/or the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated activities.

# **FACILITY DESCRIPTION**

Holcim (US) Inc. operates a cement kiln that utilizes limestone quarried on site. A harbor is provided for barge access to the Mississippi River for distribution of cement in commerce, and receiving bulk raw materials. SIC #3241 & #1422; NAICS #327310 & #212312. Sludge is managed by retaining in sedimentation ponds. This facility does not require a certified wastewater operator per 10 CSR 20-9.030 as this facility is privately owned. Domestic wastewater is managed by sending to a package plant on site and then pumped into cooling tower' makeup water basin and ultimately lost to evaporation. Sludge from the package plant is disposed by contract hauler.

April 1, 2023 Effective Date

March 31, 2028 Expiration Date

The prector, Water Protection Program

# FACILITY DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

#### $\underline{OUTFALL \#001} - Stormwater$

Receives discharge from stormwater sedimentation basin serving the Raddy Hollow Fill Area, quarrying activities, and cement plant.						
BMPs include a forebay, a vegetative shelf, and riprap apron outlet protection.						
Legal Description: SW <sup>1</sup> /4, NE <sup>1</sup> /4, Sec.9, T39N, R7E, Ste. Genevieve County						
UTM Coordinates:	X = 740109, Y = 4221272					
Receiving Waterbody: Tributary to Isle du Bois Cr.						
First Classified Waterbody and ID: 100K Extent-Remaining Streams; (C) WBID# 5026						
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: Cahokia-Joachim (07140101-0903)						
Maximum Flow:	24 MGD (based on a 10 Yr 24 hr storm event discharge)					

#### OUTFALL #002 - Stormwater & Non-contact cooling water

Receives discharge from stormwater basin serving the cement plant and access road runoff. BMPs include a forebay, a vegetative shelf, a plunge pool at the outlet, a level spreader, and riprap apron outlet protection. A copper anti-algal is added to the stormwater basin in the warm season, April to November. Also receives non-contact cooling water, which is stored in a tank until needed for reuse for rinsing or cleaning facility areas. The permit writer uses best professional judgment to determine the discharge of non-contact cooling water is minimal, and does not contribute significant pollutants to the discharge of this outfall. The cooling water is used infrequently and in small amounts, and enters the stormwater basin prior to discharge. The basin allows both settling and attenuation of any remaining residual chlorine from the tank. Discharge of cooling water is authorized through this outfall, but the discharge will be treated as stormwater under this permit. This permit does not authorize the discharge of cooling water with detergents added. Legal Description: NW<sup>1</sup>/4, SW<sup>1</sup>/4, Sec.4, T39N, R12E, Ste. Genevieve County

Legar Description.	1117, 5 1174, Bee.4, 13711, R12E, Ble. Genevieve County
UTM Coordinates:	X = 740453, Y = 4222129
Receiving Waterbody:	Isle du Bois Cr.
First Classified Waterbody and ID:	Isle du Bois Cr. (P) WBID# 1734
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	Cahokia-Joachim (07140101-0903)
Maximum Flow:	10 MGD (based on a 10 Yr 24 hr storm event discharge)

#### OUTFALL #003 – Stormwater and decant dredge water from dredge spoils

Receives stormwater discharge from the North Old Hollow Fill Area and South Old Quarry Hollow Confined Disposal Area. If<br/>dredging activities are done, this outfall will also receive dredge decant water. The BMP in this area is a riprap apron.<br/>Legal Description:Legal Description:SW¼, NE¼, Sec.10, T39N, R7E, Ste. Genevieve County<br/>X = 741766, Y = 4220974Receiving Waterbody:Tributary to Mississippi RiverFirst Classified Waterbody and ID:<br/>USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:100K Extent-Remaining Streams; (C) WBID# 5026<br/>Cahokia-Joachim (07140101-0904)Maximum Flow:19.44 MGD (based on a 10 Yr 24 hr storm event discharge)

## OUTFALL #005 - Stormwater

Receives stormwater from the Topsoil Storage Area and drainage from the access road. BMPs for this area include berms, vegetation,<br/>straw bale sediment trap, mulching, and permanent seeding.<br/>Legal Description:Legal Description:NE¼, NE¼, Sec.17, T39N, R7E, Ste. Genevieve County<br/>X = 739178, Y = 4220298<br/>Receiving Waterbody:Receiving Waterbody:Tributary to Isle du Bois Cr.First Classified Waterbody and ID:<br/>USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:100K Extent-Remaining Streams; (C) WBID# 5026<br/>Cahokia-Joachim (07140101-0904)<br/>5.97 MGD (based on a 10 Yr 24 hr storm event discharge)

#### OUTFALL #006 - Stormwater

Receives stormwater from the Von Behren Hollow, the quarry, and drainage from the access road. BMPs in this area include berms,							
rock check dams, silt fences, and a small sedimentation basin.							
Legal Description: NE¼, SW¼, Sec.9, T39N, R7E, Ste. Genevieve County							
UTM Coordinates:	X = 739625, Y = 4221049						
Receiving Waterbody:	Tributary to Isle du Bois Cr.						
First Classified Waterbody and ID:	Isle du Bois Cr.; (P) WBID# 1734						
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: Cahokia-Joachim (07140101-0904)							
Maximum Flow:	1.95 MGD (based on a 10 Yr 24 hr storm event discharge)						

# A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

OUTFALL #001 & #006 Stormwater Only	TABLE A-1           Final Effluent Limitations And Monitoring Requirements							
The facility is authorized to discharge fro								
remain in effect until expiration of the pe								
			/ITATIONS		MONITORING REQ			
				BENCH-	MINIMUM			
EFFLUENT PARAMETERS	UNITS	DAILY	MONTHLY	MARKS	MEASUREMENT	SAMPLE TYPE		
		MAXIMUM	AVERAGE		FREQUENCY			
LIMIT SET: Q								
PHYSICAL								
Flow	MGD	*			once/quarter ◊	24 Hr Est.		
CONVENTIONAL					1			
Oil & Grease	mg/L	**		10	once/quarter ◊	grab		
pH <sup>†</sup>	SU	**		6.5 to 9.0	once/quarter ◊	grab		
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	**		100	once/quarter ◊	grab		
METALS	6				1	0		
Aluminum, Total Recoverable	μg/L	*		-	once/quarter ◊	grab		
Iron, Total Recoverable	μg/L	**		4000	once/quarter ◊	grab		
Selenium, Total Recoverable €	μg/L	*		-	once/quarter ◊	grab		
OTHER	μg E				onee, quarter v	Bruo		
Chloride	mg/L	*		-	once/quarter ◊	grab		
Chloride + Sulfate	mg/L	*		_	once/quarter ◊	grab		
Sulfate	mg/L	*		_	once/quarter ◊	grab		
Sunde	U				onee, quarter v	Sino		
MONITORING REPORTS	S SHALL BE SUBM	IITTED <u>Quarte</u>	<u>erly;</u> The Firs	ST REPORT IS D	DUE <u>JULY 28, 2023</u> .			
OUTFALL #002, #003, & #005 Stormwater & de Minimis Non- Contact Cooling Water (Outfall #002 only)	FINAL	EFFLUENT LIN	TABLE //ITATIONS AN	A-2 d Monitorin	G REQUIREMENTS			
OUTFALL #002, #003, & #005 Stormwater & de Minimis Non- Contact Cooling Water (Outfall #002 only) The facility is authorized to discharge fro	FINAL	EFFLUENT LIN	TABLE MITATIONS AN effluent limitati	A-2 D MONITORIN	G <b>REQUIREMENTS</b> e effective on <u>April 1</u>	<b>, 2023</b> and		
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OUTFALL #002, #003, & #005 Stormwater & de Minimis Non- Contact Cooling Water (Outfall #002 only) The facility is authorized to discharge fro	FINAL	EFFLUENT LIN cified. The final all be controlled FINAL LIN	TABLE           AITATIONS AN           effluent limitati           I, limited and modulity           /IITATIONS	A-2 D MONITORIN ons shall become ponitored by the f BENCH-	G REQUIREMENTS e effective on <u>April 1</u> acility as specified be MONITORING RI	<b>, 2023</b> and low:		
OUTFALL #002, #003, & #005 Stormwater & de Minimis Non- Contact Cooling Water (Outfall #002 only) The facility is authorized to discharge fro remain in effect until expiration of the pe	FINAL om outfall(s) as spe srmit. Discharges sh	EFFLUENT LIN cified. The final all be controlled FINAL LIN DAILY	TABLE           AITATIONS AN           effluent limitati           I, limited and mediation           AITATIONS           MONTHLY	A-2 D MONITORIN ons shall become ponitored by the f	G REQUIREMENTS e effective on <u>April 1</u> acility as specified be MONITORING RI MINIMUM MEASUREMENT	<b>, 2023</b> and low:		
OUTFALL #002, #003, & #005 Stormwater & de Minimis Non- Contact Cooling Water (Outfall #002 only) The facility is authorized to discharge fro remain in effect until expiration of the pe	FINAL om outfall(s) as spe srmit. Discharges sh	EFFLUENT LIN cified. The final all be controlled FINAL LIN	TABLE           AITATIONS AN           effluent limitati           I, limited and modulity           /IITATIONS	A-2 D MONITORIN ons shall become ponitored by the f BENCH-	G REQUIREMENTS e effective on <u>April 1</u> acility as specified be MONITORING RI ∞ MINIMUM	<u>, 2023</u> and low: EQUIREMENTS		
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OUTFALL #002, #003, &         #005         Stormwater & de Minimis Non- Contact Cooling Water (Outfall #002 only)         The facility is authorized to discharge from remain in effect until expiration of the per         EFFLUENT PARAMETERS         LIMIT SET: Q         PHYSICAL         Flow	FINAL om outfall(s) as spe srmit. Discharges sh	EFFLUENT LIN cified. The final all be controlled FINAL LIN DAILY	TABLE           AITATIONS AN           effluent limitati           I, limited and mediation           AITATIONS           MONTHLY	A-2 D MONITORIN ons shall become ponitored by the f BENCH-	G REQUIREMENTS e effective on <u>April 1</u> acility as specified be MONITORING RI MINIMUM MEASUREMENT	<u>, 2023</u> and low: EQUIREMENTS		
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OUTFALL #002, #003, & #005 Stormwater & de Minimis Non- Contact Cooling Water (Outfall #002 only) The facility is authorized to discharge fro remain in effect until expiration of the pe EFFLUENT PARAMETERS EFFLUENT PARAMETERS LIMIT SET: Q PHYSICAL Flow CONVENTIONAL Oil & Grease pH <sup>†</sup>	FINAL om outfall(s) as spea ormit. Discharges sh UNITS MGD MGD mg/L SU	EFFLUENT LIN cified. The final nall be controlled FINAL LIN DAILY MAXIMUM *	TABLE           AITATIONS AN           effluent limitati           I, limited and mediation           AITATIONS           MONTHLY	A-2 D MONITORIN ons shall become onitored by the f BENCH- MARKS - 10 6.5 to 9.0	G REQUIREMENTS e effective on <u>April 1</u> acility as specified be MONITORING RI ∞ MINIMUM MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY once/quarter ◊ once/quarter ◊	<u>, 2023</u> and low: EQUIREMENTS SAMPLE TYPE 24 Hr Est. grab grab		
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OUTFALL #002, #003, &         #005         Stormwater & de Minimis Non-Contact Cooling Water (Outfall #002 only)         The facility is authorized to discharge from remain in effect until expiration of the permain expiration of the permain effect until expiration effect until expiration of the permain effect until expiration effect untin expiration effect until expiration effect until exp	FINAL om outfall(s) as spea ormit. Discharges sh UNITS MGD MGD MGD SU SU mg/L	EFFLUENT LIN cified. The final nall be controlled FINAL LIN DAILY MAXIMUM	TABLE           AITATIONS AN           effluent limitati           I, limited and mediation           AITATIONS           MONTHLY	A-2 D MONITORIN ons shall become onitored by the f BENCH- MARKS - 10 6.5 to 9.0 100	G REQUIREMENTS e effective on <u>April 1</u> acility as specified be MONITORING RI ∞ MINIMUM MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY once/quarter ◊ once/quarter ◊ once/quarter ◊	2023 and low: EQUIREMENTS SAMPLE TYPI 24 Hr Est. grab grab grab grab		
OUTFALL #002, #003, &         #005         Stormwater & de Minimis Non-Contact Cooling Water (Outfall #002 only)         The facility is authorized to discharge from remain in effect until expiration of the performance of the per	FINAL om outfall(s) as spea rmit. Discharges sh UNITS MGD MGD MGD SU mg/L SU mg/L	EFFLUENT LIN cified. The final nall be controlled FINAL LIN DAILY MAXIMUM * ** ** **	TABLE           AITATIONS AN           effluent limitati           I, limited and mediation           AITATIONS           MONTHLY	A-2 D MONITORIN ons shall become onitored by the f BENCH- MARKS - 10 6.5 to 9.0 100 750	G REQUIREMENTS e effective on <u>April 1</u> acility as specified be MONITORING RI ∞ MINIMUM MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY once/quarter ◊ once/quarter ◊ once/quarter ◊ once/quarter ◊	2023 and low: EQUIREMENTS SAMPLE TYPE 24 Hr Est. grab grab grab grab		
OUTFALL #002, #003, &         #005         Stormwater & de Minimis Non-Contact Cooling Water (Outfall #002 only)         The facility is authorized to discharge from remain in effect until expiration of the performance of the per	FINAL om outfall(s) as spea rmit. Discharges sh UNITS MGD MGD MGL SU mg/L JU L μg/L μg/L	EFFLUENT LIN cified. The final nall be controlled FINAL LIN DAILY MAXIMUM * ** ** **	TABLE           AITATIONS AN           effluent limitati           I, limited and mediation           AITATIONS           MONTHLY	A-2 D MONITORIN ons shall become onitored by the f BENCH- MARKS - 10 6.5 to 9.0 100	G REQUIREMENTS e effective on <u>April 1</u> acility as specified be MONITORING RI ∞ MINIMUM MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY once/quarter ◊ once/quarter ◊ once/quarter ◊ once/quarter ◊ once/quarter ◊	2023 and low: EQUIREMENTS SAMPLE TYPE 24 Hr Est. grab grab grab grab grab		
OUTFALL #002, #003, &         #005         Stormwater & de Minimis Non-Contact Cooling Water (Outfall #002 only)         The facility is authorized to discharge from remain in effect until expiration of the permain effect until expiration effect untin expiratin effect until expiration effect until expira	FINAL om outfall(s) as spea rmit. Discharges sh UNITS MGD MGD MGD SU mg/L SU mg/L	EFFLUENT LIN cified. The final nall be controlled FINAL LIN DAILY MAXIMUM * ** ** **	TABLE           AITATIONS AN           effluent limitati           I, limited and mediation           AITATIONS           MONTHLY	A-2 D MONITORIN ons shall become onitored by the f BENCH- MARKS - 10 6.5 to 9.0 100 750	G REQUIREMENTS e effective on <u>April 1</u> acility as specified be MONITORING RI ∞ MINIMUM MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY once/quarter ◊ once/quarter ◊ once/quarter ◊ once/quarter ◊	2023 and low: EQUIREMENTS SAMPLE TYPE 24 Hr Est. grab grab grab grab		

OUTFALL #002 Stormwater & de Minimis Non- Contact Cooling Water Seasonal Monitoring The facility is authorized to discha	TABLE A-3           FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS           narge from outfall(s) as specified. The final effluent limitations shall become effective on April 1, 2023 and							
remain in effect until expiration of								
	FINAL LIMITATIONS MONITORING REQUIREMENTS					UIREMENTS $\infty$		
EFFLUENT PARAMETERS		Units	Daily Maximum	Monthly Average	BENCH- MARKS	Minimum Measurement Frequency	SAMPLE TYPE	
LIMIT SET: M								
Physical								
Copper		μg/L	*		-	once/month $\Psi$	grab	
Selenium, Total Recoverable <b>4</b>	$\varepsilon$ $\mu g/L$ * - once/month grab							
MONITORING RI	EPORTS SH	ALL BE SUBM	ITTED <u>MONTH</u>	<u>HLY;</u> THE FIRS	T REPORT IS	DUE MAY 28, 2023.		

<b>OUTFALL #003</b> Dredge Decant Water	TABLE A-4 Final Effluent Limitations And Monitoring Requirements								
The facility is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) as specified. The final effluent limitations shall become effective on <b>April 1, 2023</b> and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the facility as specified below:									
	FINAL LIMITATIONS MONITORING REQUIREMENTS &								
EFFLUENT PARAMETERS	Units	Daily Maximum	Monthly Average	BENCH- MARKS	Minimum Measurement Frequency	SAMPLE TYPE			
LIMIT SET: Q									
Physical									
Flow Ω	MGD	*	-		once/week ***	24 Hr Est.			
CONVENTIONAL									
Oil & Grease Ω	mg/L	15	10		once/week ***	grab			
pH $\dagger \Omega$	SU	6.5 to 9.0	-		once/week ***	grab			
Settleable Solids $\Omega$	mL/L/hr 1.5 1.0 once/week ***								
Total Suspended Solids $\Omega$	mg/L	*	*		once/week ***	grab			
MONITORING REPOR	TS SHALL BE SUBM	ITTED MONT	HLY; THE FIRS	ST REPORT IS	DUE MAY 28, 2023.				

\* Monitoring and reporting requirement only

- \*\* Monitoring and reporting requirement with benchmark. See Special Conditions for additional requirements.
- \*\*\* Sample once per week when discharging. Report is submitted within 30 days of discharge.
- $\Omega$  The facility shall sample for these parameters when there is no influence of stormwater in the discharge, or if it is unavoidable, as little stormwater as possible.
- $\infty$  All samples shall be collected from a discharge resulting from a precipitation event greater than 0.1 inches in magnitude and that occurs at least 72 hours from the previously measurable precipitation event. If a discharge does not occur within the reporting period, report as no discharge.
- $\Psi$  Monitoring once per month from April to November only. Reports are submitted monthly. If copper is not used in a reporting period, the permittee need not sample, and may report "0" on the DMR report.
- † pH: the facility will report the minimum and maximum values; pH is not to be averaged.
- € This permit establishes effluent monitoring for total recoverable selenium, which are below the most commonly used analytical methods detection limits. However, 40 CFR 136 indicates effluent characteristics can be effectively quantified using EPA approved method 200.9 or 3113B. These methods have detection limits of 0.6 µg/L and 2 µg/L respectively; either may be used to determine compliance with this permit. Additionally, if monitoring only, the facility must choose one of the above methods to attain compliance with Standard Conditions Part I §A No. 4.
- £ This permit establishes effluent monitoring for total recoverable thallium, which are below the most commonly used analytical methods detection limits. However, 40 CFR 136 indicates effluent characteristics can be effectively quantified using EPA approved method 200.9 or 200.8/3120B. These methods have detection limits of 0.7  $\mu$ g/L and 1  $\mu$ g/L respectively; either may be used to determine compliance with this permit. Additionally, if monitoring only, the facility must choose one of the above methods to attain compliance with Standard Conditions Part I §A No. 4.

#### ♦ Quarterly sampling

MINIMUM QUARTERLY SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS						
QUARTER	MONTHS QUARTERLY EFFLUENT PARAMETERS					
First	January, February, March	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	April 28 <sup>th</sup>			
Second	April, May, June	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	July 28th			
Third	July, August, September	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	October 28 <sup>th</sup>			
Fourth	October, November, December	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	January 28th			

#### **B. STANDARD CONDITIONS**

In addition to specified conditions stated herein, this permit is subject to the attached <u>Part I</u> standard conditions dated <u>August 1, 2014</u>, respectively, and hereby incorporated as though fully set forth herein.

#### C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. Spills, Overflows, and Other Unauthorized Discharges.
  - (a) Any spill, overflow, or other discharge(s) not specifically authorized are unauthorized discharges.
  - (b) If an unauthorized discharge cause or permit any contaminants to discharge or enter waters of the state, the unauthorized discharge must be reported to the regional office as soon as practicable but no more than 24 hours after the discovery of the discharge. If the spill or overflow needs to be reported after normal business hours or on the weekend, the facility must call the Department's 24 hour spill line at 573-634-2436.
- 2. Any discharge not meeting permitted limits may be pumped and hauled to an accepting wastewater treatment facility, or otherwise properly disposed.
- 3. Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System. The NPDES Electronic Reporting Rule, 40 CFR Part 127, reporting of effluent monitoring data and any report required by the permit (unless specifically directed otherwise by the permit), shall be submitted via an electronic system to ensure timely, complete, accurate, and nationally consistent set of data for the NPDES program. The eDMR system is currently the only Department-approved reporting method for this permit unless specified elsewhere in this permit, or a waiver is granted by the Department. The facility must register in the Department's eDMR system through the Missouri Gateway for Environmental Management (MoGEM) before the first report is due. All reports uploaded into the system shall be reasonably named so they are easily identifiable, such as "WET Test Chronic Outfall 002 Jan 2023", or "Outfall004-DailyData-Mar2025".
- 4. Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP).

The facility's SIC code or description is found in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14) and/or 10 CSR 20-6.200(2) and hence shall implement a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) which must be prepared and implemented upon permit effective date. The SWPPP must be kept on-site and not sent to the Department unless specifically requested. The SWPPP must be reviewed and updated annually or if site conditions affecting stormwater change. The facility shall select, install, use, operate, and maintain the Best Management Practices prescribed in the SWPPP in accordance with the concepts and methods described in: *Developing Your Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan, A Guide for Industrial Operators*, (EPA 833-B-09-002 March 2021) <a href="https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2021-03/documents/swppp">https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2021-03/documents/swppp</a> guide industrial 2021 030121.pdf The purpose of the SWPPP and the Best Management Practices (BMPs) listed herein is the prevention of pollution of waters of the state. A deficiency of a BMP means it was ineffective at providing the necessary protections for which it was designed. Corrective action describes the facility took to eliminate the deficiency.

The SWPPP must include:

- (a) A listing of specific contaminants and their control measures (BMPs) and a narrative explaining how BMPs are implemented to control and minimize the amount of contaminants potentially entering stormwater.
- (b) A map with all outfalls and structural BMPs marked.
- (c) If within the boundaries of a regulated Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4s), list the name of the regulated MS4.
- (d) A schedule for at least once per month site inspections and brief written reports. The inspection report must include precipitation information for the entire period since last inspection, as well as observations and evaluations of BMP effectiveness. A BMP is considered to be disrupted if it is rendered ineffective as a result of damage or improper maintenance. Categorization of a deficiency is reliant on the length of time required to correct each disrupted BMP. Corrective action after discovering a disrupted BMP must be taken as soon as possible. Throughout coverage under this permit, the facility must perform ongoing SWPPP review and revision to incorporate any site condition changes.
  - (1) Operational deficiencies are disrupted BMPs which the facility is able to and must correct within 7 calendar days.
  - (2) Minor structural deficiencies are disrupted BMPs which the facility is able to and must correct within 14 calendar days.
  - (3) Major structural deficiencies (deficiencies projected to take longer than 14 days to correct) are disrupted BMPs which must be reported as an uploaded attachment through the eDMR system with the DMRs.

The initial report shall consist of the deficiency noted, the proposed remedies, the interim or temporary remedies (including proposed timing of the placement of the interim measures), and an estimate of the timeframe needed to wholly complete the repairs or construction. If required by the Department, the facility shall work with the regional office to determine the best course of action. The facility may consider temporary structures to control stormwater runoff. The facility shall correct the major structural deficiency as soon as reasonably achievable.

- (4) All actions taken to correct the deficiencies shall be included with the written report, including photographs, and kept with the SWPPP. Additionally, corrective action of major structural deficiencies shall be reported as an uploaded attachment through the eDMR system with the DMRs.
- (5) BMP failure causing discharge through an unregistered outfall is considered an illicit discharge and must be reported in accordance with Standard Conditions Part I.
- (6) Inspection reports must be kept on site with the SWPPP and maintained for a period of five (5) years. These must be made available to Department personnel upon request. Electronic versions of the documents and photographs are acceptable.
- (e) A provision for designating a responsible individual for environmental matters and a provision for providing training to all personnel involved in housekeeping, material handling (including but not limited to loading and unloading), storage, and staging of all operational, maintenance, storage, and cleaning areas. Proof of training shall be submitted upon request by the Department.
- 5. Site-wide minimum Best Management Practices (BMPs). At a minimum, the facility shall adhere to the following:
  - (a) Provide good housekeeping practices on the site to keep trash from entry into waters of the state. Dumpsters must remain closed when not in use.
  - (b) Prevent the spillage or loss of fluids, oil, grease, fuel, etc. from vehicle maintenance, equipment cleaning, warehouse activities, and other areas, to prevent the contamination of stormwater from these substances.
  - (c) Provide collection facilities and arrange for proper disposal of waste products including but not limited to petroleum waste products, and solvents.
  - (d) Store all paint, solvents, petroleum products, petroleum waste products (except fuels), and storage containers (such as drums, cans, or cartons) so these materials are not exposed to stormwater or provide other prescribed BMPs such as plastic lids and/or portable spill pans to prevent the commingling of stormwater with container contents. Commingled water may not be discharged under this permit. Provide spill prevention control, and/or management sufficient to prevent any spills of these pollutants from entering waters of the state. Any containment system used to implement this requirement shall be constructed of materials compatible with the substances contained and shall also prevent the contamination of groundwater. Spill records shall be retained on-site or readily accessible electronically.
  - (e) Provide sediment and erosion control sufficient to prevent or minimize sediment loss off of the property, and to protect embankments from erosion.
  - (f) Remove sediment from stormwater sediment pond(s) no less than every ten years, or more frequently dependent on the amount of sediment received; sediment accumulated shall be no more than 20% total volume or as prescribed in the engineering design, whichever is less. Records must be retained since last cleanout and submitted with the application for renewal.
  - (g) Wash water for vehicles, building(s), or pavement must be handled in a no-discharge manner (infiltration, hauled off-site, etc.). Describe the no-discharge method used and include all pertinent information (quantity/frequency, soap use, effluent destination, BMPs, etc.) in the application for renewal. If wash water is not produced, note this instead.
  - (h) The facility shall not apply salt and sand (traction control) in excess of what is required to maintain safe roadways and walkways. In the spring, after potential for additional snow or ice accumulation, if there is evidence of significant excess traction control materials, the facility shall remove excess sand or salt as soon as possible to minimize and control the discharge of salt and solids. At all times the facility shall use salt judiciously to minimize freshwater salinization.
  - (i) Salt and shall be stored in a manner minimizing mobilization in stormwater (for example: under roof, in covered container, under tarp, etc.).
- 6. This permit stipulates numeric pollutant benchmarks applicable to the facility's stormwater discharges.
  - (a) Benchmarks do not constitute direct numeric effluent limitations; therefore, a benchmark exceedance alone is not a permit violation. Stormwater monitoring, numeric benchmark compliance, and visual inspections shall be used to determine the overall effectiveness of the BMPs identified in the SWPPP.
  - (b) If a sample exceeds a benchmark concentration, the facility must review the SWPPP and BMPs to determine what improvements or additional controls are needed to reduce pollutant concentrations in future stormwater discharges.
  - (c) Every time a numeric benchmark exceedance occurs, a Corrective Action Report (CAR) must be completed. A CAR is a document recording the efforts undertaken by the facility to improve BMPs to meet benchmarks in future samples. CARs must be retained with the SWPPP and be available to the Department upon request. This permit may require CARs be submitted to the Department upon permit renewal; see Renewal Requirements section below.
  - (d) Failure to take corrective action to address numeric benchmark exceedance, and failure to make measureable progress towards achieving the numeric benchmark(s), is a permit violation.

- (e) Stormwater benchmarks and required minimum BMPs as described in this permit are enforceable permit conditions. Any requested change(s) to numeric benchmark values or deviation from minimum BMP requirements must be established through the permitting process. Assessment, evaluation, and implementation of specific BMPs to meet numeric benchmarks or minimum BMP requirements, must be addressed through the SWPPPs and CARs.
- 7. The full implementation of this operating permit, which includes implementation of any applicable schedules of compliance, shall constitute compliance with Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, and 403 of the federal Clean Water Act, except for standards imposed under Section 307 for toxic pollutants injurious to human health, and with equivalent provisions of the Missouri Clean Water Law, in accordance with Section 644.051.16 RSMo and CWA §402(k). This permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued to comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under CWA §§301(b)(2)(C) and (D), §304(b)(2), and §307(a)(2), if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit, or controls any pollutant not already limited in the permit. This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause, including determination new pollutants found in the discharge not identified in the application for the new or revised permit. The filing of a request by the facility for a permit modification, termination, notice of planned changes, or anticipated non-compliance does not stay any permit condition.
- 8. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
- 9. Report no discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period. It is a violation of this permit to report nodischarge when a discharge has occurred.
- 10. Reporting of Non-Detects.
  - (a) Compliance analysis conducted by the facility or any contracted laboratory shall be conducted in such a way the precision and accuracy of the analyzed result can be enumerated. See sufficiently sensitive test method requirements in Standard Conditions Part I, §A, No. 4 regarding proper testing and detection limits used for sample analysis. For the purposes of this permit, the definitions in 40 CFR 136 apply; method detection limit (MDL) and laboratory-established reporting limit (RL) are used interchangeably in this permit. The reporting limits established by the laboratory must be below the lowest effluent limits established for the specified parameter (including any parameter's future limit after an SOC) in the permit unless the permit provides for an ML.
  - (b) The facility shall not report a sample result as "non-detect" without also reporting the MDL. Reporting "non-detect" without also including the MDL will be considered failure to report, which is a violation of this permit.
  - (c) For the daily maximum, the facility shall report the highest value; if the highest value was a non-detect, use the less than "<" symbol and the laboratory's highest method detection limit (MDL) or the highest reporting limit (RL); whichever is higher (e.g. <6).</p>
  - (d) When calculating monthly averages, zero shall be used in place of any value(s) not detected. Where all data used in the average are below the MDL or RL, the highest MDL or RL shall be reported as "<#" for the average as indicated in item (c).
- 11. Failure to pay fees associated with this permit is a violation of the Missouri Clean Water Law (644.055 RSMo).
- 12. This permit does not allow stream channel or wetland alterations unless approved by Clean Water Act §404 permitting authorities.
- 13. This permit does not authorize in-stream treatment, the placement of fill materials in flood plains, placement of solid materials into any waterway, the obstruction of stream flow, or changing the channel of a defined drainage course.
- 14. All records required by this permit may be maintained electronically. These records can be maintained in a searchable format.
- 15. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Pollutant.

In addition to the reporting requirements under 40 CFR 122.41, all existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural dischargers must notify the Director per 40 CFR 122.42(a)(1) and (2) as soon as recognizing:

- (a) An activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following notification levels:
  - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter  $(100 \mu g/L)$ ;
  - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200  $\mu$ g/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile;
  - (3) Five hundred micrograms per liter (500  $\mu$ g/L) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol;
  - (4) One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
  - (5) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application in accordance with 40 CFR 122.21(g)(7); or
  - (6) The notification level established by the Department in accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(f).

- (b) Any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
  - (1) Five hundred micrograms per liter (500  $\mu$ g/L);
  - (2) One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
  - (3) Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application in accordance with 40 CFR 122.21(g)(7).
  - (4) The level established by the Director in accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(f).
- (c) Authorization of new or expanded pollutant discharges may be required under a permit modification or renewal, and may require an antidegradation review.
- 16. Any discharges (or qualified activities such as land application) not expressly authorized in this permit, and not clearly disclosed in the permit application, cannot become authorized or shielded from liability under CWA section 402(k) or Section 644.051.16, RSMo, by disclosure to EPA, state, or local authorities after issuance of this permit via any means, including any other permit applications, funding applications, the SWPPP, discharge monitoring reporting, or during an inspection. Submit a permit modification application, as well as an antidegradation determination if appropriate, to request authorization of new or expanded discharges.

## 17. Renewal Application Requirements.

- (a) This facility shall submit an appropriate and complete application to the Department no less than 180 days prior to the expiration date listed on page 1 of the permit.
- (b) Application materials shall include complete Form A and Form C. If the form names have changed, the facility must ensure they are submitting the correct forms as required by regulation.
- (c) The facility must sample the stormwater outfalls and provide analysis for every parameter contained in the permit at any outfall at the site in accordance with 10 CSR 20-6.200(2)(C)1.E(I) and (II)
- (d) Sufficiently sensitive analytical methods must be used. A sufficiently sensitive method is one that can effectively describe the presence or absence of a pollutant at or below that pollutant's permit limit or water quality standard.
- (e) The facility may use the electronic submission system to submit the application to the Program, if available.
- (f) This facility must submit all corrective action reports completed for the last permit term if a benchmark exceedance occurred.

## D. NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL

If you were adversely affected by this decision, you may be entitled to pursue an appeal before the administrative hearing commission (AHC) pursuant to 621.250 and 644.051.6 RSMo. To appeal, you must file a petition with the AHC within thirty days after the date this decision was mailed or the date it was delivered, whichever date was earlier. If any such petition is sent by registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is mailed; if it is sent by any method other than registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is received by the AHC. Any appeal shall be directed to:

Administrative Hearing Commission U.S. Post Office Building, Third Floor 131 West High Street, P.O. Box 1557 Jefferson City, MO 65102-1557 Phone: 573-751-2422 Fax: 573-751-5018 Website: https://ahc.mo.gov

# MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES FACT SHEET FOR THE PURPOSE OF RENEWAL OF MO-0129518 HOLCIM-STE. GENEVIEVE PLANT

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Clean Water Act (CWA) §402 Public Law 92-500 as amended) established the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program. This program regulates the discharge of pollutants from point sources into the waters of the United States, and the release of stormwater from certain point sources. All such discharges are unlawful without a permit (§301 of the Clean Water Act). After a permit is obtained, a discharge not in compliance with all permit terms and conditions is unlawful. Missouri State Operating Permits (MSOPs) are issued by the Director of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) under an approved program, operating in accordance with federal and state laws (Federal Clean Water Act and Missouri Clean Water Law 644 RSMo as amended). MSOPs may also cover underground injection, non-discharging facilities, and land application facilities. Permits are issued for a period of five (5) years unless otherwise specified for less.

As per [40 CFR Part 124.8(a)] and [10 CSR 20-6.020(1)(A)2.] a factsheet shall be prepared to give pertinent information regarding applicable regulations, rationale for the development of limitations and conditions, and the public participation process for the Missouri State Operating Permit (MSOP or permit) listed below. A factsheet is not an enforceable part of a permit.

# PART I. FACILITY INFORMATION

Facility Type:	Industrial: Major, >1 MGD
SIC Code(s):	3241 & 1422
NAICS Code(s):	327310 & 212312
Application Date:	09/30/2021
Expiration Date:	03/31/2022
Last Inspection:	09/26/2016

### FACILITY DESCRIPTION

Holcim is a limestone quarry and cement manufacturing plant capable of distributing cement off-site via truck, railroad, and barge. Water is conveyed to the outfalls via storm drains and ditches. Outfalls #001, #002, #005, and #006 are stormwater only outfalls. Outfall #002 is also authorized to discharge non-contact cooling water without detergents used for cleaning purposes. Outfall #003 is a stormwater only outfall at the time of permitting; however, the permittee wished to retain the use of the outfall for decant dredge water from dredge spoils. It is in the professional judgment of the permit writer to only apply a daily maximum limit to this outfall because the outfall is typically stormwater only. Decant dredge water discharge is subject to monthly average limits when discharging. Benchmarks are applicable for the stormwater discharge at outfall #003, but not for dredge water discharges.

Items listed in the facility (or outfall) description, applicable to the operation, maintenance, control, and resultant effluent quality are required to be enumerated in the facility description. The facility description ensures the facility continues to operate the wastewater (or stormwater) controls listed in the permit to preserve and maintain the effluent quality pursuant to 40 CFR 122.21(e). Any planned changes to the facility (which changes the facility or outfall description) are required to be reported to the Department pursuant to 40 CFR 122.41(l)(1)(i). If the facility does not or cannot use all of their disclosed treatment devices, this is considered bypassing pursuant to 40 CFR 122.41(m) in the case of wastewater, and BMP disruption in the case of stormwater.

#### PERMITTED FEATURES TABLE

OUTFALL	AVERAGE FLOW	MAX FLOW	TREATMENT LEVEL	EFFLUENT TYPE
#001	Dependent on precipitation	24.0 MGD	BMPs	Stormwater
#002	Dependent on precipitation	10.0 MGD	BMPs	Stormwater and de minimis non-contact cooling water
#003	Dependent on precipitation	19.44 MGD	BMPs	Stormwater, and separately monitored decant dredge water
#005	Dependent on precipitation	5.97 MGD	BMPs	Stormwater
#006	Dependent on precipitation	1.95 MGD	BMPs	Stormwater

# FACILITY MAP



#### WATER BALANCE DIAGRAM

See Appendix 1, Water Balance Diagrams

#### FACILITY PERFORMANCE HISTORY & COMMENTS

The electronic discharge monitoring reports were reviewed for the last permit term. There were exceedances of the Aluminum benchmark at outfalls #002, #003, and #005 ranging from 773  $\mu$ g/l to 6060  $\mu$ g/L. There were also exceedances of the Iron benchmark at outfalls #003 and #005 ranging from 4100  $\mu$ g/L to 5100  $\mu$ g/L.

#### **CONTINUING AUTHORITY**

Pursuant to 10 CSR 20-6.010(2)(A) and (E), the Department has received the appropriate continuing authority authorized signature from the facility. The Missouri Secretary of State continuing authority charter number for this facility is F00337718; this number was verified to be associated with the facility and precisely matches the continuing authority reported by the facility.

Pursuant to 10 CSR 20-6.010(2)(B)4, this facility is a Level 4 Authority.

Pursuant to 10 CSR 20-6.010(2)(D), the facility demonstrated the closest collection system was greater than 2000 feet from the property line per 10 CSR 20-6.010(2)(C)3.

#### **OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS**

In accordance with 40 CFR 122.21(f)(6), the facility reported other environmental permits currently held by this facility. This facility has the following permits: Title V Operating permit (OP2018-100), DNR Surface Mining Permit (0858), DNR Dam Safety Permit (MO40124), US ACE Dredge Disposal Permit (P-2731), US ACE Barge Fleeting Permits (P-2907 & P-1908), US FWS Migratory Bird Depredation Permit (MB78932B), and DNR Drinking Water Permit (MO4182616).

# PART II. RECEIVING WATERBODY INFORMATION

# **RECEIVING WATERBODY TABLE:**

OUTFALL	WATERBODY NAME	CLASS	WBID	DESIGNATED USES	DISTANCE TO SEGMENT	12-DIGIT HUC
	Tributary to Isle du Bois Cr.	n/a	n/a	GEN	0.0 mi	
#001	100K Extent-Remaining Stream	С	5026	GEN, HHP, IRR, LWW, SCR, WBC-B, WWH (ALP)	0.04 mi	
#002	Isle du Bois Cr.	Р	1737	GEN, HHP, IRR, LWW, SCR, WBC-B, WWH (ALP)	0.0 mi	
	Tributary to Mississippi River	C	5026	GEN	0.0 mi	
#003	100K Extent-Remaining Stream	С	5026	GEN, HHP, IRR, LWW, SCR, WBC-B, WWH (ALP)	0.74 mi	07140101-0903 Cahokia- Joachim
	Tributary to Isle du Bois Cr.	n/a	n/a	GEN	0.0 mi	
#005	100K Extent-Remaining Stream	С	5026	GEN, HHP, IRR, LWW, SCR, WBC-B, WWH (ALP)	0.43 mi	
	Tributary to Isle du Bois Cr.	n/a	n/a	GEN	0.0 mi	
#006	Isle du Bois Cr.	Р	1734	GEN, HHP, IRR, LWW, SCR, WBC-B, WWH (ALP)	0.12 mi	

Classes are representations of hydrologic flow volume or lake basin size as defined in 10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(F). L1: Lakes with drinking water supply - wastewater discharges are not permitted to occur to L1 watersheds per 10 CSR 20-7.015(3)(C); L2: major reservoirs; L3: all other public and private lakes; P: permanent streams; C: streams which may cease flow in dry periods but maintain pools supporting aquatic life; E: streams which do not maintain surface flow; and W: wetlands. Losing streams are defined in 10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(O) and are designated on the losing stream dataset or determined by the Department to lose 30% or more of flow to the subsurface.

WBID: Waterbody Identification Number: Missouri Use Designation Dataset per 10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(Q) and (S) as 100K Extent-Remaining Streams or newer; data can be found as an ArcGIS shapefile on MSDIS at <u>ftp://msdis.missouri.edu/pub/Inland\_Water\_Resources/MO\_2014\_WQS\_Stream\_Classifications\_and\_Use\_shp.zip;</u> New C streams described on the dataset per 10 CSR 20-7.031(2)(A)3 as 100K Extent Remaining Streams.

HUC: Hydrologic Unit Code https://water.usgs.gov/GIS/huc.html

Designated Uses:

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)1: ALP – Aquatic Life Protection (formerly AQL); current uses are defined to ensure the protection and propagation of fish shellfish and wildlife, further subcategorized as: WWH – Warm Water Habitat; CLH – Cool Water Habitat; CDH – Cold Water Habitat; EAH – Ephemeral Aquatic Habitat; MAH – Modified Aquatic Habitat; LAH – Limited Aquatic Habitat. This permit uses ALP effluent limitations in 10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A1-B3 for all habitat designations unless otherwise specified.

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)2: Recreation in and on the water

WBC is Whole Body Contact recreation where the entire body is capable of being submerged;

WBC-A - whole body contact recreation supporting swimming uses and has public access;

WBC-B - whole body contact recreation not included in WBC-A;

**SCR** = Secondary Contact Recreation (like fishing, wading, and boating)

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)3 to 7:

HHP (formerly HHF) - Human Health Protection as it relates to the consumption of fish and drinking of water;

IRR - irrigation for use on crops utilized for human or livestock consumption, includes aquifers per 10 CSR 20-7.031(6)(A);

**LWW** – Livestock and Wildlife Watering (current narrative use is defined as LWP = Livestock and Wildlife Protection), includes aquifers per 10 CSR 20-7.031(6)(A);

DWS - Drinking Water Supply, includes aquifers per 10 CSR 20-7.031(6)(A);

**IND** – industrial water supply

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)8 to 11: Wetlands (10 CSR 20-7.031 Tables A1-B3) do not have corresponding habitat use criteria for these defined uses: WSA – storm- and flood-water storage and attenuation; WHP – habitat for resident and migratory wildlife species; WRC – recreational, cultural, educational, scientific, and natural aesthetic values and uses; WHC – hydrologic cycle maintenance.

10 CSR 20-7.015(7) and 10 CSR 20-7.031(6): **GRW** = Groundwater

Other Applicable Criteria:

10 CSR 20-7.031(4): GEN -; GEN may be assigned on a case by case basis if the NHD line is determined to be a water requiring protection by the Watershed Protection Section.

10 CSR 20-7.031(5)(N)6: NNC - lake numeric nutrient criteria apply

Water Quality Standards Search https://apps5.mo.gov/mocwis\_public/waterQualityStandardsSearch.do

#### WATERS OF THE STATE DESIGNATIONS

Waters of the state are divided into seven categories per 10 CSR 20-7.015(1)(B)1 through 7. The applicable water of the state category is listed below. Missouri's technology-based effluent regulations are found in [10 CSR 20-7.015] and are implemented in 10 CSR 20-7.015(2) through (8). When implementing technology regulations, considerations are made for the facility type, discharge type, and category of waters of the state. Stormwater discharges and land application sites are not subject to limitations found in 10 CSR 20-7.015. Effluent limitation derivations are discussed in PART IV: EFFLUENTS LIMITS DETERMINATIONS.

✓ All other waters; identified at 10 CSR 20-7.015(1)(B)7 and 10 CSR 20-7.015(8)

#### **EXISTING WATER QUALITY & IMPAIRMENTS**

The receiving waterbody(s) segment(s), upstream, and downstream confluence water quality was reviewed. No relevant water quality data was available. The USGS <u>https://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/sw</u> or the Department's quality data database was reviewed. <u>https://apps5.mo.gov/mocwis\_public/wqa/waterbodySearch.do</u> and <u>https://apps5.mo.gov/wqa/</u> The Department's quality data database was reviewed. <u>https://apps5.mo.gov/mocwis\_public/wqa/waterbodySearch.do</u> and <u>https://apps5.mo.gov/wqa/</u> The Department's quality data database was reviewed. <u>https://apps5.mo.gov/mocwis\_public/wqa/waterbodySearch.do</u> and <u>https://apps5.mo.gov/wqa/</u> Impaired waterbodies which may be impacted by discharges from this facility were determined. Impairments include waterbodies on the 305(b) or 303(d) list and those waterbodies or watersheds under a TMDL. <u>https://dnr.mo.gov/water/what-were-doing/water-planning/quality-standards-impaired-waters-total-maximum-daily-loads/tmdls</u> Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act requires each state identify waters not meeting water quality standards and for which adequate water pollution controls have not been required.

https://dnr.mo.gov/water/what-were-doing/water-planning/quality-standards-impaired-waters-total-maximum-daily-loads/impairedwaters Water quality standards protect such beneficial uses of water as whole body contact (such as swimming), maintaining fish and other aquatic life, and providing drinking water for people, livestock, and wildlife. The 303(d) list helps state and federal agencies keep track of impaired waters not addressed by normal water pollution control programs. A TMDL is a calculation of the maximum amount of a given pollutant a water body can absorb before its water quality is affected; hence, the purpose of a TMDL is to determine the pollutant loading a specific waterbody can assimilate without exceeding water quality standards. If a water body is determined to be impaired as listed on the §303(d) list, then a watershed management plan or TMDL for that watershed may be developed. The TMDL shall include the WLA calculation.

✓ The Mississippi River is associated with the 2006 EPA approved TMDL for chlordane and PCBs. This facility is not considered to be a source of the above listed pollutant(s) or considered to contribute to the impairment.

#### WATERBODY MIXING CONSIDERATIONS

For outfall(s) identified below, mixing is afforded, see low flow values [calculated for the receiving stream below. For information how this regulation is used in determining effluent limits with or without mixing, see WASTELOAD ALLOCATION in Part III. If the base stream flow is above 0.1 cfs, mixing may be applied if 1) zones of passage are present, 2) mixing velocities are sufficient and stream bank configuration allows, 3) the aquatic life support system is maintained, 4) mixing zones do not overlap, 5) there are no drinking water intakes in the vicinity downstream, 6) the stream or lake has available pollutant loading to be allocated, and 7) downstream uses are protected. If mixing was not allowed in this permit, the facility may submit information, such as modeling, as to why mixing may be afforded to the outfall.

# PART III. RATIONALE AND DERIVATION OF PERMIT CONDITIONS

#### ANTIBACKSLIDING

Federal Regulations [CWA §303(d)(4); CWA §402(c); 40 CFR Part 122.44(1)] require a reissued permit to be as stringent as the previous permit with some exceptions. Backsliding (a less stringent permit limitation) is only allowed under certain conditions. ✓ Limitations in this operating permit reissuance conform to the anti-backsliding provisions of CWA §402(o), and 40 CFR 122.44.

- 40 CFR 122.44(1)(i)(B)(2); the Department determined technical mistakes or mistaken interpretations of law were made in issuing the permit under CWA §402(a)(1)(b).
  - The previous permit's special conditions required sampling of total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) under the decision model to discharge stormwater having a sheen in secondary containment. The special condition has been revised in all permits beginning in 2015 to remove TPH as 40 CFR 136 does not contain any approved methods for the TPH parameter nor are there water quality standards for TPH. This permit requires oil and grease and BTEX (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene) sampling of the potentially contaminated stormwater in secondary containment. The facility need only sample for these constituents prior to release when a sheen or petroleum odor is present.
  - The previous permit special condition stated: "Any pesticide discharge from any point source shall comply with the requirements of Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 136 et. seq.) and the use of such pesticides shall be in a manner consistent with its label."
    - This special condition was outside the scope of NPDES permitting and was removed.
  - The previous permit special condition indicated spills from hazardous waste substances must be reported to the department. However, this condition is covered under standard conditions therefore was removed from special conditions.
- $\checkmark$  40 CFR 122.44(l)(i)(B)(1); information is available which was not available at the time of permit issuance (other than revised regulations, guidance, or test methods) which would have justified the application of a less stringent effluent limitation.

• There are no water quality standards for Settleable Solids for aquatic life protection or human health, therefore the permit writer has removed this parameter. Also, the permit writer determined that monitoring for total suspended solids will still give sufficient indication for water quality at the receiving stream.

#### **ANTIDEGRADATION REVIEW**

Wastewater discharges with new, altered, or expanding flows, the Department is to document, by means of antidegradation review, if the use of a water body's available assimilative capacity is justified. The facility must pay for the Department to complete the review. In accordance with Missouri's water quality regulations for antidegradation [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)], degradation may be justified by documenting the socio-economic importance of a discharge after determining the necessity of the discharge. Facilities must submit the antidegradation review request to the Department prior to establishing, altering, or expanding discharges. See <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/antidegradation-implementation-procedure">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/antidegradation-implementation-procedure</a> Per [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)(A)], new discharges to losing streams shall be permitted only after other alternatives including land application, discharges to a gaining stream, or connection to a regional wastewater treatment facility have been evaluated and determined to be unacceptable for environmental and/or economic reasons.

✓ Not applicable; the facility has not submitted information proposing expanded or altered process water discharge; no further degradation proposed therefore no further review necessary.

#### **BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES**

Minimum site-wide best management practices are established in this permit to ensure all facilities are managing their sites equally to protect waters of the state from certain activities which could cause negative effects in receiving water bodies. While not all sites require a SWPPP because the SIC codes are specifically exempted in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14), these best management practices are not specifically included for stormwater purposes. These practices are minimum requirements for all industrial sites to protect waters of the state. If the minimum best management practices are not followed, the facility may violate general criteria [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)]. Statutes are applicable to all permitted facilities in the state, therefore pollutants cannot be released unless in accordance with 644.011 and 644.016 (17) RSMo.

#### CLOSURE

To properly decontaminate and close a wastewater basin, the facility must draft a complete closure plan, and include the Closure Request Form #2512 <u>https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/facility-closure-request-form-mo-780-2512</u> The publication, Wastewater Treatment Plant Closure - PUB2568 found at <u>https://dnr.mo.gov/print/document-search/pub2568</u> may be helpful to develop the closure plan. The regional office will then approve the closure plan, and provide authorization to begin the work. The regional office contact information can be found here: <u>https://dnr.mo.gov/about-us/division-environmental-quality/regional-office</u>

#### COST ANALYSIS FOR COMPLIANCE (CAFCOM)

Pursuant to 644.145 RSMo, when incorporating a new requirement for discharges from publicly owned facilities, or when enforcing provisions of this chapter or the CWA, pertaining to any portion of a publicly owned facility, the Department shall make a finding of affordability on the costs to be incurred and the impact of any rate changes on ratepayers upon which to base such permits and decisions, to the extent allowable under this chapter and the CWA. This process is completed through a CAFCom. Permits not including new requirements may be deemed affordable.

✓ The Department is not required to complete a cost analysis for compliance because the facility is not publicly owned.

# CHANGES IN DISCHARGES OF TOXIC POLLUTANT

This special condition reiterates the federal rules found in 40 CFR 122.44(f) for technology treatments and 122.42(a)(1) for all other toxic substances. In these rules, the facility is required to report changes in amounts of toxic substances discharged. Toxic substances are defined in 40 CFR 122.2 as "...any pollutant listed as toxic under section 307(a)(1)" or, in the case of "sludge use or disposal practices," any pollutant identified in regulations implementing section 405(d) of the CWA." Section 307 of the clean water act then refers to those parameters listed in 40 CFR 401.15 and any other toxic parameter the Department determines is applicable for reporting under these rules in the permit. The facility must also consider any other toxic pollutant in the discharge as reportable under this condition and must report all increases to the Department as soon as discovered in the effluent. The Department may open the permit to implement any required effluent limits pursuant to CWA §402(k) where sufficient data was not supplied within the application but was supplied at a later date by either the facility or other resource determined to be representative of the discharge, such as sampling by Department personnel.

#### **COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT**

Enforcement is the action taken by the Water Protection Program (WPP) to bring an entity into compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and conditions of an operating permit. The primary purpose of the enforcement activity in the WPP is to resolve violations and return the entity to compliance.

✓ Not applicable; the facility is not currently under Water Protection Program enforcement action.

#### $DISCHARGE\ MONITORING\ Reporting\ -\ Electronic\ (eDMR)\ Submission\ System$

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) promulgated a final rule on October 22, 2015, to modernize Clean Water Act reporting for municipalities, industries, and other facilities by requiring electronic data reporting. To comply with the federal rule, the Department is requiring all facilities to submit discharge monitoring data and reports online. To review historical data, the Department's database has a publically facing search engine, available at <a href="https://apps5.mo.gov/mocwis\_public/dmrDisclaimer.do">https://apps5.mo.gov/mocwis\_public/dmrDisclaimer.do</a>

Registration and other information regarding MoGEM can be found at https://dnr.mo.gov/mogem. Information about the eDMR system can be found at https://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/edmr.htm.The first user shall register as an Organization Official and the association to the facility must be approved by the Department. To access the eDMR system, use:

https://apps5.mo.gov/mogems/welcome.action For assistance using the eDMR system, contact edmr@dnr.mo.gov or call 855-789-3889 or 573-526-2082. To assist the facility in entering data into the eDMR system, the permit describes limit sets designators in each table in Part A of the permit. Facility personnel will use these identifiers to ensure data entry is being completed appropriately. For example, M for monthly, Q for quarterly, A for annual, and others as identified.

Per 40 CFR 127.15 and 127.24, permitted facilities may request a temporary waiver for up to 5 years or a permanent waiver from electronic reporting from the Department. To obtain an electronic reporting waiver, a facility must first submit an eDMR Waiver Request form available on the Department's web page. A request must be made for each operating permit. An approved waiver is not transferable. The Department must review and notify the facility within 120 calendar days of receipt if the waiver request has been approved or rejected [40 CFR 124.27(a)]. During the Department review period as well as after a waiver is granted, the facility must continue submitting a hard-copy of any reports required by their permit. The Department will enter data submitted in hard-copy from those facilities allowed to do so, and electronically submit the data to the EPA on behalf of the facility.

 $\checkmark$  This facility has not been granted a waiver, nor would this facility qualify for a waiver.

## DOMESTIC WASTEWATER, SLUDGE, AND BIOSOLIDS

Domestic wastewater is defined as wastewater originating primarily from the sanitary conveyances of bathrooms and kitchens. Domestic wastewater excludes stormwater, wash water, animal waste, process and ancillary wastewater.

✓ Not applicable; this facility manages domestic wastewater by sending to a package plant on site and pumping effluent into cooling towers' makeup water basin and ultimately lost to evaporation.

Sewage sludge is solid, semi-solid, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works; including but not limited to, domestic septage; scum or solids removed in primary, secondary, or advanced wastewater treatment process; and material derived from sewage sludge. Sewage sludge does not include ash generated during the firing of sewage sludge in a sewage sludge incinerator or grit and screening generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works. Biosolids are solid materials resulting from domestic wastewater treatment meeting federal and state criteria for productive use (i.e. fertilizer) and after having pathogens removed.

✓ Not applicable, the facility holds all domestic sludge in a tank until a third party removes it.

#### **EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS**

Two general types of effluent limitations, technology-based effluent limits (TBELs) and water quality based effluent limits (WQBELs) are reviewed. Permits are required to establish the most stringent or most protective limit. If the TBEL or WQBEL does not provide adequate protection for the receiving water, then the other must be used per 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(A) or 40 CFR 122.44(b)(1). See WASTELOAD ALLOCATION below which describes how WQBEL wasteload allowances are established under the permit. Effluent limitations derived and established for this permit are based on current operations of the facility. Any flow through the outfall is considered a discharge and must be sampled and reported as provided in the permit. Daily maximums and monthly averages are required per 40 CFR 122.45(d)(1) for continuous discharges (not from a POTW).

#### **EMERGENCY DISCHARGE**

For non-discharging permits, some permits may allow a small amount of wastewater discharge under very specific circumstances. ✓ Not applicable; this permit does not contain conditions allowing emergency discharges.

# FEDERAL EFFLUENT LIMITATION GUIDELINES

Effluent Limitation Guidelines, or ELGs, are found at 40 CFR 400-499. https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-40/chapter-I/subchapter-N These are limitations established by the EPA based on the SIC code and the type of work a facility is conducting. Most ELGs are for process wastewater and some address stormwater. Effluent guidelines are not always established for every pollutant present in a point source discharge. In many instances, EPA promulgates effluent guidelines for an indicator pollutant. Industrial facilities complying with the effluent guidelines for the indicator pollutant will also control other pollutants (e.g. pollutants with a similar chemical structure). For example, EPA may choose to regulate only one of several metals present in the effluent from an industrial category, and compliance with the effluent guidelines will ensure similar metals present in the discharge are adequately controlled. All are technology based limitations which must be met by the applicable facility at all times. If Reasonable Potential is established for any particular parameter, and water-quality based effluent limits are more protective of the receiving water's quality, the WQBEL will be used as the limiting factor in accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(d) and 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(A). ✓ The facility has an associated Effluent Limitation Guideline (ELG) which is applicable to the wastewater and stormwater discharges at this facility, ELG at 40 CFR 411.35. Process water is not discharged at this facility, but the part of the ELG requires compliances for stormwater discharges from materials storage piles. Materials for cement are not stored outdoors at this facility.

#### **GENERAL CRITERIA CONSIDERATIONS**

In accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1), effluent limitations shall be placed into permits for pollutants determined to cause, have reasonable potential to cause, or to contribute to, an excursion above any water quality standard, including narrative water quality criteria. In order to comply with this regulation, permit decisions were made by completing a reasonable potential determination on whether discharges have reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion of the general criteria listed in 10 CSR 20-7.031(4). See Part III REASONABLE POTENTIAL for more information. In instances where reasonable potential exists, the permit includes limitations to address the reasonable potential. In discharges where reasonable potential does not exist, the permit may include monitoring to later determine the discharge's potential to impact the narrative criteria. Additionally, 644.076.1 RSMo, as well as Part I §D – Administrative Requirements of Standard Conditions included in this permit state it shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow any discharge of water contaminants from any water contaminant or point source located in Missouri in violation of §§644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or any standard, rule, or regulation promulgated by the commission. See Part IV for specific determinations.

#### **GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES**

Good housekeeping is a practical, cost-effective way to maintain a clean and orderly facility to prevent potential pollution sources from coming into contact with stormwater. It includes establishing protocols to reduce the possibility of mishandling materials or equipment and employee training. Common areas where good housekeeping practices should be followed include trash containers and adjacent areas, material storage areas, vehicle and equipment maintenance areas, and loading docks. Good housekeeping practices must include a schedule for regular pickup and disposal of garbage and waste materials and routine inspections of drums, tanks, and containers for leaks and structural conditions. Practices also include containing and covering garbage, waste materials, and debris. Involving employees in routine monitoring of housekeeping practices is an effective means of ensuring the continued implementation of these measures.

Specific good housekeeping may include:

- Spill and overflow protection under chemical or fuel connectors to contain spillage at liquid storage tanks
- Load covers on residue hauling vehicles and ensure gates on trucks are sealed and the truck body is in good condition
- Containment curbs around loading/unloading areas or tanks
- Techniques to reduce solids residue which may be tracked on to access roads traveled by residue trucks or residue handling vehicles.
- Techniques to reduce solid residue on exit roads leading into and out of residue handling areas

Industrial facilities may conduct activities that use, store, manufacture, transfer, and/or dispose of PFAS containing materials. Successful good housekeeping practices to minimize PFAS exposure to stormwater could include inventorying the location, quantity, and method of storage; using properly designed storage and transfer techniques; providing secondary containment around chemical storage areas; and using proper techniques for cleaning or replacement of production systems or equipment.

Where feasible, minimizing exposure of potential pollutant sources to precipitation is an important control option. Minimizing exposure prevents pollutants, including debris, from coming into contact with precipitation and can reduce the need for BMPs to treat contaminated stormwater runoff. It can also prevent debris from being picked up by stormwater and carried into drains and surface waters. Examples of BMPs for exposure minimization include covering materials or activities with temporary structures (e.g., tarps) when wet weather is expected or moving materials or activities to existing or new permanent structures (e.g., buildings, silos, sheds). Even the simple practice of keeping a dumpster lid closed can be a very effective pollution prevention measure. Another example could include locating PFAS-containing materials and residues away from drainage pathways and surface waters. For erosion and sediment control, BMPs must be selected and implemented to limit erosion on areas of your site that, due to topography, activities, soils, cover, materials, or other factors, are likely to experience erosion. Erosion control BMPs such as seeding, mulching, and sodding prevent soil from becoming dislodged and should be considered first. Sediment control BMPs such as silt fences, sediment ponds, and stabilized entrances trap sediment after it has eroded. Sediment control BMPs should be used to back-up erosion control BMPs.

The SWPPP (if required for this facility) must contain a narrative evaluation of the appropriateness of stormwater management practices that divert, infiltrate, reuse, or otherwise manage stormwater runoff so as to reduce the discharge of pollutants. Appropriate measures are highly site-specific, but may include, among others, vegetative swales, collection and reuse of stormwater, inlet controls, snow management, infiltration devices, and wet retention measures. A combination of preventive and treatment BMPs will yield the most effective stormwater management for minimizing the offsite discharge of pollutants via stormwater runoff. BMPs schedules must also address preventive maintenance records or logbooks, regular facility inspections, spill prevention and response, and employee training.

#### **GROUNDWATER MONITORING**

Groundwater is a water of the state according to 644.016(27) RSMo, is subject to regulations at 10 CSR 20-7.015(7) and 10 CSR 20-7.031(6), and must be protected accordingly.

 $\checkmark$  This facility is not required to monitor groundwater for the water protection program.

#### ICE-MELT PRODUCT REMOVAL

The Department is authorized to require BMPs for stormwater facilities per 40 CFR 122.44(k)(2). The facility should, to the extent practicable, remove large pieces of salt as soon as possible. After winter weather has ceased for the year, the facility must inspect all low-lying areas for extra salt and sand, and remove these as soon as possible. Salt applied to large areas has the potential to cause freshwater salinization which could result in a fish kill of sensitive species. To reduce potential for solids entering a stream, sand or other traction control materials will need to be evaluated against the probability that these materials could cause general criteria violations of solids and bottom deposits per 10 CSR 20-7.031(4).

#### LAND APPLICATION

Land application, or surficial dispersion of wastewater and/or sludge, is performed by facilities as an alternative to discharging. Authority to regulate these activities is pursuant to 644.026 RSMo. The Department implements requirements for these types of operations pursuant to 10 CSR 20-6.015(4)(A)1 which instructs the Department to develop permit conditions containing limitations, monitoring, reporting, and other requirements to protect soils, crops, surface waters, groundwater, public health, and the environment.  $\checkmark$  Not applicable; this permit does not authorize operation of a surficial land application system to disperse wastewater or sludge.

#### LAND DISTURBANCE

Land disturbance, sometimes called construction activities, are actions which cause disturbance of the root layer or soil; these include clearing, grading, and excavating of the land. 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14) and 10 CSR 20-6.200(3) requires permit coverage for these activities. Coverage is not required for facilities when only providing maintenance of original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or to continue the original purpose of the facility.

Applicable; this permit provides coverage for land disturbance activities. These activities have SWPPP requirements and may be combined with the standard site SWPPP. Land disturbance BMPs need to be designed to control the expected peak discharges, the University of Missouri has design storm events for the 25 year 24 hour storm; these can be found at: <a href="http://ag3.agebb.missouri.edu/design\_storm/comparison\_reports/20191117\_25yr\_24hr\_comparison\_table.htm">http://ag3.agebb.missouri.edu/design\_storm/comparison\_reports/20191117\_25yr\_24hr\_comparison\_table.htm</a>; to calculate peak discharges, the website <a href="https://www.lmnoeng.com/Hydrology/rational.php">https://www.lmnoeng.com/Hydrology/rational.php</a> has the rational equation to calculate expected discharge volume from the peak storm events.

#### MAJOR WATER USER

Any surface or groundwater user with a water source and the equipment necessary to withdraw or divert 100,000 gallons (or 70 gallons per minute) or more per day combined from all sources from any stream, river, lake, well, spring, or other water source is considered a major water user in Missouri. <u>https://dnr.mo.gov/water/business-industry-other-entities/reporting/major-water-users</u> All major water users are required by law to register water use annually (Missouri Revised Statutes Chapter 256.400 Geology, Water Resources and Geodetic Survey Section). <u>https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/frequently-asked-major-water-user-questions-pub2236/pub2236</u>

✓ Applicable; this facility is a major water user and is registered with the state under registration number 45573310.

#### METALS

Effluent limitations for total recoverable metals were developed using methods and procedures outlined in the *Technical Support Document For Water Quality-based Toxic Controls* (EPA/505/2-90-001) and *The Metals Translator: Guidance For Calculating a Total Recoverable Permit Limit From a Dissolved Criterion* (EPA 823-B-96-007). "Aquatic Life Protection" in 10 CSR 20-7.031 Tables A1 and A2, as well as general criteria protections in 10 CSR 20-7.031(4) apply to this discharge. The hardness value used for hardness-dependent metals calculations is typically based on the ecoregion's 50<sup>th</sup> percentile (also known as the median) per 10 CSR 20-7.015(1)(CC), and is reported in the calculations below, unless site specific data was provided. Per a memorandum dated August 6, 2019, the Director has determined limit derivation must use the median of the Level III Ecoregion to calculate permit limits, or site specific data if applicable. Additional use criterion (HHP, DWS, GRW, IRR, or LWW) may also be used, as applicable, to determine the most protective effluent limit for the receiving waterbody's class and uses. HHP, DWS, GRW, IRR, or LWW do not take hardness into account.

#### **MODIFICATION REQUESTS**

Facilities have the option to request a permit modification from the Department at any time under RSMo 644.051.9. Requests must be submitted to the Water Protection Program with the appropriate forms and fees paid per 10 CSR 20-6.011. It is recommended facilities contact the program early so the correct forms and fees are submitted, and the modification request can be completed in a timely fashion. Minor modifications, found in 40 CFR 122.63, are processed without the need for a public comment period. Major modifications, those requests not explicitly fitting under 40 CFR 122.63, do require a public notice period. Modifications to permits must be completed when: a new pollutant is found in the discharge; operational or functional changes occur which affect the

technology, function, or outcome of treatment; the facility desires alternate numeric benchmarks; or other changes are needed to the permit.

Modifications are not required when utilizing or changing additives in accordance with the publication <u>https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/additive-usage-wastewater-treatment-facilities-pub2653/pub2653</u> nor are required when a temporary change or provisional discharge has been authorized by the regional office. While provisional discharges may be authorized by the regional office, they will not be granted for more than the time necessary for the facility to obtain an official modification from the Water Protection Program. Temporary provisional discharges due to weather events or other unforeseen circumstances may or may not necessitate a permit modification. The facility may ask for a Compliance Assistance Visit (CAV) from the regional office to assist in the decision-making process; CAVs are provided free to the permitted entity.

#### MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEMS (MS4)

This permit allows discharge to waters of the state. The discharges this permit allows may flow into and through the city's stormwater collection system. Regulated MS4s are managed by public entities, cities, municipalities, or counties. Phase I MS4s are Kansas City, Independence, and Springfield. Phase II MS4s are determined by population or location in an urbanized area. Regulated MS4s are required to develop and maintain a stormwater management program. These programs have requirements for developing and implementing a plan to detect and eliminate illicit discharges to the storm sewer system. Phase I MS4s also maintain oversight programs for industrial and high risk runoff. Regulated MS4s may keep a list of all of the other regulated dischargers (wastewater and stormwater) flowing through their system. If this facility discharges into a separate storm sewer system, the facility must make contact with the owner/operator of that system to coordinate with them. Regulated MS4 operators may request to inspect facilities discharging into their system; a list of regulated MS4s can be viewed at <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/missouris-regulated-municipal-separate-storm-sewer-systems-ms4s">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/missouris-regulated-municipal-separate-storm-sewer-systems-ms4s</a> or search by permit ID: MOR04 at <a href="https://apps5.mo.gov/mocwis-public/permitSearch.do">https://apps5.mo.gov/mocwis-public/permitSearch.do</a> to determine if this facility needs to contact a local stormwater authority.

#### NUTRIENT MONITORING

Nutrient monitoring is required for facilities characteristically or expected to discharge nutrients (nitrogenous compounds and/or phosphorus) when the design flow is equal to or greater than 0.1 MGD per 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(D)8. This requirement is applicable to all Missouri waterways.

✓ This facility has not disclosed nutrients are present in the discharge, therefore no nutrient monitoring is required at this time.

Water quality standards per 10 CSR 20-7.031(5)(N) describe nutrient criteria requirements assigned to lakes (which include reservoirs) in Missouri, equal to or greater than 10 acres during normal pool conditions. The Department's Nutrient Criteria Implementation Plan (NCIP) may be reviewed at: <u>https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/nutrient-criteria-implementation-plan-july-27-2018</u> Discharges of wastewater in to lakes or lake watersheds designated as L1 (drinking water use) are prohibited per 10 CSR 20-7.015(3)(C).

✓ Not applicable; this facility does not discharge nutrients.

#### **OIL/WATER SEPARATOR SYSTEMS AND USED OIL**

Oil water separator (OWS) systems are frequently found at industrial sites where process water, wastewater, or stormwater may contain oils, petroleum, greases, oily wastewaters, or other immiscible liquids requiring separation. Food industry discharges typically require treatment prior to discharge to publically owned treatment works. Per 10 CSR 26-2.010(2)(B), all oil water separators classified as underground storage tanks (UST) which meet the volume requirements, must be operated according to manufacturer's specifications. OWS which are USTs may be authorized in NPDES permits per 10 CSR 26-2.010(2)(B) or otherwise will be regulated as a underground petroleum storage tank under tank rules. A facility may operate an OWS which is not considered a UST for the wastewater or stormwater at any facility without specific NPDES permit authorization. Alternatively, a facility is not required to cover a UST OWS under the NPDES permit if they desire to obtain alternative regulatory compliance. OWS treating animal, vegetable, or food grade oils are not required to be authorized under 10 CSR 20-26-2.020(2)(B). All best management practices for all OWS systems must be adhered. In 2017, field-poured concrete tanks, previously exempted from the tanks rules, lost their exempt status. Facilities must re-evaluate these concrete structures pursuant to these now relevant rules. Adjacent USTs are not covered by these regulations.

Any and all water treatment systems designed to remove floating immiscible oils are termed oil water separators. If a device is intended to capture oil and separate it from water which is to be discharged, this generally qualifies that oil as used oil (if it is petroleum-based in nature). Used oil and oily sludge must be disposed of in accordance with 10 CSR 25-11.279. Pursuant to 40 CFR 279.20(b)(2)(ii)(B), separating used petroleum-based oil from wastewater generated on-site (to make the wastewater acceptable for discharge or reuse pursuant to Federal or state regulations governing the management or discharge of wastewaters) are considered used oil generators and not processors under self-implementing 40 CFR 279 Standards For The Management Of Used Oil. Oily wastes generated by OWS are also generally subject to Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure (SPCC) regulations.

#### **OPERATOR CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS**

Operators or supervisors of operations at regulated domestic wastewater treatment facilities shall be certified in accordance with 10 CSR 20-9 and any other applicable state law or regulation.

✓ Not applicable; this facility is not required to have a certified operator. This permit does not cover domestic wastewater or the domestic wastewater population equivalent (PE) is less than two hundred (200) individuals. Additionally, this facility is not owned or operated by a municipality, public sewer district, county, public water supply district, or private sewer company regulated by the Public Service Commission, or operated by a state or federal agency. Private entities are exempted from the population equivalent requirement unless the Department has reason to believe a certified operator is necessary.

#### PERMIT SHIELD

The permit shield provision of the Clean Water Act (Section 402(k)) and Missouri Clean Water Law (644.051.16 RSMo) provides that when a permit holder is in compliance with its NPDES permit or MSOP, it is effectively in compliance with certain sections of the Clean Water Act, and equivalent sections of the Missouri Clean Water Law. In general, the permit shield is a legal defense against certain enforcement actions, but is only available when the facility is in compliance with its permit and satisfies other specific conditions, including having completely disclosed all discharges and all facility processes and activities to the Department at time of application. It is the facility's responsibility to ensure that all potential pollutants, waste streams, discharges, and activities, as well as wastewater land application, storage, and treatment areas, are all fully disclosed to the Department at the time of application or during the draft permit review process. Previous permit applications are not necessarily evaluated or considered during permit renewal actions. All relevant disclosures must be provided with each permit application, including renewal applications, even when the same information was previously disclosed flows, or for authorization for previously unpermitted and undisclosed activities or discharges, will likely require an official permit modification, including another public participation process.

#### PRETREATMENT

This permit does not regulate pretreatment requirements for facilities discharging to an accepting permitted wastewater treatment facility. If applicable, the receiving entity (the publicly owned treatment works - POTW) is to ensure compliance with any effluent limitation guidelines for pretreatment listed in 40 CFR Subchapter N per 10 CSR 20-6.100. Pretreatment regulations per 644.016 RSMo are limitations on the introduction of pollutants or water contaminants into publicly owned treatment works or facilities.

✓ Not applicable, this facility does not discharge industrial wastewater to a POTW. Domestic wastewater is not subject to pretreatment requirements.

#### **REASONABLE POTENTIAL (RP)**

Regulations per 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(A)2 and 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1)(i) require effluent limitations for all pollutants which are (or may be) discharged at a level causing or have the reasonable potential to cause (or contribute to) an in-stream excursion above narrative or numeric water quality standards. Per 10 CSR 20-7.031(4), general criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times; however, acute toxicity criteria may be exceeded by permit allowance in zones of initial dilution, and chronic toxicity criteria may be exceeded by permit allowance in mixing zones. A reasonable potential analysis (RPA) is a numeric RP decision calculated using effluent data provided by the facility for parameters that have a numeric Water Quality Standard (WQS). If any given pollutant has the reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an in-stream excursion above the WQS, the permit must contain a WQBEL for the pollutant per 40 CFR Part 122.44(d)(1)(iii) and the most stringent limits per 10 CSR 20-7.031(9)(A). The RPA is performed using the Technical Support Document for Water Quality Based Toxics Control (TSD) methods (EPA/505/2-90-001) for continuous discharges. See additional considerations under Part II WATERBODY MIXING CONSIDERATIONS and Part III WASTELOAD ALLOCATIONS. Wasteload allocations are determined utilizing the same equations and statistical methodology. Absent sufficient effluent data, WOBELs are derived without consideration of effluent variability and is assumed to be present unless found to be absent to meet the requirements of antidegradation review found in 10 CSR 20-7.031(3) and reporting of toxic substances pursuant to 40 CFR 122.44(f). The Department's permit writer's manual (https://dnr.mo.gov/water/business-industry-other-entities/technical-assistanceguidance/wastewater-permit-writers-manual), the EPA's permit writer's manual (https://www.epa.gov/npdes/npdes-permit-writersmanual), program policies, and best professional judgment guide each decision. Each parameter in each outfall is carefully considered; and all applicable information regarding: technology based effluent limitations, effluent limitation guidelines, water quality standards, inspection reports, stream water quality information, stream flows, uses assigned to each waterbody, and all applicable site specific information and data gathered by the facility through discharge monitoring reports and renewal (or new) application sampling.

Reasonable potential determinations (RPD) are based on physical conditions of the site as provided in Sections 3.1.2, 3.1.3, and 3.2 of the TSD using best professional judgement. An RPD consists of evaluating visual observations for compliance with narrative criteria, non-numeric information, or small amounts of numerical data (such as 1 data point supplied in the application). Narrative criteria with RP typically translate to a numeric WQS, so a parameter's establishment being based on narrative criteria does not necessarily make the decision an RPD vs RP—how the data is collected does, however. For example, a facility with orange discharge can have RP for narrative criteria like color, but a numeric iron limit is established to account for the violation of narrative criteria based on effluent data submitted by the facility. When insufficient data is received to make a determination on RP based on numeric effluent data, the RPD decisions are based on best professional judgment considering the type of effluent discharged, the current operational controls in place, and historical overall management of the site.

In the case of iron causing excursions of narrative criteria for color, if a facility has not had iron monitoring in a previous permit, adding iron monitoring would be an RPD, since numeric data isn't being used in the determination, but observable, site-specific conditions are.

When the facility is performing surficial or subsurface land application, the volume of water, frequency of application, type of vegetation, soil type, land slopes, and general overall operating conditions are considered. 10 CSR 20-8 are regulations for the minimum operating conditions for land application; these regulations cannot be excused even if there is no RP. RP is reserved for discharging outfalls given that these outfalls are the only ones which water quality standards apply to, but the process is similar as the site conditions are compared to regulations, soil sampling, pollutant profile, and other site specific conditions. In the case of non-discharging outfalls, an RPD is instead used to determine monitoring requirements.

The TSD RPA method cannot be performed on stormwater as the flow is intermittent and highly variable. A stormwater RPD consists of reviewing application data and discharge monitoring data and comparing those data to narrative or numeric water quality criteria. For stormwater outfalls, considerations are required per 10 CSR 20-6.200(6)(B)2: A. application and other information supplied by the facility; B. effluent guidelines; C. best professional judgment; D. water quality; and E. BMPs.

RPDs are also performed for WET testing in wastewater. While no WET regulations specific to industrial wastewater exist, 40 CFR 122.21(j)(5) implies the following can be considered: 1) the variability of the pollutants; 2) the ratio of wastewater flow to receiving stream flow; and 3) current technology employed to remove toxic pollutants. Generally, sufficient data does not exist to mathematically determine RPA for WET, but instead compares the data for other toxic parameters in the wastewater with the necessity to implement WET testing with either monitoring or limits. When toxic parameters exhibit RP, WET testing is generally included in the permit as an RPD. However, if all toxic parameters are controlled via limitations or have exhibited no toxicity in the past, then WET testing may be waived. Only in instances where the wastewater is well characterized can WET testing be waived.

WET testing is typically not implemented for stormwater. Stormwater discharges do not adhere to the same principles of wastewater RPAs because stormwater discharges are not continuous, and at the time of precipitation discharge the receiving stream is also no longer at base (0) flow, meaning that using RP to develop WET testing requirements for stormwater is unrepresentative. The Department works with the Missouri Department of Conservation and has understanding of streams already exhibiting toxicity, even without the influence of industrial wastewater or stormwater. Facilities discharging to streams with historical toxicity are required to use laboratory water for dilution, instead of water from the receiving stream when performing WET tests.

TSD methods encountered may be § 3.3.2, § 5.7.3 for metals, and § 5.4.1 for chloride. Part IV EFFLUENT LIMIT DETERMINATIONS provides specific decisions related to this permit. In general, removal of a WQBEL if there is no RP is not considered backsliding, see ANTIBACKSLIDING for additional information.

Not applicable; an RPA was not conducted for this facility. This permit establishes permit limits and benchmarks for stormwater and decant dredge water. The department has determined stormwater is not a continuous discharge and is therefore not necessarily dependent on mathematical RPAs. However, the permit writer completed an RPD, a reasonable potential determination, using best professional judgment for all of the appropriate parameters in this permit. A RPD consists of reviewing application data and/or discharge monitoring data for the last five years and comparing those data to narrative or numeric water quality criteria.

#### **REGIONAL OFFICES (ROS)**

Regional Offices will provide a compliance assistance visit at a facility's request; a regional map with links to phone numbers can be found here: <u>https://dnr.mo.gov/about-us/division-environmental-quality/regional-office</u>. Or use <u>https://dnr.mo.gov/compliance-assistance-enforcement</u> to request assistance from the Region online.

#### **RENEWAL REQUIREMENTS**

The renewal special condition permit requirement is designed to guide the facility to prepare and include all relevant and applicable information in accordance with 10 CSR 20-6.010(7)(A)-(C), and if applicable, federal regulations. The special condition may not include all requirements and requests for additional information may be made at the time of permit renewal under 644.051.13(5) RSMo and 40 CFR 122.21(h). Prior to submittal, the facility must review the entire submittal to confirm all required information and data is provided; it is the facility's responsibility to discern if additional information is required. Failure to fully disclose applicable information with the application or application addendums may result in a permit revocation per 10 CSR 20-6.010(8)(A) and may result in the forfeiture of permit shield protection authorized in 644.051.16 RSMo. Forms are located at:

https://dnr.mo.gov/water/business-industry-other-entities/permits-certification-engineering-fees/wastewater

- ✓ This facility shall submit an appropriate and complete application to the Department no less than 180 days prior to the expiration date listed on page 1 of the permit.
- ✓ The facility may email <u>cleanwaterpermits@dnr.mo.gov</u> to submit the application to the Program. A paper copy is not necessary.
- ✓ Application materials shall include complete Form A, and Form C. If the form name has changed, then the facility should ensure they are submitting the correct forms as required by regulation.

### SAMPLING FREQUENCY JUSTIFICATION

Sampling and reporting frequency was generally retained from previous permit. 40 CFR 122.45(d)(1) indicates all continuous discharges, such as wastewater discharges, shall be permitted with daily maximum and monthly average limits. Minimum sampling frequency for all parameters is annually per 40 CFR 122.44(i)(2).

Sampling frequency for stormwater-only outfalls is typically quarterly even though BMP inspection occurs monthly or more often dependent on site needs. The facility may sample more frequently if additional data is required to determine if best management operations and technology are performing as expected.

A reduction in monitoring frequency is not considered backsliding. A numeric or narrative limit established in the permit is applicable every hour of every day, not only during the day the monitoring occurs, therefore, a reduction in monitoring frequency has no bearing on the numeric limits applied in the permit. Both § 402(0)(1) and the safety clause in § 402(0)(3) prohibit renewed permits from containing effluent limitations that are less stringent. The Department does not read 402(0) to apply to any other non-limiting type of permit conditions.

#### SAMPLING TYPE JUSTIFICATION

Sampling type was continued from the previous permit. The sampling types are representative of the discharges, and are protective of water quality. Discharges with altering effluent will consider implementing composite sampling; discharges with uniform effluent can have grab samples. Grab samples are usually appropriate for stormwater. Parameters which must have grab sampling are: pH, ammonia, *E. coli*, total residual chlorine, free available chlorine, hexavalent chromium, dissolved oxygen, total phosphorus, volatile organic compounds, and others. For further information on sampling and testing methods see 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(D)2.

#### SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE (SOC)

A schedule of remedial measures included in a permit, including an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (actions, effluent limits, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and the terms and conditions of an operating permit. SOCs are allowed under 40 CFR 122.47 and 10 CSR 20-7.031(11) providing certain conditions are met. An SOC is not allowed:

- For effluent limitations based on technology-based standards established in accordance with federal requirements, if the deadline for compliance established in federal regulations has passed in accordance with 40 CFR 125.3.
- For a newly constructed facility in most cases per 644.029 RSMo. Newly constructed facilities must meet all applicable effluent limitations (technology and water quality) when discharge begins. New facilities are required to install the appropriate control technologies as specified in a permit or antidegradation review. A SOC is allowed for a new water quality based effluent limit not included in a previously public noticed permit or antidegradation review, which may occur if a regulation changes during construction.
- To develop a TMDL, UAA, or other study associated with development of a site specific criterion. A facility is not prohibited from conducting these activities, but a SOC may not be specifically granted for conducting these activities.

In order to provide guidance in developing SOCs, and to attain a greater level of consistency, the Department issued a policy on development of SOCs on October 25, 2012. The policy provides guidance for standard time frames for schedules for common activities, and guidance on factors to modify the length of the schedule.

 $\checkmark$  Not applicable; this permit does not contain a SOC.

#### **SECONDARY CONTAINMENT:**

The Department has established minimum requirements for secondary containment areas. These conditions are necessary to prevent contamination in stormwater before storm events, and before stormwater has a risk for contamination in these areas. By including dry inspection requirements, the Department can be confident in the site's operational controls. By fixing all leaks and removing debris from the secondary containment areas prior to precipitation events, stormwater collected in the areas are unlikely to yield contamination or elicit sheen thereby allowing immediate removal of stormwater which is in compliance with SPCC plans.

The Department is establishing a permit requirement for visual inspection frequency commiserate with the potential for contamination for secondary containment(s) to protect waters of the state from petroleum contamination, oils and greases, or sheen pursuant to 10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(B); and other water contaminants as necessary. These conditions establish permissible allowances for the facility to discharge stormwater that was either free of sheen or has been cleaned of sheen, but only if the facility has demonstrated, through inspections, the facility has been effectively maintaining tanks and appurtenances in the secondary containment areas.

Historic petroleum secondary containment language required laboratory testing for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene (BTEX) upon sheen observance; to have all laboratory testing completed prior to release of the contained stormwater; and to be below established numeric limits for BTEX prior to release. However, it was noted by commenters that when the Department requires facilities to keep the sheeny accumulated stormwater in the secondary containment for long periods of time (time needed to obtain laboratory results for BTEX, it is contrary to other relevant regulations, which state contaminated stormwater must be disposed of as quickly as possible. Facilities then developed alternative actions, such as tanking sheeny secondary containment stormwater until the expedited BTEX laboratory analysis was completed, then releasing the water from the tank.

These alternative methods of tanking sheeny stormwater are both costly and resource-intensive, requiring worker time which needs to be directed to other facility activities. By shifting worker time from post-sheen-occurrence management to pre-contamination dry-inspections, the Department has alleviated several commenter's concerns regarding past secondary containment special conditions.

By allowing on-site sheen removal, then discharge, the Department is allowing expedited drainage of the secondary containment without delay. When a facility properly maintains tanks and appurtenances via these series of inspections and provides sheen removal prior to release, then the facility can maintain compliance with Missouri's requirements for the safe storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids (2 CSR 90-30.050), storage tank secondary containment volume requirements (40 CFR 112), and Missouri's general water quality criteria 10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(B).

The Department revised petroleum secondary containment special conditions in permits based on National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards [mainly NFPA 30], enforceable under Missouri fire prevention codes [2 CSR 90-30.050], and Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure (SPCC) [40 CFR 112] requirements. 2 CSR 90-30.050(20) and (21) specifically reference the Department of Natural Resources' environmental regulations. To apply these referenced conditions, this permit requires periodic secondary containment inspections.

It is acceptable for the inspections this permit requires to contradict the facility's SPCC plan inspection frequency, as these two requirements have different goals; the frequencies designated in the SPCC plan are based on the facility's evaluation of a tankage system's potential for catastrophic failure, not small leaks that result in sheeny stormwater. The inspection frequency this permit identifies for secondary containments have the capability to identify small leaks from appurtenances which have the possibility to cause contamination in standing stormwater, not simply a catastrophic failure. SPCC requirements pursuant to 40 CFR 112.8(c)(3)(iv) and 40 CFR 112.12(c)(3)(iv) also dictate that release of contaminated stormwater is prohibited unless regulated under an NPDES permit which allows for bypassing pursuant to 40 CFR 122.41(m)(3). As this permit does not allow bypassing, the facility must follow the inspection steps listed in the special conditions of this permit.

Many facilities are subject to the requirements outlined by the EPA in 40 CFR 112.3, also known as the SPCC plan: detailing the equipment, workforce, procedures, and steps necessary to prevent, control, and provide adequate countermeasures to a discharge. These regulations minimally require secondary containment and diversion structures be maintained. Title 40 regulations are developed by the Environmental Protection Agency. The self-certified SPCC plan a facility designs, while aimed to protect waters of the state and United States (WOTS/WOTUS), may differ considerably from site to site. This permit's conditions serves to treat similar facilities similarly. The EPA did not establish minimum frequency container or containment inspections; this permit does not require a professional engineer (PE) inspect the tankage systems.

#### SPILLS, OVERFLOWS, AND OTHER UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGE REPORTING

Per 260.505 RSMo, any emergency involving a hazardous substance must be reported to the Department's 24 hour Environmental Emergency Response hotline at (573) 634-2436 at the earliest possible moment after discovery. The Department may require the submittal of a written report detailing measures taken to clean up a spill. These reporting requirements apply whether or not the spill results in chemicals or materials leaving the permitted property or reaching waters of the state. This requirement is in addition to the noncompliance reporting requirement found in Standard Conditions Part I. https://revisor.mo.gov/main/OneSection.aspx?section=260.500&bid=13989&hl=

Any other spills, overflows, or unauthorized discharges reaching waters of the state must be reported to the regional office during normal business hours, or after normal business hours, to the Department's 24 hour Environmental Emergency Response spill line at 573-634-2436.

Certain industrial facilities are subject to the self-implementing regulations for Oil Pollution Prevention in 40 CFR 112, and are required to initiate and follow Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plans. This permit, as issued, is not intended to be a replacement for any SPCC plan, nor can this permit's conditions be automatically relaxed based on the SPCC plan if the permit is more stringent than the plan.

#### SLUDGE - INDUSTRIAL

Industrial sludge is solid, semi-solid, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of industrial process or non-process wastewater in a treatment works; including but not limited to, scum or solids removed in primary, secondary, or advanced wastewater treatment process; scum and solids filtered from water supplies and backwashed; and any material derived from industrial sludge. Industrial sludge could also be derived from lagoon or basin dredging or other similar maintenance activities. Certain oil sludge, like those from oil water separators, are subject to self-implementing federal regulations under 40 CFR 279 for used oils.

Applicable; sludge is removed by contract hauler. The permitted management strategy must be followed, see permit under FACILITY DESCRIPTION. If the permitted management strategy cannot be followed, the facility must obtain a permit modification.

### STANDARD CONDITIONS

The standard conditions Part I attached to this permit incorporate all sections of 10 CSR 20-6.010(8) and 40 CFR 122.41(a) through (n) by reference as required by law. These conditions, in addition to the conditions enumerated within the standard conditions must be reviewed by the facility to ascertain compliance with this permit, state regulations, state statutes, federal regulations, and the Clean Water Act. Standard Conditions Part III, if attached to this permit, incorporate requirements dealing with domestic wastewater, domestic sludge, and land application of domestic wastes.

#### STORMWATER PERMITTING: LIMITATIONS AND BENCHMARKS

Because of the fleeting nature of stormwater discharges, the Department, under the direction of EPA guidance, has determined monthly averages are capricious measures of stormwater-only discharges. The *Technical Support Document for Water Quality Based Toxics Control* (EPA/505/2-90-001; 1991) §3.1 indicates most procedures within the document apply only to water quality based approaches, not end-of-pipe technology-based controls. Hence, stormwater-only outfalls will generally only contain a maximum daily limit (MDL), a benchmark, or a monitoring requirement as dictated by site specific conditions, the BMPs in place, the BMPs proposed, past performance of the facility, and the receiving water's current quality.

Sufficient rainfall to cause a discharge for one hour or more from a facility would not necessarily cause significant flow in a receiving stream. Acute Water Quality Standards (WQSs) are based on one hour of exposure, and must be protected at all times. Therefore, industrial stormwater facilities with toxic contaminants present in the stormwater may have the potential to cause a violation of acute WQSs if toxic contaminants occur in sufficient amounts. In this instance, the permit may apply daily maximum limitations.

Conversely, it is unlikely for rainfall to cause a discharge for four continuous days from a facility; if this does occur however, the receiving stream will also likely sustain a significant amount of flow providing dilution. Most chronic WQSs are based on a four-day exposure with some exceptions. Under this scenario, most industrial stormwater facilities have limited potential to cause a violation of chronic water quality standards in the receiving stream.

A standard mass-balance equation cannot be calculated for stormwater because stormwater flow and flow in the receiving stream cannot be determined for conditions on any given day or storm event without real-time ad-hoc monitoring. The amount of stormwater discharged from the facility will vary based on current and previous rainfall, soil saturation, humidity, detention time, BMPs, surface permeability, etc. Flow in the receiving stream will vary based on climatic conditions, size of watershed, area of surfaces with reduced permeability (houses, parking lots, and the like) in the watershed, hydrogeology, topography, etc. Decreased permeability may increase the stream flow dramatically over a short period of time (flash).

Numeric benchmark values are based on site specific requirements taking in to account a number of factors but cannot be applied to any process water discharges. First, the technology in place at the site to control pollutant discharges in stormwater is evaluated. Other permits are also reviewed for similar activities. A review of the guidance forming the basis of Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA's) *Multi-Sector General Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity* (MSGP) may also occur. Because precipitation events are sudden and momentary, benchmarks based on state or federal standards or recommendations use the Criteria Maximum Concentration (CMC) value, or acute standard may also be used. The CMC is the estimate of the highest concentration of a material in surface water to which an aquatic community can be exposed briefly without resulting in an unacceptable effect. The CMC for aquatic life is intended to be protective of the vast majority of the aquatic communities in the United States. If a facility has not disclosed BMPs applicable to the pollutants for the site, the facility may not be eligible for benchmarks.

40 CFR 122.44(b)(1) requires the permit implement the most stringent limitations for each discharge, including industrially exposed stormwater; and 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1)(i) and (iii) requires the permit to include water-quality based effluent limitations (WQBELs) where reasonable potential has been found. However, because of the non-continuous nature of stormwater discharges, staff are unable to perform statistical Reasonable Potential Analysis (RPA) under most stormwater discharge scenarios. Reasonable potential determinations (RPDs; see REASONABLE POTENTIAL above) using best professional judgment are performed.

Benchmarks require the facility to monitor, and if necessary, replace and update stormwater control measures. Benchmark concentrations are not effluent limitations. A benchmark exceedance, therefore, is not a permit violation; however, failure to take corrective action is a violation of the permit. Benchmark monitoring data is used to determine the overall effectiveness of control measures and to assist the facility in knowing when additional corrective actions may be necessary to comply with the conditions of the permit.

BMP inspections typically occur more frequently than sampling. Sampling frequencies are based on the facility's ability to comply with the benchmarks and the requirements of the permit. Inspections must occur after large rain events and any other time an issue is noted; sampling after a benchmark exceedance may need to occur to show the corrective active taken was meaningful.

When a permitted feature or outfall consists of only stormwater, a benchmark may be implemented if there is no RP for water quality excursions.

✓ Applicable, this facility has stormwater-only outfalls where benchmarks or limitations were deemed appropriate contaminant measures.

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP)

Pursuant to 40 CFR 122.44(k), Best Management Practices (BMPs) must be used to control or abate the discharge of pollutants when: 1) Authorized under §304(e) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) for the control of toxic pollutants and hazardous substances from ancillary industrial activities; 2) Authorized under §402(p) of the CWA for the control of stormwater discharges; 3) Numeric effluent limitations are infeasible; or 4) the practices are reasonably necessary to achieve effluent limitations and standards or to carry out the purposes and intent of the CWA. A BMP may take the form of a numeric benchmark. In accordance with the EPA's *Developing Your Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan, A Guide for Industrial Operators*, (EPA 833-B-09-002) published by the EPA in 2015 and again in 2021 <a href="https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2021-03/documents/swppp\_guide\_industrial\_2021\_030121.pdf">https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2021-03/documents/swppp\_guide\_industrial\_2021\_030121.pdf</a> BMPs are measures or practices used to reduce the amount of pollution entering waters of the state from a permitted facility. BMPs may take the form of a process, activity, or physical structure. Additionally in accordance with the Stormwater Management, a SWPPP is a series of steps and activities to 1) identify sources of pollution or contamination, and 2) select and carry out actions which prevent or control the pollution of storm water discharges. Additional information can be found in *Stormwater Management for Industrial Activities: Developing Pollution Prevention Plans and Best Management Practices* (EPA 832-R-92-006; September 1992).

Developing a SWPPP provides opportunities to employ appropriate BMPs to minimize the risk of pollutants being discharged during storm events. The following paragraph outlines the general steps the facility can take to determine which BMPs will work to achieve the benchmark values or limits in the permit. This section is not intended to be all encompassing or restrict the use of any physical BMP or operational and maintenance procedure assisting in pollution control. Additional steps or revisions to the SWPPP may be required to meet the requirements of the permit.

The facility can review the precipitation frequency maps for development of appropriate BMPs. The online map <u>https://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/pfds\_map\_cont.html?bkmrk=mo</u> can be targeted to the facility location and is useful when designing detention structures and planning for any structural BMP component. The stormwater map can also be used to determine if the volume of stormwater caused a disrupted BMP; and if the BMP must be re-designed to incorporate additional stormwater flows.

Areas which must be included in the SWPPP are identified in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14). Once the potential sources of stormwater pollution have been identified, a plan shall be formulated to best control the amount of pollutant being released and discharged by each activity or source. This must include, but is not limited to, minimizing exposure to stormwater, good housekeeping measures, proper facility and equipment maintenance, spill prevention and response, vehicle traffic control, and proper materials handling. Once a plan has been developed the facility will employ the control measures determined to be adequate to achieve the benchmark values discussed above. The facility will conduct monitoring and inspections of the BMPs to ensure they are working properly and re-evaluate any BMP not achieving compliance with permitting requirements. For example, if sample results from an outfall show values of TSS above the benchmark value, the BMP being employed is deficient in controlling stormwater pollution. Corrective action must be taken to repair, improve, or replace the failing BMP. This internal evaluation is required at least once per month but may be continued more frequently if BMPs continue to fail. If failures do occur, continue this trial and error process until appropriate BMPs have been established.

For new, altered, or expanded stormwater discharges, the SWPPP shall identify reasonable and effective BMPs while accounting for environmental impacts of varying control methods. The antidegradation analysis must document why no discharge or no exposure options are not feasible. The selection and documentation of appropriate control measures shall serve as an alternative analysis of technology and fulfill the requirements of antidegradation [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)]. For further guidance, consult the antidegradation implementation procedure (https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/antidegradation-implementation-procedure).

Alternative Analysis (AA) evaluation of the BMPs is a structured evaluation of BMPs which are reasonable and cost effective. The AA evaluation can include practices designed to be: 1) non-degrading; 2) less degrading; or 3) degrading water quality. The glossary of AIP defines these three terms. The chosen BMP will be the most reasonable and effective management strategy while ensuring the highest statutory and regulatory requirements are achieved and the highest quality water attainable for the facility is discharged. The AA evaluation must demonstrate why "no exposure" is not a feasible alternative at the facility. This structured analysis of BMPs serves as the antidegradation review, fulfilling the requirements of 10 CSR 20-7.031(3) Water Quality Standards and Antidegradation Implementation Procedure (AIP), §II.B.

If parameter-specific numeric benchmark exceedances continue to occur and the facility feels there are no practicable or cost-effective BMPs which will sufficiently reduce a pollutant concentration in the discharge to the benchmark values established in the permit, the facility can submit a request to re-evaluate the benchmark values. This request needs to include 1) a detailed explanation of why the facility is unable to comply with the permit conditions and unable to establish BMPs to achieve the benchmark values; 2) financial data of the company and documentation of cost associated with BMPs for review and 3) the SWPPP, which must contain adequate documentation of BMPs employed, failed BMPs, corrective actions, and all other required information. This will allow the Department to conduct a cost analysis on control measures and actions taken by the facility to determine cost-effectiveness of BMPs.

The request shall be submitted in the form of an operating permit modification, which includes an appropriate fee; the application is found at: https://dnr.mo.gov/water/business-industry-other-entities/permits-certification-engineering-fees/wastewater

✓ Applicable; a SWPPP shall be developed and implemented for this facility; see specific requirements in the SPECIAL CONDITIONS section of the permit.

#### SUFFICIENTLY SENSITIVE ANALYTICAL METHODS

Please review Standard Conditions Part 1, §A, No. 4. The analytical and sampling methods used shall conform to the reference methods listed in 10 CSR 20-7.015 or 40 CFR 136 unless alternates are approved by the Department and incorporated within this permit. The facility shall use sufficiently sensitive analytical methods for detecting, identifying, and measuring the concentrations of pollutants. The facility shall ensure the selected methods are able to quantify the presence of pollutants in any given discharge at concentrations low enough to determine compliance with Water Quality Standards in 10 CSR 20-7.031 or effluent limitations unless provisions in the permit allow for other alternatives. The reporting limits established by the chosen laboratory must be below the lowest effluent limits established for the specified parameter (including any parameter's future limit after an SOC) in the permit unless the permit provides for an ML or if the facility provides a written rationale to the Department. It is the facility's responsibility to ensure the laboratory has adequate equipment and controls in place to quantify the pollutant. Inflated reporting limits will not be accepted by the Department if the reporting limit is above the parameter value stipulated in the permit. A method is "sufficiently sensitive" when; 1) the method quantifies the pollutant below the level of the applicable water quality criterion or; 2) the method minimum level is above the applicable water quality criterion, but the amount of pollutant in a facility's discharge is high enough the method detects and quantifies the level of pollutant in the discharge, or 3) the method has the lowest minimum level of the analytical methods approved under 10 CSR 20-7.015 and or 40 CFR 136. These methods are also required for parameters listed as monitoring only, as the data collected may be used to determine if numeric limitations need to be established. A facility is responsible for working with their contractors to ensure the analysis performed is sufficiently sensitive.

#### **UNDERGROUND INJECTION CONTROL (UIC)**

The UIC program for all classes of wells in the State of Missouri is administered by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources and approved by EPA pursuant to §§1422 and 1425 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) and 40 CFR 147 Subpart AA. Injection wells are classified based on the liquids which are being injected. Class I wells are hazardous waste wells which are banned by 577.155 RSMo; Class II wells are established for oil and natural gas production; Class III wells are used to inject fluids to extract minerals; Class IV wells are also banned by Missouri in 577.155 RSMo; Class V wells are shallow injection wells; some examples are heat pump wells and groundwater remediation wells. Domestic wastewater being disposed of sub-surface is also considered a Class V well. In accordance with 40 CFR 144.82, construction, operation, maintenance, conversion, plugging, or closure of injection wells shall not cause movement of fluids containing any contaminant into Underground Sources of Drinking Water (USDW) if the presence of any contaminant may cause a violation of any drinking water standards or groundwater standards under 10 CSR 20-7.031, or other health based standards, or may otherwise adversely affect human health. If the director finds the injection activity may endanger USDWs, the Department may require closure of the injection wells, or other actions listed in 40 CFR 144.12(c), (d), or (e). In accordance with 40 CFR 144.26, the facility shall submit a Class V Well Inventory Form for each active or new underground injection well drilled, or when the status of a well changes, to the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, Geological Survey Program, P.O. Box 250, Rolla, Missouri 65402. The Class V Well Inventory Form can be requested from the Geological Survey Program or can be found at the following web address: https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/class-v-well-inventory-form-mo-780-1774 Single family residential septic systems and non-residential septic systems used solely for sanitary waste and having the capacity to serve fewer than 20 persons a day are excluded from the UIC requirements (40 CFR 144.81(9)). The Department implements additional requirements for these types of operations pursuant to 10 CSR 20-6.015(4)(A)1 which instructs the Department to develop permit conditions containing limitations, monitoring, reporting, and other requirements to protect soils, crops, surface waters, groundwater, public health, and the environment.

✓ Not applicable; the facility has not submitted materials indicating the facility is or will be performing UIC at this site.

#### VARIANCE

Per the Missouri Clean Water Law §644.061.4, variances shall be granted for such period of time and under such terms and conditions as specified by the commission in its order. The variance may be extended by affirmative action of the commission. In no event shall the variance be granted for a period of time greater than is reasonably necessary for complying with the Missouri Clean Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141 or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to Missouri Clean Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141. Thermal variances are regulated separately and are found under 644.

 $\checkmark$  Not applicable; this permit is not drafted under premise of a petition for variance.

#### WASTELOAD ALLOCATIONS (WLA) FOR LIMITS

As per [10 CSR 20-2.010; definitions], the WLA is the maximum amount of pollutant each discharger is allowed to discharge into the receiving stream without endangering water quality. Only streams with available load allocations can be granted discharge allowances. Outfalls afforded mixing allocations provide higher limits because the receiving stream is able to accept more pollutant loading without causing adverse impacts to the environment or aquatic life.

 Not applicable; wasteload allocations were either not calculated or were not based on typical TSD methods. See Part IV for specific limit derivation and methods used to calculate effluent limits.

#### WASTELOAD ALLOCATION (WLA) MODELING

Facilities may submit site specific studies to better determine the site specific wasteload allocations applied in permits.

✓ Not applicable; a WLA study was either not submitted or determined not applicable by Department staff.

#### WATER QUALITY STANDARD REVISION

In accordance with 644.058 RSMo, the Department is required to utilize an evaluation of the environmental and economic impacts of modifications to water quality standards of twenty-five percent or more when making individual site-specific permit decisions.

This operating permit does not contain requirements for a water quality standard changing twenty-five percent or more since the previous operating permit.

#### WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET) TEST

A WET test is a quantifiable method to conclusively determine if discharges from the facility cause toxicity to aquatic life by itself, in combination with, or through synergistic responses, typically when mixed with receiving stream water. Under the CWA §101(a)(3), requiring WET testing is reasonably appropriate for Missouri State Operating Permits to quantify toxicity. WET testing is also required by 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1) when RP is found. WET testing ensures the provisions in 10 CSR 20-6 and Missouri's Water Quality Standards in 10 CSR 20-7 are being met; the acute WQS for WET is 0.3 TUa. Under 10 CSR 20-6.010(8)(A)4, the Department may require other terms and conditions it deems necessary to ensure compliance with the CWA and related regulations of the Missouri Clean Water Commission. Missouri Clean Water Law (MCWL) RSMo 644.051.3 requires the Department to set permit conditions complying with the MCWL and CWA. 644.051.4 RSMo specifically references toxicity as an item the Department must consider in permits (along with water quality-based effluent limits); and RSMo 644.051.5 is the basic authority to require testing conditions. Requirements found in the federal application requirements for POTWs (40 CFR 122.21(j)(5)) do not apply to industrial facilities, therefore WET testing can be implemented on a case by case basis following the factors outlined below. Annual testing is the minimum testing frequency if reasonable potential is found; monitoring requirements promulgated in 40 CFR 122.44(i)(2) state "requirements to report monitoring results shall be established on a case-by-case basis with a frequency dependent on the nature and effect of the discharge, but in no case less than once per year." To determine reasonable potential, factors considered are: 1) history of toxicity; 2) quantity and quality of substances (either limited or not) in the permit with aquatic life protections assigned; and 3) operational controls on toxic pollutants. See Part III under REASONABLE POTENTIAL for additional information. A facility does not have to be designated as a major facility to receive WET testing; and being a major facility does not automatically require WET testing. Additionally per 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1)(v), limits on whole effluent toxicity are not necessary where the permitting authority demonstrates in the fact sheet, using the procedures in 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1)(ii) of this section, that chemical-specific limits or specified operational controls are sufficient to attain and maintain applicable numeric and narrative water quality standards.

If WET limits are applied to this facility, follow up testing applies. When a facility exceeds the TU established in the permit, three additional follow-up tests are triggered. The follow up test results do not negate the initial testing result. If the facility is within the prescribed TU limit for all three follow up tests, then no further testing is required until the next regularly scheduled tests. If one or more additional tests exceed the TU limit, the facility may consider beginning the Toxicity Identification Evaluation (TIE) and Toxicity Identification Reduction (TRE) processes instead of waiting for three consecutive TU exceedances. The TIE and TRE process can take up to two years, especially when toxicity is variable or transient. We urge facilities to work closely with their WET testing laboratory to follow nationwide guidance for determining causes of toxicity and curative activities to remove toxicity. Additional wastewater controls may be necessary; and while, generally, no Construction Permit (CP) is required for adding treatment at industrial facilities, the facility may check with the Engineering Section to determine a plan of action.

If WET testing failures are from a known toxic parameter, and the facility is working with the Department to alleviate that pollutant's toxicity in the discharge, please contact the Department prior to conducting follow-up WET testing. Under certain conditions, follow-up testing may be waived when the facility is already working to reduce and eliminate toxicity in the effluent. For the purposes of reporting, the laboratory may supply either the TU value, the LC<sub>50</sub>, or the NOEC. If the laboratory only supplied the LC<sub>50</sub> or the NOEC value, the toxic unit is calculated by  $100/LC_{50}$  for acute tests, or 100/NOEC for chronic tests. The TU value is entered in the eDMR system. Reports showing no toxicity are usually entered as <1.

✓ Not applicable; WET testing was not implemented in this permit because the pollutants limited in this permit are sufficient to determine effluent toxicity, or there are no pollutants identified as "toxic", and there is no RP for WET.

# PART IV. EFFLUENT LIMIT DETERMINATIONS

#### OUTFALL #001 & #006 - STORMWATER OUTFALLS

#### **EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:**

PARAMETERS	Unit	Daily Maximum Limit	Bench- Mark	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITS	Minimum Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency	SAMPLE TYPE
Physical							
FLOW	MGD	*	-	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	24 hr. estimate
CONVENTIONAL							
OIL & GREASE	mg/L	**	10	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
PH <sup>†</sup>	SU	6.5 то 9.0	-	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
TSS	mg/L	**	100	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
METALS							
Aluminum, TR	μg/L	*	-	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
IRON, TR	μg/L	**	4000	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
SELENIUM, TR	μg/L	*	-	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
Other							
Chloride	mg/L	*	-	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
CHLORIDE + SULFATE	mg/L	*	-	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
SULFATE	mg/L	*	-	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB

\* monitoring and reporting requirement only

\*\* monitoring with associated benchmark

report the minimum and maximum pH values; pH is not to be averaged

TR total recoverable

#### **DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:**

#### **PHYSICAL:**

#### Flow

In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(i)(1)(ii)] the volume of effluent discharged from each outfall is needed to ensure compliance with permitted effluent limitations. If the facility is unable to obtain effluent flow, then it is the responsibility of the facility to inform the Department, which may require the submittal of an operating permit modification. The facility will report the total flow in millions of gallons per day (MGD), quarterly monitoring continued from previous permit.

#### **CONVENTIONAL:**

#### Oil & Grease

Monitoring with a daily maximum benchmark of 10 mg/L; continued from the previous permit using best professional judgment under 10 CSR 20-6.200(6)(B)2.C. Oil and grease is considered a conventional pollutant. Oil and grease is a comprehensive test which measures for gasoline, diesel, crude oil, creosote, kerosene, heating oils, heavy fuel oils, lubricating oils, waxes, and some asphalt and pitch. The test can also detect some volatile organics such as benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, or xylene, but these constituents are often lost during testing due to their boiling points. It is recommended to perform separate testing for these constituents if they are a known pollutant of concern at the site, i.e. aquatic life toxicity or human health is a concern. Results do not allow for separation of specific pollutants within the test, they are reported, totaled, as "oil and grease". Per 10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A1: *Criteria for Designated Uses*; 10 mg/L is the standard for protection of aquatic life. This standard will also be used to protect the general criteria found at 10 CSR 20-7.031(4). Ten mg/L is the level at which sheen is expected to form on receiving waters. Oils and greases of different densities will possibly form sheen or unsightly bottom deposits at levels which vary from 10 mg/L. To protect the general criteria, it is the responsibility of the facility to visually observe the discharge and receiving waters for sheen or bottom deposits. The benchmark is achievable through proper operational and maintenance of BMPs and falls within the range of values implemented in other permits having similar industrial activities. The benchmark this permit applies does not allow the facility to violate general criteria 10 CSR 20-7.015(4) even if data provided are below the benchmark.

# <u>рН</u>

6.0 SU minimum to 9.0 SU maximum benchmarks are applicable to the stormwater outfalls. Using RPD, the stormwater has no reasonable potential to negatively impact water quality therefore a benchmark is applied. The facility reported from 6.62 to 8.45 SU in the last permit term at outfall #001. pH is a fundamental water quality indicator. This benchmark serves to provide general information about the stormwater discharges at the site and is included using RPD and under 10 CSR 20-6.200(6)(B)2.C.

### **Total Suspended Solids (TSS)**

Monitoring with a daily maximum benchmark of 100 mg/L. There is no numeric water quality standard for TSS; however, sediment discharges can negatively impact aquatic life habitat. TSS is also a valuable indicator parameter. TSS monitoring allows the facility to identify increases in TSS indicating uncontrolled materials leaving the site. Increased suspended solids in runoff can lead to decreased available oxygen for aquatic life and an increase of surface water temperatures in a receiving stream. Suspended solids can also be carriers of toxins, which can adsorb to the suspended particles; therefore, total suspended solids are a valuable indicator parameter for other pollution. The benchmark is achievable through proper operational and maintenance of BMPs and falls within the range of values implemented in other permits having similar industrial activities.

#### METALS:

#### Aluminum, Total Recoverable

Monitoring only. This is a new parameter in this permit, added per the permit writer's best professional judgement. The application materials received 09/30/2021 list this pollutant as "believed present" at outfalls #001 and #006 with an analytical value of 45 µg/L reported.

#### Iron, Total Recoverable

Monitoring with a benchmark of 4000  $\mu$ g/L continued from the previous permit. This is a suggested pollutant of concern for the industry in the federal MSGP, Sector E. Due to the sporadic nature of stormwater discharges, the Department, under the direction of EPA guidance, has determined chronic standards are capricious measures of stormwater discharges. Chronic effluent limitations are based on the organism's ability to survive within the designated concentration for four days. Stormwater is rarely discharged continuously for four days. Conversely, acute water quality standards are applicable, but are non-existent for iron. It is in the best professional judgement of the permit writer that a discharge from the above outfalls at 4000  $\mu$ g/L per storm event is unlikely to cause an exceedance of the chronic water quality standard of 1000  $\mu$ g/L over four days. After reviewing other sources of data and studies, it is in the permit writer's best professional judgement to require a 4000  $\mu$ g/L daily maximum benchmark for this facility.

#### Selenium, Total Recoverable

Monitoring only continued from the previous permit. The application materials received 09/30/2021 list this pollutant as "believed present" at outfalls #001 and #006 with an analytical value of <40 µg/L. Sufficient sampling methods must be used during the next permit term to determine reasonable potential to cause or contribute to exceedances of Missouri's water quality standards.

#### **OTHER:**

#### <u>Chloride</u>

Quarterly monitoring continued from previous permit. The facility shall sample and independently report the analytical value of chloride. The facility reported from 0.66 to 88 mg/L in the last permit term.

#### **Sulfate**

Monitoring required to determine chloride plus sulfate below. The facility shall sample and independently report the analytical value of sulfate. The facility reported from 4.6 to 290 mg/Lin the last permit term.

#### **Chloride Plus Sulfate**

Quarterly monitoring continued from previous permit. The facility reported from 5.26 to 340 mg/L in the last permit term.

#### OUTFALL #002 - STORMWATER AND DE MINIMIS NON-CONTACT COOLING

PARAMETERS	Unit	Daily Maximum Limit	Bench- MARK	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITS	Minimum Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency	SAMPLE TYPE
Physical							
Flow	MGD	*	-	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	24 hr. estimate
CONVENTIONAL							
OIL & GREASE	mg/L	**	10	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
PH <sup>†</sup>	SU	**	6.5 то 9.0	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
TSS	mg/L	**	100	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
METALS							
ALUMINUM TR	μg/L	**	750	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
COPPER, TR ¥	μg/L	*	-	NEW	ONCE/MONTH	MONTHLY	GRAB
IRON, TR	μg/L	**	4000	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
SELENIUM, TR¥	μg/L	*	-	SAME	ONCE/MONTH	MONTHLY	GRAB
THALLIUM, TR	μg/L	*	-	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB

#### **EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:**

\* monitoring and reporting requirement only

\*\* monitoring with associated benchmark

† report the minimum and maximum pH values; pH is not to be averaged

TR total recoverable

¥ Sample once per month April to November

#### DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:

#### **PHYSICAL:**

#### Flow

In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(i)(1)(ii)] the volume of effluent discharged from each outfall is needed to ensure compliance with permitted effluent limitations. If the facility is unable to obtain effluent flow, then it is the responsibility of the facility to inform the Department, which may require the submittal of an operating permit modification. The facility will report the total flow in millions of gallons per day (MGD), quarterly monitoring continued from previous permit.

#### **CONVENTIONAL:**

#### Oil & Grease

Monitoring with a daily maximum benchmark of 10 mg/L; continued from the previous permit using best professional judgment under 10 CSR 20-6.200(6)(B)2.C. Oil and grease is considered a conventional pollutant. Oil and grease is a comprehensive test which measures for gasoline, diesel, crude oil, creosote, kerosene, heating oils, heavy fuel oils, lubricating oils, waxes, and some asphalt and pitch. The test can also detect some volatile organics such as benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, or xylene, but these constituents are often lost during testing due to their boiling points. It is recommended to perform separate testing for these constituents if they are a known pollutant of concern at the site, i.e. aquatic life toxicity or human health is a concern. Results do not allow for separation of specific pollutants within the test, they are reported, totaled, as "oil and grease". Per 10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A1: *Criteria for Designated Uses*; 10 mg/L is the standard for protection of aquatic life. This standard will also be used to protect the general criteria found at 10 CSR 20-7.031(4). Ten mg/L is the level at which sheen is expected to form on receiving waters. Oils and greases of different densities will possibly form sheen or unsightly bottom deposits at levels which vary from 10 mg/L. To protect the general criteria, it is the responsibility of the facility to visually observe the discharge and receiving waters for sheen or bottom deposits. The benchmark is achievable through proper operational and maintenance of BMPs and falls within the range of values implemented in other permits having similar industrial activities. The benchmark this permit applies does not allow the facility to visual provided are below the benchmark.

# <u>рН</u>

6.0 SU minimum to 9.0 SU maximum benchmarks are applicable to the stormwater outfalls. Using RPD, the stormwater has no reasonable potential to negatively impact water quality therefore a benchmark is applied. The facility reported from 6.72 to 8.66 SU in the last permit term at all outfalls. pH is a fundamental water quality indicator. This benchmark serves to provide general information about the stormwater discharges at the site and is included using RPD and under 10 CSR 20-6.200(6)(B)2.C.

# **Total Suspended Solids (TSS)**

Monitoring with a daily maximum benchmark of 100 mg/L. There is no numeric water quality standard for TSS; however, sediment discharges can negatively impact aquatic life habitat. TSS is also a valuable indicator parameter. TSS monitoring allows the facility to identify increases in TSS indicating uncontrolled materials leaving the site. Increased suspended solids in runoff can lead to decreased available oxygen for aquatic life and an increase of surface water temperatures in a receiving stream. Suspended solids can also be carriers of toxins, which can adsorb to the suspended particles; therefore, total suspended solids are a valuable indicator parameter for other pollution. The benchmark is achievable through proper operational and maintenance of BMPs and falls within the range of values implemented in other permits having similar industrial activities.

## **METALS:**

## Aluminum, Total Recoverable

Monitoring only with a daily maximum benchmark of 750  $\mu$ g/L continued from previous permit. The application materials received 09/30/2021 report aluminum as "believed present", with an analytical value submitted of 896  $\mu$ g/L.

#### Copper, Total Recoverable

Seasonal monitoring only monthly from April to November. The permittee disclosed that the facility treats the sedimentation pond at outfall #002 with Cutrine, a copper based algaecide, during the months from April to November. It is the best professional judgement of the permit writer to require monitoring for copper at this outfall to determine if the addition of Cutrine to the water on the copper discharge at this outfall.

#### Iron, Total Recoverable

Monitoring with a benchmark of 4000  $\mu$ g/L continued from the previous permit. This is a suggested pollutant of concern for the industry in the federal MSGP, Sector E. Due to the sporadic nature of stormwater discharges, the Department, under the direction of EPA guidance, has determined chronic standards are capricious measures of stormwater discharges. Chronic effluent limitations are based on the organism's ability to survive within the designated concentration for four days. Stormwater is rarely discharged continuously for four days. Conversely, acute water quality standards are applicable, but are non-existent for iron. It is in the best professional judgement of the permit writer that a discharge from the above outfalls at 4000  $\mu$ g/L per storm event is unlikely to cause an exceedance of the chronic water quality standard of 1000  $\mu$ g/L over four days. After reviewing other sources of data and studies, it is in the permit writer's best professional judgement to require a 4000  $\mu$ g/L daily maximum benchmark for this facility.

#### Selenium, Total Recoverable

Monitoring only, continued from previous permit. The application materials received 9/30/2021 report selenium as believed present, with an analytical value submitted of  $<10 \ \mu$ g/L. Sufficient sampling methods must be used during the next permit term to determine reasonable potential to cause or contribute to exceedances of Missouri's water quality standards see notes under Table A-4.

# Thallium, Total Recoverable

Monitoring only, continued from previous permit. The application materials received 9/30/2021 report thallium as believed present, with an analytical value submitted of  $<40 \ \mu g/L$ . Sufficient sampling methods must be used during the next permit term to determine reasonable potential to cause or contribute to exceedances of Missouri's water quality standards; see notes under Table A-4.

#### OUTFALL #003 & #005 - STORMWATER OUTFALLS

#### **EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:**

PARAMETERS	Unit	Daily Maximum Limit	Bench- MARK	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITS	Minimum Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency	SAMPLE TYPE
Physical							
FLOW	MGD	*	-	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	24 hr. estimate
CONVENTIONAL							
OIL & GREASE	mg/L	**	10	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
PH <sup>†</sup>	SU	**	6.5 то 9.0	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
TSS	mg/L	**	100	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
METALS							
ALUMINUM TR	μg/L	**	750	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
IRON, TR	μg/L	**	4000	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
SELENIUM, TR	μg/L	*	-	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB
THALLIUM, TR	µg/L	*	-	SAME	ONCE/QUARTER	QUARTERLY	GRAB

\* monitoring and reporting requirement only

\*\* monitoring with associated benchmark

† report the minimum and maximum pH values; pH is not to be averaged

TR total recoverable

#### **DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:**

#### **PHYSICAL:**

#### Flow

In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(i)(1)(ii)] the volume of effluent discharged from each outfall is needed to ensure compliance with permitted effluent limitations. If the facility is unable to obtain effluent flow, then it is the responsibility of the facility to inform the Department, which may require the submittal of an operating permit modification. The facility will report the total flow in millions of gallons per day (MGD), quarterly monitoring continued from previous permit.

#### **CONVENTIONAL:**

#### Oil & Grease

Monitoring with a daily maximum benchmark of 10 mg/L; continued from the previous permit using best professional judgment under 10 CSR 20-6.200(6)(B)2.C. Oil and grease is considered a conventional pollutant. Oil and grease is a comprehensive test which measures for gasoline, diesel, crude oil, creosote, kerosene, heating oils, heavy fuel oils, lubricating oils, waxes, and some asphalt and pitch. The test can also detect some volatile organics such as benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, or xylene, but these constituents are often lost during testing due to their boiling points. It is recommended to perform separate testing for these constituents if they are a known pollutant of concern at the site, i.e. aquatic life toxicity or human health is a concern. Results do not allow for separation of specific pollutants within the test, they are reported, totaled, as "oil and grease". Per 10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A1: *Criteria for Designated Uses*; 10 mg/L is the standard for protection of aquatic life. This standard will also be used to protect the general criteria found at 10 CSR 20-7.031(4). Ten mg/L is the level at which sheen is expected to form on receiving waters. Oils and greases of different densities will possibly form sheen or unsightly bottom deposits at levels which vary from 10 mg/L. To protect the general criteria, it is the responsibility of the facility to visually observe the discharge and receiving waters for sheen or bottom deposits. The benchmark is achievable through proper operational and maintenance of BMPs and falls within the range of values implemented in other permits having similar industrial activities. The benchmark this permit applies does not allow the facility to visual provided are below the benchmark.

#### <u>рН</u>

6.0 SU minimum to 9.0 SU maximum benchmarks are applicable to the stormwater outfalls. Using RPD, the stormwater has no reasonable potential to negatively impact water quality therefore a benchmark is applied; continued from previous permit. The facility reported from 6.64 to 8.71 SU in the last permit term at all outfalls. pH is a fundamental water quality indicator. This benchmark serves to provide general information about the stormwater discharges at the site and is included using RPD and under 10 CSR 20-6.200(6)(B)2.C.

#### **Total Suspended Solids (TSS)**

Monitoring with a daily maximum benchmark of 100 mg/L. There is no numeric water quality standard for TSS; however, sediment discharges can negatively impact aquatic life habitat. TSS is also a valuable indicator parameter. TSS monitoring allows the facility to identify increases in TSS indicating uncontrolled materials leaving the site. Increased suspended solids in runoff can lead to decreased available oxygen for aquatic life and an increase of surface water temperatures in a receiving stream. Suspended solids can also be carriers of toxins, which can adsorb to the suspended particles; therefore, total suspended solids are a valuable indicator parameter for other pollution. The benchmark is achievable through proper operational and maintenance of BMPs and falls within the range of values implemented in other permits having similar industrial activities.

#### **METALS:**

#### Aluminum, Total Recoverable

Monitoring only with a daily maximum benchmark of 750  $\mu$ g/L continued from previous permit. The application materials received 09/30/2021 report aluminum as "believed present", with an analytical value submitted of 4600  $\mu$ g/L.

#### Iron, Total Recoverable

Monitoring with a benchmark of 4000  $\mu$ g/L continued from the previous permit. This is a suggested pollutant of concern for the industry in the federal MSGP, Sector E. Due to the sporadic nature of stormwater discharges, the Department, under the direction of EPA guidance, has determined chronic standards are capricious measures of stormwater discharges. Chronic effluent limitations are based on the organism's ability to survive within the designated concentration for four days. Stormwater is rarely discharged continuously for four days. Conversely, acute water quality standards are applicable, but are non-existent for iron. It is in the best professional judgement of the permit writer that a discharge from the above outfalls at 4000  $\mu$ g/L per storm event is unlikely to cause an exceedance of the chronic water quality standard of 1000  $\mu$ g/L over four days. After reviewing other sources of data and studies, it is in the permit writer's best professional judgement to require a 4000  $\mu$ g/L daily maximum benchmark for this facility.

#### Selenium, Total Recoverable

Monitoring only, continued from previous permit. The application materials received 9/30/2021 report selenium as believed absent, however DMRs submitted show values ranging from 1 to 40  $\mu$ g/L. Sufficient sampling methods must be used during the next permit term to determine reasonable potential to cause or contribute to exceedances of Missouri's water quality standards see notes under Table A-4.

#### Thallium, Total Recoverable

Monitoring only, continued from previous permit. The application materials received 9/30/2021 report thallium as believed absent, however DMRs submitted show values ranging from 1 to 40  $\mu$ g/L. Sufficient sampling methods must be used during the next permit term to determine reasonable potential to cause or contribute to exceedances of Missouri's water quality standards see notes under Table A-4.

#### OUTFALL #003 - DREDGE DECANT WATER

Effluent limitations derived and established in the below effluent limitations table are based on current operations of the facility. Effluent means both process water and stormwater. Any flow through the outfall is considered a discharge and must be sampled and reported as provided below. Future permit action due to facility modification may contain new operating permit terms and conditions that supersede the terms and conditions, including effluent limitations, of this operating permit. Daily maximums and monthly averages are required under 40 CFR 122.45(d)(1) for continuous discharges not from a POTW. Dredge decant water should be sampled when there is little or no influence of stormwater on the discharge.

### **EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:**

PARAMETERS	Unit	Daily Maximum Limit	Monthly Average Limit	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITS	Minimum Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency	SAMPLE TYPE
PHYSICAL	-						
FLOW	MGD	*	-	SAME	ONCE/WEEK	***	GRAB
CONVENTIONAL							
OIL & GREASE	mg/L	15	10	SAME	ONCE/WEEK	***	GRAB
PH <sup>†</sup>	SU	6.5-9.0	6.5-9.0	SAME	ONCE/WEEK	***	GRAB
TSS	mg/L	*	*	SAME	ONCE/WEEK	***	GRAB

\* monitoring and reporting requirement only

\*\* monitoring with associated benchmark

\*\*\* Sample once per week when discharging. Report submitted within 30 days of discharge.

<sup>†</sup> report the minimum and maximum pH values; pH is not to be averaged

TR total recoverable

#### **DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:**

The previous permit set limits on outfall #003 based on the stormwater from storage of topsoil at this outfall. The permit writer finds these limits to be protective

**PHYSICAL:** 

#### Flow

In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(i)(1)(ii)] the volume of effluent discharged from each outfall is needed to ensure compliance with permitted effluent limitations. If the facility is unable to obtain effluent flow, then it is the responsibility of the facility to inform the Department, which may require the submittal of an operating permit modification. The facility will report the total flow in millions of gallons per day (MGD), quarterly monitoring continued from previous permit.

#### **CONVENTIONAL:**

#### Oil & Grease

Daily maximum of 15 mg/L, monthly average of 10 mg/L, continued from the previous permit. There were no exceedances of these limits in the last permit term. The daily maximum was calculated using the *Technical Support Document for Water Quality-Based Toxics Control* (EPA/505/2-90-001). Section 5.4.2 indicates the waste load allocation can be set to the chronic standard. When the chronic standard is multiplied by 1.5, the daily maximum can be calculated. Hence, 10 \* 1.5 = 15 mg/L for the daily maximum.

#### pН

6.5 to 9.0 SU, continued from previous permit. The Water Quality Standard at 10 CSR 20-7.031(5)(E) states water contaminants shall not cause pH to be outside the range of 6.5 to 9.0 standard pH units.

#### **Total Suspended Solids (TSS)**

Monitoring only, continued from previous permit. This is no water quality standard for TSS; however, sediment discharges can negatively impact aquatic life habitat. TSS is also a valuable indicator parameter. TSS monitoring allows the permittee to identify increases in TSS that may indicate uncontrolled materials leaving the site. Increased suspended solids in runoff can lead to decreased available oxygen for aquatic life and an increase of surface water temperatures in a receiving stream. Suspended solids can also be carriers of toxins, which can adsorb to the suspended particles.

# PART V. ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Department, as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions contained herein and within the operating permit. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

#### PERMIT SYNCHRONIZATION

Permits are normally issued on a five-year term, but to achieve watershed synchronization some permits will need to be issued for less than the full five years as allowed by regulation. The intent is all permits within a watershed will move through the Watershed Based Management (WBM) cycle together will all expire in the same fiscal year. This will allow the Department to explore a watershed based permitting effort at some point in the future.

 $\checkmark$  Industrial permits are not being synchronized.

#### **PUBLIC NOTICE**

The Department shall give public notice a draft permit has been prepared and its issuance is pending. Additionally, public notice will be issued if a public hearing is to be held because of a significant degree of interest in or with concerns related to a draft permit. No public notice is required when a request for a permit modification or termination is denied; however, the requester and facility must be notified of the denial in writing. <u>https://dnr.mo.gov/water/what-were-doing/public-notices</u> The Department must issue public notice of a pending operating permit. The public comment period is the length of time not less than 30 days following the date of the public notice which interested persons may submit written comments about the proposed permit.

For persons wishing to submit comments regarding this proposed operating permit, please refer to the Public Notice page located at the front of this draft operating permit. The Public Notice page gives direction on how and where to submit appropriate comments. All comments must be in written form.

✓ The Public Notice period for this operating permit started February 10, 2023 and ended March 13, 2023. No comments received.

DATE OF FACT SHEET: JANUARY 4, 2023 COMPLETED BY: KYLE O'ROURKE, ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAM SPECIALIST MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM OPERATING PERMITS SECTION - INDUSTRIAL UNIT (573) 526-1289 Kyle.O'ROURKe@dnr.mo.gov



# STANDARD CONDITIONS FOR NPDES PERMITS ISSUED BY THE MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION REVISED AUGUST 1, 2014

These Standard Conditions incorporate permit conditions as required by 40 CFR 122.41 or other applicable state statutes or regulations. These minimum conditions apply unless superseded by requirements specified in the permit.

# Part I – General Conditions

# Section A - Sampling, Monitoring, and Recording

#### 1. Sampling Requirements.

- a. Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.
- b. All samples shall be taken at the outfall(s) or Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) approved sampling location(s), and unless specified, before the effluent joins or is diluted by any other body of water or substance.

#### 2. Monitoring Requirements.

a.

- Records of monitoring information shall include:
- i. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
- ii. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
- iii. The date(s) analyses were performed;
- iv. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
- v. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
- vi. The results of such analyses.
- b. If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by the permit at the location specified in the permit using test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136, or another method required for an industry-specific waste stream under 40 CFR subchapters N or O, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reported to the Department with the discharge monitoring report data (DMR) submitted to the Department pursuant to Section B, paragraph 7.
- 3. **Sample and Monitoring Calculations.** Calculations for all sample and monitoring results which require averaging of measurements shall utilize an arithmetic mean unless otherwise specified in the permit.
- Test Procedures. The analytical and sampling methods used shall conform 4. to the reference methods listed in 10 CSR 20-7.015 unless alternates are approved by the Department. The facility shall use sufficiently sensitive analytical methods for detecting, identifying, and measuring the concentrations of pollutants. The facility shall ensure that the selected methods are able to quantify the presence of pollutants in a given discharge at concentrations that are low enough to determine compliance with Water Quality Standards in 10 CSR 20-7.031 or effluent limitations unless provisions in the permit allow for other alternatives. A method is "sufficiently sensitive" when; 1) the method minimum level is at or below the level of the applicable water quality criterion for the pollutant or, 2) the method minimum level is above the applicable water quality criterion, but the amount of pollutant in a facility's discharge is high enough that the method detects and quantifies the level of pollutant in the discharge, or 3) the method has the lowest minimum level of the analytical methods approved under 10 CSR 20-7.015. These methods are also required for parameters that are listed as monitoring only, as the data collected may be used to determine if limitations need to be established. A permittee is responsible for working with their contractors to ensure that the analysis performed is sufficiently sensitive.
- 5. Record Retention. Except for records of monitoring information required by the permit related to the permittee's sewage sludge use and disposal activities, which shall be retained for a period of at least five (5) years (or longer as required by 40 CFR part 503), the permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by the permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for the permit, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Department at any time.

#### 6. Illegal Activities.

- a. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under the permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both. If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed after a first conviction of such person under this paragraph, punishment is a fine of not more than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than (4) years, or both.
- b. The Missouri Clean Water Law provides that any person or who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or by both. Second and successive convictions for violation under this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.

# Section B - Reporting Requirements

#### 1. Planned Changes.

- The permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility when:
  - i. The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in 40 CFR 122.29(b); or
  - ii. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements under 40 CFR 122.42;
  - iii. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan;
  - iv. Any facility expansions, production increases, or process modifications which will result in a new or substantially different discharge or sludge characteristics must be reported to the Department 60 days before the facility or process modification begins. Notification may be accomplished by application for a new permit. If the discharge does not violate effluent limitations specified in the permit, the facility is to submit a notice to the Department of the changed discharge at least 30 days before such changes. The Department may require a construction permit and/or permit modification as a result of the proposed changes at the facility.

#### 2. Non-compliance Reporting.

a. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. Relevant information shall be provided orally or via the current electronic method approved by the Department, within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances, and shall be reported to the appropriate Regional Office during normal business hours or the Environmental Emergency Response hotline at 573-634-2436 outside of normal business hours. A written submission shall also be provided within five (5) business days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.



# STANDARD CONDITIONS FOR NPDES PERMITS ISSUED BY THE MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION REVISED AUGUST 1, 2014

- b. The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours under this paragraph.
  - i. Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
  - ii. Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
  - Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Department in the permit required to be reported within 24 hours.
- c. The Department may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis for reports under paragraph 2. b. of this section if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.
- 3. Anticipated Noncompliance. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements. The notice shall be submitted to the Department 60 days prior to such changes or activity.
- 4. Compliance Schedules. Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of the permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date. The report shall provide an explanation for the instance of noncompliance and a proposed schedule or anticipated date, for achieving compliance with the compliance schedule requirement.
- 5. **Other Noncompliance.** The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs 2, 3, and 6 of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph 2. a. of this section.
- 6. **Other Information**. Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.

#### 7. Discharge Monitoring Reports.

- a. Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified in the permit.
- b. Monitoring results must be reported to the Department via the current method approved by the Department, unless the permittee has been granted a waiver from using the method. If the permittee has been granted a waiver, the permittee must use forms provided by the Department.
- c. Monitoring results shall be reported to the Department no later than the  $28^{th}$  day of the month following the end of the reporting period.

# Section C - Bypass/Upset Requirements

#### 1. Definitions.

- a. *Bypass*: the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility, except in the case of blending.
- b. Severe Property Damage: substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
- c. *Upset:* an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

#### 2. Bypass Requirements.

a. Bypass not exceeding limitations. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2. b. and 2. c. of this section.

- b. Notice.
  - i. Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least 10 days before the date of the bypass.
  - Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in Section B – Reporting Requirements, paragraph 5 (24-hour notice).
- c. Prohibition of bypass.
  - i. Bypass is prohibited, and the Department may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:
    - 1. Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
    - 2. There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
    - 3. The permittee submitted notices as required under paragraph 2. b. of this section.
  - ii. The Department may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Department determines that it will meet the three (3) conditions listed above in paragraph 2. c. i. of this section.

#### 3. Upset Requirements.

- a. Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of paragraph 3. b. of this section are met. No determination made during administrative review of claims that noncompliance was caused by upset, and before an action for noncompliance, is final administrative action subject to judicial review.
- b. Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
  - i. An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
  - ii. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated; and
  - iii. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in Section B

     Reporting Requirements, paragraph 2. b. ii. (24-hour notice).
     iv. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under
  - iv. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Section D – Administrative Requirements, paragraph 4.
- c. Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

# Section D - Administrative Requirements

- 1. **Duty to Comply.** The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Missouri Clean Water Law and Federal Clean Water Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application.
  - a. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the CWA within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
  - b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who violates section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any such sections in a permit issued under section 402, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under sections 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 per day for each violation. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who negligently violates sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the Act, or any condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, or any requirement



# STANDARD CONDITIONS FOR NPDES PERMITS ISSUED BY THE MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION REVISED AUGUST 1, 2014

imposed in a pretreatment program approved under section 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to criminal penalties of \$2,500 to \$25,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than one (1) year, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a negligent violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than two (2) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates such sections, or such conditions or limitations is subject to criminal penalties of \$5,000 to \$50,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment for not more than three (3) years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$100,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than six (6) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates section 301, 302, 303, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, and who knows at that time that he thereby places another person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury, shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not more than \$250,000 or imprisonment of not more than 15 years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing endangerment violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$500,000 or by imprisonment of not more than 30 years, or both. An organization, as defined in section 309(c)(3)(B)(iii) of the CWA, shall, upon conviction of violating the imminent danger provision, be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000,000 and can be fined up to \$2,000,000 for second or subsequent convictions.

- c. Any person may be assessed an administrative penalty by the EPA Director for violating section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of this Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of this Act. Administrative penalties for Class I violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per violation, with the maximum amount of any Class I penalty assessed not to exceed \$25,000. Penalties for Class II violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day during which the violation continues, with the maximum amount of any Class II penalty not to exceed \$125,000.
- It is unlawful for any person to cause or permit any discharge of water d. contaminants from any water contaminant or point source located in Missouri in violation of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law, or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated by the commission. In the event the commission or the director determines that any provision of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or standard, rules, limitations or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or permits issued by, or any final abatement order, other order, or determination made by the commission or the director, or any filing requirement pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or any other provision which this state is required to enforce pursuant to any federal water pollution control act, is being, was, or is in imminent danger of being violated, the commission or director may cause to have instituted a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction for the injunctive relief to prevent any such violation or further violation or for the assessment of a penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day, or part thereof, the violation occurred and continues to occur, or both, as the court deems proper. Any person who willfully or negligently commits any violation in this paragraph shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$25,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. Second and successive convictions for violation of the same provision of this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.

#### 2. Duty to Reapply.

- a. If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit.
- b. A permittee with a currently effective site-specific permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 180 days before the expiration date of the existing permit, unless permission for a later date has been granted by the Department. (The Department shall not grant permission

for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)

- c. A permittees with currently effective general permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 30 days before the existing permit expires, unless the permittee has been notified by the Department that an earlier application must be made. The Department may grant permission for a later submission date. (The Department shall not grant permission for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)
- 3. **Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense.** It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.
- 4. **Duty to Mitigate.** The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
- 5. Proper Operation and Maintenance. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

#### 6. Permit Actions.

- a. Subject to compliance with statutory requirements of the Law and Regulations and applicable Court Order, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to, the following:
  - i. Violations of any terms or conditions of this permit or the law;ii. Having obtained this permit by misrepresentation or failure to
  - disclose fully any relevant facts; iii. A change in any circumstances or conditions that requires either a
  - temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge; or
  - iv. Any reason set forth in the Law or Regulations.
- b. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

#### 7. Permit Transfer.

- a. Subject to 10 CSR 20-6.010, an operating permit may be transferred upon submission to the Department of an application to transfer signed by the existing owner and the new owner, unless prohibited by the terms of the permit. Until such time the permit is officially transferred, the original permittee remains responsible for complying with the terms and conditions of the existing permit.
- b. The Department may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Missouri Clean Water Law or the Federal Clean Water Act.
- c. The Department, within 30 days of receipt of the application, shall notify the new permittee of its intent to revoke or reissue or transfer the permit.
- 8. **Toxic Pollutants.** The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the Federal Clean Water Act within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
- 9. **Property Rights.** This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.



## STANDARD CONDITIONS FOR NPDES PERMITS ISSUED BY THE MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION REVISED AUGUST 1, 2014

- 10. **Duty to Provide Information.** The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, any information which the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Department upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
- 11. **Inspection and Entry.** The permittee shall allow the Department, or an authorized representative (including an authorized contractor acting as a representative of the Department), upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:
  - Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
  - b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - c. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
  - d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Federal Clean Water Act or Missouri Clean Water Law, any substances or parameters at any location.

### 12. Closure of Treatment Facilities.

- Persons who cease operation or plan to cease operation of waste, wastewater, and sludge handling and treatment facilities shall close the facilities in accordance with a closure plan approved by the Department.
- b. Operating Permits under 10 CSR 20-6.010 or under 10 CSR 20-6.015 are required until all waste, wastewater, and sludges have been disposed of in accordance with the closure plan approved by the Department and any disturbed areas have been properly stabilized. Disturbed areas will be considered stabilized when perennial vegetation, pavement, or structures using permanent materials cover all areas that have been disturbed. Vegetative cover, if used, shall be at least 70% plant density over 100% of the disturbed area.

#### 13. Signatory Requirement.

- a. All permit applications, reports required by the permit, or information requested by the Department shall be signed and certified. (See 40 CFR 122.22 and 10 CSR 20-6.010)
- b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months per violation, or by both.
- c. The Missouri Clean Water Law provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed or required to be maintained pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by both.
- 14. **Severability.** The provisions of the permit are severable, and if any provision of the permit, or the application of any provision of the permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of the permit, shall not be affected thereby.

		3766-	7
MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATUR		FOR AG	ENCY USE ONLY
WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM		CHECK NUMBER	
	OMESTIC PERMIT UNDER MISSOURI	DATE FELEWER	FEE SUBMITTEP
CLEAN WATER LAW		JET PAY CONFIRM	00 - 0 - 0
PLEASE READ ALL THE ACCOMPANYING INST SUBMITTAL OF AN INCOMPLETE APPLICATION	MAY RESULT IN THE APPLICATION B		ED.
IF YOUR FACILITY IS ELIGIBLE FOR A NO EXPO Fill out the No Exposure Certification Form (Mo 780		-f.pdf	
1. REASON FOR APPLICATION:			
a. This facility is now in operation under Misse application for renewal, and there is <u>no</u> pro invoiced and there is no additional permit for	posed increase in design wastewater flow.	0129518 , is Annual fees wi	submitting an Il be paid when
b. This facility is now in operation under perm proposed increase in design wastewater flo invoiced and there is no additional permit for	ow. Antidegradation Review may be require	lication for reneved. Annual fees	wal, and there <u>is</u> a will be paid when
<ul> <li>c. This is a facility submitting an application for permit fee is required.</li> </ul>	or a new permit (for a new facility). Antideg	radation Reviev	v may be required. New
<ul> <li>d. This facility is now in operation under Misse modification to the permit. Antidegradation</li> </ul>	ouri State Operating Permit (permit) MO – Review may be required. Modification fee	an	d is requesting a
2. FACILITY			
NAME			NUMBER WITH AREA CODE
Holcim (US) Inc Ste. Genevieve Plant	CITY	636-524-8 STATE	ZIP CODE
2942 US Hwy 61	Bloomsdale	мо	63627
3. OWNER			
NAME Holcim (US) Inc.		TELEPHONE 636-524-8	NUMBER WITH AREA CODE
EMAIL ADDRESS			
andrew.horrell@lafargeholcim.com ADDRESS (MAILING)	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
2942 US Hwy 61	Bloomsdale	MO	63627
4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY		ALL STREET	
NAME Holcim (US) Inc.		TELEPHONE 636-524-8	NUMBER WITH AREA CODE
EMAIL ADDRESS			
andrew.horrell@lafargeholcim.com ADDRESS (MAILING)	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
2942 US Hwy 61	Bloomsdale	мо	63627
5. OPERATOR CERTIFICATION			
NAME Holcim (US) Inc.	CERTIFICATE NUMBER	636-524-8	NUMBER WITH AREA CODE
ADDRESS (MAILING)	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
2942 US Hwy 61	Bloomsdale	MO	63627
6. FACILITY CONTACT	TITLE	TELEPHON	E NUMBER WITH AREA CODE
Andrew Horrell	Environmental Engineer	636-524	
E-MAIL ADDRESS			
andrew.horrell@lafargeholcim.com			
7. DOWNSTREAM LANDOWNER(S) Attach addition	nai sneets as necessary.		
Norvel Buenniger			
<sup>ADDRESS</sup> 4660 DuBois Creek Road	city Bloomsdale		TATE ZIP CODE 10 63627
MO 780-1479 (04-21)			
	RE	CEIVED	



9

SEP 2/3 2021 30 MM Water Protection Program

8. ADD	ITIONAL FACILITY INFORMATION		
8.1	Legal Description of Outfalls. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.) For Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), use Zone 15 North referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD8.	3)	
		Gene Co	unty
	UTM Coordinates Easting (X): <u>740109</u> Northing (Y): <u>4221272</u>		
	002 <u>SE ¼</u> <u>SE ¼</u> Sec <u>4</u> T <u>39N</u> R <u>7E</u>	Gene Co	inty
	UTM Coordinates Easting (X): 740453 Northing (Y): 4222129		
			1011-012-02
		Gene Co	unty
	UTM Coordinates Easting (X): <u>741766</u> Northing (Y): <u>4220974</u>		
		Gene Cou	unty
	UTM Coordinates Easting (X): 739625 Northing (Y): 4220298		
	006 <u>NE</u> 1/4 <u>SW</u> 1/4 <u>Sec 9</u> <u>T 39N</u> <u>R 7E</u> <u>(</u> UTM Coordinates Easting (X): <u>739625</u> Northing (Y): <u>4221049</u>	Gene Co	unty
8.2	all subsurface discharges and underground injection systems for permit consideration. Primary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) and Facility North American Industrial Classification Sy	stem (NAI	CS) Codes
	Primary SIC 3241 and NAICS 327310 SIC and NAICS _		,
	Primary SIC 3241         and NAICS 327310         SIC         and NAICS           SIC         and NAICS         SIC         and NAICS		
9. ADD	ITIONAL FORMS AND MAPS NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THIS APPLICATION		5,
Α.	Is this permit for a manufacturing, commercial, mining, solid/hazardous waste, or silviculture facility? If yes, complete Form C.	YES 🔽	№ 🗌
В.	Is the facility considered a "Primary Industry" under EPA guidelines (40 CFR Part 122, Appendix A) : If yes, complete Forms C and D.	YES 🗌	NO 🔽
C.	Is wastewater land applied? If yes, complete Form I.	YES 🗌	NO 🔽
D.	Are sludge, biosolids, ash, or residuals generated, treated, stored, or land applied? If yes, complete Form R.	YES 🗌	NO 🔽
E.	Have you received or applied for any permit or construction approval under the CWA or any other environmental regulatory authority? If yes, please include a list of all permits or approvals for this facility: Environmental Permits for this facility:	YES 🗖	NO 🔽
F.	Do you use cooling water in your operations at this facility? If yes, please indicate the source of the water: <u>non-contact from onsite water well</u>	YES 🔽	№ 🗌
G.	Attach a map showing all outfalls and the receiving stream at 1" = 2,000' scale.		
10. ELE	CTRONIC DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (eDMR) SUBMISSION SYSTEM		and the second s
Per 40	CFR Part 127 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Electronic Reporting Rule, re	porting of e	effluent limits
	nitoring shall be submitted by the permittee via an electronic system to ensure timely, complete, accura ent set of data. One of the following must be checked in order for this application to be considered		
	bs://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/edmr.htm for information on the Department's eDMR system and how to regist		
	ill register an account online to participate in the Department's eDMR system through the Missouri Gate ement (MoGEM) before any reporting is due, in compliance with the Electronic Reporting Rule.	eway for E	nvironmental
🔽 - I ha	ave already registered an account online to participate in the Department's eDMR system through MoG	SEM.	
□ - I ha waivers	ave submitted a written request for a waiver from electronic reporting. See instructions for further inform	nation rega	rding
🗌 - The	e permit I am applying for does not require the submission of discharge monitoring reports.		
MO 780-14	79 (04-21)		

11	F	Е	E	S

Permit fees may be paid by attaching a check, or online by credit card or eCheck through the JetPay system. Use the URL provided to access JetPay and make an online payment:

For new permits: https://magic.collectorsolutions.com/magic-ui/payments/mo-natural-resources/591

For modifications: https://magic.collectorsolutions.com/magic-ui/payments/mo-natural-resources/596

### **12. CERTIFICATION**

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

NAME AND OFFICIAL TITLE (TYPE OR PRINT)	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE
Fernando Valencia, Plant Manager	636-524-8117
SIGNATURE T. Valencia	DATE SIGNED 9/27/21
MO 780-1429 (04-21)	



## MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, WATER POLLUTION CONTROL BRANCH FORM C – APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE PERMIT – MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL, MINING, SILVICULTURE OPERATIONS, AND STORMWATER

## GENERAL INFORMATION (PLEASE SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

### 1.0 NAME OF FACILITY

Holcim (US) Inc. - Ste. Genevieve Plant

1.1 THIS FACILITY IS OPERATING UNDER MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT (MSOP) NUMBER:

MO-0129518

1.2 IS THIS A NEW FACILITY? PROVIDE CONSTRUCTION PERMIT (CP) NUMBER IF APPLICABLE.

1.3 Describe the nature of the business, in detail. Identify the goods and services provided by the business. Include descriptions of all raw, intermediate, final products, byproducts, or waste products used in the production or manufacturing process, stored outdoors, loaded or transferred and any other pertinent information for potential sources of wastewater or stormwater discharges.

Holcim (US) Inc. operates a cement kiln that utilizes limestone quarried on site. A harbor is provided for barge access to the Mississippi River for distribution of cement in commerce, and receiving bulk raw materials.

#### FLOWS, TYPE, AND FREQUENCY

2.0 Attach a line drawing showing the water flow through the facility. Indicate sources of intake water, operations contributing wastewater to the effluent, and treatment units labeled to correspond to the more detailed descriptions in item B. Construct a water balance on the line drawing by showing average and maximum flows between intakes, operations, treatment units, evaporation, public sewers, and outfalls. If a water balance cannot by determined (e.g., for certain mining activities), provide a pictorial description of the nature and amount of any sources of water and any collection or treatment measures.

2.1 For each outfall (1) below, provide: (2) a description of all operations contributing wastewater to the effluent, including process wastewater, sanitary wastewater, cooling water, stormwater runoff, and any other process or non-process wastewater, (3) the average flow and maximum flow (put max in parentheses) contributed by each operation and the sum of those operations, (4) the treatment received by the wastewater, and (5) the treatment type code. Continue on additional sheets if necessary.

1. OUTFALL NO.	2. OPERATION(S) CONTRIBUTING FLOW; INCLUDE ALL PROCESSES AND SUB PROCESSES AT EACH OUTFALL	3. AVERAGE FLOW AND (MAXIMUM FLOW), INCLUDE UNITS.	4. TREATMENT DESCRIPTION	5. TREATMENT CODES FROM TABLE A
001	Settling basin - Raddy Hollow that receives SW	Dependent on	Settling	1-U
	from limestone mining & drainage from Acces Rd	rainfall amount		
002	Settling basin receiving SW from cement plant;	Dependent on	Settling	1-U
	drainage from Access Rd; accidental spills/leak	rainfall amount		
	of process water; small amount of intermittent			
	process water used as wash water	Dependent on	Settling	1-U
003	Harbor dredge water settling basin + SW runoff	rainfall amount		
	from North Old Quarry Hollow			
005	SW runoff from topsoil storage area & drainage	Dependent on	BMP	
	from Access Rd			
	Attach addit	ional pages if necessa	ry.	



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1. OUTFALL NO.	2. OPERATION(S) CONTRIBUTING FLOW; INCLUDE ALL PROCESSES AND SUB PROCESSES AT EACH OUTFALL	3. AVERAGE FLOW AND (MAXIMUM FLOW), INCLUDE UNITS.	4. TREATMENT DESCRIPTION	5. TREATMENT CODES FROM TABLE A
006	Von Behren Hollow temp. SW runoff from quarry	Dependent on	BMP	
	& drainage from Access Rd	rainfall amount		
	Attach addi	tional pages if necessa	ary.	

		s (complete the	rollowing table)	<u> </u>	No (go to s	ection 2.3)					
				3. FRE	QUENCY		210001E0	FLOW B. TOTAL	VOLUME		
1. OUTFALL	2	OPERATION(S) CON	TRIBUTING FLOW		A. FLOW RATE (in mgd) (specify with units)				(specify with units)		C. DURATION
NUMBER				A. DAYS PER WEEK (specify average)	B. MONTHS PER YEAR (specify average)	1. MAXIMUM DAILY	2. LONG TERM AVERAGE	4. LONG TERM DAILY	3. MAXIMUM AVERAGE	(in days)	
				-							
2.3 PR	DDUC.	TION				ý					
A. Does facility?	s an ef Indicat	fluent limitation te the part and s	guideline (ELG) subparts applicat	promulgate	d by EPA u	nder section	304 of the	e Clean Water	Act apply to	o your	
	Yes	40 CFR	Subpart(	s)	_ □	No (go to se	ction 2.5)				
B. Are t below.	he limi	tations in the ef	fluent guideline(s	) expresse	d in terms c	of production	(or other i	measure of op	eration)? D	escribe in C	
	Yes (d	complete C.)	No	(go to sect	tion 2.5)						
C. If you	u answ ed in th	rered "yes" to B, ne terms and un	list the quantity its used in the a	representin oplicable ef	g an actual fluent guide	measureme	ent of your icate the a	maximum levented outfalls			
A. OUTFAL	L(S) B.	QUANTITY PER DAY	C. UNITS OF MEASUR	E		D. OPERATION	I, PRODUCT, M	ATERIAL, ETC. (S	specify)		
	_										
.4 IMPR	OVEM	ENTS									
u	pgradi ffect th	ng, or operation le discharges de	y federal, state, o of wastewater tr escribed in this a enforcement cor	eatment ec pplication?	uipment or This incluc	practices or les, but is no	any other ot limited to	environmenta	al programs itions, admir	which may histrative	
🗌 Ye	s (con	nplete the follow	ing table)		No (go to 2	2.6)					
		NOF CONDITION, NT, ETC.	2. AFFECTED OUTFALLS		3. BRIEF C	ESCRIPTION OF	PROJECT	_		IPLIANCE DATE	
									A. REQUIRED	B. PROJECTED	
p	rojects	which may affe	or attach addition of discharges. In construction. This	dicate whe	ther each p	rogram is ur	derway or	planned, and	other enviror indicate ac	nmental tual or	

## 2.5 SLUDGE MANAGEMENT

Describe the removal of any industrial or domestic biosolids or sludges generated at your facility. Include names and contact information for any haulers used. Note the frequency, volume, and methods (incineration, landfilling, composting, etc) used. See Form A for additional forms which may need to be completed.

### DATA COLLECTION AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLICANTS

3.0 EFFLUENT (AND INTAKE) CHARACTERISTICS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

A. & B. See instructions before continuing – complete one Table 1 for **each outfall** (and intake) – annotate the outfall (intake) number or designation in the space provided. The facility is not required to complete intake data unless required by the department or rule.

C. Use the space below to list any pollutants listed in the instructions section 3.0 C. Table B which you know or have reason to believe is discharged or may be discharged from any outfall not listed in parts 3.0 A or B on Table 1. For every pollutant listed, briefly describe the reasons you believe it to be present and report any analytical data in your possession.

2. SOURCE	3. OUTFALL(S)	4. ANALYTICAL RESULTS (INCLUDE UNITS)
rge) within the last three years?	tests been performed of	on the facility discharges (or on receiving
No (go to 3.2)		
y	ng / Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET)	ng / Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) tests been performed of

any results of toxicity identification evaluations (TIE) or toxicity reduction evaluations (TRE) if applicable. Please indicate the conclusions of the test(s) including any pollutants identified as causing toxicity and steps the facility is taking to remedy the toxicity.

No longer required as a permit condition. Removed during last permit cycle.

## 3.2 CONTRACT ANALYSIS INFORMATION

Were any of the analyses reported herein, above, or on Table 1 performed by a contract laboratory or consulting firm?  $\square$  Yes (list the name, address, telephone number, and pollutants analyzed by each laboratory or firm.)  $\square$  No (go to 4.0)

A. LAB NAME	B. ADDRESS	C. TELEPHONE (area code and number)	D. POLLUTANTS ANALYZED (list or group)
PDC Laboratories, Inc.	2231 W. Altorfer Dr. Peoria, IL 61615	800-752-6651	All parameters except temp., flow, and pH

### 4.0 STORMWATER

#### 4.1

Do you have industrial stormwater discharges from the site? If so, attach a site map outlining drainage areas served by each outfall. Indicate the following attributes within each drainage area: pavement or other impervious surfaces; buildings; outdoor storage areas; material loading and unloading areas; outdoor industrial activities; structural stormwater control measures; hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal units; and wells or springs in the area.

OUTFALL NUMBER	TOTAL AREA DRAINED (PROVIDE UNITS)	TYPES OF SURFACES (VEGETATED, STONE , PAVED, ETC)	BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES EMPLOYED; INCLUDE STRUCTURAL BMPS AND TREATMENT DESIGN FLOW FOR BMPS DESCRIBE HOW FLOW IS MEASURED
			Oufall descriptions and associated BMPs discussed in cover letter.
	RMWATER FLO	WS ing with the flows, and how the flo	ws were estimated.

### SIGNATORY REQUIREMENTS

5.0 CERTIFICATION

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

NAME AND OFFICIAL TITLE (TYPE OR PRINT)	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE
Fernando Valencia, Plant Manager	636-524-8117
SIGNATURE (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)	DATE SIGNED 9/27/21

TAKE) CHAR IUST provide th (1) CONCE (1) CONCE (1) CONCE (1) CONCE (1) CONCE (1) CONCE 2.44 2.44 1.2 1.2 MINIMUM 7 2. MAR A RELEVED A RELEV	SEE INSTRUCTIONS; PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE. You may report some or all of this information on separate sheet (use similar format)	E PRINT OR TYPE. Is information on se	eparate sheet (use simili	ar format) instead of completing these pages.	mpleting thes	e pages.		FORM C	TABLE 1	FOR 3.0 - ITEMS A AND B	AS A AND B	
3.0 PART A - You must provide the results of at least one analysis for every pollutant in Part A. Complete one lable for each outfall or propose the formation of the provide set of the concentration of the concentration of the provide set of the concentration of the provide set of the concentration of the provide set of the concentration of the concentration of the provide set of the concentration of the provide set of the concentration of the provide set of the concentration of the concentration of the provide set of the concentration of the conconcentration of the concentration of the concentration of the co	EFFLUENT (AND INTAK	E) CHARACTE	ERISTICS	THIS OUTFA	ALL IS:						OUTFALL NO. 001	1 & 006
A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE           A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE         (1) CONCENTRATION         (2) MASS           (1) CONCENTRATION         (2) MASS         (2) MASS           (1) 2         244         908         (2) MASS           (1) 2         46*         17411*         1           12         46*         17411*         1           MINIMUN         7.02         454         V           MORIMUN         7.02         A         A           MINIMUN         7.02         A. MAXIMUN MORINTY         V           MORITAL VALUE         7.1         A. MAXIMUN MORINTY         V           MINIMUN         7.02         A. MAXIMUN MORINTY         V           A. MAXIMUN M         7.02         A. MAXIMUN MORINTY         V           A. MAXIMUN M         7.02         A. MAXIMUN MORINTY         V           A. MAXIMUN M         7.02         A. MAXIMUN MORINTY         V           A. MAXIMUN MORITAL SO C.         2.04         98.4         V           A. MAXIMU	3.0 PART A - You must	provide the res	ults of at least one	analysis for every	pollutant i	n Part A. Comp	lete one ta	ble for each ou	tfall or propose		See instructions.	Settor -
A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE         (1) CONCENTRATION       (2) MASS         (1) CONCENTRATION       (2) MASS         (1) CONCENTRATION       (2) MASS $< < 4$ $< 1540$ $< < 4$ $< 1740$ $> < 46^{+}$ $< 1740$ $> < 46^{+}$ $< 17411^{+}$ $> < 46^{+}$ $< 17411^{+}$ $> < 1.2$ $< 454$ $> < 1.2$ $< 454$ $> < 1.2$ $< 454$ $> < 1.2$ $< 454$ $> < 1.2$ $< 454$ $> < > < 1.2$ $< 454$ $> < > < > < 1.2$ $< 454$ $> < > > < > < > < 100$ $> > < 454$ $> < > > < > < > < > < 1.2$ $< 454$ $> < > > < > > < > < < 1.1$ $> > < < < > < < > > > > > > > > > > > $					10.020	2. VALUES					3. UNITS (5)	<ol> <li>UNITS (specify if blank)</li> </ol>
(1) CONCENTRATION         (2) MASS           <4	1. POLLUTANT	A. MAX	CIMUM DAILY VALUE	8.1	MAXIMUM 30 D	AY VALUES	0	C. LONG TERM AVER	AGE VALUES	D. NO. OF	A. CONCEN-	539M G
<4		(1) CONCENTRAT		(1) CONCENT	RATION	(2) MASS	(1) CON	VCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANALYSES	TRATION	B. MASS
emical Oxygen Demand         6.6         2498         0           al Organic Carbon         2.4         908         2           al Organic Carbon         2.4         908         2           al Organic Carbon         2.4         908         2           al Suspended Solids         46*         17411*         1           monia as N         1.2         454         V           w         VALUE         7.1         VALUE         7.1           monia as N         1.2         454         V           w         VALUE         7.1         VALUE         7.1           moretature (winter)         VALUE         7.1         V         V           moretature (summer)         VALUE         2.3.8         V         V           moretature (summer)         VALUE         2.0         454         V           moretature (summer)         VALUE         2.0         467         V           moretature (summer)         VALUE	A. Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5-day (BOD5)	<4	<1540	* = based o		ighest		R		~	mg/l	kg/day
al Organic Carbon $2.4$ $908$ $al$ al Suspended Solids $46^{*}$ $17411^{*}$ $black$ monia as N $1.2$ $454$ $value$ monia as N $1.2$ $454$ $value$ w     value $7.1$ $value$ $7.1$ mperature (winter)     value $7.1$ $value$ $7.1$ mperature (summer)     Value $2.3.8$ $value$ $value$ MNNMUM $7.02$ $7.1$ $value$ $value$ ART B - Mark "X" in column 2A for any pollutant, you must provide the results for at lender $value$ aRT 1 - Conventional And Non-Conventional Pollutant You $almon$ $almon$ and cxs number $almon$ $almon$ $almon$ and cxs number $almon$ $almon$ $almon$ almon 2A for any pollutant, you must provide the results for at lender $almon$ $almon$ almon 2A for any pollutant, you must provide the results for at lender $almon$ $almon$ almon 2A for any pollutant, you must provide the re	B. Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	6.6	2498	concentrati		revious year,				<del>.</del>	l/gm	kg/day
Ial Suspended Solids         46*         17411*         17411*           Imonia as N         1.2         454         V           Imonia as N         1.2         454         V           Imonia as N         VALUE         7.1         VALUE         VALUE         VALUE           Imperature (winter)         VALUE         7.1         VALUE         7.1           Imperature (winter)         VALUE         23.8         VALUE         VALUE           Imperature (winter)         VALUE         23.8         VALUE         VALUE           Imperature (winter)         VALUE         23.8         VALUE         VALUE           ART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for each pollutant you know         MinimUM         7.02         ARK           ART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for any pollutant, you must provide the results for at let each pollutant you know         A.MAXIMUM         A.MAXIMUM           ART B – Mark "X"         2. Mark "X"         A.MAXIMUM         A.MAXIMUM         A.MAXIMUM           ART C – Conventional Indicating to card be poly and to the results for at let each bolutant you know         A.MAXIMUM         A.MAXIMUM           ART C – Conventional Indicating to card be poly (fractor)         Park "X"         A.MAXIMUM         A.MAXIMUM           ART C – Conventional Indit A	C. Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	2.4	908	all other da		ased on				-	l/gm	kg/day
Ammonia as N         1.2         454           Flow         VALUE         1.0           Forwerld         VALUE         7.1           Temperature (winter)         VALUE         7.1           Temperature (winter)         VALUE         7.1           Temperature (winter)         VALUE         23.8           Premperature (summer)         VALUE         23.8           Prime         Nanimum         7.02           Prime         23.8         Nanimum           O PART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for each pollutant you must provide the results for at legon (if analable)         Amark "X"           Nameters not listed here in Part 3.0 C.         2.         Amark "X"           An oralable)         Present         Amark "X"           In analable)         Present         Amark "X"           In analable)         Present         A. MAXIMUM PAILY V           In analable) <td>D. Total Suspended Solids (TSS)</td> <td>46*</td> <td>17411*</td> <td>historical se</td> <td>ampling</td> <td></td> <td>23.0</td> <td>F</td> <td>636</td> <td>9</td> <td>mg/l</td> <td>kg/day</td>	D. Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	46*	17411*	historical se	ampling		23.0	F	636	9	mg/l	kg/day
Flow     VALUE     100       Temperature (winter)     VALUE     7.1       Temperature (winter)     VALUE     7.1       Temperature (summer)     VALUE     7.1       Temperature (summer)     VALUE     23.8       DPART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for each pollutant you know       0 PART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for each pollutant, you must provide the results for at learneters not listed here in Part 3.0 C.       1. POLLUTANT       Auto CAS NUMBER       (# available)       PRESENT       Auto CAS NUMBER       (# available)       Restant       Auto CAS NUMBER       Autor Color       Autor CAS NUM       Autor CAS NUM <t< td=""><td>E. Ammonia as N</td><td>1.2</td><td>454</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>mg/l</td><td>kg/day</td></t<>	E. Ammonia as N	1.2	454							1	mg/l	kg/day
Temperature (winter)     VALUE     7.1       Temperature (summer)     VALUE     23.8       PH     Total E     23.8       Ph     MINIMUM     7.02       Ph     MINIMUM     7.02       D PART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for each pollutant, you must provide the results for at leterant is and isole)     MINIMUM       D PART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for each pollutant, you must provide the results for at leterant is an at leterant is assert     A MAXIMUM PAILY V       Altalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )     A maximum pail VM     A maximum pail VM       Altalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )     Altalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )     Altalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )       Bromide     X     26     98.4       Bromide     X     30°*     388       Chloride     X     30°*     388       Color     X     30°*     388	F. Flow		-	NALUE				18.8		6	WILLIONS OF G	MILLIONS OF GALLONS PER DAY (MGD)
H. Temperature       Vulue       T/3.8       Vulue       T/3.8         L. pH       MINIUM       7.02       MATE       MATE       MATE         L. pH       MINIUM       7.02       MATE       MATE       MATE         3.0 PART B – Mark "X" in column 24 for each pollutant; you must provide the results for an earlysis for the pollutant. Complete one table for each outfall (intake)       MATE       MATE       MATE         3.0 PART B – Mark "X" in column 24 for each pollutant; you must provide the results for an earlysis for the pollutant. Complete one table for each outfall (intake)       MATE       MATE       MATE         Column 24 for any pollutant; you must provide the results for an earlysis for the pollutant. Complete one table for each outfall (intake)       MATE       MATE       MATE       MATE         Ansatione)       ansatione)       ansatione       ansatione       ansatione       ansatione       ansatione       and and       Ansatione         MATE       Antellinty (CaCO3)       MATE       Antellinty (CaCO3)       MATE       MATE       Antellinty (CaCO3)       MATE       Antel	Temperature			VALUE			82972	6.8		2		°c
I. pH       Immunity       ZOB       Merination       Refract       Merination         3.0 PART B – Mark X <sup>*</sup> in column 24 for each pollutant you must provide the results for at least one analysis for the pollutant. Complete one table for each pollutant you must provide the results for at least one analysis for the pollutant. Complete one table for each pollutant.         3.0 PART B – Mark X <sup>*</sup> in column 24 for each pollutant you must provide the results for at least one analysis for the pollutant. Complete one table for each outfall (intake) parameters not listed here in Part 3.0 C. <ul> <li>A for any pollutant.</li> <li>A max AND</li> <li>A max AND</li> <li>A max AND</li> <li>A Atalinity (caCO<sub>3</sub>)</li> <li>A Atalinity (caCO<sub>3</sub>)</li> <li>A Mission</li> <li>A dualinity (caCO<sub>3</sub>)</li> <li>A Mission</li> <li>A dualinity (caCO<sub>3</sub>)</li> <li>A dualini</li></ul>		102		VALUE			di i	17.8		4		°c
3.0 PART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for each pollutant you must provide the results for at least one analysis for the pollutant. Complete one table for each outfall (intake) parameters not listed here in Part 3.0 C.         Column 2A for any pollutant, you must provide the results for at least one analysis for the pollutant. Complete one table for each outfall (intake)         Parameters not listed here in Part 3.0 C.         I pollutant       2 mark "X"         Absolutant       2 mark "X"         I pollutant       2 mark "X"         Absolutant       2 mark "X"         I pollutant       2 mark "X"         Absolutant       2 mark "X"         I pollutant       2 mark "X"         Absolutant       2 mark "X"         I pollutant       2 mark "X"         Absolutant       2 mark "X"         Absolutant       2 mark "X"         I pollutant       2 mark "X"         Absolutant       2 mark "X"         Absolutant       2 mark "X"         I pollutant       2 mark "X"         Absolutant       2 mark "X"         Absolutant       2 mark "X"         I pollutant       2 mark "X"         A claining (CaCo <sub>3</sub> )       X         B condete       X         B condete       X         C condete       X </td <td>I. pH</td> <td>MINIMUM 7.02</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>11</td> <td></td> <td>AVERAGE</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>9</td> <td>STANDARD</td> <td>STANDARD UNITS (SU)</td>	I. pH	MINIMUM 7.02			11		AVERAGE			9	STANDARD	STANDARD UNITS (SU)
	<ol> <li>3.0 PART B – Mark "X" i Column 2A for any pollul parameters not listed her</li> </ol>	n column 2A fo ant, you must i re in Part 3.0 C	r each pollutant yo provide the results	u know or have re- for at least one an	ason to be nalysis for t	lieve is present he pollutant. Co	. Mark "X" i omplete on	in column 2B fo e table for each	or each pollutan 1 outfall (intake)	t you believe ). Provide res	to be absent ults for addition	. If you mark onal
A BELIEVED         B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE         B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUES           PRESENT         BELIEVED         R. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUES         CONCENTRATION         MASS         CONCENTRATION         MANNA		2. MARK "X"				3. VALUI	ES				4. U	4. UNITS
RELEVED     CONCENTRATION     MASS     CONCENTRATION     MASS     CONCENTRATION       Itional and Non-Conventional Pollutants     Minimum     Mass     concentration       X     Image: Second Secon	1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER			M DAILY VALUE	B. M	AXIMUM 30 DAY VAL	UES	C. LONG TERM A	VERAGE VALUES	D. NO. OF	A. CONCEN-	
tional and Non-Conventional Pollutants         Minimum       Minimum       Minimum         X       26       98.4       Minimum         X       .26       98.4       Minimum         X       50*       19785*       Minimum         Minimum       <0.1	(if available)				CONCENT		ASS	CONCENTRATION	MASS	ANALYSES	TRATION	D. M433
Image: Microsoft	Subpart 1 – Conventions	and Non-Con	iventional Pollutant	S								
X     .26     98.4       X     .26     1978       x     50*     1978       x     <0.1	A. Alkalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )		Minimum		MINIMUM		W	INNIMUM				
X     50*     1978       al     X     <0.1	B. Bromide (24959-67-9)	×	.26	98.4						-	∭mg/l	kg/day
al X <0.1	C. Chloride (16887-00-6)	×	50*	19785*						-	mg/l	kg/day
	D. Chlorine, Total Residual	×	<0.1	<38						-	mg/l	kg/day
	E. Color	×										
	F. Conductivity											
	F. Cyanide, Amenable to Chlorination	×										

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AND CAS NUMBER (# available)         BELIEVED PRESENT         B. BELIEVED ABSENT         A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE           (# available)         A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE         MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE           (# available)         Resent         ABSENT           Subpart 1 - Conventional and Non-Conventional Pollutants (Continued)	2. MARK "X"	-X-)			3. VA	3. VALUES				4. UNITS	4ITS
Subpart 1 - Conventional			A. MAXIMUN	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE	B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE	VALUE	C. LONG TERM.	C. LONG TERM AVERAGE VALUE	D NO OF	A CONCEN.	
Subpart 1 – Conventional	PRESENT	BELIEVED	CONCENTRATION	MASS	CONCENTRATION	MASS	CONCENTRATION	MASS	ANALYSES	A. CUNCEN-	B. MASS
	and Non-	Convent	tional Pollutants	s (Continued)							
G. E. coli											
H. Fluoride (16984-48-8)	×		<0.25	<95					-	l/gm	kg/day
I. Nitrate plus Nitrate (as N)	×		5.6	2120					~	l/gm	kd/day
J. Kjeldahl, Total (as N)											
K. Nitrogen, Total Organic X	×		4.1	416					-	mg/l	kg/day
L. Oil and Grease	×		<6*	<2271*			<5.7	<406	9	l/gm	kg/day
M. Phenois, Total	×	~									
N. Phosphorus (as P), Total X (7723-14-0)	×		<0.05	<19					+	mg/l	kg/day
O. Sulfate (as SO <sup>4</sup> ) X (14808-79-8)	×		290*	109765*					-	mg/l	kg/day
P. Sulfide (as S)	×		<2.0	<757					~	l/gm	kg/day
Q. Sulfite (as SO <sup>3</sup> ) X (14265-45-3)	~		<2.0	<757					-	mg/l	kg/day
R. Surfactants	×										
S. Trihalomethanes, Total	×										
Subpart 2 – Metals											
1M. Aluminum, Total Recoverable (7429-90-5) X			0.12	45					-	mg/l	kg/day
2M. Antimony, Total Recoverable (7440-36-9) X			<0.02	<7.6						l/gm	kg/day
3M. Arsenic, Total Recoverable (7440-38-2) X	~		<0.02	<7.6					-	mg/l	kg/day
4M. Barium. Total Recoverable X (7440-39-3)			0.071	27					+	l/gm	kg/day
5M. Beryllium, Total Recoverable (7440-41-7)	×		<0.005	<1.9					+	l/gm	kg/day
6M. Boron, Total Recoverable X (7440-42-8)	~		0.043	16.3					-	l/gm	kg/day
7M. Cadmium, Total Recoverable (7440-43-9) X			<0.002	<0.76					۴	l/gm	kg/day
8M. Chromium III Total Recoverable (16065-83-1)	×		<0.009	<3.4					~	l/gm	kg/day
9M. Chromium VI, Dissolved (18540-29-9)	×		<0.005	<1.9					<del>ب</del>	l/gm	kg/day
10M. Cobalt, Total Recoverable (7440-48-4) X		<u>,                                    </u>	<0.005	<1.9					<del>،</del>	mg/l	kg/day

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	2. MA	2. MARK "X"				3. VALUES				4. U	4. UNITS
1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER	A RELIEVED			A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE	B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE	0 DAY VALUE	C. LONG TERM AVERAGE VALUE	ERAGE VALUE	D. NO. OF	A. CONCEN-	O MACC
(if available)	PRESENT	ABSENT	CONCENTRATION	MASS	CONCENTRATION	MASS	CONCENTRATION	MASS	ANALYSES	TRATION	D. M433
Subpart 2 – Metals (Continued)	itinued)										
11M. Copper, Total Recoverable (7440-50-8)	×		<0.03	<11.4					٢	l/gm	kg/day
12M. Iron, Total Recoverable (7439-89-6)	×		0.35*	133*					1	mg/l	kg/day
13M. Lead, Total Recoverable (7439-92-1)	×		<0.01	<3.8					Ţ.	l/gm	kg/day
14M. Magnesium, Total Recoverable (7439-95-4)	×		24.0	7192					-	l/gm	kg/day
15M. Manganese, Total Recoverable (7439-96-5)	×		0.27	102.2					~	l/gm	kg/day
16M. Mercury, Total Recoverable (7439-97-6)		×	<0.0002	<0.08					-	l/gm	kg/day
17M. Methylmercury (22967926)											
18M. Molybdenum, Total Recoverable (7439-98-7)	×		<0.01	<3.8					-	mg/l	kg/day
19M. Nickel, Total Recoverable (7440-02-0)	×		<0.01	<3.79					+	l/gm	kg/day
20M. Selenium, Total Recoverable (7782-49-2)	×		<0.04*	<15.13*					-	mg/l	kg/day
21M. Silver, Total Recoverable (7440-22-4)	×		<0.01	<3.8						l/gm	kg/day
22M. Thallium, Total Recoverable (7440-28-0)	×		<0.01	<3.8					-	l/gm	kg/day
23M. Tin, Total Recoverable (7440-31-5)	×		<0.06	<22.7					-	l/gm	kg/day
24M. Titanium, Total Recoverable (7440-32-6)	×		<0.005	<1.9					-	l/gm	kg/day
25M. Zinc, Total Recoverable (7440-66-6)	×		<0.01	<3.8					~	l/gm	kg/day
Subpart 3 – Radioactivity	ζ.										
1R. Alpha Total	×		2.69 +/- 1.3	+					-	pCi/l	pCi/day
2R. Beta Total	×		4 +/- 1.51	**					-	pCi/l	pCi/day
3R. Radium Total	×		<0.6656	***					-	pCi/l	pCi/day
4R. Radium 226 plus 228 Total X	×		0.115 +/- 0.159						۰	pCi/l	pCi/day

\*1,018,165,000 +/- 492,050,000 \*\*1,514,000,000 +/- 571,535,000 \*\*\*<251,929,600 \*\*\*\*43,527,500 +/- 60,181,500

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SEE INSTRUCTIONS; PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE. You may report some or all of this information on separate sheet (use similar format) instead of completing these pages.

FORM C TABLE 1 FOR 3.0 - ITEMS A AND B

EFFLUENT (AND INTAKE) CHARACTERISTICS	KE) CHA	RACTER	ISTICS	THIS OUTFALL IS:	ALL IS:						OUTFALL NO.	500
3.0 PART A - You must provide the results of at least one analysis for every pollutant in Part & Complete one table for each suffell or accord suffell	provide 1	the result	s of at least one s	analysis for even	v pollutan	t in Part & Co	umilata ana	o topla for each	or around	1.00		70
							anipicie one		sodoid in inpinn	1991		
						2. VALUES					3. UNITS (	<ol> <li>UNITS (specify if blank)</li> </ol>
1. POLLUTANT		A. MAXIMU	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE	ä	MAXIMUM 31	B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUES		C. LONG TERM AVERAGE VALUES	ERAGE VALUES		-	
	(1) CONC	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	ITRATION	(2) MASS	(1)	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANALYSES	TRATION	B. MASS
A. Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5-day (BODs)	<4		<1514	* = based on	и	highest				-	l/gm	kg/day
B. Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	14		5299	concentration of	tion of	previous year,				-	l/gm	kg/day
C. Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	1.6		606	all other data	ata	based on				-	l/gm	kg/day
D. Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	27*		10220*	historical sampling	ampling		39.5		822	19	l/gm	kg/day
E. Ammonia as N	4		<379	on historical		sampling.				-	mg/l	kq/dav
F. Flow	VALUE	100		VALUE			VALUE	5.5		22	WILLIONS OF G	MILLIONS OF GALLONS PER DAY
G. Temperature (winter)	VALUE	14.1		VALUE			VALUE	E 8.3		4		, c
H. Temperature (summer)	VALUE	31		VALUE			VALUE	19.6		10		ç
I. pH	MINIMUM 6.7	6.7		MAXIMUM 9.05	05		AVERAGE	IGE		22	STANDAR	STANDARD UNITS (SU)
3:0 PART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for each pollutant you know or have reason to believe is present. Mark "X" in column 2B for each pollutant you believe to be absent. If you mark Column 2A for any pollutant, you must provide the results for at least one analysis for the pollutant. Complete one table for each outfall (intake). Provide results for additional parameters not listed here in Part 3:0 C.	in column tant, you re in Part	2A for emust pro 3.0 C.	ach pollutant you vide the results fo	know or have re or at least one ar	eason to b nalysis for	believe is presert the pollutant.	ent. Mark ") Complete	X" in column 2B one table for eat	for each pollutar ch outfall (intake	nt you believe .). Provide res	to be absent sults for additi	. If you mark onal
1 DOLLITANT	2. MA	2. MARK "X"				3. VJ	3. VALUES				4	4. UNITS
œ	A. BELIEVED		A. MAXIMUM	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE	œ.	B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUES	VALUES	C. LONG TERM	C. LONG TERM AVERAGE VALUES		-	
	PRESENT	BELIEVED	CONCENTRATION	MASS	CONCEN	CONCENTRATION	MASS	CONCENTRATION	MASS	ANALYSES	A. CUNCEN-	B. MASS
Subpart 1 – Conventional and Non-Conventional Pollutants	al and No	n-Convei	ntional Pollutants	165						-		
A. Alkalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )			MINIMUM		MINIMUM			MINIMUM				
B. Bromide (24959-67-9)	×		0.28	106						~	l/gm	kg/day
C. Chloride (16887-00-6)		×								Ŧ	l/bm	
D. Chlorine, Total Residual	×		<0.1	<37.9						+	mg/l	kg/day
E. Color		×										
F. Conductivity												
F. Cyanide, Amenable to Chlorination		×										

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	2. MAI	2. MARK "X"			3. VALUES	UES				4. U	4. UNITS
1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER			A. MAXIMUM	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE	B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE	ALUE	C. LONG TERM	C. LONG TERM AVERAGE VALUE	D. NO. OF	A. CONCEN-	
	PRESENT	BELIEVED	CONCENTRATION	MASS	CONCENTRATION	MASS	CONCENTRATION	MASS	ANALYSES	TRATION	D. MA30
Subpart 1 – Conventional and Non-Conventional Pollutants (Continued)	al and No	n-Conver	ntional Pollutants	(Continued)							
G. E. coli											
H. Fluoride (16984-48-8)	×		<0.25	<94.6					1	l/ɓm	kg/day
I. Nitrate plus Nitrate (as N)	×		0.05	18.9					-	l/gm	kg/day
J. Kjeldahl, Total (as N)											
K. Nitrogen, Total Organic (as N)	×		1.1	416					-	l/gm	kg/day
L. Oil and Grease	×		5.3*	2006*			<6.1	<127	22	l/gm	kg/day
M. Phenols, Total		×									
N. Phosphorus (as P), Total (7723-14-0)	×		<0.05	<18.9					1	l/gm	kg/day
O. Sulfate (as SO <sup>4</sup> ) (14808-79-8)	×		66	37471					1	l/gm	kg/day
P. Sulfide (as S)	×		<2.0	<757					-	l/ɓm	kg/day
Q. Sulfite (as SO <sup>3</sup> ) (14265-45-3)	×		<2.0	<757					-	l/gm	kg/day
R. Surfactants		×									
S. Trihalomethanes, Total											
Subpart 2 – Metals											
1M. Aluminum, Total Recoverable (7429-90-5)	×		0.896*	339*					-	l/gm	kg/day
2M. Antimony, Total Recoverable (7440-36-9)	×		<0.02	<7.6					-	l/gm	kg/day
3M. Arsenic, Total Recoverable (7440-38-2)	×		<0.02	<7.6					-	l/gm	kg/day
4M. Barium, Total Recoverable (7440-39-3)	×		0.076	28.8					~	l/gm	kg/day
5M. Beryllium, Total Recoverable (7440-41-7)		×	<0.005	<1.9					~	l/gm	kg/day
6M. Boron, Total Recoverable (7440-42-8)	×		0.13	49.2					-	l/gm	kg/day
7M. Cadmium, Total Recoverable (7440-43-9)		×	<0.002	<0.8					~	l/gm	kg/day
8M. Chromium III Total Recoverable (16065-83-1)		×	<0.009	<3.4					~	mg/l	kg/day
9M. Chromium VI, Dissolved (18540-29-9)	×		0.01	3.8					~	l/gm	kg/day
10M. Cobalt, Total Recoverable (7440-48-4)		×	<0.005	<1.9					~	l/gm	kg/day

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1 BOULLITANT	2. MA	2. MARK "X"				3. VALUES				4. UNITS	ITS
AND CAS NUMBER	A. BELIEVED		A. MAXIMUM	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE	B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE	0 DAY VALUE	C. LONG TERM AVERAGE VALUE	ERAGE VALUE	D NO OF	A CONCEN	
	PRESENT	BELIEVED	CONCENTRATION	MASS	CONCENTRATION	MASS	CONCENTRATION	MASS	ANALYSES	TRATION	B. MASS
Subpart 2 – Metals (Continued)	tinued)						-				
11M. Copper, Total Recoverable (7440-50-8)	×		<0.03	<11.4					F	l/gm	kg/day
12M. Iron, Total Recoverable (7439-89-6)	×		0.873*	330.3*					~	l/gm	kg/day
13M. Lead, Total Recoverable (7439-92-1)	×		<0.01	<3.8					-	l/gm	kg/day
14M. Magnesium, Total Recoverable (7439-95-4)	×		21	7949					-	l/gm	kg/day
15M. Manganese, Total Recoverable (7439-96-5)	×		<0.01	<3.8					-	l/gm	kg/day
16M. Mercury, Total Recoverable (7439-97-6)		×	<0.0002	<0.1					-	mg/l	kg/day
17M. Methylmercury (22967926)											
, Total 9-98-7)	×		<0.01	<3.8					~	mg/l	kg/day
19M. Nickel, Total Recoverable (7440-02-0)	×		<0.01	<3.8					-	l/bm	kg/day
20M. Selenium, Total Recoverable (7782-49-2)	×		<0.01	<3.8					-	mg/l	kg/day
21M. Silver, Total Recoverable (7440-22-4)	×		<0.01	<3.8						mg/l	kg/day
22M. Thallium, Total Recoverable (7440-28-0)	×		<0.04*	<14*					-	mg/l	kg/day
23M. Tin, Total Recoverable (7440-31-5)	×		<0.06	<22.7					-	mg/l	kg/day
24M. Titanium, Total Recoverable (7440-32-6)	×		0.012	4.5					~	mg/l	kg/day
25M. Zinc, Total Recoverable (7440-66-6)	×		<0.01	<3.8						mg/l	kg/day
Subpart 3 – Radioactivity											
1R. Alpha Total	×		4.54 +/- 1.63	*						pCi/l	pCi/day
2R. Beta Total	×		6.55 +/- 1.44	:					1	pCi/l	pCi/day
3R. Radium Total	×		<1.906	***					1	pCi/l	pCi/day
4R. Radium 226 plus 228 Total X	×		0.878 +/ 0.546	****					1	pCi/l	pCi/day

\*1,718,390,000 +/- 616,955,500 \*\*2,479,175,000 +/- 545,040,000 \*\*\*<721,421,000 \*\*\*\*332,323,000 +/- 206,661,000

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EFFLUENT (AND INTAKE) CHRAKCTERISTICs         THIS OUTFALL IS:         Internation (1)         Internation (1) <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>							
3.0 PART A - You must provide the results of at least one analysis for at least one analysis for the results of at least one analysis for the results of the manualysis of the manual of the man	THIS OUTFALL IS	L IS:				OUTFALL NO. 00	003 & 005
A MAXIMUM DALY VALUE           I. POLUTANT         A. MAXIMUM DALY VALUE         (1)           A. Biochemical Oxygen         (1) CONCENTRATION         (2) MASS         (1)           A. Biochemical Oxygen Demand $(1)$ CONCENTRATION         (2) MASS         (1)           B. Chemical Oxygen Demand $(1)$ CONC $< 757$ $*Bas           B. Chemical Oxygen Demand         (1) COS         < 757 *Bas           D. Total Suspended Solids         56* 2082 nn Vulue           TCSS         56* 10602* nn Vulue           F. Flow         -0.2 < 38 nulue           D. Total Suspended Solids         56* 10602* nulue           D. Total Suspended Solids         56* 10602* nulue           E. Flow         < 0.2 < 38 nulue nulue           F. Flow         nulue 8.3.3 nulue nulue           F. Flow         nulue 30 nulue nulue nulue           F. Flow         2082 nulue nulue nulue nulue           F. Flow    $	east one analysis for every p		Complete one table for each outfall or proposed outfall.	outfall or proposed	1.00	See instructions.	51 (See See See See See See See See See Se
I. POLLUTANT         AMAXIMUM DALLY VALUE         (1)           A. BIOCHEMIERI OXYGEN         (1) CONCENTRATION         (2) MASS         (1)           A. BIOCHEMIERI OXYGEN $<4.0$ $<757$ *Bas         (1)           B. Chemical OXYGEN $<4.0$ $<757$ *Bas         (1)           B. Chemical OXYGEN Demand $<1.7$ $<757$ *Bas         (1)           B. Chemical OXYGEN Demand $<1.3$ $<757$ *Bas         (1)           B. Chemical OXYGEN Demand $<1.3$ $<757$ $<2082$ fmm           B. Chemical OXYGEN Demand $<1.3$ $<750$ $<750$ $<700$ $<750$ B. Chemical OXYGEN Demand $<0.2$ $<753$ $<758$ $<7000$ $<7000$ C. Colal OUGanic Carbon $4.3$ $<70002*$ $<700002*$ $<7000000000000000000000000000000000000$		2. VALUES				3. UNITS (sp	UNITS (specify if blank)
A: Biochemical Oxygen Demand. 5:day (BODs)         (1) CONCENTRATION         (2) MASS         (1)           A: Biochemical Oxygen Demand. 5:day (BODs) $<4.0$ $<757$ $*8ac$ $8ac$ $<90$ $*8ac$ $<40$ $<757$ $*8ac$ $8ac$ $10$ $<757$ $8ac$ $10$ $>0 h h acc >2082 form on h           (C) Chall Organic Carbon         4.3 814 on h $	ß	MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUES	C. LONG TERM AVERAGE VALUES	FRAGE VALUES	D. NO. OF	A. CONCEN-	
A. Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5-day (BODs,)	(2) MASS (1) CONCENTRATION	TION (2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(Z) MASS	ANALYSES	TRATION	B. MASS
B. Chemical Oxygen Demand (c00)         11         2082         from           C. Total Organic Carbon (TOC)         4.3         814         on h           C. Total Organic Carbon (TOC)         4.3         814         on h           D. Total Suspended Solids (TOC)         56*         10602*         vuuc vuuc           E. Ammonia as N         <0.2	*Based on highest	ghest Outfall 005 data			1	l/gm	kg/day
	from 2019. All	II other data based			~	l/gm	kg/day
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	on historical	sampling.			-	l/gm	kg/day
E. Ammonia as N         <0.2         <38            F. Flow         value         50         <38	12*		0.25	11.9	4	l/gm	kg/day
F. Flow     VALUE     NALUE     NALUE     NALUE     NALUE     NALUE       G. Temperature (winter)     VALUE     NALUE     NALUE     VALUE     VALUE       H. Temperature (winter)     VALUE     14.8     VALUE     VALUE       H. Temperature (summer)     VALUE     14.8     VALUE     VALUE       I. pH     MINNUM     7.26     VALUE     VALUE       3.0 PART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for each pollutant you know or hold column 2A for any pollutant, you must provide the results for at least parameters not listed here in Part 3.0 C.     AMXIN       And Column 2A for any pollutant, you must provide the results for at least for at le					1	l/gm	kg/day
G. Temperature (winter)     VALUE     NALUE     NALUE       H. Temperature (winter)     VALUE     14.8     VALUE       I. pH     MINIMUM     7.26     VALUE       I. pH     MINIMUM     7.26     MXIN       3.0 PART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for each pollutant you word for any pollutant, you must provide the results for at least parameters not listed here in Part 3.0 C.     MAXIN       T. POLLUTANT     2. MARK "X"     A.MAXINUM PAILY VALUE       Minimuke     2. MARK "X"     A.MAXIN	VALUE		VALUE 12.6		4	MILLIONS OF GALLONS PER DAY (MGD)	LLONS PER DAY
H. Temperature (summer)     VALUE     14.8     VALUE       I. pH     MINIMUM 7.26     MAXIM       3.0 PART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for each pollutant you know or h Column 2A for any pollutant, you must provide the results for at least parameters not listed here in Part 3.0 C.     MAXIM       3.0 PART B – Mark "X"     2. MARK "X"     AMAXIMOM ON OR TO COLUMN 2A for an least parameters not listed here in Part 3.0 C.     MAXIM       AND CAS NUMBER (# available)     2. MARK "X"     A. MAXIMUM PAILY VALUE (# available)     MAXIM       AND CAS NUMBER (# available)     2. MARK "X"     A. MAXIMUM PAILY VALUE (# available)     MAXIM       AND CAS NUMBER (# available)     2. MARK "X"     A. MAXIMUM PAILY VALUE (# available)     MAXIMUM PAILY VALUE (# available)       AND CAS NUMBER (# available)     2. MARK "X"     A. MAXIMUM PAILY VALUE (# available)     A. MAXIMUM PAILY VALUE (# available)       A Alkalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )     P     A. MAXIMUM PAILY VALUE (# available)     A. MAXIMUM PAILY VALUE (* A Alkalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )     A. A	VALUE		VALUE 8.3		٢	a	ç
I. pH     MINIMUM     7.26       3.0 PART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for each pollutant you know or h Column 2A for any pollutant, you must provide the results for at least parameters not listed here in Part 3.0 C.     MAXIM       3.0 PART B – Mark "X"     a. maximum out to be the results for at least parameters not listed here in Part 3.0 C.     MAXIM       1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER (f available)     a. maximum part you must provide the results for at least least and concord maximum part you must provide the results for at least and concord present (f available)     A. MAXIMUM part you must provide the results for at least least and concord present and Non-Conventional Pollutants       A. Alkalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )     A. Alkalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )     A. MAXIMUM part you was been for and boll tants       B. Bromide     X     56*     10584*       D. Chlorine, Total Residual     X     <0.1	VALUE		VALUE 14		2	0	ç
3.0 PART B – Mark "X" in column 2A for each pollutant you know or h Column 2A for any pollutant, you must provide the results for at least parameters not listed here in Part 3.0 C. <b>a. Mark *X</b> <b>a. B. B. DoLLUTANT</b> <b>a. B. Bromide</b> <b>b. Ellevep</b> <b>b. Ellevep</b> <b>b. Chlorine, Total Residual</b> <b>b. Chlorine, Total Residual</b> <b>b. Chlorine, Total Residual</b> <b>b. Color</b> <b>c. Color</b>	MAXIMUM 8.26		AVERAGE		4	STANDARD UNITS (SU)	UNITS (SU)
T A. MAXIMUM DALLY V Concentration A. MAXIMUM DALLY V Centional Pollutants Aminum C189 56* 1058 56* 20.1 C18.5	lutant you know or have rear e results for at least one ana	son to believe is present lysis for the pollutant. Co	. Mark "X" in column 2B omplete one table for ea	tor each pollutant ach outfall (intake).	you believe Provide resi	to be absent. ults for additio	lf you mark nal
OLUTIANT System available)         A. MAXIMUM DAILY V A. MAXIMUM DAILY V RESENT           available)         A. ELLEVED         A. MAXIMUM DAILY V           available)         PELEVED         ELLEVED         A. MAXIMUM DAILY V           available)         A. ELLEVED         CONCENTRATION         A. MAXIMUM DAILY V           (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )         A. ELLEVED         CONCENTRATION         A. MAXIMUM DAILY V           (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )         A. ELLEVED         CONCENTRATION         A. MAXIMUM DAILY V           (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )         X         A. MAXIMUM         A. MAXIMUM           (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )         X         <1		3. VALUES	ES			4. UNITS	VITS
available)     RELEVED     RELEVED       - Conventional and Non-Conventional Pollutants       (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )     X       (CaCO <sub>3</sub> )     X       ()     X	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE	B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUES		C. LONG TERM AVERAGE VALUES	D. NO. OF	A. CONCEN-	SSVM a
- Conventional and Non-Conventional Pollutants       (cacco <sub>3</sub> )     X       mmmun     Mmmun       (x     <1	ENTRATION MASS	CONCENTRATION	MASS CONCENTRATION	N MASS	ANALYSES	TRATION	200
(CaCO <sub>3</sub> )         Minimute           i)         X         <1	Pollutants						
()         X         <1           ()         X         <1		Minimum	MINIMUM				
Chloride X 56* 887-00-6) X 56* Chlorine, Total Residual X <0.1	<189				-	l/gm	kg/day
Chlorine, Total Residual X <0.1	10584*				~	l/gm	kg/day
Color	<18.9				<b>x</b>	mg/l	kg/day
F. Conductivity							
F. Cyanide, Amenable to X							

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AND CAS NUMBER (if available)         a. BELIEVED PRESENT         a. BELIEVED ABSENT         a. MAXIMUM DALLY VALUE           (if available)         (if available)         ASSENT         ASSENT         ASSENT           Subpart 1 - Conventional and Non-Conventional Pollutants (Continued)         X         X         ASSENT		2. MARK "X"			3. VALUES	\$				4. UNITS	ITS
Subpart 1 – Conventional a G. E. coli		8	A. MAXIMUM	A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE	B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE	ų	C. LONG TERM	C. LONG TERM AVERAGE VALUE	D NO OF	A CONCEN	
Subpart 1 – Conventional a G. E. coli	PRESENT BEL AB	BELIEVED	CONCENTRATION	MASS	CONCENTRATION MASS	S	CONCENTRATION	MASS	ANALYSES	TRATION	B. MASS
G. E. coli	nd Non-C	onventi	onal Pollutants	(Continued)							
	×										
H. Fluoride (16984-48-8)	×										
I. Nitrate plus Nitrate (as N) X		V	<0.02	<3.8					~	mg/l	kg/day
J. Kjeldahl, Total (as N)	×										
K. Nitrogen, Total Organic X (as N)		V	<0.02	<3.8					-	mg/l	kg/day
L. Oil and Grease X		u)	5.2*	984*			<6	<289	4	l/gm	kg/day
M. Phenois, Total	×										
N. Phosphorus (as P), Total X (7723-14-0)		V	<0.1	<18.9					-	l/gm	kg/day
O. Sulfate (as SO <sup>4</sup> ) X (14808-79-8) X		-	16*	3028*					-	l/gm	kg/day
P. Sulfide (as S) X		V	<2.0	<379					-	mg/l	kg/day
Q. Sulfite (as SO <sup>3</sup> ) (14265-45-3)	×										
R. Surfactants	×										
S. Trihalomethanes, Total	×										
Subpart 2 – Metals											
1M. Aluminum, Total Recoverable (7429-90-5) X		4	4.6*	870.4*					~	l/gm	kg/day
2M. Antimony, Total Recoverable (7440-36-9)	×										8
3M. Arsenic, Total Recoverable (7440-38-2)	×										
4M. Barium, Total Recoverable X (7440-39-3)		0	0.079	15					*	mg/l	kg/day
5M. Beryllium, Total Recoverable (7440-41-7)	×					-					
6M. Boron, Total Recoverable X (7440-42-8)		0	0.026	4.9					~	mg/l	kg/day
7M. Cadmium, Total Recoverable (7440-43-9)	×										
8M. Chromium III Total Recoverable (16065-83-1)	×										
9M. Chromium VI, Dissolved (18540-29-9)	×										
10M. Cobalt, Total Recoverable (7440-48-4) X		V	<0.005	<0.95					~	mg/l	kg/day

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	2. MA	2. MARK "X"				3. VALUES				4. UNITS	WITS
1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER	A RELIEVED			A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE	B. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE	DAY VALUE	C. LONG TERM AVERAGE VALUE	FRAGE VALUE	D. NO. OF	_	D WACC
(if available)	PRESENT	ABSENT	CONCENTRATION	MASS	CONCENTRATION	MASS	CONCENTRATION	MASS	ANALYSES	TRATION	D. III 400
Subpart 2 – Metals (Continued)	finued)										
11M. Copper, Total Recoverable (7440-50-8)		×									
12M. Iron, Total Recoverable (7439-89-6)	×		5.1*	96.1*					1	l/gm	kg/day
13M. Lead, Total Recoverable (7439-92-1)		×									
14M. Magnesium, Total Recoverable (7439-95-4)	×		6.5	1230					-	l/gm	kg/day
15M. Manganese, Total Recoverable (7439-96-5)	×		0.17	32					-	l/gm	kg/day
16M. Mercury, Total Recoverable (7439-97-6)		×									
17M. Methylmercury (22967926)		×									
18M. Molybdenum, Total Recoverable (7439-98-7)	×		<0.1	<1.9					-	l/gm	kg/day
19M. Nickel, Total Recoverable (7440-02-0)		×									
20M. Selenium, Total Recoverable (7782-49-2)		×									
21M. Silver, Total Recoverable (7440-22-4)		×									
22M. Thallium, Total Recoverable (7440-28-0)		×									
23M. Tin, Total Recoverable (7440-31-5)		×									
24M. Titanium, Total Recoverable (7440-32-6)	×		0.0086	1.6					+	l/gm	kg/day
25M. Zinc, Total Recoverable (7440-66-6)		×									
Subpart 3 – Radioactivity	y										
1R. Alpha Total	×		9.0 -/+ 0.0	*					~	pCi/l	pCi/day
2R. Beta Total	×		1.7 +/- 0.6	**					-	pCi/l	pCi/day
3R. Radium Total	×		1.0	***					-	pCi/l	pCi/day
4R. Radium 226 plus 228 Total X	×		<0.1	****					1	pCi/l	pCi/day
				*170,325,000	*170,325,000 +/- 113,550,000						

\*\*321,725,000 +/- 113,550,000 \*\*\*189,250,000 \*\*\*\*<189,250,000

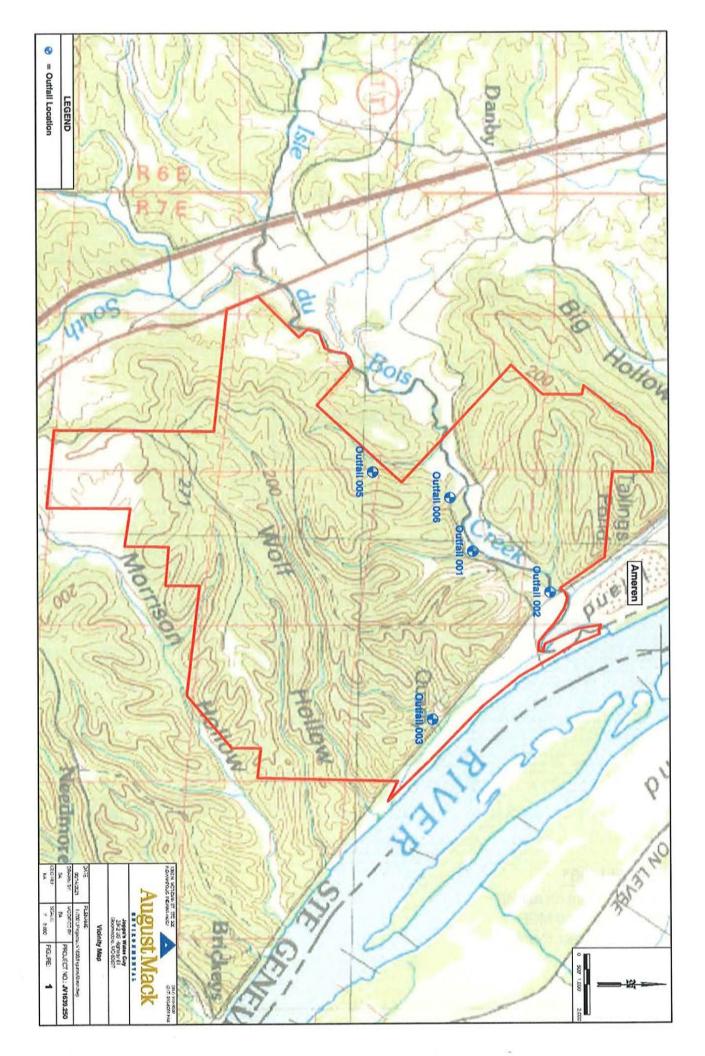
MO 780-1514 (02-19) Page 7 of 13

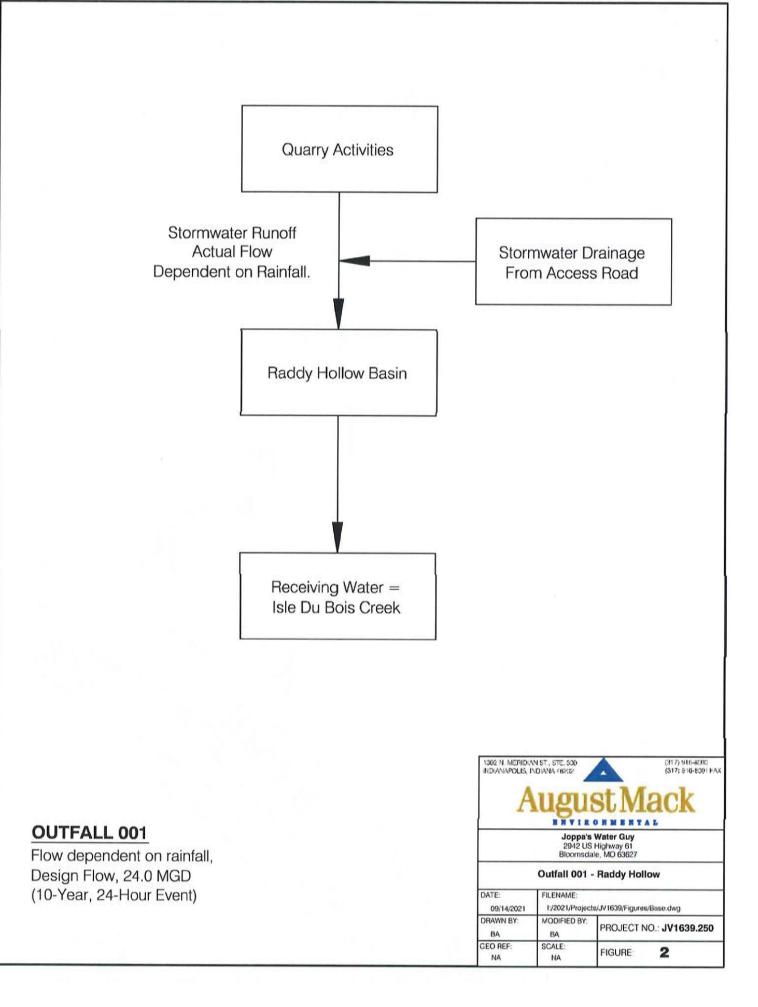
×

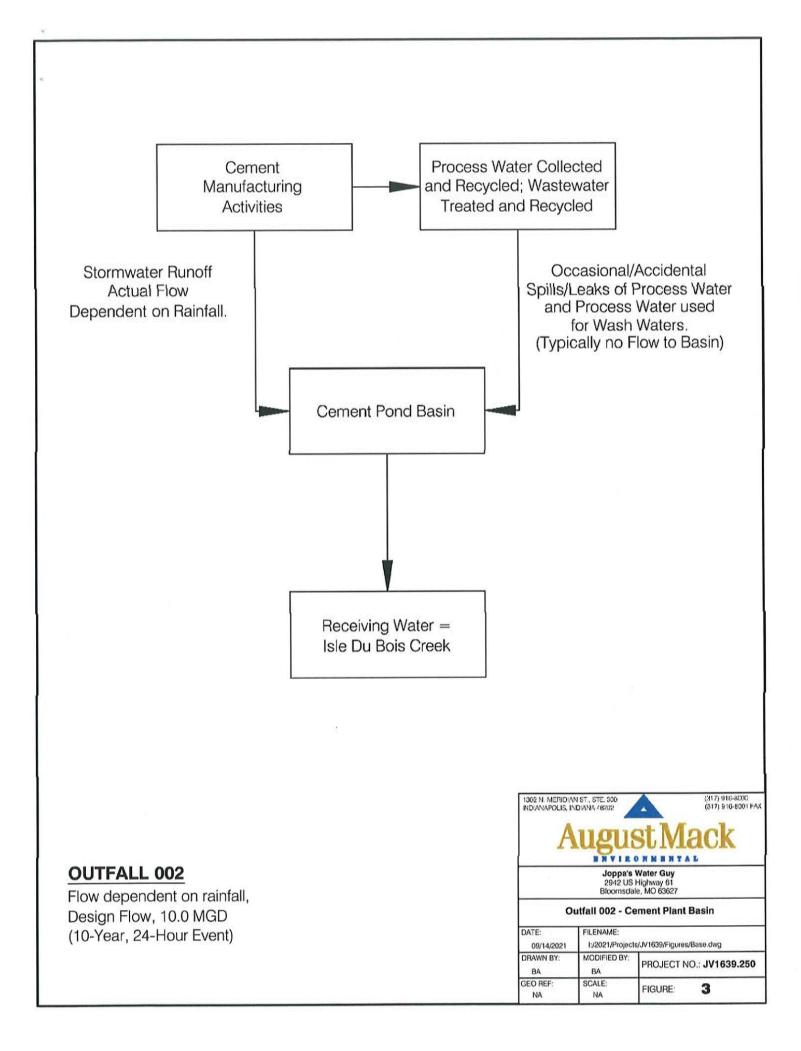
## ATTACHMENT B

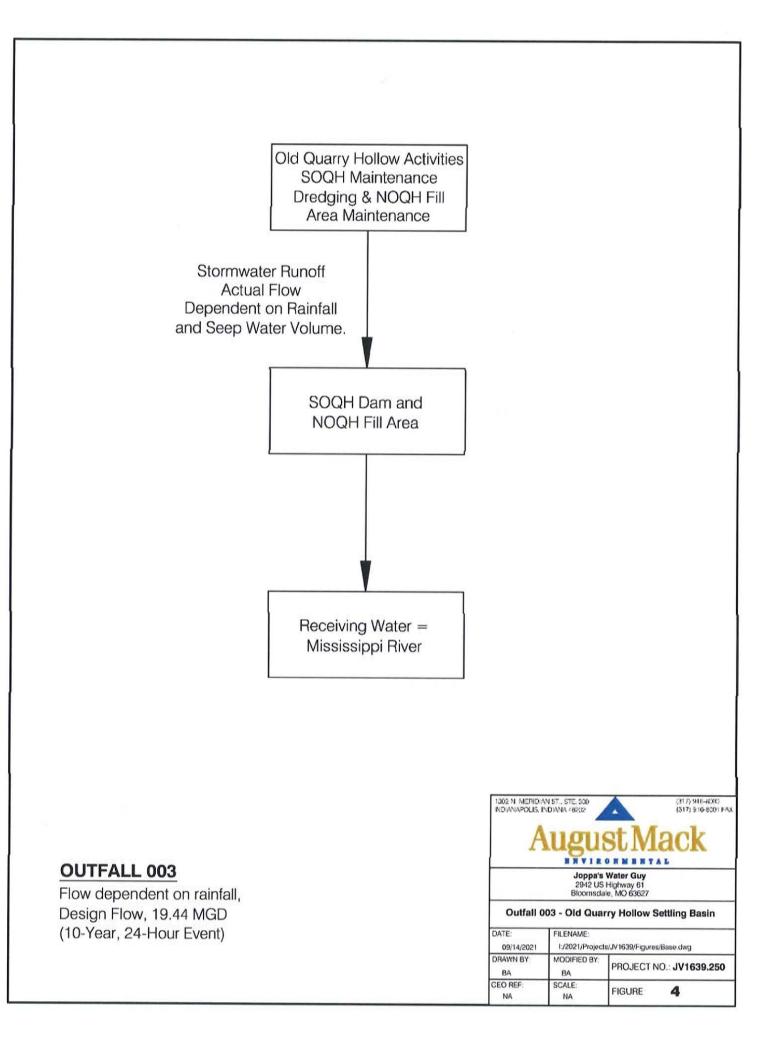
Figures

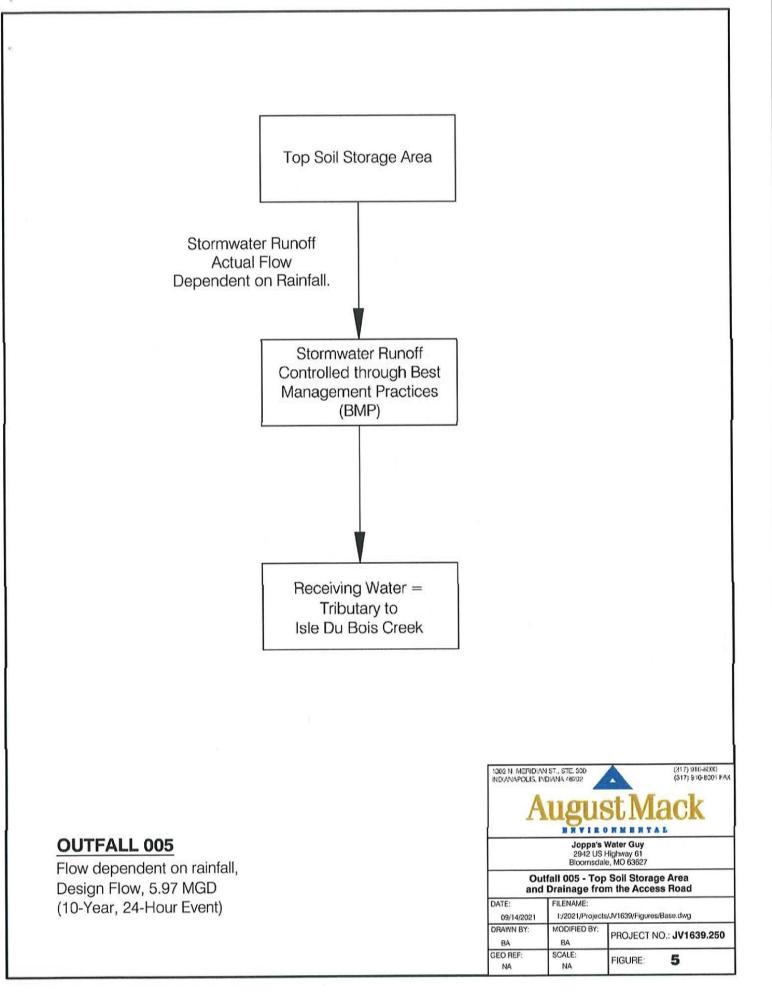
Figure 1 Site Plan with Outfall locations Figure 2: Outfall 001 Flow Diagram Figure 3: Outfall 002 Flow Diagram Figure 4: Outfall 003 Flow Diagram Figure 5: Outfall 005 Flow Diagram Figure 6: Outfall 006 Flow Diagram

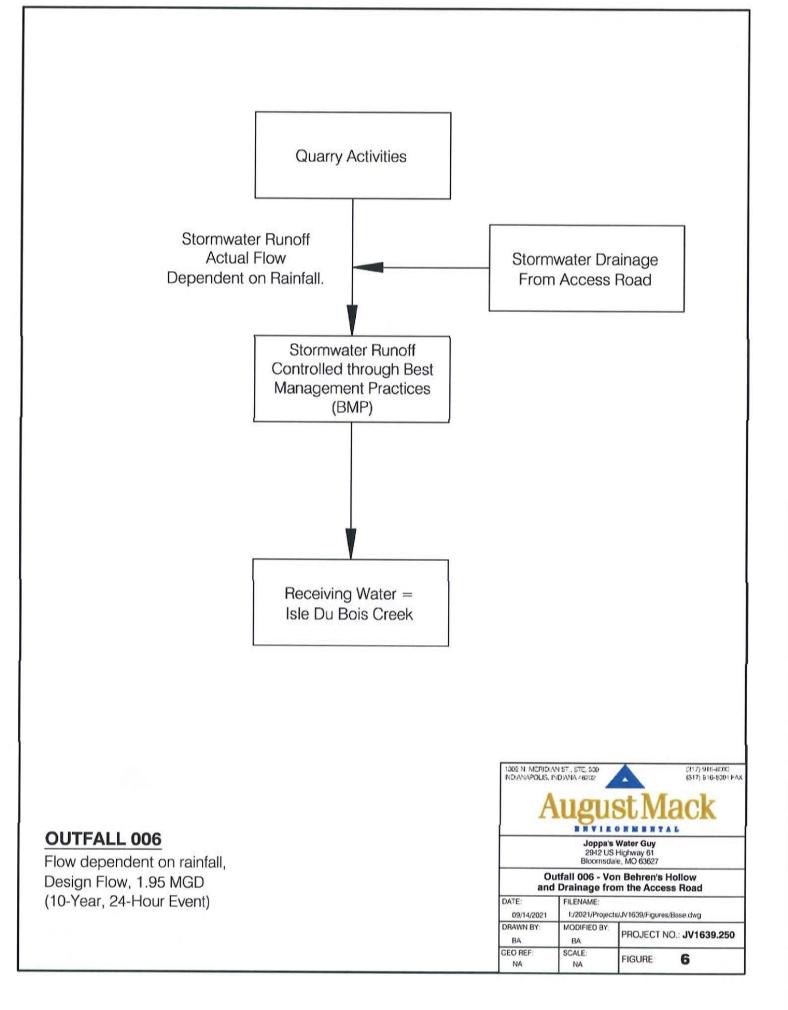






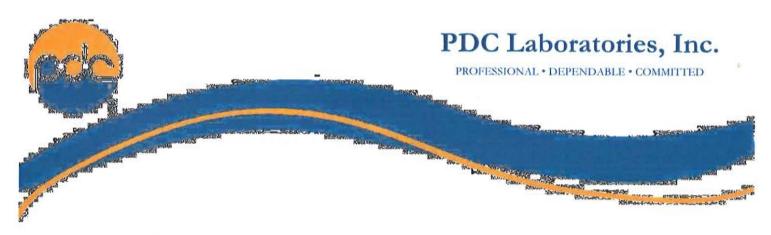






## ATTACHMENT C

# Sampling Analytical Results of the Past 3 Years



February 18, 2019

Marcus Genova Holcim (US) Inc. 2942 US Highway 61 Bloomsdale, MO 63627

Dear Marcus Genova:

Please find enclosed the analytical results for the sample(s) the laboratory received on 2/7/19 12:56 pm and logged in under work order 9021295. All testing is performed according to our current TNI certifications unless otherwise noted. This report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without the written permission of PDC Laboratories, Inc.

If you have any questions regarding your report, please contact your project manager. Quality and timely data is of the utmost importance to us.

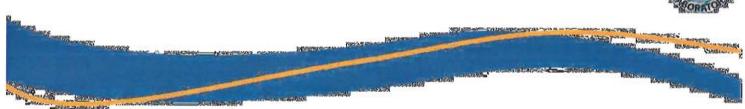
PDC Laboratories, Inc. appreciates the opportunity to provide you with analytical expertise. We are always trying to improve our customer service and we welcome you to contact the Director of Client Services, Lisa Grant with any feedback you have about your experience with our laboratory.

Sincerely,

Luis & Shart

Lisa Grant Director of Client Services (309) 692-9688 x1764 Igrant@pdclab.com







## ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Sample: 9021295-01 Name: Outfall 001 Matrix: Storm Water - Grab					Sampled: Received: PO #:	02/07/19 0 02/07/19 1 450113545	2:56	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Analyzed	Analyst	Method	
Anions - STL								
Chloride	88	mg/L		02/07/19 14:00	02/07/19 20:58	SCI	EPA 300.0	
Sulfate	180	mg/L		02/07/19 14:00	02/07/19 20:58	SCI	EPA 300.0	
Field - STL								
н	8.12	pH Units		02/07/19 08:50	02/07/19 08:50	AFH	SM*	
General Chemistry - STL								
Field Flow	400000	GPD		02/07/19 08:50	02/07/19 08:50	AFH	varies*	
Dil & Grease - total	< 5.3	mg/L		02/13/19 08:07	02/13/19 08:07	JS	EPA 1664	
Solids - settleable solids (SS)	<0.1	mL/L		02/07/19 13:46	02/07/19 13:46	hyy	SM 2540F*	
Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	40	mg/L		02/11/19 08:12	02/11/19 09:50	SJRP	SM 2540D	
Total Metals - STL								
Iron	440	ug/L		02/08/19 15:16	02/11/19 16:16	WPS	EPA 200.7	
Selenium	< 10	ug/L		02/08/19 15:16	02/11/19 16:16	WPS	EPA 200.7	
Sample: 9021295-02					Sampled:	02/06/19 1	11:25	
oumpier commerce on						02/07/19 1	0.50	
Name: Outfall 002					Received:	02/07/19	12:56	
Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Water - Grab					PO #:	45011354		
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared			51	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	PO #:	45011354	51	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL	-		Qualifier	Prepared	PO #:	45011354	51	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL Chloride	<b>Result</b> < 10 110	Unit mg/L mg/L	Qualifier		PO #: Analyzed	45011354 Analyst	51 Method	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate	< 10	mg/L	Qualifier	02/07/19 14:00	PO #: Analyzed	45011354 Analyst SCI	51 Method EPA 300.0	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Field - STL	< 10	mg/L	Qualifier	02/07/19 14:00	PO #: Analyzed	45011354 Analyst SCI	51 Method EPA 300.0	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Field - STL pH	< 10 110	mg/L mg/L	Qualifier	02/07/19 14:00 02/07/19 14:00	PO #: Analyzed 02/07/19 21:13 02/07/19 21:13	45011354 Analyst SCI SCI	51 Method EPA 300.0 EPA 300.0	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Field - STL pH General Chemistry - STL	< 10 110	mg/L mg/L	Qualifier	02/07/19 14:00 02/07/19 14:00	PO #: Analyzed 02/07/19 21:13 02/07/19 21:13	45011354 Analyst SCI SCI	51 Method EPA 300.0 EPA 300.0	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Field - STL pH General Chemistry - STL Field Flow	< 10 110 7.63	mg/L mg/L pH Units	Qualifier	02/07/19 14:00 02/07/19 14:00 02/06/19 11:25	PO #: Analyzed 02/07/19 21:13 02/07/19 21:13 02/06/19 11:25	45011354 Analyst SCI SCI AFH	51 Method EPA 300.0 EPA 300.0 SM*	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Field - STL pH General Chemistry - STL Field Flow Oil & Grease - total	< 10 110 7.63 200000	mg/L mg/L pH Units GPD	Qualifier	02/07/19 14:00 02/07/19 14:00 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 11:25	PO #: Analyzed 02/07/19 21:13 02/07/19 21:13 02/06/19 11:25	45011354 Analyst SCI SCI AFH AFH	51 Method EPA 300.0 EPA 300.0 SM* varies*	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Field - STL pH General Chemistry - STL Field Flow Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids (SS)	< 10 110 7.63 200000 < 5.9	mg/L mg/L pH Units GPD mg/L	Qualifier	02/07/19 14:00 02/07/19 14:00 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 11:25 02/13/19 08:07	PO #: Analyzed 02/07/19 21:13 02/07/19 21:13 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 11:25 02/13/19 08:07	45011354 Analyst SCI SCI AFH AFH JS	51 Method EPA 300.0 EPA 300.0 SM* varies* EPA 1664	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Field - STL pH General Chemistry - STL Field Flow Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids (SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	< 10 110 7.63 200000 < 5.9 <0.1	mg/L mg/L pH Units GPD mg/L mL/L	Qualifier	02/07/19 14:00 02/07/19 14:00 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 11:25 02/13/19 08:07 02/07/19 13:46	PO #: Analyzed 02/07/19 21:13 02/07/19 21:13 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 11:25 02/13/19 08:07 02/07/19 13:46	45011354 Analyst SCI SCI AFH JS hyy	51 Method EPA 300.0 EPA 300.0 SM* varies* EPA 1664 SM 2540F*	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Field - STL pH General Chemistry - STL Field Flow Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids (SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS) Total Metals - STL	< 10 110 7.63 200000 < 5.9 <0.1	mg/L mg/L pH Units GPD mg/L mL/L	Qualifier	02/07/19 14:00 02/07/19 14:00 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 11:25 02/13/19 08:07 02/07/19 13:46	PO #: Analyzed 02/07/19 21:13 02/07/19 21:13 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 11:25 02/13/19 08:07 02/07/19 13:46	45011354 Analyst SCI SCI AFH JS hyy	51 Method EPA 300.0 EPA 300.0 SM* varies* EPA 1664 SM 2540F*	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Field - STL pH General Chemistry - STL Field Flow Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids (SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS) Total Metals - STL	< 10 110 7.63 200000 < 5.9 <0.1 8.8	mg/L mg/L pH Units GPD mg/L mL/L mg/L		02/07/19 14:00 02/07/19 14:00 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 11:25 02/13/19 08:07 02/07/19 13:46 02/08/19 08:04	PO #: Analyzed 02/07/19 21:13 02/07/19 21:13 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 13:46 02/08/19 09:04	45011354 Analyst SCI SCI AFH JS hyy SJRP	51 Method EPA 300.0 EPA 300.0 SM* varies* EPA 1664 SM 2540F* SM 2540D	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Field - STL pH General Chemistry - STL Field Flow Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids (SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS) Total Metals - STL Aluminum Copper	< 10 110 7.63 200000 < 5.9 <0.1 8.8 790	mg/L mg/L pH Units GPD mg/L mL/L mg/L		02/07/19 14:00 02/07/19 14:00 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 11:25 02/13/19 08:07 02/07/19 13:46 02/08/19 08:04 02/08/19 15:16	PO #: Analyzed 02/07/19 21:13 02/07/19 21:13 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 11:25 02/13/19 08:07 02/07/19 13:46 02/08/19 09:04 02/11/19 16:19	45011354 Analyst SCI SCI AFH JS hyy SJRP	51 Method EPA 300.0 EPA 300.0 SM* varies* EPA 1664 SM 2540F* SM 2540D EPA 200.7*	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Field - STL pH General Chemistry - STL Field Flow Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids (SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS) Total Metals - STL Aluminum	< 10 110 7.63 200000 < 5.9 <0.1 8.8 790 4.5	mg/L mg/L pH Units GPD mg/L mL/L mg/L ug/L ug/L		02/07/19 14:00 02/07/19 14:00 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 11:25 02/13/19 08:07 02/07/19 13:46 02/08/19 08:04 02/08/19 15:16	PO #: Analyzed 02/07/19 21:13 02/07/19 21:13 02/06/19 11:25 02/06/19 11:25 02/13/19 08:07 02/07/19 13:46 02/08/19 09:04 02/08/19 09:04	45011354 Analyst SCI SCI AFH JS hyy SJRP WPS WPS	51 Method EPA 300.0 EPA 300.0 SM* varies* EPA 1664 SM 2540F* SM 2540D EPA 200.7* EPA 200.7	



## PDC Laboratories, Inc. 2231 West Altorfer Drive Peoria, IL 61615 (800) 752-6651

## ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Sample: 9021295-03 Name: Outfall 003 Matrix: Storm Water - Grab					Sampled: Received: PO #:	02/07/19 0 02/07/19 45011354	12:56
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
Anions - STL							
Chloride	75	mg/L		02/07/19 14:00	02/07/19 21:29	SCI	EPA 300.0
Sulfate	8.1	mg/L		02/08/19 09:15	02/08/19 10:24	SCI	EPA 300.0
Field - STL							
pH	8.71	pH Units		02/07/19 09:45	02/07/19 09:45	AFH	SM*
<u> General Chemistry - STL</u>							
Field Flow	100000	GPD		02/07/19 09:45	02/07/19 09:45	AFH	varies*
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.4	mg/L		02/13/19 08:07	02/13/19 08:07	JS	EPA 1664
Solids - settleable solids (SS)	<0.1	mL/L		02/07/19 13:46	02/07/19 13:46	hyy	SM 2540F*
Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	120	mg/L		02/11/19 08:12	02/11/19 09:50	SJRP	SM 2540D
<u> Total Metals - STL</u>							
Aluminum	1300	ug/L	B2	02/08/19 15:16	02/11/19 16:21	WPS	EPA 200.7*
Copper	2.0	ug/L		02/08/19 15:16	02/11/19 16:21	WPS	EPA 200.7
ron	1200	ug/L		02/08/19 15:16	02/11/19 16:21	WPS	EPA 200.7
Selenium	< 10	ug/L		02/08/19 15:16	02/11/19 16:21	WPS	EPA 200.7
Thallium	< 20	ug/L		02/08/19 15:16	02/11/19 16:21	WPS	EPA 200.7



## PDC Laboratories, Inc. 2231 West Altorfer Drive Peoria, IL 61615 (800) 752-6651

## ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Sample: 9021295-04 Name: Outfall 005 Matrix: Storm Water - Grab					Sampled: Received: PO #:		2:56
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
Anions - STL							
Chloride	56	mg/L		02/07/19 14:00	02/07/19 21:45	SCI	EPA 300.0
Sulfate	< 0.50	mg/L		02/08/19 08:00	02/08/19 08:18	SCI	EPA 300.0
Field - STL							
н	8,65	pH Units		02/07/19 09:10	02/07/19 09:10	AFH	SM*
<u> General Chemistry - STL</u>							
Field Flow	100000	GPD		02/07/19 09:10	02/07/19 09:10	AFH	varies*
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.0	mg/L		02/13/19 08:07	02/13/19 08:07	JS	EPA 1664
Solids - settleable solids (SS)	<0.1	mL/L		02/07/19 13:46	02/07/19 13:46	hyy	SM 2540F*
Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	11	mg/L		02/11/19 08:12	02/11/19 09:50	SJRP	SM 2540D
Total Metals - STL							
Aluminum	4600	ug/L	B2	02/08/19 15:16	02/11/19 16:23	WPS	EPA 200.7*
Copper	5.3	ug/L		02/08/19 15:16	02/11/19 16:23	WPS	EPA 200.7
ron	5100	ug/L		02/08/19 15:16	02/11/19 16:23	WPS	EPA 200.7
Selenium	< 10	ug/L		02/08/19 15:16	02/11/19 16:23	WPS	EPA 200.7
Thallium	< 20	ug/L		02/08/19 15:16	02/11/19 16:23	WPS	EPA 200.7

1



## NOTES

Specific method revisions used for analysis are available upon request.

### Certifications

CHI - McHenry, IL

TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water, Wastewater, Hazardous and Solid Wastes Fields of Testing through IL EPA Lab No. 100279 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacteriological Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17556

PIA - Peoria, IL

TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water, Wastewater, Hazardous and Solid Wastes Fields of Testing through IL EPA Lab No. 100230 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacteriological Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17553 Missouri Department of Natural Resources Certificate of Approval for Microbiological Laboratory Service No. 870 Drinking Water Certifications: Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338); Missouri (870) Wastewater Certifications: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338) Hazardous/Solid Waste Certifications: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338)

SPIL - Springfield, IL

NELAP/NELAC accredidation through the Illinois EPA, PAS IL 100323

SPMO - Springfield, MO **USEPA DMR-QA Program** 

STL - St. Louis, MO

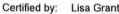
TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Hazardous and Solid Wastes Fields of Testing through KS Lab No. E-10389 Accreditation of Laboratories for Wastewater, Hazardous, and Solid Waste Analysis through IL EPA No. 200080 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacteriological Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 171050 Drinking Water Certifications: Missouri (1050) Missouri Department of Natural Resources

\* Not a TNI accredited analyte

## Qualifiers

**B2** Contamination does not impact data since sample result is greater than ten times the contamination level found in the blank.

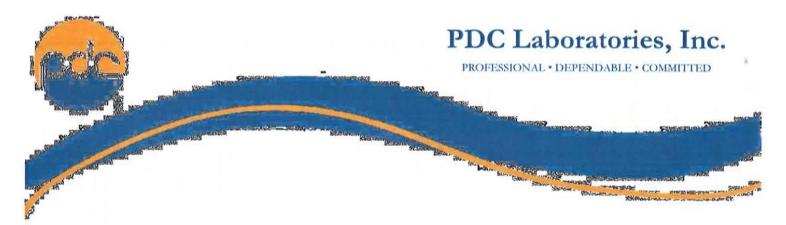
Lie Schart



Lisa Grant, Director of Client Services



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April 15, 2019

Marcus Genova Holcim (US) Inc. 2942 US Highway 61 Bloomsdale, MO 63627

Dear Marcus Genova:

Please find enclosed the analytical results for the sample(s) the laboratory received on 4/5/19 1:15 pm and logged in under work order 9041594. All testing is performed according to our current TNI certifications unless otherwise noted. This report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without the written permission of PDC Laboratories, Inc.

If you have any questions regarding your report, please contact your project manager. Quality and timely data is of the utmost importance to us.

PDC Laboratories, Inc. appreciates the opportunity to provide you with analytical expertise. We are always trying to improve our customer service and we welcome you to contact the Director of Client Services, Lisa Grant with any feedback you have about your experience with our laboratory.

Sincerely,

Climen gr of lows

Amy Holmes Project Manager (314) 595-7336 aholmes@pdclab.com





PDC Laboratories, Inc. 3278 North Highway 67 Florissant, MO 63033 (800) 333-3278

## ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Sample: 9041594-01					Sampled:		
Name: Outfall 001					Received: PO #:		
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab							
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
Anions - STL							
Chloride	8.4	mg/L		04/09/19 18:18	04/10/19 08:14	SCI	EPA 300.0
Sulfate	36	mg/L	Q3	04/04/19 15:00	04/04/19 15:00	SCI	EPA 300.0
<u> General Chemistry - STL</u>							
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.9	mg/L		04/11/19 13:26	04/11/19 13:26	kam	EPA 1664
Solids - settleable solids (SS)	<0.1	mL/L		04/05/19 14:46	04/05/19 14:46	SCI	SM 2540F*
Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	22	mg/L		04/11/19 08:20	04/11/19 12:15	SJP	SM 2540D
Total Metals - STL							
Iron	32	ug/L		04/12/19 10:54	04/15/19 12:13	WPS	EPA 200.7
Selenium	< 10	ug/L		04/08/19 09:13	04/09/19 13:36	WPS	EPA 200.7
Sample: 9041594-02					Sampled:	04/04/19 09:10	
Name: Outfall 002					<b>Received:</b>	04/05/19 13:15	
Matrix: Storm Water - Grab					PO #:	45011354	51
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
General Chemistry - STL							
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.4	mg/L		04/11/19 13:26	04/11/19 13:26	kam	EPA 1664
Solids - settleable solids (SS)	<0.1	mL/L		04/05/19 14:46	04/05/19 14:46	SCI	SM 2540F*
Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	10	mg/L		04/11/19 08:20	04/11/19 12:15	SJP	SM 2540D
Total Metals - STL							
Aluminum	340	ug/L		04/08/19 09:13	04/09/19 13:38	WPS	EPA 200.7*
Iron	210	ug/L		04/12/19 10:54	04/15/19 12:32	WPS	EPA 200.7
Selenium	< 10	ug/L		04/08/19 09:13	04/09/19 13:38	WPS	EPA 200.7
		ug/L			04/09/19 13:38	WPS	EPA 200.7



## PDC Laboratories, Inc. 3278 North Highway 67 Florissant, MO 63033 (800) 333-3278

## ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Sample: 9041594-03 Name: Outfall 005 Matrix: Storm Water - Grab					Sampled: Received: PO #:		
'arameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
eneral Chemistry - STL							
il & Grease - total	< 5.2	mg/L	04	/11/19 13:26	04/11/19 13:26	kam	EPA 1664
olids - settleable solids (SS)	<0.1	mL/L	04	/05/19 14:46	04/05/19 14:46	SCI	SM 2540F*
olids - total suspended solids (TSS)	36	mg/L	04	/11/19 08:20	04/11/19 12:15	SJP	SM 2540D
otal Metals - STL							
luminum	3900	ug/L	04	/08/19 09:13	04/09/19 13:44	WPS	EPA 200.7*
n	4100	ug/L	04	/12/19 10:54	04/15/19 12:34	WPS	EPA 200.7
əlenium	< 10	ug/L	04	/08/19 09:13	04/09/19 13:44	WPS	EPA 200.7
hallium	< 20	ug/L	04/	08/19 09:13	04/09/19 13:44	WPS	EPA 200.7



## NOTES

Specific method revisions used for analysis are available upon request.

### Certifications

CHI - McHenry, IL

TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water, Wastewater, Hazardous and Solid Wastes Fields of Testing through IL EPA Lab No. 100279 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacteriological Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17556

PIA - Peoria, IL

TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water, Wastewater, Hazardous and Solid Wastes Fields of Testing through IL EPA Lab No. 100230 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacteriological Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17553 Missouri Department of Natural Resources Certificate of Approval for Microbiological Laboratory Service No. 870 Drinking Water Certifications: Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338); Missouri (870) Wastewater Certifications: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338) Hazardous/Solid Waste Certifications: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338)

SPIL - Springfield, IL

NELAP/NELAC accredidation through the Illinois EPA, PAS IL 100323

SPMO - Springfield, MO **USEPA DMR-QA Program** 

STL - St. Louis, MO

TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Hazardous and Solid Wastes Fields of Testing through KS Lab No. E-10389 Accreditation of Laboratories for Wastewater, Hazardous, and Solid Waste Analysis through IL EPA No. 200080 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacteriological Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 171050 Drinking Water Certifications: Missouri (1050) Missouri Department of Natural Resources

\* Not a TNI accredited analyte

### Qualifiers

Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate both failed % recovery acceptance limits. The associated blank spike recovery was acceptable. Q3

ames F. Holmos



Certified by: Amy Holmes, Project Manager

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# PDC Laboratories, Inc.

PROFESSIONAL • DEPENDABLE • COMMITTED

August 07, 2019

Marcus Genova Holcim (US) Inc. 2942 US Highway 61 Bloomsdale, MO 63627

Dear Marcus Genova:

Please find enclosed the **revised** analytical results for the **3** sample(s) the laboratory received on **7/16/19 1:30 pm** and logged in under work order **9073267**. All testing is performed according to our current TNI accreditations unless otherwise noted. This report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without the written permission of PDC Laboratories, lnc.

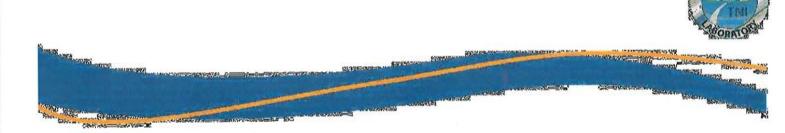
If you have any questions regarding your report, please contact your project manager. Quality and timely data is of the utmost importance to us.

PDC Laboratories, Inc. appreciates the opportunity to provide you with analytical expertise. We are always trying to improve our customer service and we welcome you to contact the Director of Client Services, Lisa Grant, with any feedback you have about your experience with our laboratory at 309-683-1764 or Igrant@pdclab.com.

Sincerely,

Tan and a star

Scott Wickman Project Manager (309) 692-9688 x1724 swickman@pdclab.com





Name: Outfall 001 Matrix: Storm Wate	<b>l</b> er - Grab						Sampled: 07/15/ Received: 07/16/ PO #: 45012	19 13:30	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
Anions - PIA									
Chloride	47	mg/L		07/22/19 22:19	25	25	07/22/19 22:19	mgu	EPA 300.0
Sulfate	220	mg/L		07/22/19 22:19	25	25	07/22/19 22:19	mgu	EPA 300.0
Field - STL									
рН	7.79	pH Units		07/15/19 10:45	1		07/15/19 10:45	MLA	SM*
<u> General Chemistry - STL</u>									
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.1	mg/L		07/26/19 08:57	1.012146	5,1	07/26/19 11:24	NDM	EPA 1664
Solids - settleable solids	<0.1	mL/L		07/16/19 14:02	1	0.10	07/16/19 15:02	SCI	SM 2540F*
(SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	16	mg/L		07/16/19 15:09	1	4.0	07/16/19 16:29	cmk	SM 2540D
<u> Fotal Metals - STL</u>									
									12230-2229-22
ron	530	ug/L		07/18/19 09:30	1	10	07/22/19 07:28	WPS	EPA 200.7
Iron Selenium Sample: 9073267-02	< 10	ug/L ug/L		07/18/19 09:30 07/18/19 09:30	1	10 10	07/22/19 07:28 07/19/19 17:21 Sampled: 07/15/1	WPS	EPA 200.7 EPA 200.7
Selenium	< 10 er - Grab	ug/L	Qualifier	07/18/19 09:30	1	10	07/19/19 17:21 Sampled: 07/15/1 Received: 07/16/1 PO #: 450126	WPS 19 10:15 19 13:30 50711	EPA 200.7
Selenium Sample: 9073267-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate	< 10		Qualifier				07/19/19 17:21 Sampled: 07/15/1 Received: 07/16/1	WPS 19 10:15 19 13:30	
Selenium Sample: 9073267-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter	< 10 er - Grab	ug/L	Qualifier	07/18/19 09:30	1	10	07/19/19 17:21 Sampled: 07/15/1 Received: 07/16/1 PO #: 450126	WPS 19 10:15 19 13:30 50711	EPA 200.7
Selenium Sample: 9073267-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter	< 10 er - Grab	ug/L	Qualifier	07/18/19 09:30	1	10	07/19/19 17:21 Sampled: 07/15/1 Received: 07/16/1 PO #: 450126	WPS 19 10:15 19 13:30 50711	EPA 200.7
Selenium Sample: 9073267-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Field - STL	< 10 er - Grab Result	ug/L Unit	Qualifier	07/18/19 09:30 Prepared	1 Dilution	10	07/19/19 17:21 Sampled: 07/15/1 Received: 07/16/1 PO #: 450126 Analyzed	WPS 19 10:15 19 13:30 50711 Analyst	EPA 200.7 Method
Selenium Sample: 9073267-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Field - STL OH General Chemistry - STL	< 10 er - Grab Result	ug/L Unit	Qualifier	07/18/19 09:30 Prepared	1 Dilution	10	07/19/19 17:21 Sampled: 07/15/1 Received: 07/16/1 PO #: 450126 Analyzed	WPS 19 10:15 19 13:30 50711 Analyst	EPA 200.7 Method
Selenium Sample: 9073267-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Seled - STL Selection - STL Selection - STL Selection - STL Selids - Settleable solids	< 10 er - Grab Result 8.30	ug/L Unit	Qualifier	07/18/19 09:30 Prepared 07/15/19 10:15	1 Dilution	10 MRL	07/19/19 17:21 Sampled: 07/15/1 Received: 07/16/1 PO #: 450126 Analyzed 07/15/19 10:15	WPS 19 10:15 19 13:30 50711 Analyst MLA	EPA 200.7 Method SM*
Selenium Sample: 9073267-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Seled - STL OH General Chemistry - STL Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids SS) Solids - total suspended	< 10 er - Grab Result 8.30 < 5.3	ug/L Unit pH Units mg/L	Qualifier	07/18/19 09:30 Prepared 07/15/19 10:15 07/26/19 08:57	1 Dilution 1 1.069519	10 MRL 5.3	07/19/19 17:21 Sampled: 07/15/1 Received: 07/16/1 PO #: 450126 Analyzed 07/15/19 10:15 07/26/19 11:37	WPS 19 10:15 19 13:30 50711 Analyst MLA NDM	EPA 200.7 Method SM* EPA 1664
Selenium Sample: 9073267-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Field - STL OH General Chemistry - STL OH & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	< 10 er - Grab Result 8.30 < 5.3 <0.1	ug/L Unit pH Units mg/L mL/L	Qualifier	07/18/19 09:30 Prepared 07/15/19 10:15 07/26/19 08:57 07/16/19 14:02	1 Dilution 1 1.069519 1	10 MRL 5.3 0.10	07/19/19 17:21 Sampled: 07/15/7 Received: 07/16/7 PO #: 450126 Analyzed 07/15/19 10:15 07/26/19 11:37 07/16/19 15:02	WPS 19 10:15 19 13:30 50711 Analyst MLA NDM SCI	EPA 200.7 Method SM* EPA 1664 SM 2540F*
Selenium Sample: 9073267-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Seled - STL OH General Chemistry - STL Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS) Fotal Metals - STL	< 10 er - Grab Result 8.30 < 5.3 <0.1	ug/L Unit pH Units mg/L mL/L	Qualifier	07/18/19 09:30 Prepared 07/15/19 10:15 07/26/19 08:57 07/16/19 14:02	1 Dilution 1 1.069519 1	10 MRL 5.3 0.10	07/19/19 17:21 Sampled: 07/15/7 Received: 07/16/7 PO #: 450126 Analyzed 07/15/19 10:15 07/26/19 11:37 07/16/19 15:02	WPS 19 10:15 19 13:30 50711 Analyst MLA NDM SCI	EPA 200.7 Method SM* EPA 1664 SM 2540F*
Selenium Sample: 9073267-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Field - STL OH General Chemistry - STL OII & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids SS) Solids - total suspended solids - total suspended solids (TSS) Fotal Metals - STL	< 10 er - Grab Result 8.30 < 5.3 < 0.1 14	ug/L Unit pH Units mg/L mL/L mg/L	Qualifier	07/18/19 09:30 Prepared 07/15/19 10:15 07/26/19 08:57 07/16/19 14:02 07/16/19 15:09	1 Dilution 1 1.069519 1 1	10 MRL 5.3 0.10 4.0	07/19/19 17:21 Sampled: 07/15/7 Received: 07/16/7 PO #: 450126 Analyzed 07/15/19 10:15 07/26/19 11:37 07/16/19 15:02 07/16/19 16:29	WPS 19 10:15 19 13:30 50711 Analyst MLA NDM SCI cmk	EPA 200.7 Method SM* EPA 1664 SM 2540F* SM 2540D
Selenium Sample: 9073267-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate	< 10 er - Grab Result 8.30 < 5.3 <0.1 14 470	ug/L Unit pH Units mg/L mg/L ug/L	Qualifier	07/18/19 09:30 Prepared 07/15/19 10:15 07/26/19 08:57 07/16/19 14:02 07/16/19 15:09 07/18/19 09:30	1 Dilution 1 1.069519 1 1 1	10 MRL 5.3 0.10 4.0 15	07/19/19 17:21 Sampled: 07/15/7 Received: 07/16/7 PO #: 450126 Analyzed 07/15/19 10:15 07/26/19 11:37 07/16/19 15:02 07/16/19 16:29 07/19/19 17:23	WPS 19 10:15 19 13:30 50711 Analyst MLA NDM SCI cmk WPS	EPA 200.7 Method SM* EPA 1664 SM 2540F* SM 2540D EPA 200.7*



Sample: 9073267-0 Name: Outfall 005 Matrix: Storm Wat							19 10:25 19 13:30 50711	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
Field - STL								
рH	7,96	pH Units	07/15/19 10:25	1		07/15/19 10:25	MLA	SM*
General Chemistry - STL								
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.4	mg/L	07/26/19 08:57	1.072961	5.4	07/26/19 11:37	NDM	EPA 1664
Solids - settleable solids	<0.1	mL/L	07/16/19 14:02	1	0.10	07/16/19 15:02	SCI	SM 2540F*
(SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	56	mg/L	07/16/19 15:09	1	4.0	07/16/19 16:29	cmk	SM 2540D
Total Metals - STL								
Aluminum	1100	ug/L	07/18/19 09:30	1	15	07/19/19 17:29	WPS	EPA 200.7*
Iron	1200	ug/L	07/18/19 09:30	1	10	07/22/19 07:33	WPS	EPA 200.7
Selenium	< 10	ug/L	07/18/19 09:30	1	10	07/19/19 17:29	WPS	EPA 200.7
Thallium	< 20	ug/L	07/18/19 09:30	1	20	07/19/19 17:29	WPS	EPA 200.7



# NOTES

Specific method revisions used for analysis are available upon request.

#### Memos

Revised - Corrected the pH of outfall 002 to match the COC which reads 8.3.

#### **Certifications**

- CHI McHenry, IL 4314 W Crystal Lake Road A, McHenry, IL 60050 TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water, Wastewater, Fields of Testing through IL EPA Lab No. 100279 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacteriological Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17556
- PIA Peoria, IL 2231 W Altorfer Drive, Peoria, IL 61615
   TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water, Wastewater, Hazardous and Solid Wastes Fields of Testing through IL EPA Lab No. 100230
   Illinois Department of Public Health Bacteriological Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17553
   Drinking Water Certifications: Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338); Missouri (870)
   Wastewater Certifications: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338)
   Hazardous/Solid Waste Certifications: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338)
- SPIL Springfield, IL 1210 Capitol Airport Drive, Springfield, IL 62707 TNI Accreditation through IL EPA Lab No. 100323
- SPMO Springfield, MO 1805 W Sunset Street, Springfield, MO 65807 USEPA DMR-QA Program
- STL St. Louis, MO 3278 N Highway 67, Florissant, MO 63033
   TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Hazardous and Solid Wastes Fields of Testing through KS Lab No. E-10389
   TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Hazardous, and Solid Waste Analysis through IL EPA No. 200080
   Illinois Department of Public Health Bacteriological Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 171050
   Missouri Department of Natural Resources
   Microbiological Laboratory Service for Drinking Water



Certified by: Scott Wickman, Project Manager

Florissant, MO 63033	10	Fax (314	Fax (314) 432-4977			(Instructions'Sa	(Instructions/Sample Accorptance Policy on Reverse)	r on Reverse)
(a) www.pdclab.com	ALI	ALL SHADED AREAS MUST BE COMPLETED BY CLIENT (PLEASE PRINT)	IST BE COMPLE	ETED BY (	LIENT (PLEAS	E PRINT)		1000
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# SUBCONTRACT ORDER Transfer Chain of Custody

PDC Laboratories, Inc.

9073267

#### SENDING LABORATORY

PDC Laboratories, Inc. 3278 N Highway 67 Florissant, MO 63033 (800) 333-3278

# **RECEIVING LABORATORY**

1

PDC Laboratories, Inc. 2231 W Altorfer Dr Peoria, IL 61615 (309) 692-9688

Sample: 9073267-01 Name: Outfall 001			Sampled: 07/15/19 10 Matrix: Storm Wate Preservative: Cool <6	
Analysis	Due	Expires	Comments	/
300.0 CI	07/26/19 16:00	08/12/19 10:45		
300.0 SO4	07/26/19 16:00	08/12/19 10:45		

# Please email results to Scott Wickman at swickman@pdclab.com

Date Shipped: 7/14	<u>19</u> Total :	# of Containers:	_ Sample Origin	(State): PO #:	
Turn-Around Time Req	uested 📈 NOF	RMAL 🗌 RUSH	Date Res	sults Needed:	
QU Clar Relinquished By	Date/Time	Received By	Date/Time 7/17/19 9 1000	Sample Temperature Upon Receipt Sample(s) Received on Ice Proper Bottles Received in Good Condition Bottles Filled with Adequate Volume Samples Received Within Hold Time	Or N Or N Or N Or N Or N Or N
Relinquished By	Date/Time	Received By	Date/Time	Date/Time Taken From Sample Bottle	Y or M

# PDC Laboratories, Inc.

PROFESSIONAL • DEPENDABLE • COMMITTED

November 05, 2019

Marcus Genova Holcim (US) Inc. 2942 US Highway 61 Bloomsdale, MO 63627

Dear Marcus Genova:

Please find enclosed the analytical results for the 3 sample(s) the laboratory received on 10/28/19 1:20 pm and logged in under work order 9105391. All testing is performed according to our current TNI accreditations unless otherwise noted. This report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without the written permission of PDC Laboratories, Inc.

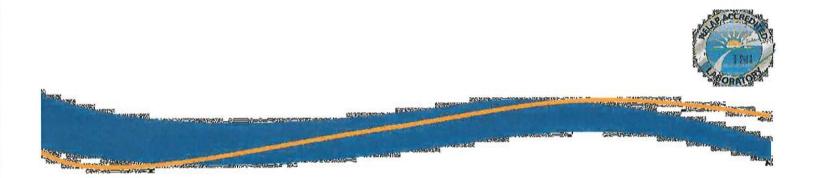
If you have any questions regarding your report, please contact your project manager. Quality and timely data is of the utmost importance to us.

PDC Laboratories, Inc. appreciates the opportunity to provide you with analytical expertise. We are always trying to improve our customer service and we welcome you to contact the Director of Client Services, Lisa Grant, with any feedback you have about your experience with our laboratory at 309-683-1764 or Igrant@pdclab.com.

Sincerely,

Trank Bara

Scott Wickman Project Manager (309) 692-9688 x1724 swickman@pdclab.com





Sample: 9105391-0 Name: Outfall 001 Matrix: Storm Wa							- 위험 영양에 중심 위험 등 이 비행 영양 것 수	19 14:45 19 13:20 35451	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
Anions - STL									
Chloride	46	mg/L		11/01/19 08:53	20	10	11/01/19 08:53	КАМ	EPA 300.0
Sulfate	200	mg/L		11/04/19 10:30	50	25	11/04/19 10:30	KAM	EPA 300.0
General Chemistry - STL									
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.5	mg/L		10/30/19 14:52	1.091703	5.5	10/30/19 14:52	JS	EPA 1664
р <mark>Н</mark>	8.00	pH Units	FP	10/28/19 14:54	1	2.00	10/28/19 16:42	BCH	SM 4500-H B - SW 9040
Solids - settleable solids (SS)	0.30	mL/L	н	10/29/19 08:24	1	0.10	10/29/19 10:17	SCI	SM 2540F*
Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	44	mg/L		10/28/19 08:33	1	4.0	10/28/19 16:56	SJP/BCH	SM 2540D
Temperature at pH measurement	17	°C	FP	10/28/19 14:54	1		10/28/19 16:42	BCH	SM 4500 H B*
<u> Total Metals - STL</u>									
Iron	470	ug/L		10/30/19 08:07	1	10	10/31/19 14:27	JMW1	EPA 200.7
Selenium	< 10	ug/L		10/30/19 08:07	1	10	10/31/19 14:27	JMW1	EPA 200.7



Sample: 9105391-0 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wat							annihiran	19 14:05 19 13:20 35451	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
Anions - STL									
Chloride	160	mg/L		11/04/19 10:30	50	25	11/04/19 10:30	KAM	EPA 300.0
Sulfate	140	mg/L		11/04/19 10:30	50	25	11/04/19 10:30	KAM	EPA 300.0
General Chemistry - STL									
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.2	mg/L		10/30/19 14:52	1.042753	5.2	10/30/19 14:52	JS	EPA 1664
рН	8.33	pH Units	FP	10/28/19 14:54	1	2.00	10/28/19 16:42	BCH	SM 4500-H B - SW 9040
Solids - settleable solids (SS)	<0.1	mL/L	н	10/29/19 08:24	1	0.10	10/29/19 10:17	SCI	SM 2540F*
(SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	40	mg/L		10/30/19 15:46	1	4.0	10/30/19 16:30	SJP/ROB	SM 2540D
Temperature at pH measurement	17	°C	FP	10/28/19 14:54	1		10/28/19 16:42	BCH	SM 4500 H B*
<u> Total Metals - STL</u>									
Aluminum	740	ug/L		10/30/19 08:07	1	15	10/31/19 14:29	JMW1	EPA 200.7*
Copper	4.2	ug/L		10/30/19 08:07	1	2.0	10/31/19 14:29	JMW1	EPA 200.7
Iron	900	ug/L		10/30/19 08:07	1	10	10/31/19 14:29	JMW1	EPA 200.7
Selenium	< 10	ug/L		10/30/19 08:07	1	10	10/31/19 14:29	JMW1	EPA 200.7
Thallium	< 20	ug/L		10/30/19 08:07	1	20	10/31/19 14:29	JMW1	EPA 200.7



Sample: 9105391-03 Name: Outfall 005 Matrix: Storm Wate							Sampled: 10/26/ Received: 10/28/ PO #: 450113	19 13:20	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
Anions - STL									
Chloride	2.2	mg/L		11/01/19 08:53	1	0.50	11/01/19 08:53	KAM	EPA 300.0
Sulfate	16	mg/L		11/01/19 08:53	10	5,0	11/01/19 08:53	КАМ	EPA 300.0
General Chemistry - STL									
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.2	mg/L		10/30/19 14:52	1.035197	5.2	10/30/19 14:52	JS	EPA 1664
pH	7.89	pH Units	FP	10/28/19 14:54	1	2.00	10/28/19 16:42	всн	SM 4500-H B - SW 9040
Solids - settleable solids (SS)	0.30	mL/L	н	10/29/19 08:24	1	0.10	10/29/19 10:17	SCI	SM 2540F*
Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	47	mg/L		10/30/19 15:46	1	4.0	10/30/19 16:30	SJP/ROB	SM 2540D
Temperature at pH measurement	18	°C	FP	10/28/19 14:54	1		10/28/19 16:42	BCH	SM 4500 H B*
<u> Total Metals - STL</u>									
Aluminum	1300	ug/L		10/30/19 08:07	1	15	10/31/19 14:31	JMW1	EPA 200.7*
Selenium	< 10	ug/L		10/30/19 08:07	1	10	10/31/19 14:31	JMW1	EPA 200.7
Thallium	< 20	ug/L		10/30/19 08:07	1	20	10/31/19 14:31	JMW1	EPA 200.7
Sample: 9105391-03 Name: Outfall 005 Matrix: Storm Wate								19 14:30 19 13:20 35451	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
<u> Total Metals - STL</u>									
Iron	1500	ug/L	×	11/01/19 11:07	1	10	11/04/19 09:27	JMW1	EPA 200.7



# NOTES

Specifications regarding method revisions and method modifications used for analysis are available upon request. Please contact your project manager.

\* Not a TNI accredited analyte

#### Certifications

- CHI McHenry, IL 4314 W Crystal Lake Road A, McHenry, IL 60050 TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water, Wastewater, Fields of Testing through IL EPA Lab No. 100279 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacteriological Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17556
- PIA Peoria, IL 2231 W Altorfer Drive, Peoria, IL 61615
  - TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water, Wastewater, Hazardous and Solid Wastes Fields of Testing through IL EPA Lab No. 100230 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacteriological Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17553 Drinking Water Certifications: Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338); Missouri (870) Wastewater Certifications: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338) Hazardous/Solid Waste Certifications: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338)
- SPIL Springfield, IL 1210 Capitol Airport Drive, Springfield, IL 62707 TNI Accreditation through IL EPA Lab No. 100323
- SPMO Springfield, MO 1805 W Sunset Street, Springfield, MO 65807 USEPA DMR-QA Program
- STL St. Louis, MO 3278 N Highway 67, Florissant, MO 63033 TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Hazardous and Solid Wastes Fields of Testing through KS Lab No. E-10389 TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Hazardous, and Solid Waste Analysis through IL EPA No. 200080 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacteriological Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 171050 Missouri Department of Natural Resources Microbiological Laboratory Service for Drinking Water

#### Qualifiers

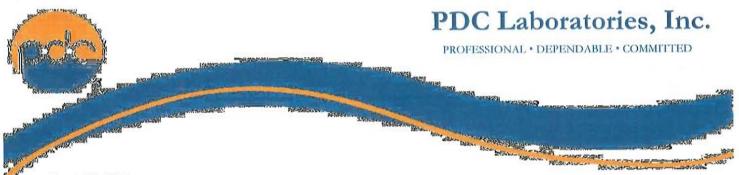
- FP Per analytical methodology this analyte is a field parameter that must be analyzed at time of sample collection to meet hold time requirements. The sample was analyzed in the laboratory as soon as possible after receipt. Data is to be viewed with caution.
- H Test performed after the expiration of the appropriate regulatory/advisory maximum allowable hold time.
- X MS failed, verified by re-prep and re-analysis

and Clutters



Certified by:

Janet Clutters For Scott Wickman, Project Manager



March 30, 2020

Marcus Genova Holcim (US) Inc. 2942 US Highway 61 Bloomsdale, MO 63627

Dear Marcus Genova:

Please find enclosed the analytical results for the 2 sample(s) the laboratory received on 3/18/20 10:55 am and logged in under work order 0033314. All testing is performed according to our current TNI accreditations unless otherwise noted. This report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without the written permission of PDC Laboratories, Inc.

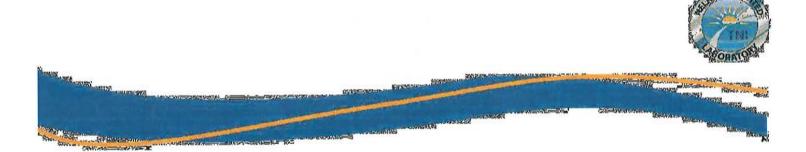
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Sincerely,

Luis I Donat

Lisa Grant Director of Client Services (309) 692-9688 x1764 Igrant@pdclab.com





Sample: 0033314-0 Name: Outfall 001 Matrix: Storm Wat							Sampled: 03/17// Received: 03/18// PO #: 450120	20 10:55	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
Anions - STL									
Chloride	57	mg/L		03/18/20 14:00	50	25	03/18/20 14:00	KAM	EPA 300.0*
Sulfate	280	mg/L		03/18/20 14:00	50	25	03/18/20 14:00	KAM	EPA 300.0*
<u> General Chemistry - STL</u>									
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.0	mg/L		03/18/20 15:16	1.006036	5.0	03/19/20 13:35	SJP	EPA 1664*
Solids - settleable solids	<0.1	mL/L		03/18/20 12:11	1	0.10	03/18/20 16:02	SJP	SM 2540F*
(SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	< 4.0	mg/L		03/18/20 12:53	1	4.0	03/18/20 14:32	sci	SM 2540D*
<u> Total Metals - STL</u>									
ron	59	ug/L		03/19/20 08:09	1	30	03/19/20 16:33	JMW1	EPA 200.7*
	- 10	110/1		03/19/20 08:09	1	40	03/19/20 16:33	JMW1	EPA 200,7*
Selenium Sample: 0033314-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate		ug/L		03/13/20 06:05			Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2 PO #: 450126	20 11:25 20 10:55	
Sample: 0033314-02 Name: Outfall 002	2	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2	20 11:25 20 10:55	Method
Sample: 0033314-0; Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate	2 er - Grab		Qualifier				Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2 PO #: 450126	20 11:25 20 10:55 60711	
Sample: 0033314-0: Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter	2 er - Grab		Qualifier				Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2 PO #: 450126	20 11:25 20 10:55 60711	
Sample: 0033314-0; Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Anions - STL Chloride	2 er - Grab Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2 PO #: 450126 Analyzed	20 11:25 20 10:55 60711 Analyst	Method
Sample: 0033314-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate	2 er - Grab Result 85	Unit mg/L	Qualifier	Prepared 03/18/20 14:00	Dilution	MRL 25	Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2 PO #: 450126 Analyzed	20 11:25 20 10:55 60711 Analyst KAM	Method EPA 300.0*
Sample: 0033314-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate General Chemistry - STL	2 er - Grab Result 85	Unit mg/L	Qualifier	Prepared 03/18/20 14:00	Dilution	MRL 25	Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2 PO #: 450126 Analyzed	20 11:25 20 10:55 60711 Analyst KAM	Method EPA 300.0*
Sample: 0033314-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Selfate Selfate Dil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids	2 er - Grab Result 85 170	Unit mg/L mg/L	Qualifier	Prepared 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00	Dilution 50 50	MRL 25 25	Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2 PO #: 450126 Analyzed 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00	20 11:25 20 10:55 60711 Analyst KAM KAM	Method EPA 300.0* EPA 300.0*
Sample: 0033314-0; Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate General Chemistry - STL Dil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids SS) Solids - total suspended	2 er - Grab Result 85 170 < 5.6	Unit mg/L mg/L mg/L	Qualifier	Prepared 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00 03/20/20 09:00	<b>Dilution</b> 50 50 1.127396	MRL 25 25 5.6	Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2 PO #: 450126 Analyzed 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00 03/20/20 15:37	20 11:25 20 10:55 60711 Analyst KAM KAM	Method EPA 300.0* EPA 300.0* EPA 1664*
Sample: 0033314-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate General Chemistry - STL Dil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids SS) Solids - total suspended Joids - total suspended	2 er - Grab Result 85 170 < 5.6 <0.1	Unit mg/L mg/L mg/L mL/L	Qualifier	Prepared 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00 03/20/20 09:00 03/18/20 12:11	<b>Dilution</b> 50 50 1.127396 1	MRL 25 25 5.6 0.10	Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2 PO #: 450126 Analyzed 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00 03/20/20 15:37 03/18/20 16:02	20 11:25 20 10:55 50711 Analyst KAM KAM SJP SJP	Method EPA 300.0* EPA 300.0* EPA 1664* SM 2540F*
Sample: 0033314-0; Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Seneral Chemistry - STL Dil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids SS) Solids - total suspended olids (TSS)	2 er - Grab Result 85 170 < 5.6 <0.1	Unit mg/L mg/L mg/L mL/L	Qualifier	Prepared 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00 03/20/20 09:00 03/18/20 12:11	<b>Dilution</b> 50 50 1.127396 1	MRL 25 25 5.6 0.10	Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2 PO #: 450126 Analyzed 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00 03/20/20 15:37 03/18/20 16:02	20 11:25 20 10:55 50711 Analyst KAM KAM SJP SJP	Method EPA 300.0* EPA 300.0* EPA 1664* SM 2540F*
Sample: 0033314-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate Seleneral Chemistry - STL Dil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids SS) Solids - total suspended olids (TSS) Total Metals - STL	2 er - Grab Result 85 170 < 5.6 <0.1 17	Unit mg/L mg/L mL/L mg/L	Qualifier	Prepared 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00 03/20/20 09:00 03/18/20 12:11 03/18/20 12:53	<b>Dilution</b> 50 50 1.127396 1 1	MRL 25 25 5.6 0.10 4.0	Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2 PO #: 450126 Analyzed 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00 03/20/20 15:37 03/18/20 16:02 03/18/20 14:32	20 11:25 20 10:55 50711 Analyst KAM KAM SJP SJP SJP sci	Method EPA 300.0* EPA 300.0* EPA 1664* SM 2540F* SM 2540D*
Sample: 0033314-0; Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter Anions - STL Chloride Sulfate General Chemistry - STL Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS) Fotal Metals - STL Aluminum	2 er - Grab Result 85 170 < 5.6 <0.1 17 17	Unit mg/L mg/L mL/L mg/L ug/L	Qualifier	Prepared 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00 03/20/20 09:00 03/18/20 12:11 03/18/20 12:53 03/19/20 08:09	<b>Dilution</b> 50 50 1.127396 1 1 1	MRL 25 25 5.6 0.10 4.0 50	Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2 PO #: 450126 Analyzed 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00 03/20/20 15:37 03/18/20 16:02 03/18/20 14:32	20 11:25 20 10:55 50711 Analyst KAM KAM SJP SJP SJP sci	Method EPA 300.0* EPA 300.0* EPA 1664* SM 2540F* SM 2540D* EPA 200.7*
Sample: 0033314-0; Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate	2 er - Grab Result 85 170 < 5.6 <0.1 17 17 700 < 5.0	Unit mg/L mg/L mL/L mg/L ug/L ug/L	Qualifier	Prepared 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00 03/20/20 09:00 03/18/20 12:11 03/18/20 12:53 03/19/20 08:09 03/19/20 08:09	<b>Dilution</b> 50 50 1.127396 1 1 1 1 1 1	MRL 25 25 5.6 0.10 4.0 50 5.0	Sampled: 03/17/2 Received: 03/18/2 PO #: 450126 Analyzed 03/18/20 14:00 03/18/20 14:00 03/20/20 15:37 03/18/20 16:02 03/18/20 14:32	20 11:25 20 10:55 50711 Analyst KAM KAM SJP SJP SJP sci JMW1 JMW1	Method EPA 300.0* EPA 300.0* EPA 1664* SM 2540F* SM 2540D* EPA 200.7*

# NOTES

Specifications regarding method revisions and method modifications used for analysis are available upon request. Please contact your project manager.

\* Not a TNI accredited analyte

#### Certifications

- CHI McHenry, IL 4314-A W. Crystal Lake Road, McHenry, IL 60050 TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water and Wastewater Fields of Testing through IL EPA Accreditation No. 100279 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17556
- PIA Peoria, IL 2231 W. Altorfer Drive, Peoria, IL 61615

TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water, Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through IL EPA Accreditation No. 100230 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17553

Drinking Water Certifications/Accreditations: Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338); Missouri (870) Wastewater Certifications/Accreditations: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338) Solid and Hazardous Material Certifications/Accreditations: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338)

- SPIL Springfield, IL 1210 Capitol Airport Drive, Springfield, IL 62707 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17592
- SPMO Springfield, MO 1805 W Sunset Street, Springfield, MO 65807 USEPA DMR-QA Program
- STL Hazelwood, MO 944 Anglum Rd, Hazelwood, MO 63042

TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through KS KDHE Certification No. E-10389 TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through IL EPA Accreditation No. - Pending Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory, Registry No. 171050 Missouri Department of Natural Resources - Certificate of Approval for Microbiological Laboratory Service - No. 1050

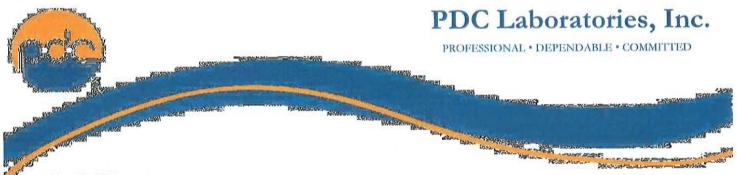
Luis 25 hart



Certified by: Lisa Gr

Lisa Grant, Director of Client Services

4 of 4	Pag				MAD	1-JW						
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PDC Laboratories, Inc. – St. Louis 3278 N. Highway 67 (Lindbergh) Florissant, MO 63033 wwwpddab.com	C arent C AI	ADDRESS 2942 US High ITC ADDRESS 2942 US High II	2 SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	S YOU WANT ON REPORT	Cortani COI	Cutter UUN	TURNAROUND TIME (RUSH TALIS SUBJECT TO POC LABS APPROVAL AND SURCHARGE) VORMAL (8-10 Bus, Days), RUSH (5 Bus, Days) Fastration, (3 Bus, Days), 1-2 But, Days, Sumit DATE DDE RESULTS BY: E-MAIL FAX, PHONE CALL PHONE, FAX# IF DIFFERENT FROM ABOVE	() RELINQUISHED BY (SIGNATURE)	RELINQUISHED BY (SIGN/TURE)	RELINQUISHED BY: (SIGNATURE)	RELINQUISHED BY: (SIGNATURE)	Thank you for using PDC Laboratorics. Inc. Locations in Peoria, IL: St. Louis, MO: and Springfield, MO



May 26, 2020

Marcus Genova Holcim (US) Inc. 2942 US Highway 61 Bloomsdale, MO 63627

Dear Marcus Genova:

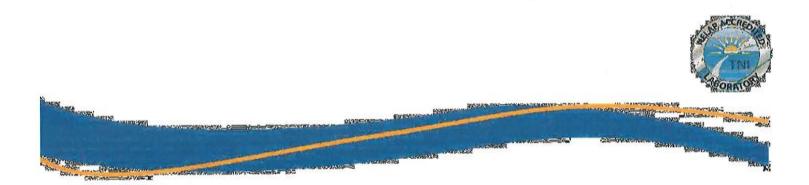
Please find enclosed the analytical results for the 2 sample(s) the laboratory received on 5/15/20 10:24 am and logged in under work order 0052844. All testing is performed according to our current TNI accreditations unless otherwise noted. This report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without the written permission of PDC Laboratories, Inc.

If you have any questions regarding your report, please contact your project manager. Quality and timely data is of the utmost importance to us.

PDC Laboratories, Inc. appreciates the opportunity to provide you with analytical expertise. We are always trying to improve our customer service and we welcome you to contact the Director of Client Services, Lisa Grant, with any feedback you have about your experience with our laboratory at 309-683-1764 or Igrant@pdclab.com.

Sincerely,

Jennifer L Solomon Client Services Manager





Sample: 0052844-01 Name: Outfall 001 Matrix: Storm Wate								20 14:20 20 10:24 95451	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
Anions - STL									
Chloride	56	mg/L		05/15/20 08:23	50	25	05/15/20 14:34	SCI	EPA 300.0
Sulfate	240	mg/L		05/15/20 08:23	50	25	05/15/20 14:34	SCI	EPA 300.0
General Chemistry - STL									
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.0	mg/L		05/20/20 09:03	1.003009	5.0	05/20/20 15:03	SJP	EPA 1664
рН	7.94	pH Units	FP	05/15/20 11:33	1	2.00	05/15/20 13:11	BCH	SM 4500-H B - SW 9040*
Solids - settleable solids (SS)	<0.1	mL/L		05/15/20 10:04	1	0.10	05/15/20 11:07	BCH	SM 2540F*
Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	18	mg/L		05/15/20 11:18	1	5.0	05/15/20 13:35	clh	SM 2540D
Temperature at pH measurement	18	°C	FP	05/15/20 11:33	1		05/15/20 13:11	BCH	SM 4500 H B*
Total Metals - STL									
Iron	225	ug/L		05/18/20 11:27	1	30.0	05/19/20 10:18	JMW1	EPA 200.7 REV4.4
Selenium	< 40.0	ug/L		05/18/20 11:27	1	40.0	05/19/20 10:18	JMW1	EPA 200.7 REV4.4



Sample: 0052844-0 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wa								20 14:45 20 10:24 35451	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
Anions - STL									
Chloride	85	mg/L		05/15/20 08:23	50	25	05/15/20 14:51	SCI	EPA 300.0
Sulfate	150	mg/L		05/15/20 08:23	50	25	05/15/20 14:51	SCI	EPA 300.0
General Chemistry - STL									
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.6	mg/L		05/20/20 09:03	1.117318	5.6	05/20/20 15:03	SJP	EPA 1664
рH	8.64	pH Units	FP	05/15/20 11:33	1	2.00	05/15/20 13:11	BCH	SM 4500-H B - SW 9040*
Solids - settleable solids	0.10	mL/L		05/15/20 10:04	1	0.10	05/15/20 11:07	BCH	SM 2540F*
(SS) Solids - total suspended	64	mg/L		05/15/20 11:18	1	5.0	05/15/20 13:35	clh	SM 2540D
solids (TSS) Temperature at pH measurement	18	°C	FP	05/15/20 11:33	1		05/15/20 13:11	BCH	SM 4500 H B*
<u>Total Metals - STL</u>									
Aluminum	2670	ug/L		05/19/20 08:57	1	50.0	05/19/20 14:50	JMW1	EPA 200.7 REV4.4
Copper	< 5.00	ug/L		05/19/20 08:57	1	5.00	05/19/20 14:50	JMW1	EPA 200.7 REV4.4
Iron	1280	ug/L		05/19/20 08:57	1	30.0	05/19/20 14:50	JMW1	EPA 200.7 REV4.4
Selenium	< 40.0	ug/L		05/19/20 08:57	1	40.0	05/19/20 14:50	JMW1	EPA 200.7 REV4.4
Thallium	< 40.0	ug/L		05/19/20 08:57	1	40.0	05/19/20 14:50	JMW1	EPA 200.7 REV4.4



# NOTES

Specifications regarding method revisions and method modifications used for analysis are available upon request. Please contact your project manager.

\* Not a TNI accredited analyte

#### Certifications

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- SPMO Springfield, MO 1805 W Sunset Street, Springfield, MO 65807 USEPA DMR-QA Program
- STL Hazelwood, MO 944 Anglum Rd, Hazelwood, MO 63042 TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through KS KDHE Certification No. E-10389 TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through IL EPA Accreditation No. - 200080 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory, Registry No. 171050 Missouri Department of Natural Resources - Certificate of Approval for Microbiological Laboratory Service - No. 1050

#### Qualifiers

FP Per analytical methodology this analyte is a field parameter that must be analyzed at time of sample collection to meet hold time requirements. The sample was analyzed in the laboratory as soon as possible after receipt. Data is to be viewed with caution.



Certified by: Jennifer L Solomon, Client Services Manager

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# PDC Laboratories, Inc.

PROFESSIONAL • DEPENDABLE • COMMITTED

October 09, 2020

Marcus Genova Holcim (US) Inc. 2942 US Highway 61 Bloomsdale, MO 63627

Dear Marcus Genova:

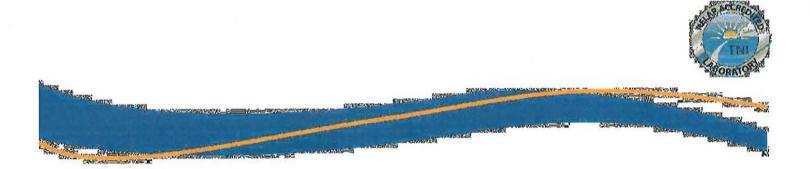
Please find enclosed the analytical results for the 1 sample(s) the laboratory received on 9/29/20 9:10 am and logged in under work order 0095843. All testing is performed according to our current TNI accreditations unless otherwise noted. This report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without the written permission of PDC Laboratories, Inc.

If you have any questions regarding your report, please contact your project manager. Quality and timely data is of the utmost importance to us.

PDC Laboratories, Inc. appreciates the opportunity to provide you with analytical expertise. We are always trying to improve our customer service and we welcome you to contact the Director of Client Services, Lisa Grant, with any feedback you have about your experience with our laboratory at 309-683-1764 or Igrant@pdclab.com.

Sincerely,

Jennifer L Solomon Client Services Manager 1-800-752-6651 ext 1747 jsolomon@pdclab.com





# SAMPLE RECEIPT CHECK LIST

Work Order 0095843

YES	Samples received within temperature compliance
YES	COC present
YES	COC completed & legible
YES	Sampler name & signature present
YES	Unique sample IDs assigned
YES	Sample collection location recorded
YES	Date & time collected recorded on COC
YES	Relinquished by client signature on COC
YES	COC & labels match
YES	Sample labels are legible
YES	Appropriate bottle(s) received
YES	Sufficient sample volume received
YES	Samples are free from signs of damage & contamination
NO	No headspace >6 mm present in VOA vials or TOX bottles
NO	Sulfide bottle(s) completely filled if required
NO	Trip blank(s) received if required
NO	Custody seals used
NO	Custody seals intact
YES	All analyses received within holding times
YES	Short hold time analysis requested
NO	RUSH TAT requested
YES	Field parameters recorded on COC
NO	Current PDC COC submitted
NO	Sample receipt case narrative provided



Sample: 0095843-01 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate	er - Grab							20 09:05 20 09:10 60711	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier P	repared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
<u>General Chemistry - PIA</u>									
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.3	mg/L	10/0	8/20 09:24	1.061571	5.3	10/08/20 10:49	DLE	EPA 1664A
General Chemistry - STL									
Solids - settleable solids	<0.1	mL/L	09/2	9/20 10:30	1	0.10	09/29/20 11:30	BCH	SM 2540F 1997*
(SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	33	mg/L	10/0	01/20 13:19	1	4.0	10/01/20 15:08	SJP	SM 2540D
Total Metals - STL									
Aluminum	773	ug/L	09/3	0/20 10:39	1	50.0	10/01/20 13:24	WMN	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4
Iron	873	ug/L	09/3	80/20 10:39	1	30.0	10/01/20 02:57	WMN	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4
Selenium	< 40.0	ug/L	09/3	80/20 10:39	1	40.0	10/01/20 02:57	WMN	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4
Thallium	< 40.0	ug/L	09/3	80/20 10:39	1	40.0	10/01/20 02:57	WMN	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4



Specifications regarding method revisions and method modifications used for analysis are available upon request. Please contact your project manager.

\* Not a TNI accredited analyte

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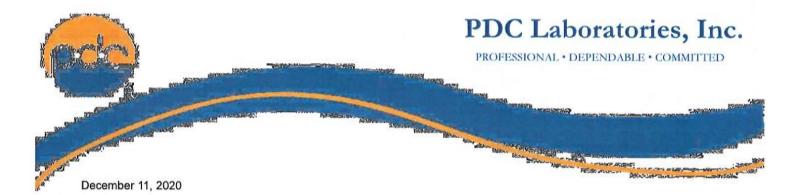
Certified by:

by: Jennifer L Solomon, Client Services Manager

PDC Laboratories, Inc. – St. Louis	Louis	CHAIN OF	CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD	ECORD	State where samples collected	
Elorissant, MO 63033	ergh)	Phone (314) 4 Fax (314) 4	(314) 432-0550 or (314) 921-4468 (314) 432-4977	14) 921-4488	(Instructions/Sample Acceptance Policy on Reverse)	5 of 5
e www.pdciab.com	ALL	ALL SHADED AREAS MUST BE COMPLETED BY CLIENT (PLEASE PRINT)	BE COMPLETED I	3Y CLIENT (PLEAS	E PRINT)	age age
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Thank you for using PDC Laboratories.



Marcus Genova Holcim (US) Inc. 2942 US Highway 61 Bloomsdale, MO 63627

Dear Marcus Genova:

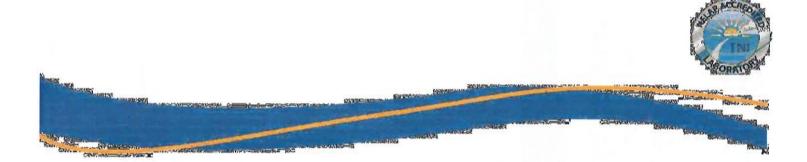
Please find enclosed the analytical results for the 2 sample(s) the laboratory received on 12/1/20 9:20 am and logged in under work order 0120005. All testing is performed according to our current TNI accreditations unless otherwise noted. This report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without the written permission of PDC Laboratories, Inc.

If you have any questions regarding your report, please contact your project manager. Quality and timely data is of the utmost importance to us.

PDC Laboratories, Inc. appreciates the opportunity to provide you with analytical expertise. We are always trying to improve our customer service and we welcome you to contact the Director of Client Services, Lisa Grant, with any feedback you have about your experience with our laboratory at 309-683-1764 or Igrant@pdclab.com.

Sincerely,

Jennifer L Solomon Client Services Manager 1-309-683-1721 jsolomon@pdclab.com



#### SAMPLE RECEIPT CHECK LIST

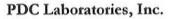
Items not applicable will be marked as in compliance

Work Order 0120005

YES	Samples received within temperature compliance when applicable
YES	COC present upon sample receipt
YES	COC completed & legible
YES	Sampler name & signature present
YES	Unique sample IDs assigned
YES	Sample collection location recorded
YES	Date & time collected recorded on COC
YES	Relinquished by client signature on COC
YES	COC & labels match
YES	Sample labels are legible
YES	Appropriate bottle(s) received
YES	Sufficient sample volume received
YES	Sample containers recieved undamaged
NO	Zero headspace, <6 mm present in VOA vials
NO	Trip blank(s) received
YES	All non-field analyses received within holding times
YES	Short hold time analysis
NO	Current PDC COC submitted
NO	Case narrative provided



Sample: 0120005-01 Name: Outfall 001 Matrix: Storm Wate	er - Grab						Sampled: 11/30/2 Received: 12/01/2 PO #: 450113		
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
Anions - STL									
Chloride	44	mg/L		12/01/20 14:26	10	5.0	12/01/20 17:27	SCI	EPA 300.0
Sulfate	250	mg/L		12/02/20 08:01	50	25	12/02/20 10:11	SCI	EPA 300.0
<u> General Chemistry - STL</u>									
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.1	mg/L		12/02/20 09:10	1.01833	5.1	12/02/20 14:51	SJP	EPA 1664A
Solids - settleable solids	0.10	mL/L		12/01/20 10:50	1	0.10	12/01/20 11:57	NJM	SM 2540F 1997*
(SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	46	mg/L		12/02/20 11:15	1	4.0	12/02/20 12:32	SJP	SM 2540D
<u> Total Metals - STL</u>									
ron	350	ug/L		12/01/20 16:27	1	30.0	12/02/20 12:55	JMW1	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4
Selenium	< 40.0	ug/L		12/01/20 16:27	1	40.0	12/02/20 12:55	JMW1	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4
Sample: 0120005-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate	r - Grab						Sampled:         11/30/2           Received:         12/01/2           PO #:         450113	20 09:20	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
General Chemistry - STL									
Dil & Grease - total	< 5.3	mg/L		12/02/20 09:10	1.051525	5,3	12/02/20 14:51	SJP	EPA 1664A
Solids - settleable solids	< 0.10	mL/L		12/01/20 10:50	1	0.10	12/01/20 11:57	NJM	SM 2540F 1997*
SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	25	mg/L		12/02/20 11:15	1	4.0	12/02/20 12:32	SJP	SM 2540D
<u> Fotal Metals - STL</u>									
Aluminum	896	ug/L		12/01/20 16:27	1	50.0	12/02/20 13:18	JMW1	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4
derritinger		12479-884 884							
ron	674	ug/L		12/01/20 16:27	1	30.0	12/02/20 13:18	JMW1	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4
	674 < 40.0	ug/L ug/L		12/01/20 16:27 12/01/20 16:27	1	30.0 40.0	12/02/20 13:18 12/02/20 13:18	JMVV1 JMVV1	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4 EPA 200.7 REV 4.4



#### NOTES

Specifications regarding method revisions and method modifications used for analysis are available upon request. Please contact your project manager.

\* Not a TNI accredited analyte

#### Certifications

- CHI McHenry, IL 4314-A W. Crystal Lake Road, McHenry, IL 60050 TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water and Wastewater Fields of Testing through IL EPA Accreditation No. 100279 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17556
- PIA Peoria, IL 2231 W. Altorfer Drive, Peoria, IL 61615

TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water, Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through IL EPA Accreditation No. 100230

Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17553 Drinking Water Certifications/Accreditations: Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338); Missouri (870) Wastewater Certifications/Accreditations: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338) Solid and Hazardous Material Certifications/Accreditations: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338)

SPMO - Springfield, MO - 1805 W Sunset Street, Springfield, MO 65807 USEPA DMR-QA Program

STL - Hazelwood, MO - 944 Anglum Rd, Hazelwood, MO 63042

TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through KS KDHE Certification No. E-10389 TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through IL EPA Accreditation No. - 200080 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory, Registry No. 171050 Missouri Department of Natural Resources - Certificate of Approval for Microbiological Laboratory Service - No. 1050

Certified by: Jennifer L Solomon, Client Services Manager

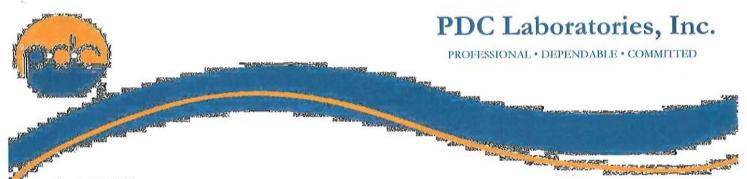


3278 N. Highway 67 (Lindbergh) Florissant, MO 63033	ergh)		Phone Fax	(314) 4: (314) 4:	(314) 432-0550 or (314) 921-4488 (314) 432-4977	or (314	() 921-4		structions/Sam	olate where samples controlled	icy on Reverse)
& www.pdclab.com	A	ALL SHA	DED ARE	AS MUST I	BE COMPL	ETED BY	CLIENT	ALL SHADED AREAS MUST BE COMPLETED BY CLIENT (PLEASE PRINT)	(TN		
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Page 5 of 5 

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

PDC Laboratories, Inc. – St. Louis



March 24, 2021

Marcus Genova Holcim (US) Inc. 2942 US Highway 61 Bloomsdale, MO 63627

Dear Marcus Genova:

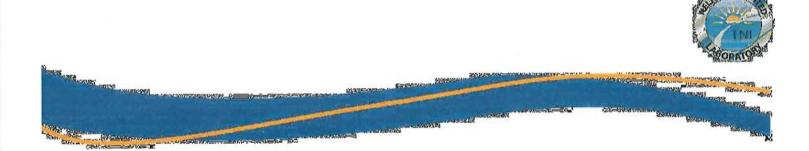
Please find enclosed the analytical results for the 2 sample(s) the laboratory received on 3/15/21 2:13 pm and logged in under work order EC02950. All testing is performed according to our current TNI accreditations unless otherwise noted. This report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without the written permission of PDC Laboratories, Inc.

If you have any questions regarding your report, please contact your project manager. Quality and timely data is of the utmost importance to us.

PDC Laboratories, Inc. appreciates the opportunity to provide you with analytical expertise. We are always trying to improve our customer service and we welcome you to contact the Director of Client Services, Lisa Grant, with any feedback you have about your experience with our laboratory at 309-683-1764 or Igrant@pdclab.com.

Sincerely,

Jennifer L Solomon Client Services Manager 1-309-683-1721 jsolomon@pdclab.com





#### SAMPLE RECEIPT CHECK LIST

Items not applicable will be marked as in compliance

Work Order EC02950

YES	Samples received within temperature compliance when applicable
YES	COC present upon sample receipt
YES	COC completed & legible
YES	Sampler name & signature present
YES	Unique sample IDs assigned
YES	Sample collection location recorded
YES	Date & time collected recorded on COC
YES	Relinquished by client signature on COC
YES	COC & labels match
YES	Sample labels are legible
YES	Appropriate bottle(s) received
YES	Sufficient sample volume received
YES	Sample containers received undamaged
NO	Zero headspace, <6 mm present in VOA vials
NO	Trip blank(s) received
YES	All non-field analyses received within holding times
YES	Short hold time analysis
NO	Current PDC COC submitted
NO	Case narrative provided



Sample: EC02950-01 Name: Outfall 001 Matrix: Storm Wate	r - Grab						Sampled: 03/15/2 Received: 03/15/2 PO #: 450113	21 14:13	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
<u> General Chemistry - STL</u>									
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.1	mg/L		03/22/21 09:37	1.027749	5.1	03/22/21 16:27	SJP	EPA 1664A
Solids - settleable solids (SS)	< 0.10	mL/L		03/15/21 16:20	1	0.10	03/15/21 17:26	CLH	SM 2540F 1997*
Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	< 4.0	mg/L		03/17/21 13:39	1	4.0	03/17/21 15:29	SJP	SM 2540D
<u> Total Metals - STL</u>									
Iron	35.5	ug/L		03/16/21 15:31	1	30.0	03/17/21 16:26	JMW1	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4
	< 40.0	ug/L		03/16/21 15:31	1	40.0	03/18/21 07:27	JMW1	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4
Selenium Sample: EC02950-02	8985						Sampled: 03/15/	21 11:00	
Selenium Sample: EC02950-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate								21 14:13	
Sample: EC02950-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate		Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Received: 03/15/	21 14:13	Method
Sample: EC02950-02 Name: Outfall 002	r - Grab		Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Received: 03/15/ PO #: 45011:	21 14:13 35451	Method
Sample: EC02950-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter <u>General Chemistry - STL</u>	r - Grab		Qualifier	Prepared 03/22/21 09:37	Dilution 1.051525	<b>MRL</b> 5.3	Received: 03/15/ PO #: 45011:	21 14:13 35451	Method EPA 1664A
Sample: EC02950-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter <u>General Chemistry - STL</u> Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids	r - Grab Result	Unit	Qualifier			1997-9009	Received: 03/15/ PO #: 45011 Analyzed	21 14:13 35451 Analyst	
Sample: EC02950-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter <u>General Chemistry - STL</u> Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids (SS) Solids - total suspended	r - Grab Result < 5.3	Unit mg/L	Qualifier	03/22/21 09:37	1.051525	5.3	Received: 03/15/ PO #: 450113 Analyzed 03/22/21 16:27	21 14:13 35451 Analyst SJP	EPA 1664A
Sample: EC02950-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter General Chemistry - STL Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids (SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	r - Grab Result < 5.3 < 0.10	Unit mg/L mL/L	Qualifier	03/22/21 09:37 03/15/21 16:20	1.051525 1	5.3 0.10	Received: 03/15/ PO #: 450113 Analyzed 03/22/21 16:27 03/15/21 17:26	21 14:13 35451 Analyst SJP CLH	EPA 1664A SM 2540F 1997*
Sample: EC02950-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter General Chemistry - STL Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids (SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS) Total Metals - STL	r - Grab Result < 5.3 < 0.10	Unit mg/L mL/L	Qualifier	03/22/21 09:37 03/15/21 16:20	1.051525 1	5.3 0.10	Received: 03/15/ PO #: 450113 Analyzed 03/22/21 16:27 03/15/21 17:26	21 14:13 35451 Analyst SJP CLH	EPA 1664A SM 2540F 1997*
Sample: EC02950-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter <u>General Chemistry - STL</u> Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids	r - Grab Result < 5.3 < 0.10 13	Unit mg/L mL/L mg/L	Qualifier	03/22/21 09:37 03/15/21 16:20 03/17/21 13:39	1.051525 1 1	5.3 0.10 4.0	Received: 03/15/ PO #: 450113 Analyzed 03/22/21 16:27 03/15/21 17:26 03/17/21 15:29	21 14:13 35451 Analyst SJP CLH SJP	EPA 1664A SM 2540F 1997* SM 2540D
Sample: EC02950-02 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wate Parameter General Chemistry - STL Oil & Grease - total Solids - settleable solids (SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS) Total Metals - STL Aluminum	r - Grab Result < 5.3 < 0.10 13 417	Unit mg/L mL/L mg/L ug/L	Qualifier	03/22/21 09:37 03/15/21 16:20 03/17/21 13:39 03/16/21 15:31	1.051525 1 1	5.3 0.10 4.0 50.0	Received: 03/15/ PO #: 450113 Analyzed 03/22/21 16:27 03/15/21 17:26 03/17/21 15:29 03/17/21 16:31	21 14:13 35451 SJP CLH SJP JMW1	EPA 1664A SM 2540F 1997* SM 2540D EPA 200.7 REV 4.4



# NOTES

Specifications regarding method revisions and method modifications used for analysis are available upon request. Please contact your project manager.

\* Not a TNI accredited analyte

### Certifications

- CHI McHenry, IL 4314-A W. Crystal Lake Road, McHenry, IL 60050 TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water and Wastewater Fields of Testing through IL EPA Accreditation No. 100279 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17556
- PIA Peoria, IL 2231 W. Altorfer Drive, Peoria, IL 61615

TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water, Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through IL EPA Accreditation No. 100230 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17553 Drinking Water Certifications/Accreditations: Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338); Missouri (870) Wastewater Certifications/Accreditations: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338) Solid and Hazardous Material Certifications/Accreditations: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338)

- SPMO Springfield, MO 1805 W Sunset Street, Springfield, MO 65807 **USEPA DMR-QA Program**
- STL Hazelwood, MO 944 Anglum Rd, Hazelwood, MO 63042

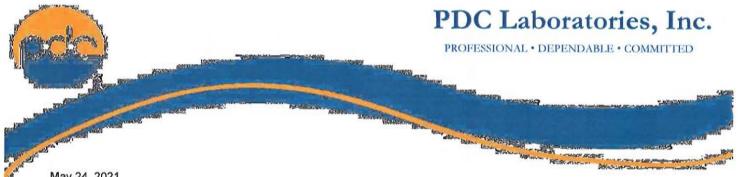
TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through KS KDHE Certification No. E-10389 TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through IL EPA Accreditation No. - 200080 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory, Registry No. 171050 Missouri Department of Natural Resources - Certificate of Approval for Microbiological Laboratory Service - No. 1050



Certified by: Jennifer L Solomon, Client Services Manager

PDC Laboratories, Inc. – St. Louis 3278 N. Highway 67 (Lindbergh)	- St. Louis dbergh)		Phone	CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD Phone (314) 432-0550 or (314) 921-4488	CUSTO 32-0550	DY REC or (314	CORD () 921-4	488	State when	State where samples collected	acted2
Florissant, MO 63033	)		Fax	(314) 4	(314) 432-4977				structions/Sam	ole Acceptance P	(Instructions/Sample Acceptance Policy on Reverse)
© www.pddate.com		ALL SH	ADED ARE	AS MUST	BE COMPL	ETED BY	CLIENT (	ALL SHADED AREAS MUST BE COMPLETED BY CLIENT (PLEASE PRINT)	(TN		
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Thank you for using PDC Laboratories, Inc. Locations in Peoria, IL; St. Louis, MO; and Springfield, MO	in Peoria. IL: S	l. Louis. )	AO; and Spr	ingfield. MC					PAGE	ЧС	Pane 5 of 5

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May 24, 2021

Marcus Genova Holcim (US) Inc. 2942 US Highway 61 Bloomsdale, MO 63627

Dear Marcus Genova:

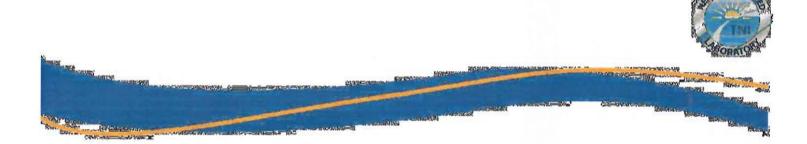
Please find enclosed the analytical results for the 2 sample(s) the laboratory received on 5/18/21 12:19 pm and logged in under work order EE03346. All testing is performed according to our current TNI accreditations unless otherwise noted. This report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without the written permission of PDC Laboratories, Inc.

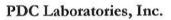
If you have any questions regarding your report, please contact your project manager. Quality and timely data is of the utmost importance to us.

PDC Laboratories, Inc. appreciates the opportunity to provide you with analytical expertise. We are always trying to improve our customer service and we welcome you to contact the Director of Client Services, Lisa Grant, with any feedback you have about your experience with our laboratory at 309-683-1764 or lgrant@pdclab.com.

Sincerely,

Jennifer L Solomon Client Services Manager 1-309-683-1721 jsolomon@pdclab.com







# SAMPLE RECEIPT CHECK LIST

Items not applicable will be marked as in compliance

Work Order EE03346

YES	Samples received within temperature compliance when applicable
YES	COC present upon sample receipt
YES	COC completed & legible
YES	Sampler name & signature present
YES	Unique sample IDs assigned
YES	Sample collection location recorded
YES	Date & time collected recorded on COC
YES	Relinquished by client signature on COC
YES	COC & labels match
YES	Sample labels are legible
YES	Appropriate bottle(s) received
YES	Sufficient sample volume received
YES	Sample containers received undamaged
YES	Zero headspace, <6 mm present in VOA vials
NO	Trip blank(s) received
YES	All non-field analyses received within holding times
YES	Short hold time analysis
YES	Current PDC COC submitted
NO	Case narrative provided



# ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Sample: EE03346-0 Name: Outfall 001 Matrix: Storm Wat							Sampled: 05/18/2 Received: 05/18/2 PO #: 450113	21 12:19	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
Anions - STL									
Chloride	50	mg/L		05/18/21 14:51	50	25	05/18/21 15:27	DAS	EPA 300.0
Sulfate	290	mg/L		05/18/21 14:51	50	25	05/18/21 15:27	DAS	EPA 300.0
<u> General Chemistry - STL</u>									
Oil & Grease - total	< 5.2	mg/L		05/19/21 08:38	1.049318	5.2	05/20/21 12:29	SJP	EPA 1664A
Solids - settleable solids	<0.1	mL/L		05/18/21 13:05	1	0.10	05/18/21 14:05	BCH	SM 2540F 1997*
(SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	4.4	mg/L		05/19/21 10:37	1	4.0	05/20/21 15:30	SJP	SM 2540D
<u> Total Metals - STL</u>									
Iron	164	ug/L		05/18/21 16:15	1	30.0	05/19/21 16:49	KAM	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4
Selenium	< 40.0	ug/L		05/18/21 16:15	1	40.0	05/19/21 16:49	KAM	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4
Sample: EE03346-0 Name: Outfall 002 Matrix: Storm Wat							Sampled: 05/18/2 Received: 05/18/2 PO #: 450113	21 12:19	
Parameter	Result	Unit	Qualifier	Prepared	Dilution	MRL	Analyzed	Analyst	Method
General Chemistry - STL									
Oil & Grease - total	< 5,2	mg/L		05/19/21 08:38	1.04712	5,2	05/20/21 12:29	SJP	EPA 1664A
Solids - settleable solids	<0.1	mL/L		05/18/21 13:05	1	0.10	05/18/21 14:05	всн	SM 2540F 1997*
(SS) Solids - total suspended solids (TSS)	27	mg/L		05/19/21 10:37	1	4.0	05/20/21 15:30	SJP	SM 2540D
<u> Total Metals - STL</u>									
Aluminum	612	ug/L		05/18/21 16:15	1	50.0	05/19/21 16:54	KAM	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4
ron	503	ug/L		05/18/21 16:15	1	30.0	05/19/21 16:54	KAM	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4
	0.22225								
Selenium	< 40.0	ug/L		05/18/21 16:15	1	40.0	05/19/21 16:54	KAM	EPA 200.7 REV 4.4

# NOTES

Specifications regarding method revisions and method modifications used for analysis are available upon request. Please contact your project manager.

\* Not a TNI accredited analyte

### **Certifications**

- CHI McHenry, IL 4314-A W. Crystal Lake Road, McHenry, IL 60050 TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water and Wastewater Fields of Testing through IL EPA Accreditation No. 100279 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17556
- PIA Peoria, IL 2231 W. Altorfer Drive, Peoria, IL 61615

TNI Accreditation for Drinking Water, Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through IL EPA Accreditation No. 100230

Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory Registry No. 17553 Drinking Water Certifications/Accreditations: Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338); Missouri (870) Wastewater Certifications/Accreditations: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338) Solid and Hazardous Material Certifications/Accreditations: Arkansas (88-0677); Iowa (240); Kansas (E-10338)

- SPMO Springfield, MO 1805 W Sunset Street, Springfield, MO 65807 USEPA DMR-QA Program
- STL Hazelwood, MO 944 Anglum Rd, Hazelwood, MO 63042

TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through KS KDHE Certification No. E-10389 TNI Accreditation for Wastewater, Solid and Hazardous Material Fields of Testing through IL EPA Accreditation No. - 200080 Illinois Department of Public Health Bacterial Analysis in Drinking Water Approved Laboratory, Registry No. 171050 Missouri Department of Natural Resources - Certificate of Approval for Microbiological Laboratory Service - No. 1050

Certified by: Jennifer L Solomon, Client Services Manager





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4 To be completed by laboratory personnel	2112 1 100	Place your initials on the line to giv calling you regarding a sample nor Acceptance Policy requirements th will be added to the corresponding purposes. Contact your project ma purposes. Contact your project ma	ō	2	8 To be completed by laboratory personnel.	ecfilc policy available from your project m DLLOWING LOCATIONS	1805 W Sunset St. Springfield, MO 65807 417-964-8924	Thank you for using PDC Laboratories, Inc. 6651 if you have any questions about completing this form.
	ADDRESS: Client's mailing address CITY, STATE, ZIP: Client's city, state and zip code for mailing CONTACT PERSON: Person to receive results PROJECT NUMBER: Client's reference to the project or work involved with these samples PROJECT LOCATION: Client's location of project PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER: Client's invoicing information MEANS SHIPPED: UPS, FedEx, USPS, courier, hand carried, etc.	PHONE NUMBER: Client's prione number (please include area code) E-MAIL: Client's e-mail address where results are to be sent DATE SHIPPED: Month, date and year samples were shipped or delivered to the lab SAMPLER'S SIGNATURE: Signature of sample collector REGULATORY PROGRAM: Circle regulatory program if applicable. STATE WHERE SAMPLES COLLECTED: Enter the state if different from client address	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: The unique sample description you want to appear on the analytical report. DATE COLLECTED: Date sample was collected. For composite samples, this is typically the date when the last aliquot was added TIME COLLECTED: Time sample was collected. For composite samples, this is typically the time when the last aliquot was added SAMPLE TYPE: Place an check mark in the box marked "GRAB" if the sample was collected at one time from one specific location. Place an check mark in the box marked "COMP" if the sample is a composite of sample of an one times or locations and combined to make one sample MATRIX TYPE: Flord note of samples collected at one or more times or locations and mATRIX TYPE Fron field above. If "OTHER" please identify BOTLE COUNT: Total number of containers submitted for the samples and preSERVATION CODE: Indicate bottle preservative using the codes on the front of the COC	for non-PDC bottles, client provided ANALYSIS REQUESTED: Write the analysis name (or an abbreviation), the name of a group of tests, or the method number you would like us to perform. Examples are BOD, TCI P Metals PCRs. Method 624 etc. Place a check mark in the small bross that	REMARKS: List special instructions about the sample here. This space can also be used for listing additional analyses, or to request an extra copy of the report to be sent to an alternate person/address.	Sample Acceptance Policy – Receiving facility's specific policy available from your project manager. SERVING YOU IN THE FOLLOWING LOCATIONS	944 Anglum Rd Hazewood, MO 63042 314-432-0550	Please call 800-752-
1 CLIENT: Client's company name	ADDRESS: Client's mailing address CITY, STATE, ZIP: Client's city, state and zip code for mailing CONTACT PERSON: Person to receive results PROJECT NUMBER: Client's reference to the project or work samples PROJECT LOCATION: Client's location of project PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER: Client's invoicing information MEANS SHIPPED: UPS, FedEx, USPS, courier, hand carned	PHONE NUMBER: Clients phone number (please include at E-MAIL: Client's e-mail address where results are to be sent DATE SHIPPED: Month, date and year samples were shipte SAMPLER: Signature of sample collector SAMPLER'S SIGNATURE: Signature of sample collector REGULATORY PROGRAM: Circle regulatory program if app STATE WHERE SAMPLES COLLECTED: Enter the state if	2 SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: The unique sample description you analytical report DATE COLLECTED: Date sample was collected. For compose the date when the last aliquot was added TIME COLLECTED: Time sample was collected. For compose the time when the last aliquot was added SAMPLE TYPE: Place an check mark in the box marked "Gi at one time from one specific location. Place an check mark sample is a composite of sample MATRUTYPE: From field above. If "OTHER" please identify BOTLE COUNT: Total number of containers submitted for the PRESERVATION CODE: Indicate bottle preservative using the preservat	for non-PDC bottles, client provided a ANALYSIS REQUESTED: Write the group of tests, or the method numbe	correspond to the sample(s) on white correspond to the sample(s) on white REMARKS: List special instructions used for listing additional analyses, ( sent to an alternate person/address,		2231 W Altorfer Dr Peoria, IL 61615 309-692-9688	Qualitrax ID #3219

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717.399.9587 • www.augustmack.com 941 Wheatland Avenue, Suite 202 • Lancaster, Pennsylvania 17603

September 24, 2021

Missouri Department of Natural Resources Water Protection Program Water Pollution Control Branch Attention: Operating Permits Section P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, Missouri 65101-0176

RECEIVED

SEP 2 9 2021

Water Protection Program

Re: Permit Renewal Application Holcim (US) Inc. – Ste. Genevieve Plant 2942 US Highway 61 Bloomsdale, Missouri 63627 Operating Permit # Mo-0129518 August Mack Project Number JV1639.250

**Dear Operating Permits Section:** 

On behalf of Holcim (US) Inc. (Holcim), August Mack Environmental, Inc. (August Mack) is pleased to provide you with this permit renewal application for the Holcim facility located in Bloomsdale, Missouri. The following attachments have been included in this submittal:

Attachment A: Permit Renewal Application Forms

Form A – Application for Non-Domestic Permit under Missouri Clean Water Law Form C – Application for Discharge Permit – Manufacturing, Commercial, Mining, Silviculture Operations, and stormwater

Attachment B: Site Figures:

Figure 1: Site Vicinity Map

Figure 2 to Figure 6: Wastewater Block Flow Diagrams

Attachment C: Last 3 Years Sampling Data

A description of the permitted outfalls is presented below. It should be noted that no changes to the outfalls have occurred since the last renewal application. Holcim is requesting that all outfall limits remain the same as stated in the previous permit.

# Outfall 001

Outfall 001 discharges stormwater runoff from the Raddy Hollow Fill Area, quarrying activities, and some cement plant activities. Additionally, some stormwater runoff from the Access Road is discharged through this outfall. Stormwater controls for this drainage area include a forebay, a vegetative shelf, and a riprap apron outlet protection, all of which support the effectiveness of the sedimentation basin.

### Outfall 002

Outfall 002 discharges from the cement plant, occasional/accidental process water leaks/spills, on and off intermittent small quantities of process water used for wash water. Stormwater drainage from the Access Road is also discharged through this outfall. The stormwater controls for this area include a forebay, a vegetative shelf, a plunge pool at the outlet, a level spreader, and a riprap apron outlet protection. It was determined in the previous permit application that the discharge of non-contact cooling waste is minimal and does not contribute significant pollutants to the discharge of Outfall 002. The cooling water is used infrequently and in small amounts and enters the stormwater basin prior to discharge. The basin allows both settling and attenuation of any remaining residual chlorine. Therefore, though cooling water is authorized at this outfall, it was determined that the drainage from Outfall 002 will be treated as stormwater under this permit.

### Outfall 003

Outfall 003 discharges stormwater from the North Old Quarry Hollow (NOQH) Fill Area, the South Old Quarry Hollow (SOQH) Confined Disposal Area, and undisturbed uplands. The stormwater control for this area is a riprap apron outlet protection. Outfall 003 is located in the stream channel of Old Quarry Hollow immediately downstream from the confluence of NOQH and SOQH. SOQH is the site of the Confined Disposal Facility (CDF) settling basin. This basin is a large containment structure (dam) that, because of its site, was permitted under the MDNR Dam Safety Program, Permit No. 5-106. This structure contains the dredge material from the harbor excavation. The dam was completed and approved by MDNR for fill storage on July 17, 2006. The dredging activity was completed in January 2007. The NOQH site was utilized to store dry excavated material from the harbor excavation. The NOQH fill structure was installed as a BMP to control sediment runoff from NOQH until the area was graded and revegetated. As of June 2006, the fill area was completed. It has been stabilized and revegetated. While dredge spoils are not actively placed in this area at this time, it is being kept in the permit in case it is needed for future operations. Decant water from the dredge material will be discharged through the dam outlet structure and flow through Outfall 003.

### Outfall 005

Outfall 005 discharges stormwater runoff from the Topsoil Storage Area and the Access Road. The Topsoil Storage Area includes topsoil from the harbor excavation, the quarry, and other site developments. Stormwater controls for this area include berms, vegetation, straw bale sediment trap, mulching, and permanent seeding. This outfall has been identified as "substantially similar" to Outfall 003; however, Outfall 005 does not receive decant dredge water.

2

### MoDNR

# Outfall 006

Outfall 006 was originally designed to discharge stormwater from the Von Behren' Hollow and collect stormwater runoff from the active quarry and plant access road. Storm water controls for this area include berms, rock check dams, silt fence, and a small sedimentation basin. However, it should be noted that due to the current excavation sequence of the quarry the flow to this outfall is currently cut off. Holcim would like to leave this Outfall and its current description in the permit as it will still be used in the future after reclamation of this portion of the quarry commences.

### **Discussion of Laboratory Analytical Results**

Laboratory analytical results for the previous three years have been included in Attachment C. It should be noted that there has been no flow from Outfall 006 in the previous 5 years due to the above referenced cut off of flow. In addition, there has been no flow from Outfall 003 or Outfall 005 since 4<sup>th</sup> quarter of 2019.

The most recent analytical results that are required to be sampled have been included on the effluent characteristics section of Form C. All other parameters not sampled as a permit condition are assumed to be the same as historical sampling events as no changes have been made to the facility which would change effluent characteristics.

If you have any questions or need additional information, feel free to contact me at 314.413.1582.

Respectfully,

Eric Emmett

Eric Emmett, P.E. Missouri Office Manager

Attachment

# ATTACHMENT A

Permit Renewal Application Form A – Application for Non-Domestic Permit Under Missouri Clean Water Law

Form C – Application for Discharge Permit – Manufacturing, Commercial, Mining, Silviculture Operations, and Stormwater