MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92nd Congress) as amended,

Permit No.: MO-0118133
Owner: ContiGroup Companies, Inc.
Address: 805 Pennsylvania Avenue, Suite 200, Kansas City, MO 64105-1307
Continuing Authority: Same as above
Address: Same as above
Operation Name: CG, Scott/Colby Farms
Address: Route 1, Box 185, Jamesport, MO 64648
Legal Description: See pages 2-4
Latitude/Longitude: See pages 2-4
Receiving Stream: Tributary to Hickory Creek (U) & Raccoon Creek (U)
First Classified Stream and ID: Hickory Creek (C)(00588), Raccoon Creek (C)(00586)
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: (10280102-190005), (10280102-090030)

is authorized to discharge from the operation described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:

Water quality standards do not have to be exceeded to determine the unauthorized discharge of processed waste as defined in special condition 2(b). Operation of this site shall not cause a violation of water quality standards. Land application fields include all company owned land where land application occurs and all non-company owned land where spreading agreements allow land application. These provisions apply to all the company’s regulated activities.

OPERATION DESCRIPTION
Outfalls # 001 - #014 - Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation - SIC #0213 - Class IB. No-Discharge of Process Waste.
Five anaerobic lagoons/secondary containment structures/wastewater irrigation/storm water runoff/dead animal disposal/domestic wastewater hauled to treatment facility.
Design population equivalent is 87,330.
Design flow is 58,227,355 gallons per year. (0.159 mgd)
Design number of animals is 13,125 sows and boars and 24,000 nursery pigs under 55 pounds (6,850 animal units).
This permit authorizes only wastewater discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of the Law.

July 13, 2001 November 2, 2004
Effective Date Revised

July 12, 2006
Expiration Date
MO 788-0041 (10-93)
FACILITY DESCRIPTION (continued)

Total Number of Acres Available for Land Application:

| Percent Slope | Land Owned Non-owned Land with Spreading Agreement Total Acres |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| 0-10%         | Land Owned by Permittee | 773 | 2995.9 | 3768.9 |
| 10-20%        | Non-owned Land with Spreading Agreement | 2995.9 | 61.2 | 3830.1 |
| TOTAL         | 773 | 3057.1 | 3830.1 |

Outfall #001 - Site #3 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: NE ¼, SE ¼, Sec. 24, T61N, R26W, Daviess County
Lat/Long: +4003507/-09345574
First Classified Stream and ID: Hickory Creek (C) 00588
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280102-190005
Design Number of Animals: 2,625 sows and boars, 4,800 nursery pigs under 55 lbs.
Design Waste Volume: 11,616,125 gallons per year.
Design Storage is 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 9.7 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.

Outfall #002 - Site #4 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: SW ¼, NE ¼, Sec. 24, T61N, R26W, Daviess County
Lat/Long: +4004101/-09346185
First Classified Stream and ID: Raccoon Creek (C) 00586
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280102-090030
Design Number of Animals: 2,625 sows and boars, 4,800 nursery pigs under 55 lbs.
Design Waste Volume: 11,616,125 gallons per year.
Design Storage is 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 9.7 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.

Outfall #003 - Site #5 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: NW ¼, SW ¼, Sec. 13, T61N, R26W, Daviess County
Lat/Long: +4004925/-09346537
First Classified Stream and ID: Raccoon Creek (C) 00586
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280102-090030
Design Number of Animals: 2,625 sows and boars, 4,800 nursery pigs under 55 lbs.
Design Waste Volume: 11,616,125 gallons per year.
Design Storage is 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 7.7 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.

Outfall #004 - Site #6 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment Structure
Legal Description: NE ¼, SE ¼, NW ¼, Sec. 13, T61N, R26W, Daviess County
Lat/Long: +4005025/-09346402
First Classified Stream and ID: Raccoon Creek (C) 00586
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280102-090030
Design Number of Animals: 2,625 sows and boars, 4,800 nursery pigs under 55 lbs.
Design Waste Volume: 11,137,975 gallons per year.
Design Storage is 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 6.8 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.
FACILITY DESCRIPTION (continued)

Outfall #005 - Site #7 - Anaerobic Lagoon/Secondary Containment
Legal Description: NW ¼, NE ¼, Sec. 13, T61N, R26W, Daviess County
Lat/Long: +4005105/-09346198
First Classified Stream and ID: Racoon Creek (C) 00586
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280102-090030
Design Number of Animals: 2,625 sows and boars, 4,800 nursery pigs under 55 lbs.
Design Waste Volume: 12,241,005 gallons per year.
Design Storage is 365 days.
Upper Operating Level: one foot below overflow level.
Lower Operating Level: 6.8 feet below overflow level.
Land Application: Rates are based on the plant available nitrogen approach.

Outfall #006 - Deleted - Domestic Wastewater hauled to treatment facility.

Outfall #007 - Deleted - Dead Animal Transfer Station

Outfall #008 - Fresh Water Lake Monitoring
This is a privately owned lake located on permittee property that is used as a water source for livestock. The sample location is within the lake at a lake surface location near the discharge structure.
Legal Description: NE ¼, NE ¼, NE ¼, Sec. 13, T61N, Daviess County.
Lat/Long: +4005184/-09345570
First Classified Stream and ID: Racoon Creek (C) 00586
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280102-090030
Lake discharge is to Unnamed Tributary to Racoon Creek.

Outfall #009 - Stream Monitoring
Legal Description: SE ¼, Sec. 32, T61N, R25W, Grundy County.
Lat/Long: +4001556/-09343462
First Classified Stream and ID: Hickory Creek (C) 00588
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280102-190005
Hickory Creek at Highway 6.

Outfall #010 - Stream Monitoring
Legal Description: E ½, Sec. 7, T61N, R25W, Grundy County.
Lat/Long: +4005514/-09344459
First Classified Stream and ID: Racoon Creek (C) 00586
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280102-090030
Racoon Creek at road crossing.

Outfall #011 - Stream Monitoring
Legal Description: NE ¼, Sec. 35, T62N, R26W, Daviess County.
Lat/Long: +4007565/-09347188
First Classified Stream and ID: Tombstone Creek (P) 00584
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280102-090030
Tombstone Creek at road crossing.

Outfall #012 - Stream Monitoring
Legal Description: SW ¼, Sec. 6, T62N, R26W, Harrison County.
Lat/Long: +4011291/-09352216
First Classified Stream and ID: Sugar Creek (C) 00582
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280102-090010
Sugar Creek at Highway MM.
FACILITY DESCRIPTION (continued)

Outfall #013 - Storm Water (Previous Outfall #017)
Legal Description: SE ¼, SE ¼, SE ¼, Sec. 24, T61N, R26W, Daviess County.
Lat/Long: +4003366/-09345562
First Classified Stream and ID: Hickory Creek (C) 00588
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280102-190005
Tributary to Hickory Creek at property line.

Outfall #014 - Storm Water (Previous Outfall #011)
Legal Description: NE ¼, NW ¼, NW ¼, Sec. 13, T61N, R26W, Daviess County.
Lat/Long: +4005218/-09346441
First Classified Stream and ID: Raccoon Creek (C) 00586
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No: 10280102-090030
Tributary to Raccoon Creek at property line.
### A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

**Permit Number MO-0118133**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Outfall Number and Effluent Parameter(s)</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Monitoring Requirements</th>
<th>Measurement Frequency</th>
<th>Sample Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outfalls #001 - #005 - Emergency Discharge Monitoring</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow</td>
<td>MGD</td>
<td>No discharge of process waste except during emergency conditions.</td>
<td>once/day</td>
<td>24 hr.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dissolved Oxygen</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>Comply with Water Quality Standards</td>
<td>once/day</td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia Nitrogen as N</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>Comply with Water Quality Standards</td>
<td>once/day</td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biochemical Oxygen Demand₅</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>See Special Condition Numbers 1, 2, 3, 8, 9 &amp; 10</td>
<td>once/day</td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH - Units</td>
<td>SU</td>
<td></td>
<td>once/day</td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chloride</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td></td>
<td>once/day</td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
<td>once/day</td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outfalls #001 - #005 - Nutrient Monitoring For Land Application</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen as N</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>See Special Condition Numbers 4, 8 &amp; 10.</td>
<td>4/year</td>
<td>composite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia Nitrogen as N</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>Sample liquids 4 times/year between March 1 and November 30 and 1/year for nitrate.</td>
<td>4/year</td>
<td>composite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Phosphorus as P</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td></td>
<td>4/year</td>
<td>composite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrate + Nitrite as N</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td></td>
<td>1/year</td>
<td>composite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solids (Sludge Only)</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>Sample solids or sludges 1/month during land application periods.</td>
<td>Sample sludges for all parameters except nitrate + nitrite for each month sludge land application occurs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outfalls #001 - #005 - Land Application Operational Monitoring</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lagoon or Storage Structure Freeboard</td>
<td>feet</td>
<td>See Special Condition Numbers 5, 10 and 17 through 25.</td>
<td>once/month</td>
<td>measured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land Application</td>
<td>hours</td>
<td></td>
<td>daily</td>
<td>total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount Land Applied</td>
<td>gallons or cubic feet</td>
<td></td>
<td>daily</td>
<td>total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Area</td>
<td>acres</td>
<td></td>
<td>daily</td>
<td>total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Rate</td>
<td>inches/acre inches</td>
<td></td>
<td>daily</td>
<td>total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rainfall</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED QUARTERLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE January 28, 2005. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.**

### B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED Part I STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED October 1, 1980, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.
## A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
<th>MONITORING REQUIREMENTS</th>
<th>MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY</th>
<th>SAMPLE TYPE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outfalls #008 - Fresh Water Lake Monitoring</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow</td>
<td>MGD</td>
<td>Monitoring requirement only.</td>
<td>24 hr. estimate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia Nitrogen as N</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>Collect one surface water sample per month from within the lake at a location near the discharge structure in the months of March, May, July, September and November.</td>
<td>grab</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrate + Nitrite as N</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td></td>
<td>grab</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Phosphorus as P</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td></td>
<td>grab</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
<td>grab</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Suspended Solids</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>See Special Condition Numbers 8 &amp; 10.</td>
<td>grab</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Outfalls #013 & #014 - Storm Water Runoff Monitoring** |       |                         |                      |             |
| pH – Units                               | SU    | See Special Condition Numbers 1, 2, 6, 8 & 10. | 4/year grab | grab        |
| Ammonia Nitrogen as N                    | mg/L  | Sample 4 times per year at two or three month intervals between March 1 and November 30. | 4/year grab | grab        |
| Nitrate + Nitrite as N                   | mg/L  |                              | 4/year grab | grab        |
| Total Phosphorus as P                    | mg/L  |                              | 4/year grab | grab        |
| Chloride                                 | mg/L  |                              | 4/year grab | grab        |
| Temperature                              | °C    |                              | 4/year grab | grab        |

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## B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

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## A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

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<th>UNITS</th>
<th>MONITORING REQUIREMENTS</th>
<th>MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY</th>
<th>SAMPLE TYPE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Outfalls #009, #010, #011 &amp; #012 - Stream Monitoring</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow</td>
<td>MGD</td>
<td>Samples shall be collected during the same week on a predetermined sampling date on a monthly basis so sampling dates are unbiased by flow condition.</td>
<td>1/month</td>
<td>estimate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH - Units</td>
<td>SU</td>
<td></td>
<td>1/month</td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia Nitrogen as N</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td></td>
<td>1/month</td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrate + Nitrite as N</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td></td>
<td>1/month</td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Phosphorus as P</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>Samples shall be only collected from flowing water. Samples from riffles are preferred.</td>
<td>1/month</td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
<td>1/month</td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Suspended Solids</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>Do not collect a sample from pools that do not have water flowing into or out of the pool.</td>
<td>1/month</td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dissolved Oxygen</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>See Special Condition Numbers 8 &amp; 10.</td>
<td>April through November between 1 hour before to 3 hours after sunrise</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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## B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED Part I STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED October 1, 1980, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.
**A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS**

 perm number MO-0118133

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
<th>REQUIREMENTS</th>
<th>MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY</th>
<th>SAMPLE TYPE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Application Fields - Storm Water Monitoring within 24 hours after land application</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia Nitrogen as N</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>See requirements below.</td>
<td>See sample collection frequency requirements below in paragraph d &amp; e.</td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrate + Nitrite as N</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>See Special Condition Numbers 1, 2, 8 &amp; 10</td>
<td></td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chloride</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Phosphorus as P</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH - Units</td>
<td>SU</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>grab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of Runoff</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field Number</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crop</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Equipment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Rate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a. This is a monitoring only requirement.
b. This monitoring procedure will be used to evaluate the rainfall runoff from fields that have received rainfall within 24 hours after land application of process waste.
c. Samples shall be collected from one location that has rainfall runoff at the field boundary. If no flow at field boundary, sample shall be collected at the closest downgradient location where the flow will allow sample collection.
d. Samples shall be collected within the first sixty (60) minutes after the start of the runoff, or as soon as possible. Sampling is only required to be conducted during daylight hours. Permittee will address specific sampling procedures in Operations and Maintenance Manual.
e. One sample shall be collected from each field (maximum of two fields per rain fall event) that has rainfall runoff within 24 hours of land application for the first six (6) rainfall events during each of the following time periods: (March, April, May) - (June, July, August) - (September, October, November).
f. One control sample shall be collected per quarter from a location that has not received rainfall within 24 hours after land application of process waste. The control sample may be collected (1) during the same rainfall event from a field with the same crop or (2) from the location where the 24-hour sample was collected but during a subsequent rainfall event that has not occurred within 24 hours after land application of process waste.

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**B. STANDARD CONDITIONS**

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## A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
<th>MONITORING REQUIREMENTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>REQUIREMENTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Outfalls and Land Application Fields - Monitoring of Unauthorized Discharges to Waters of the State</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow</td>
<td>MGD</td>
<td>No discharge of process waste. Water Quality Standards do not have to be exceeded to determine process waste being discharged.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dissolved Oxygen</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>An unauthorized discharge is a permit violation in itself.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia Nitrogen as N</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>See Special Condition Numbers 1, 2, 3, 8, 9 and 10.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH - Units</td>
<td>SU</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biochemical Oxygen Demand₅</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Suspended Solids</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chloride</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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### A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
<th>DISCHARGE MAXIMUM</th>
<th>MONITORING REQUIREMENTS</th>
<th>MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY</th>
<th>SAMPLE TYPE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Process waste in excess of 1000 gallons that enters secondary containment</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>See Requirements below.</td>
<td>Each incident</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia Nitrogen as N</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>See Special Condition Numbers 1, 2, 8, 10 and 26.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>each release grab</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### a.
There shall be no discharge of process wastewater from secondary containment structures. The procedure listed below shall be used to determine when there is no process wastewater in the containment structure and the containment water may be released. Gallons of process waste removed from secondary containment structures and testing of each release of water shall be recorded and reported to the department. Any releases from secondary containment shall not cause a violation of the water quality standards.

#### b.
Any wastewater spills or leaks collected in the containment structures shall be pumped into the lagoon or directly land applied so that there is no discharge of process waste. Before release of any water from the containment structures the water shall be tested for ammonia. Storm water may be released from the containment structure when the ammonia-N content is less than 2.5 mg/L. Storm water that exceeds these limits shall be pumped into the lagoon or land applied so that there is no runoff.

#### c.
In field testing for ammonia nitrogen using colorimetric testing or other approved testing methods may be used for sampling of containment structures.

#### d.
Testing and release procedures will be described in the Operation & Maintenance Manual.

#### e.
Testing results on water released from the containment structures shall be submitted Quarterly.

**MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED QUARTERLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE January 28, 2005. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.**

### B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

In addition to specified conditions stated herein, this permit is subject to the attached Part I STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED October 1, 1980, and hereby incorporated as though fully set forth herein.
A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)</th>
<th>MONITORING REQUIREMENTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>UNITS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Land Application Fields - Soil Monitoring</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrate nitrogen as N</td>
<td>mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soil pH</td>
<td>SU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Per Cent Organic Matter</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cation Exchange Capacity</td>
<td>SU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potassium as K</td>
<td>mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Available Phosphorus as P (Bray P-1 test method)</td>
<td>mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED ANNUALLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE October 28, 2005. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED Part I STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED October 1, 1980, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1. Water Quality Standards
   a. Operation of this site shall not cause a violation of water quality standards rule under 10 CSR 20-7.031.
   b. General Criteria
      The following water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:
      (1) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation or putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
      (2) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
      (3) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
      (4) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal, or aquatic life;
      (5) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
      (6) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
      (7) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community;
      (8) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri’s Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such material is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.
C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

2. No-Discharge Requirement: No Discharge except during emergency conditions

   a. The permittee shall land apply wastewater on suitable days as needed to keep the storage structure within design operating levels. The storage shall be maintained as near to the lower operating level (maximum storage capacity) as practicable so as to provide capacity for process wastewater flows plus the 1-in-10-year chronic rainfall and the 25-year, 24-hour rainfall based on the design storage period listed in the operation description. There shall be no-discharge of process waste during dry weather conditions when soils are suitable for irrigation. If wastewater has been properly land applied on suitable days during the last 12 months, emergency discharge is allowed by overflow through the emergency spillway of the storage structure due to storm events exceeding the chronic or catastrophic storm events for the design storage period, but discharge shall cease as soon as land application is feasible. Process waste discharge is not allowed by pumping, siphoning, cutting of berms, irrigation runoff, or any other method, except as authorized herein. Permittee shall make every reasonable effort to cease discharge as soon as soil conditions are suitable for irrigation.

   b. Definition: Process Waste

   Process waste as defined in 10 CSR 20-6.300 includes manure, wastewater and any precipitation which comes into contact with any manure, litter or bedding or any other raw material or intermediate or final material or product used in the production of animals or direct products. It includes spillage or overflow from animal watering systems; washing, cleaning or flushing of pens, barns, manure pits or other associated animal operations; washing or spray cooling of animals; dust control; storm water runoff from animal confinement areas and loading and unloading areas; storm water runoff from deposits of airborne dust from building ventilation systems or spillage of feed or manure; discharges from land application fields that occur during land application; and storm water runoff from land application fields if wastes are applied during frozen, snow covered or saturated soil conditions or if application rates exceed the maximum nitrogen utilization of the vegetation grown.

3. Monitoring of Emergency Discharge or Unauthorized Discharge

   a. Any emergency wastewater discharge or unauthorized discharge of process wastewater that occurs shall be monitored once/day for flow, ammonia nitrogen as N, dissolved oxygen, BOD, Chloride, pH and temperature. Unauthorized discharges shall also be monitored for total suspended solids.

   b. Samples shall be collected of the discharge at the down gradient property boundary. Samples shall also be collected from the receiving waters above and below the discharge point. If the receiving drainage is dry above the discharge point, report as no stream flow above the discharge point.

   c. Records shall be maintained for time, date, location, and duration of the discharge. If the lagoon will be agitated before pumping, the samples must be taken during agitation. When sampling at the recycle pump, the seven grab samples shall be taken at two – three minute intervals or longer. For sampling flush tanks, one or more grab samples shall be taken from each tank.
C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

4. Nutrient Monitoring for Land Application (continued)
   
   b. Solids or sludges shall be sampled and tested separately. At least one composite sample shall be collected for each month when land application occurs. Each composite sample shall consist of at least 20 grab samples. Solids and sludges shall be tested for total Kjeldahl nitrogen as N, ammonia nitrogen as N, total phosphorus as P, and percent solids.

5. Land Application Operational Monitoring (Outfalls #001-005 See Section A Page 5)
   
   a. The inches of precipitation received at the production site shall be recorded daily and shall be reported quarterly for daily amounts, monthly totals, and cumulative total.
   
   b. Daily records shall be kept on file by each field for land application locations, volumes, acres, inches/acre, time of applications, and which lagoon was being pumped. These shall be summarized in the quarterly and annual reports. Daily totals shall be kept on file by permittee and cumulative amounts submitted quarterly and in the annual report.
   
   c. Monthly measurements shall be made of the water level in each lagoon and shall be recorded as feet below the emergency overflow elevation. Report quarterly.
   
   d. Nitrogen application rates, crop yields, crop nitrogen requirements, and other operational monitoring shall be recorded for each field and reported in the annual report.
   
   e. A map consisting of the land application fields shall be kept at the production site. At the end of each day that land application occurs, the map shall be completed in a manner that indicates the areas of the fields that have received process waste.

6. Storm Water Runoff Monitoring (Outfalls #013,014 See Section A Page 6)
   
   a. Samples required in this paragraph shall be collected at the storm water monitoring locations listed in Section A of this permit.
   
   b. Storm water runoff shall be monitored 4 times/year for ammonia nitrogen as N, nitrate + nitrite nitrogen as N, total phosphorus as P, chloride, pH, and temperature.
   
   c. Samples shall be collected during storm water runoff events that occur after rainfalls of at least 0.5 inch within a 24-hour period. Collect the sample as soon as practicable after the beginning of storm water runoff.
   
   d. If there are no runoff events during a monitoring period, report as no discharge of storm water.

7. Soil Monitoring
   
   a. Composite soil samples shall be collected from fields where land application will occur within the next 12 months.
   
   b. Nitrate nitrogen as N shall be tested once per year. Soil samples may be collected for the top 0-6 or 0-12 inches or more.
   
   c. Soil pH, percent organic matter, cation exchange capacity, potassium as K, and available phosphorus as P (Bray P-1 test method) shall be sampled prior to land application and once every three (3) years thereafter, unless no additional land application has occurred at the site.
   
   d. Soil sampling shall be in accordance with University of Missouri (MU) publication G9110, “Sampling Your Soil For Testing” or other methods approved by the department.
   
   e. Soil testing methods shall be in accordance with North Dakota Agricultural Experiment Bulletin 499-Revised, “Recommended Chemical Soil Test Procedures for the North Central Region” or other test methods approved by the department.
   
   f. The annual report shall include a summary of the soil test results for each field.

8. Sample Collection, Preservation and Testing Methods
   
   In field testing methods or other approved methods may be used for secondary containment monitoring. Other testing shall be in accordance with the most current version of Standard Methods for the Examination of Waters and Wastewaters or other approved methods listed in 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(A).
C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

9. Required Notification of Releases
   a. Any wastewater discharge into waters of the state shall be reported to the
      Department as soon as possible and no later than 24 hours after the start of the
      discharge.
   b. Spills or leaks that are contained on the property shall also be reported to the
      Department within 24 hours, if the spill or leak exceeds 1,000 gallons per day.
      This includes leaks from sewer lines, recycle lines, flushing systems, lagoons
      or irrigation systems.

10. Annual Report
    An annual report is required in addition to the quarterly reporting under Section A
    of this permit. The annual report shall be submitted by January 28 of each year for
    the previous growing season from October 1 through September 30 or an alternate 12
    month period approved by the Department and listed in the Operation and Maintenance
    Manual. This report shall be submitted using report forms approved by the Department
    and shall include a summary of the monitoring and record keeping required by the
    Special Conditions and Standard Conditions of this permit.

11. Operation Description
    a. This permit authorizes operation of the complete manure management system as
       described in the permit Operation Description, construction and operating permit
       applications, and Operation and Maintenance Manual. This includes manure and
       wastewater production, collection, storage, secondary containment, pumping
       equipment, pipelines, land application equipment, land application sites and any
       other features necessary to make the system complete and useable.
    b. The system listed in the operation description of this permit shall not be
       placed into operation until submittal of the engineering certification of
       completed construction and approval by the department.

12. Design Parameters
    The design parameters listed below are operational guidelines to predict nutrient
    generation. Any proposed increases must be reported in accordance with Standard
    Conditions Part I, Section B, Paragraph 1., and may require a permit modification
    prior to the proposed change.
    a. Design Population Equivalent: The Design Population Equivalent is the human
       equivalent based on the annual average daily pounds of animals at the design
       capacity listed in the permit application. The average daily pounds of animals
       multiplied by a standard conversion factor equals the Design (human) Population
       Equivalent. The conversion factors are: 0.015 swine, 0.014 beef; 0.020 dairy;
       0.030 laying hen; 0.040 turkey; and 0.05 poultry broiler.
    b. Design Flow: The design flow is based on the maximum annual flows including
       storm water flows during the one-in-ten year return frequency for annual or 365
       day rainfall minus evaporation. The design flow is based on the time period
       when the flows are generated at the production site and not when flows are land
       applied. Portions of the design flow may be stored and carried over into the
       following year for land application, as necessary. Permittee may exceed the
       design flow when precipitation in any 365 day period exceeds the one-in-ten year
       annual precipitation amount.
    c. Animal Units: Animal Units are based on the maximum number and weight
       classification of animals in the permit application. As an operational
       guideline, the design number of animal units are calculated by averaging the
       weekly inventory number on a rolling 12 month average.
    d. Lagoon Levels: As an operational guideline, the lagoon levels should be
       maintained between the lower and upper operating levels during normal
       operations. If the upper operating level is exceeded, the operation shall take
       all reasonable measures to lower the lagoon level as soon as reasonably
       practicable. Within seven (7) days of the date that a lagoon’s level comes
       within four (4) inches of the upper operating level, the permittee shall mail a
       report to the department that identifies the lagoon(s), the lagoon level in
       inches below the emergency spillway and actions taken to reduce the lagoon
       levels.
    e. Reporting Requirements: The actual operation numbers compared to the permitted
       design parameters shall be summarized in the annual report.
C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

13. Construction Permits
All wastewater systems shall be constructed in accordance with a construction permit except where exempted by state regulations under 10 CSR 20-6.300.

14. Emergency Spillways
All lagoons shall have emergency spillways maintained as shown on the approved construction plans or approved as-built specifications.

15. HB1207
Permittee shall maintain compliance with all applicable provisions of state law under 640.725 to 640.735 RSMo, Supp.1996 (HB1207).

16. Reopener Clause
a. This permit may be reopened and modified or alternatively revoked and reissued, to incorporate new or modified limitations or other conditions pertaining to phosphorus application rates to soils, ground water monitoring requirements if determined necessary by the Department from the results of the ground water monitoring required under the federal consent decree or by any other means or other special conditions as may be necessary to protect waters of the state.

The permit may be modified or reopened to require submittal of a Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plan (CNMP) where determined appropriate by the department to meet water quality standards for nutrients. This determination may be based upon ambient water quality monitoring, Section A monitoring requirements and other applicable information.

c. This permit may be reopened and modified or alternatively revoked and reissued to incorporate new or modified effluent limitations required by changes to EPA CAFO regulations, or other conditions if, as the result of a watershed analyses, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) limitation is developed for the receiving waters which are currently included in Missouri’s list of waters of the state not fully achieving the states water quality standards.

17. Land Application Site Locations
The permittee shall land apply wastewater only to suitable sites located within the overall property boundaries and descriptions listed in the permit application and associated operation plans. Permittee requests for additional sites including non-owned property must follow permit modification procedures prior to land application.

18. Separation Distances for Land Application Sites
Separation distances (buffer zones) shall be maintained between the land application site and other features as follows:

a. Surface Application.
   1. 300 feet from any losing stream, open sinkholes, water supply wells, or water supply reservoirs;
   2. 100 feet from classified gaining streams for Class P and Class C streams listed in 10 CSR 20-7.031; unclassified gaining streams with water, and
   3. 50 feet from, public roads, public use areas, unclassified gaining streams without water or property boundaries unless application is by traveling gun. If application is by traveling gun, the set back distance shall be 100 feet.

   4. Separation distances shall be increased to 150 feet or greater from residences that are not a part of the operation or land application area.

b. Subsurface Injection.
   1. 300 feet from any losing stream, open sinkholes, water supply wells, or water supply reservoirs;
   2. 50 feet from classified gaining streams (Class P and C streams listed in 10 CSR 20-7.031); and
   3. 25 feet from unclassified gaining streams, public roads, or property boundaries.

c. Implementation procedures for these limitations shall be detailed in the Operation and Maintenance Manual.
C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

19. Land Application Limitations
   a. Process wastes should be land applied as close as practicable to when plants will utilize nutrients. Fall application for the spring crop season may be used where appropriate, but should not be the primary application period. Land application of process wastes shall be utilized as a nutrient resource.
   b. Process wastes shall not be land applied during frozen, snow covered or saturated soil conditions.
   c. Avoid application when there is a local, applicable weather forecast or observation by permittee of an imminent or impending storm event.
   d. Land application shall cease as soon as practicable upon occurrence of any precipitation.
   e. Land application equipment shall be operated in such a manner that wastes do not reach an adjoining property line, public use area or into waters of the state. Rigorous inspection procedures shall be implemented and documented for insuring that no visual spray drifts across public roads or property boundaries or into waters of the state. If the employee detects wind blown mist within 100 feet of an adjoining property line or public use area or waters of the state the application equipment shall be either moved farther away or shut down.
   f. Land application shall cease as soon as practicable upon occurrence of winds that cause spray drift across property boundaries, into public use areas, or into waters of the state.
   g. All application sites shall use soil conservation practices that meet Soil Conservation Standards of the USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS).
   h. Spray irrigation systems (travelling guns, center pivot, fixed spray nozzles, etc) shall have automatic shut-off devices at the pump in the case of pressure loss.
   i. Aboveground irrigation pipelines and equipment shall be checked at least once per hour to insure wastewater is contained within the system. The perimeter of the application fields shall be monitored continuously to insure that applied wastewater does not run off the fields where applied. Sections of underground irrigation lines not in use shall be checked after start up each day to verify no pressure is in the lines not being used. Underground lines in use or pressurized shall be checked immediately after start up and twice per day thereafter to insure wastewater is contained within the system.
   j. Land application rate shall be calculated during start up of spray irrigation equipment each day of operation by confirming operational parameters such as pressure, nozzle size, speed and other parameters. Calibration of traveling gun irrigation systems shall be verified at least once/month using rain gauges or collection pans within the spray pattern of the equipment to determine application rates in acre inch per application pass.
   k. Permittee shall maintain a daily record of days that are suitable for land application based on soil moisture records, checkbook methods or other methods approved by the department. Suitable days will include soil moisture capacity of less than 75% saturation capacity or other days when application can be performed without creating puddles of wastewater on the soil surface or runoff of applied wastewater. Suitable days by the checkbook method shall include any series of four days or more when there is no significant rainfall and net evapotranspiration above rainfall exceeds 1.0 inch. When average daily temperatures are above 45 degrees, the typical evapotranspiration rate is 0.2 – 0.5 inches per day.
   l. Implementation procedures for these limitations shall be detailed in the Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manual.

20. Hydraulic Application Rates and Field Slopes
   a. Hydraulic application rates in acre inches/application pass and acre inches/day shall not exceed the soil infiltration capacity and soil moisture holding capacity (saturation capacity) of the soil. In no case shall the application result in the runoff of applied waste during or immediately following application.
   b. Slopes exceeding 20 percent (20%) shall not be used for land application.
   c. For field slopes less than ten percent (0-10%), surface application rates other than tool bar application shall not exceed 0.5 acre inches/application pass and 1.0 acre inch/day depending on soil condition, except for short periods when initial soil moisture is significantly below field capacity in accordance with 10 CSR 20-8.020(15)(F)6. For tool bar application the rate shall not exceed 0.7 acre inches/application pass and 1.0 acre inch/day.
C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

20. Hydraulic Application Rates and Field Slopes (continued)
   d. For field slopes between ten and 20 percent (10-20%), surface application rates shall be reduced to \( \frac{1}{2} \) the rate for slopes less than 10%. Permittee may land apply wastewater on these field slopes only after submitting a revised O&M Manual for achieving the above application rates and receiving prior approval from the department. Permittee shall maintain a topographic map showing slopes and drainage patterns at the operation. The number of acres approved for various slope conditions are listed in the operation description section of this permit.
   e. For subsurface injection, application rates shall be based on soil absorption capacity during land application so that there are no puddles of wastewater on the soil surface. In no case shall the application rate exceed 1.0 inch/day (27,154 gallons/acre). The subsurface application rate and procedures for adjusting the rate to match soil moisture and field slope conditions shall be listed in the approved Operation and Maintenance Manual.

21. Land Application Equipment
   a. Subsurface injection should be considered where feasible and practicable to reduce exposure to wash off by storm water runoff and to retain nutrients in the soil for crop requirements. Surface application may be used when practical.
   b. Permittee shall own or have signed contracts with a commercial applicator to have adequate land application equipment readily available with capacity to apply 120% of the annual process wastewater flows (liquids, sludges and solids) within 85 ten hour days over the number of acres required for nutrient utilization.
   c. Implementation procedures for these limitations shall be detailed in the Operation and Maintenance Manual.

22. Nutrient Management
   a. Nitrogen. The permittee shall not exceed the plant available nitrogen management approach as listed in this permit.
   b. Phosphorus. Application rates shall not increase soil P levels above 120 pounds per acre soil test P using Bray P-1 test method. When State NRCS standards and guidelines become available, the permit will be revised by replacing the 120 pound limitation with any method under development by the Missouri NRCS under the USDA’s, NRCS National Policy, General Manual, Title 190, Part 402.06.
   c. The actual application rates for a given year or growing season must be adjusted based on the approved management approach and the actual wastewater and soil testing results and crop requirement. If crop yields are less than that predicted, the application rates must be reduced or the yields increased through appropriate changes in management practice.

23. Plant Available Nitrogen Procedure
   a. The Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) method predicts the typical amount of nitrogen that is expected to be available to plants based on the median or average values from the reference publications listed herein. Actual nitrogen available to plants during a growing season may be more or less than the predicted values due to climatic variations. Supplemental nitrogen applications during the growing season may be added to correct plant deficiencies. Wastewater, sludge and fertilizer nitrogen applications shall be based upon crop nitrogen requirements based on realistic crop yield goals. The wastewater application rate shall be calculated as follows:

\[
\text{PAN} = \text{CNR} - \text{SRN} - \text{CFN}
\]

WHERE:  
\( \text{CFN} \) = Commercial Fertilizer Nitrogen applied in pounds N/acre.  
\( \text{CNR} \) = Crop Nitrogen Requirement in pounds N/acre  
\( \text{PAN} \) = Plant Available Nitrogen in wastewater and sludges expressed as annual pounds N/acre.  
\( \text{SRN} \) = Soil Residual Nitrogen in pounds N/acre.

b. Plant Available Nitrogen(PAN) is calculated as follows:

\[
\text{PAN} = [\text{Ammonia Nitrogen}] \times [\text{Availability Factor}] + [\text{Organic Nitrogen}] \times [\text{Availability Factor}] + [\text{Nitrate Nitrogen}] \times [\text{Availability Factor}]
\]

For anaerobic treated wastewater and sludges, the nitrate nitrogen amounts will be negligible and can be ignored.
C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

23. Plant Available Nitrogen Procedure (continued)

c. Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) Availability factors for wastewater and sludges are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Nitrogen</th>
<th>Surface Application</th>
<th>Immediate Incorporation or Subsurface Injection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Organic</td>
<td>0.25 - 0.75*</td>
<td>0.25 - 0.75*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia</td>
<td>0.6**</td>
<td>0.9**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrate</td>
<td>0.9**</td>
<td>0.9**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Organic Nitrogen = [Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen as N] - [Ammonia as N].

Availabilty Factors based on time after application and waste type are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Manure by Animal Type and Waste Storage Method</th>
<th>Availability Factor by Time Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Year 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaerobic Lagoons (all animals/poultry)</td>
<td>0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid storage basins (except poultry)</td>
<td>0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poultry - storage basins and dry litter</td>
<td>0.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manure solids - beef, dairy, swine</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>without bedding</td>
<td>0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with bedding</td>
<td>0.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTES: Year 1 is the current year of manure application; year 2 is the previous year of manure application; and year 3 is manure application two years ago. Nitrogen availability for years 1, 2 and 3 must be added when manure is applied in consecutive years. The cumulative factor is used when manure is applied at about the same rate for 3 consecutive years or longer.

** Average inorganic nitrogen availability based on the typical soil and climate conditions when considering additions due to precipitation, dry deposition, and foliar absorption versus losses due to volatilization and denitrification (10% denitrification loss is included). Permittee may choose to use this average value for all fields or may adjust the N availability based on site specific soil conditions using the table below. The approved factors for each field will be included in the O&M Manual.

### Manure N denitrification estimates by Soil Drainage Classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Soil Organic Matter %</th>
<th>Excessively well drained</th>
<th>Well drained</th>
<th>Moderately well drained</th>
<th>Somewhat poorly drained</th>
<th>Poorly drained</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt; 2</td>
<td>92-96</td>
<td>82-94</td>
<td>72-92</td>
<td>60-88</td>
<td>40-80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-5</td>
<td>82-94</td>
<td>68-92</td>
<td>60-88</td>
<td>50-80</td>
<td>10-70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 5</td>
<td>76-92</td>
<td>60-88</td>
<td>50-80</td>
<td>30-70</td>
<td>0-50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

% of inorganic N (manure., precip.) available

Use the median values within each range. If other than median values are proposed, provide documentation by NRCS, professional agronomist, or certified nutrient management specialist. Adapted from USDA-NRCS, National Engineering Handbook, Part 651(AWMFH), Table 11-8.
C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

23. Plant Available Nitrogen Procedure (continued)

d. Soil Residual Nitrogen (SRN).

1. For Annual Crops, the nitrogen availability from soil organic matter must be included based on soil CEC and crop season as follows:

   \[ \text{SRN in pounds N/acre}^* = \text{[percent organic matter]} \times \text{Soil Availability Factor} \]

   **Soil Availability Factor**
   
   **by Soil CEC Ranges and Organic Matter**
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Season</th>
<th>Organic Matter</th>
<th>CEC</th>
<th>CEC</th>
<th>CEC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>&lt;10</td>
<td>10-18</td>
<td>&gt;18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summer</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>40*</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>20*</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   *Note: If CEC is less than 10 and organic matter is 1.5% or greater, the total SRN is constant at 60 pounds nitrogen for summer and 30 pounds for winter.

2. For Perennial Crops the SRN is considered zero(0) for purposes of these calculations because the SRN has already been considered in the crop fertilization recommendations in the referenced publications.

e. Conversion Factors for laboratory testing results:

   \[ [\text{mg/L or mg/kg or ppm}] \times [\text{conversion factor}] = [\text{pounds per Unit Volume}] \]

   **Unit Volume**
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Conversion Factors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>lbs/acre inch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lbs/1,000 gallons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lbs/100 cubic feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lbs/ton (wet wt)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

f. Crop nitrogen requirements shall be based on University of Missouri publication, Soil Test Interpretations and Recommendations Handbook, as revised or one of the other reference publications listed in this permit. Alternate reference publications may be used only upon prior approval by the department and shall be listed in the approved Operation and Maintenance Manual.

g. If a crop is not harvested, the PAN rate shall not exceed 40 lbs/acre/year and grass vegetation must be maintained on the site.

h. PAN calculations for land used for grazing cattle shall include both manure additions by cattle and crop nitrogen consumed by the cattle based on actual cow days per acre/year. This permit does not authorize grazing of cattle where prohibited by state statute under Chapter 350 RSMo.

i. PAN calculations, application amounts, crop yields and crop removal rates shall be listed in the annual report.

j. Alternate nitrogen availability factors may be considered based upon site-specific conditions for each field and submittal of scientific justification. Alternate factors will be reviewed and approved by the department as part of the Operation and Maintenance Manual.

k. Supplemental nitrogen may be added to row crops when determined necessary for proper plant growth based on testing of plant vegetation or soil nitrate testing during the growing season. Procedures will be reviewed and approved by the department as part of the Operation and Maintenance Manual.
C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

23. Plant Available Nitrogen Procedure (continued)

1. Primary reference publications used herein are:


The permittee shall develop, maintain and implement an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manual that includes all necessary items to ensure the operation and integrity of the waste handling and land application systems. Copies of the O&M Manual and subsequent revisions shall be submitted to the departments Water Pollution Control Program and Regional Office for review and approval. The O&M Manual shall include, but is not limited to, the following:

a. Detailed maps of the property showing all land application fields including the identification numbers for each field. The maps shall also indicate separation distances from streams, ponds, wells, and property lines and shall indicate areas of 0-10% slope, 10-20% slope, and over 20% slope. Indicate areas that are not suitable for land application. The maps shall also include the location of all buildings, pump stations, lagoons, containment structures, irrigation pipelines, irrigation riser connections, underground terrace outlets, composting areas, dead animal storage or disposal areas, domestic wastewater treatment systems and other waste handling units. The maps shall also depict all locations of classified streams, lakes and associated tributaries. The maps shall also indicate the location of all outfalls.

b. Start up procedures, field supervision during operation, and shutdown procedures of irrigation equipment.

c. Procedures for providing the separation distances required by this permit and as specified in 10 CSR 20-8.020 (15) (B).

d. Sample collection, preservation, and testing procedures.

e. Procedures for determining Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) loading rates.

f. Record keeping forms for tracking each field and storage structure. This shall include testing results, crops, yields, and application rates for each field.

g. A procedure for promptly reporting spills or discharges to the permittee plant manager and to the DNR.

h. A procedure for recording repair work on gravity sewer lines, recycle lines, and irrigation lines to include the reason for the repair work and the material used for the repair.

i. A program to eliminate debris and blockages of sewer lines and recycle lines and to keep debris out of the lagoons.

j. A procedure for twice per day visual inspections of the complete waste collection, flushing and recycle system for overflows or other operational problems.

k. A program for routine, unannounced inspections of land application sites and records to ensure that all directives for land application from the permittee’s central office are being followed. Records of the inspections shall be maintained by the permittee and made available to the department upon request.

l. A procedure to assure that all appropriate employees are properly trained in operation of the waste systems and are familiar with the O&M Manual.

m. Procedure for adjusting application periods and rates based on per cent slope, soil infiltration capacity, soil moisture content, and percent of soil saturation capacity. Provide procedure for field verification of slopes on each application setting.
C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

24. Operation and Maintenance Manual (continued)
   n. List of number, size, and capacity of waste removal, hauling and land application
      equipment.
   o. Number of suitable days each year when land application will occur based on
      historical 1-in-10-year wettest precipitation and capacity of spreading equipment
      and personnel available.
   p. Procedure to avoid application if there is a weather forecast for significant
      precipitation within 24 hours.
   q. The O&M manual shall contain an example lease agreement for land application. The
      permittee shall maintain a current list of leases with addresses, telephone numbers
      and field numbers assigned available for department review upon request. Lease
      agreements shall be maintained for department review upon request. Lease
      agreements shall be reviewed annually in order to maintain 125% of land required
      for design flows. If land required for design flows falls below 125%, a plan shall
      be submitted to the department to decrease flows to match the land available or to
      implement other acceptable options discussing how to insure compliance with this
      permit.

      The permittee may include additional provisions in the O&M manual that are not
      required by or considered part of the permit.

25. Underground Tile Outlets at Land Application Sites
   a. Any underground tile outlets from field terraces or subsurface field drainage
      tiles shall be shown on the site maps for all land application sites.
   b. To prevent potential discharge of wastewater during irrigation of fields with
      underground tile outlets for terraced fields, the permittee shall either cap,
      plug, or otherwise prevent wastewater from entering the inlets at the fields
      during irrigation, provide a 150 foot grass buffer area between the inlets and
      wetted irrigation area, use subsurface injection type application equipment or
      install secondary containment structures below the tile outlets.
   c. The Operation and Maintenance Manual shall include specific operating details
      for these fields to prevent discharge of wastewater during wastewater irrigation
      or leaching of nitrogen through the soils and into the tile drainage system.

26. Secondary Containment Structures
   a. There shall be containment structures or earthen dams installed and maintained
      down gradient of all confinement buildings and sewer lines, gravity outfall
      lines, recycle pump stations and recycle force mains in order to collect and
      retain wastewater discharges from spills or pipeline breaks. The containment
      structure shall be able to collect a minimum volume equal to the maximum pumping
      capacity of the recycle pump for the wastewater flushing system in any 24-hour
      period. Collected wastewater shall be pumped into the lagoon or land applied so
      that there is no discharge.
   b. Containment structures may also be located below underground tile outlets from
      irrigation sites or other areas not covered under paragraph a above of this
      special condition. Collected wastewater shall be pumped into a lagoon or land
      applied so that there is no discharge. Storm water may be released from the
      containment structure when the ammonia-N content is less than 2.5 mg/L.

27. Domestic Wastewater and Domestic Sludges
    Domestic wastewater hauled to treatment facility.

28. Dead Animal Disposal
    There shall be no-discharge from dead animal collection areas or holding areas
    (dumpsters, holding tanks, stockpiles within livestock production buildings,
    refrigeration units, etc). The collection and holding areas shall be inspected at
    least once per day. Any liquid drainage or wash water shall be collected and placed
    into the animal waste lagoon or hauled off-site to a permitted treatment/disposal
    facility. There shall not be any discharge from the collection or holding areas to
    the soil surface or subsurface. Dead animals shall be collected and hauled off site
    for rendering or disposal in accordance with the Dead Animal Disposal Law under
    Chapter 269 RSMo.
C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

29. Waste Characterization
   The results of a waste characterization shall be submitted 180 days prior to the expiration date of this permit. The results will be used to determine if modifications for monitoring requirements or limitations are necessary prior to renewal of the permit. The results of a waste characterization shall also be submitted if changes in the operation will cause a significant increase of contaminants being land applied or contaminants not previously characterized being added to the operation. Similarly operated facilities may complete a waste characterization utilizing representative samples.