STATE OF MISSOURI

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92nd Congress) as amended,

Permit No.	MO-0098990
Owner:	City of Wheatland
Address:	P.O. Box 187, Wheatland, MO 65779
Continuing Authority:	Same as above
Address:	Same as above
Facility Name:	Wheatland Wastewater Treatment Facility
Facility Address:	County Road 160, Wheatland, MO 65779
Legal Description:	See Page 2
UTM Coordinates:	See Page 2
Receiving Stream:	See Page 2
First Classified Stream and ID:	See Page 2
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	See Page 2

is authorized to discharge from the facility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:

FACILITY DESCRIPTION

POTW – SIC #4952

The use or operation of this facility shall be by or under the supervision of a Certified "D" Operator.

Four-cell storage lagoon / wastewater irrigation / sludge is retained in lagoon.

Design population equivalent is 559.

Design Flow is 94,677 gallons per day (Design Flow plus 10-year rainfall minus evaporation, does not account for inflow and infiltration).

Average design flow is 80,000 gallons per day (dry weather flows). Design sludge production is 2.2 dry tons per year.

This permit authorizes only irrigation of wastewater under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of the Law.

August 1, 2020 Effective Date

Edward B. Galbraith, Director, Division of Environmental Quality

December 31, 2024 Expiration Date

ulug Chris Wieberg, Director, Water Protection Program

FACILITY DESCRIPTION (continued):

Permitted Feature #001 - Four Cell Lagoon

Legal Description:	Sec. 24, T37N, R23W, Hickory County
UTM Coordinates:	X = 463436, Y = 4200634
Receiving Stream:	Tributary to Little Pomme de Terre River
First Classified Stream and ID:	100K Extent-Remaining Streams (C) (3960)
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	(10290107-0403)

Storage Basin:

Maximum Operating Level: 2 foot of freeboard (storage basin water level in feet below the overflow level)

Storage volume (min to max water levels, in gallons):	<u>Cell #1</u>	<u>Cell #2</u>	<u>Cell #3</u>	<u>Cell #4</u>
	3,008,429	731,688	492,274	7,248,332

<u>Storage Capacity (in Days):</u> Design: 164 days

Permitted Feature #002 - Center Pivot Irrigation Field

Legal Description:	Sec. 24, T37N, R23W, Hickory County
UTM Coordinates:	X = 463948, Y = 4200472
Receiving Stream:	Tributary to Little Pomme de Terre River
First Classified Stream and ID:	100K Extent-Remaining Streams (C) (3960)
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	(10290107-0403)

Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Irrigation volume per year: 34,556,965 gallons (based on annual irrigation rate) Irrigation areas: 46 acres at design loading Irrigation rates: 0.6 inch/hour; 1.0 inch/day; 4.0 inches/week; 24 inches/year Field slopes: less than 5 percent Equipment type: Center Pivot Vegetation: Grass hay Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate

PERMITTEDTABLE A-1FEATURE #001IRRIGATION SYSTEM LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

The permittee is authorized to conduct irrigation of wastewater as specified in the application for this permit. The final limitations shall become effective on <u>August 1, 2020</u> and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. The irrigation of wastewater shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

		FINAL LIMITATIONS		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
STORAGE BASIN PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY TOTAL	WEEKLY TOTAL	MONTHLY TOTAL	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Limit Set: OM						
Storage Basin Freeboard**	feet	*			once/week	measured
Precipitation	inches	*		*	daily	total
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED MONTHLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE SEPTEMBER 28, 2020.						

PERMITTED FEATURE #002

TABLE A-2 IRRIGATION SYSTEM LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

The permittee is authorized to conduct irrigation of wastewater as specified in the application for this permit. The final limitations shall become effective on <u>August 1, 2020</u> and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. The irrigation of wastewater shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	FINAL LIMITATIONS		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
UNITS	DAILY TOTAL	WEEKLY TOTAL	MONTHLY TOTAL	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
hours	*		*	daily	total
gallons	*		*	daily	total
acres	*		*	daily	total
inches	*		*	daily	total
	gallons acres	UNITS DAILY TOTAL hours * gallons * acres *	UNITS DAILY TOTAL WEEKLY TOTAL hours * gallons * acres *	UNITS DAILY TOTAL WEEKLY TOTAL MONTHLY TOTAL hours * * gallons * * acres * *	UNITSMAILY TOTALWEEKLY TOTALMONTHLY TOTALMEASUREMENT FREQUENCYhours***dailygallons***dailyacres***daily

* Monitoring requirement only.

** Storage Basin Freeboard shall be reported as storage basin water level in feet below the overflow level.

B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

In addition to specified conditions stated herein, this permit is subject to the attached <u>Parts I, II, & III</u> standard conditions dated <u>August 1, 2014, May 1, 2013, and August 1, 2019</u>, and hereby incorporated as though fully set forth herein.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. Discharges.
 - (a) <u>Monitoring</u>. Any discharge shall be monitored for the parameters in the table below at least once during the discharge event. Additional monitoring may be required by the Department on a case-by-case basis. The facility shall submit test results, along with the number of days the storage basin(s) has discharged during the month, to the via the Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System by the 28th day of the month after the discharge ceases. Permittee shall monitor for the following constituents:

Constituent	Units
Effluent Flow	MGD
Biochemical Oxygen Demand ₅	mg/L
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L
Ammonia as N	mg/L
pH – Units	SU
Oil & Grease	mg/L
E. coli*	#/100mL

* Sampling for *E. coli* is only required during the recreational months of April – October

(b) <u>Authorized Discharges</u>. A discharge from wastewater storage structures may only occur if rainfall exceeds the 10-year 365day rainfall event (chronic) or the 25-year 24-hour rainfall event (catastrophic). The facility shall make all reasonable attempts to return the water level in the lagoon to below the maximum operating level. Design Storm Maps and Tables can be found at <u>http://ag3.agebb.missouri.edu/design_storm/</u>. For this facility:

Hickory County	Data Collected: March 10, 2020
10-year 365-day rainfall event	53.1 inches
25-year 24-hour rainfall event	6.2 inches

(c) <u>Unauthorized Discharges</u>. Discharge for any other reason than what is stated in 1(b) of this Special Condition shall constitute a permit violation and shall be reported in accordance with Standard Conditions Part 1 Section B.2. Unauthorized discharges are to be reported to the Southwest Regional Office during normal business hours or by using the online Sanitary Sewer Overflow/Facility Bypass Application located at: <u>https://dnr.mo.gov/mogem/</u> or the Environmental Emergency Response spill-line at 573-634-2436 outside of normal business hours.

2. <u>Wastewater Irrigation System</u>.

- (a) <u>No-discharge facility requirements</u>. Wastewater shall be stored and irrigated during suitable conditions so that there is no discharge from the storage basins or irrigation sites.
- (b) <u>Storage Basin Operating Levels No-discharge Systems.</u> The minimum and maximum operating water levels for the storage basin(s) shall be clearly marked in each of the storage basins. Each storage basin shall be operated so that the maximum water elevation does not exceed two feet below the Emergency Spillway except due to exceedances of the 10-year 365-day rainfall event or 25-year 24-hour rainfall event as detailed in Special Condition 1. Wastewater shall be irrigated whenever feasible based on soil, weather conditions, and permit requirements. To ensure maximum storage capacity for the winter months when soil conditions may not be suitable for wastewater irrigation, the storage basin(s) shall be lowered to the two-foot minimum operating level during the months of September through November unless the Department approves a specific deviation from this requirement.
- (c) <u>Emergency Spillway.</u> Lagoons and earthen storage basins should have an emergency spillway to protect the structural integrity of earthen structures during operation at near full water levels and in the event of overflow conditions. The spillway shall be at least one foot below top of berm.
- (d) <u>General Irrigation Requirements.</u> The wastewater irrigation system shall be operated so as to provide uniform distribution of irrigated wastewater over the entire irrigation site. A complete ground cover of vegetation shall be maintained on the irrigation site unless the system is approved for row crop irrigation. The wastewater irrigation system shall be capable of irrigating the annual design flow during an irrigation period of 100 days or less per year. If the facility determines that night time irrigation is needed, the facility shall submit a night time irrigation plan to the Department's Water Protection Program for review and approval. Night time irrigation shall only occur when the Department has approved the night time irrigation plan.
- (e) <u>Saturated/Frozen Conditions.</u> There shall be no surface irrigation during ground frost; frozen, snow-covered, or saturated soil conditions; or when precipitation is imminent or occurring.
- (f) <u>Slope Restrictions.</u> Wastewater irrigation on slopes exceeding 10%, the hourly irrigation rate shall not exceed one-half (1/2) the design sustained permeability and in no case shall exceed one-half (1/2) inch per hour.
- (g) <u>Set Backs.</u> There shall be no irrigation within:
 - (1) 150 feet of dwelling or public use areas;
 - (2) 50 feet of the property line or public road;
 - (3) 300 feet of any sinkhole, losing stream, or any other feature that may provide a connection to the ground water table and the surface;
 - (4) 300 feet from any existing potable water supply well not located on the property;
 - (5) 100 feet of any gaining streams (classified or unclassified; perennial or intermittent), wetlands, ponds, or lakes. As a compliance alternative a 35-foot vegetative buffer that is permanently covered with perennial vegetation may be substituted for the 100 foot set-back requirement; and
 - (6) If an established vegetated buffer or the wastewater is disinfected, the setbacks established in subsections (1)-(5) above may be decreased if the permittee demonstrates the risk is mitigated.
- (h) <u>Public Access Restrictions.</u> Public access shall not be allowed to public-use-area surface irrigation sites when irrigation is occurring.
- (i) <u>Grazing and Harvesting of Forage Crops Restrictions</u>. Grazing of animals shall be deferred as per the following:
 (1) From May 1 to October 31, the minimum deferment from grazing or forage harvesting shall be 14 days.
 (2) From November 1 to April 30, the minimum deferment from grazing or forage harvesting shall be 30 days.
- (j) Irrigated Wastewater Disinfection. Wastewater shall be disinfected prior to irrigation (not storage) to public-use-areas.
- (k) <u>Equipment Checks during Irrigation</u>. The irrigation system, including application sites, shall be visually inspected during periods of wastewater irrigation to check for equipment malfunctions and runoff from the irrigation site. Inspections shall occur <u>once per day for</u> surface irrigation.

- 3. Wastewater irrigation records shall be maintained and summarized into an annual operating report for the previous calendar year. This annual report is in addition to the reporting requirements listed in Table A and the report shall be kept onsite and made available to department personnel upon request. The summarized annual report shall include the following:
 - (a) Record of maintenance and repairs performed during the year, average number of times per month the facility is checked to see if it is operating properly, and description of any unusual operating conditions encountered during the year;
 - (b) The number of days the storage basin(s) has discharged during the year, the discharge flow, and the reasons discharge occurred; and
 - (c) A summary of the irrigation operations for the year including: the number of days of irrigation, the total gallons irrigated, the total acres used, the irrigation rate in inches for the year, and the annual precipitation received at the facility.
- 4. Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System.
 - (a) Discharge Monitoring Reporting Requirements. The permittee must electronically submit compliance monitoring data via the eDMR system. In regards to Standard Conditions Part I, Section B, #7, the eDMR system is currently the only Department approved reporting method for this permit.
 - (b) Programmatic Reporting Requirements. The following reports (if required by this permit) must be electronically submitted as an attachment to the eDMR system until such a time when the current or a new system is available to allow direct input of the data:
 - (1) Collection System Maintenance Annual Reports; and
 - (2) Any additional report required by the permit excluding bypass reporting.

After such a system has been made available by the Department, required data shall be directly input into the system by the next report due date.

- (c) Other actions. The following shall be submitted electronically after such a system has been made available by the Department:
 - (1) Notices of Termination (NOTs);
 - (2) Bypass reporting, See Special Condition #01 for 24-hr. bypass reporting requirements.
- (d) Electronic Submissions. To access the eDMR system, use the following link in your web browser: <u>https://edmr.dnr.mo.gov/edmr/E2/Shared/Pages/Main/Login.aspx</u>.
- (e) Waivers from Electronic Reporting. The permittee must electronically submit compliance monitoring data and reports unless a waiver is granted by the Department in compliance with 40 CFR Part 127. The permittee may obtain an electronic reporting waiver by first submitting an eDMR Waiver Request Form: <u>http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2692-f.pdf</u>. The Department will either approve or deny this electronic reporting waiver request within 120 calendar days. Only permittees with an approved waiver request may submit monitoring data and reports on paper to the Department for the period that the approved electronic reporting waiver is effective.
- 5. The full implementation of this operating permit, which includes implementation of any applicable schedules of compliance, shall constitute compliance with all applicable federal and state statutes and regulations in accordance with §644.051.16, RSMo, and the Clean Water Act (CWA) section 402(k); however, this permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued:
 - (a) To comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a)(2) of the CWA, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
 - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
 - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
 - (b) To incorporate an approved pretreatment program or modification thereto pursuant to 40 CFR 403.8(c) or 40 CFR 403.18(e), respectively.
- 6. Changes in existing pollutants or the addition of new pollutants to the treatment facility

The permittee must provide adequate notice to the Director of the following:

- (a) Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to section 301 or 306 of CWA if it were directly discharging those pollutants; and
- (b) Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit.
- (c) For purposes of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on;
 - (1) the quality and quantity of effluent introduced into the POTW, and
 - (2) any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

- 7. Report as no-discharge when irrigation does not occur during the report period.
- 8. It is a violation of the Missouri Clean Water Law to fail to pay fees associated with this permit (644.055 RSMo).
- 9. The permittee shall comply with any applicable requirements listed in 10 CSR 20-9. The monitoring frequencies contained in Table A of this permit shall not be construed by the permittee as a modification of the monitoring frequencies listed in 10 CSR 20-9. To request modification of the operational control testing requirements, the permittee shall submit a permit modification application and fee to the Department requesting a deviation from the operational control monitoring requirements. If the request is approved, the Department will modify the permit.
- 10. The permittee shall develop and implement a program for maintenance and repair of its collection system. The permittee may compare collection system performance results and other data with the benchmarks used in the Departments' Capacity, Management, Operation, And Maintenance (CMOM) Model located at http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/permits/docs/cmom-template.doc. Additional information regarding the Departments' CMOM Model is available at http://dnr.mo.gov/pubs/pub2574.htm.

The permittee shall also submit a report via the Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System annually, by January 28th, for the previous calendar year. The report shall contain the following information:

- (a) A summary of the efforts to locate and eliminate sources of excessive infiltration and inflow into the collection system serving the facility for the previous year.
- (b) A summary of the general maintenance and repairs to the collection system serving the facility for the previous year.
- (c) A summary of any planned maintenance and repairs to the collection system serving the facility for the upcoming calendar year. This list shall include locations (GPS, 911 address, manhole number, etc.) and actions to be taken.
- 11. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
- 12. The permittee shall develop, maintain and implement an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manual that includes all necessary items to ensure the operation and integrity of the waste handling and wastewater irrigation systems, including key operating procedures, an aerial or topographic site map with the permitted features, irrigation fields, and irrigation buffer zones marked, and a brief summary of the operation of the facility. The O&M manual shall be made available to the operator and shall be reviewed and updated at least every five years or when there is a change in equipment or irrigation sites.
- 13. Reporting of Non-Detects:
 - (a) An analysis conducted by the permittee or their contracted laboratory shall be conducted in such a way that the precision and accuracy of the analyzed result can be enumerated.
 - (b) The permittee shall not report a sample result as "Non-Detect" without also reporting the detection limit of the test. Reporting as "Non Detect" without also including the detection limit will be considered failure to report, which is a violation of this permit.
 - (c) The permittee shall provide the "Non-Detect" sample result using the less than sign and the minimum detection limit (e.g. <10).
 - (d) Where the permit contains a Minimum Level (ML) and the permittee is granted authority in the permit to report zero in lieu of the < ML for a specified parameter (conventional, priority pollutants, metals, etc.), then zero (0) is to be reported for that parameter.
 - (e) See Standard Conditions Part I, Section A, #4 regarding proper detection limits used for sample analysis.
 - (f) When a parameter is not detected above ML, the permittee must report the data qualifier signifying less than ML for that parameter (e.g., $< 50 \mu g/L$, if the ML for the parameter is $50 \mu g/L$). For reporting an average based on a mix of values detected and not detected, assign a value of "0" for all non-detects for that reporting period and report the average of all the results.
- 14. Access to the storage basin(s) and any associated wastewater irrigation equipment must be sufficiently restricted or secured to prevent entry by children, livestock and unauthorized persons as well as to protect the facility from vandalism.
- 15. An all-weather access road shall be provided to the treatment facility.
- 16. The berms of the storage basin(s) shall be mowed and kept free of any deep-rooted vegetation, animal dens, or other potential sources of damage to the berms.

- 17. The facility shall ensure that adequate provisions are provided to prevent surface water intrusion into the storage basin(s) and to divert stormwater runoff around the storage basin(s) and protect embankments from erosion.
- 18. <u>Wastewater Irrigation Sites</u>. To add additional irrigation sites or to convert any of the land to public-use-areas, a construction permit, geohydrologic evaluation, soils report, and permit modification may be required. The facility shall contact the Department for a written determination.

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES FACT SHEET FOR THE PURPOSE OF RENEWAL OF MO-0098990 WHEATLAND WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act ("Clean Water Act" Section 402 Public Law 92-500 as amended) established the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program. This program regulates the discharge of pollutants from point sources into the waters of the United States, and the release of stormwater from certain point sources. All such discharges are unlawful without a permit (Section 301 of the "Clean Water Act"). After a permit is obtained, a discharge not in compliance with all permit terms and conditions is unlawful. Missouri State Operating Permits (MSOPs) are issued by the Director of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) under an approved program, operating in accordance with federal and state laws (Federal "Clean Water Act" and "Missouri Clean Water Law" Section 644 as amended). MSOPs are issued for a period of <u>five</u> (5) years unless otherwise specified.

As per [40 CFR Part 124.8(a)] and [10 CSR 20-6.020(1)(A)2.] a Factsheet shall be prepared to give pertinent information regarding the applicable regulations, rationale for the development of effluent limitations and conditions, and the public participation process for the Missouri State Operating Permit (operating permit) listed below.

A Factsheet is not an enforceable part of an operating permit.

This Factsheet is for a Minor.

<u>Part I – Facility Information</u>

Facility Type: POTW – SIC #4952

Facility Description:

The use or operation of this facility shall be by or under the supervision of a Certified "D" Operator.

Four-cell storage lagoon / wastewater irrigation / sludge is retained in lagoon.

Design population equivalent is 559.

Design Flow is 94,677 gallons per day (Design Flow plus 10-year rainfall minus evaporation, does not account for inflow and infiltration)

Average design flow is 80,000 gallons per day (dry weather flows).

Design sludge production is 2.2 dry tons per year.

Have any changes occurred at this facility or in the receiving water body that affects effluent limit derivation? \checkmark No.

Application Date:	02/13/2020
Expiration Date:	12/31/2019

PERMITTED FEATURE(S) TABLE:

PERMITTED FEATURE	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	TREATMENT LEVEL	EFFLUENT TYPE	
#001	0.15	Storage Basin(s)	Domestic	
#002	Irrigation Field			

Facility Performance History:

The facility was last inspected on January 30, 2018 and was found to be in non-compliance for failure to comply with permit conditions. The previous operating permit expired December 31, 2019 the renewal application was received on February 13, 2020.

Comments:

Information used in this permit including wastewater flows, population equivalents, design flows, loading rates, etc. based on current regulations, application received and previously issued permits. All monitoring and reporting requirements should be followed as described in this permit and regulations.

Part II – Operator Certification Requirements

 \checkmark This facility is required to have a certified operator.

As per [10 CSR 20-6.010(8) Terms and Conditions of a Permit], permittees shall operate and maintain facilities to comply with the Missouri Clean Water Law and applicable permit conditions and regulations. Operators or supervisors of operations at regulated wastewater treatment facilities shall be certified in accordance with [10 CSR 20-9.020(2)] and any other applicable state law or regulation. As per [10 CSR 20-9.020(2)(A)], requirements for operation by certified personnel shall apply to all wastewater treatment systems, if applicable, as listed below:

Owned or operated by or for a X - Municipalities

Each of the above entities are only applicable if they have a Population Equivalent greater than two hundred (200).

The Department requires this facility to retain the services of a certified operator due to: being a municipality with a population equivalent of greater than 200.

This facility currently requires an operator with a D Certification Level. Please see **Appendix - Classification Worksheet.** Modifications made to the wastewater treatment facility may cause the classification to be modified.

Operator's Name:	Kevin R. Nelson
Certification Number:	10596
Certification Level:	D

The listing of the operator above only signifies that staff drafting this operating permit have reviewed appropriate Department records and determined that the name listed on the operating permit application has the correct and applicable Certification Level.

Part III- Operational Control Testing Requirements

Missouri Clean Water Commission regulation 10 CSR 20-9.010 requires certain publically owned treatment works and privately owned facilities regulated by the Public Service Commission to conduct internal operational control monitoring to further ensure proper operation of the facility and to be a safeguard or early warning for potential plant upsets that could affect effluent quality. This requirement is only applicable if the publically owned treatment works and privately owned facilities regulated by the Public Service Commission has a Population Equivalent greater than two hundred (200).

10 CSR 20-9.010(3) allows the Department to modify the monitoring frequency required in the rule based upon the Department's judgement of monitoring needs for process control at the specified facility

✓ The facility is a lagoon that is designed as a no-discharge lagoon and is required to conduct operational control monitoring as follows:

Operational Monitoring Parameter	Frequency
Precipitation	Twice/Month
Flow – Influent or Effluent	Twice/Month
pH – Primary Cell	Twice/Month
Dissolved Oxygen – Primary Cell	Twice/Month

Part IV – Receiving Stream Information

While this facility is no discharge, a receiving stream is listed for the purposes of showing what stream would be affected in the event of a discharge due to an acute or chronic rain event.

RECEIVING STREAM(S) TABLE: PERMITTED FEATURE #001 AND #002

WATER-BODY NAME	CLASS	WBID	DESIGNATED USES*	12-DIGIT HUC	DISTANCE (MILES)
Tributary to Little Pomme de Terre River	С	3960	AQL, HHP, IRR, LWW, SCR, WBCB	10290107- 0403	0.0

*As per 10 CSR 20-7.031 Missouri Water Quality Standards, the Department defines the Clean Water Commission's water quality objectives in terms of "water uses to be maintained and the criteria to protect those uses." The receiving stream and 1st classified receiving stream's beneficial water uses to be maintained are in the receiving stream table in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)].

Uses which may be found in the receiving streams table, above:

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)1.:

AQL = Protection of aquatic life (Current narrative use(s) are defined to ensure the protection and propagation of fish shellfish and wildlife, which is further subcategorized as: WWH = Warm Water Habitat; CDF = Cold-water fishery (Current narrative use is cold-water habitat.); CLF = Cool-water fishery (Current narrative use is cool-water habitat); EAH = Ephemeral Aquatic Habitat; MAH = Modified Aquatic Habitat; LAH = Limited Aquatic Habitat. This permit uses AQL effluent limitations in 10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A for all habitat designations unless otherwise specified.)

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)2.: Recreation in and on the water

WBC = Whole Body Contact recreation where the entire body is capable of being submerged;

WBC-A = Whole body contact recreation that supports swimming uses and has public access;

WBC-B = Whole body contact recreation that supports swimming;

SCR = Secondary Contact Recreation (like fishing, wading, and boating).

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)3. to 7.:

HHP (formerly HHF) = Human Health Protection as it relates to the consumption of fish;

IRR = Irrigation for use on crops utilized for human or livestock consumption;

LWW = Livestock and wildlife watering (Current narrative use is defined as LWP = Livestock and Wildlife Protection);

DWS = Drinking Water Supply;

- **IND** = Industrial water supply
- 10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)8-11.: Wetlands (10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A currently does not have corresponding habitat use criteria for these defined uses)

WSA = Storm- and flood-water storage and attenuation; WHP = Habitat for resident and migratory wildlife species;

WRC = Recreational, cultural, educational, scientific, and natural aesthetic values and uses; WHC = Hydrologic cycle maintenance.

10 CSR 20-7.031(6): **GRW** = Groundwater

RECEIVING STREAM MONITORING REQUIREMENTS:

No receiving water monitoring requirements recommended at this time.

Part V – Rationale and Derivation of Effluent Limitations & Permit Conditions

ALTERNATIVE EVALUATIONS FOR NEW FACILITIES:

As per [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)(A)], discharges to losing streams shall be permitted only after other alternatives including land application, discharges to a gaining stream and connection to a regional wastewater treatment facility have been evaluated and determined to be unacceptable for environmental and/or economic reasons.

✓ The facility does not discharge to a Losing Stream as defined by [10 CSR 20-2.010(40)] & [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(O)], or is an existing facility.

ANTI-BACKSLIDING:

A provision in the Federal Regulations [CWA §303(d)(4); CWA §402(o); 40 CFR Part 122.44(l)] that requires a reissued permit to be as stringent as the previous permit with some exceptions.

✓ All limits in this operating permit are at least as protective as those previously established; therefore, backsliding does not apply.

ANTIDEGRADATION:

In accordance with Missouri's Water Quality Standard [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)], the Department is to document by means of Antidegradation Review that the use of a water body's available assimilative capacity is justified. Degradation is justified by documenting the socio-economic importance of a discharging activity after determining the necessity of the discharge.

 No degradation proposed and no further review necessary. Facility did not apply for authorization to increase pollutant loading or to add additional pollutants to their discharge.

AREA-WIDE WASTE TREATMENT MANAGEMENT & CONTINUING AUTHORITY:

As per [10 CSR 20-6.010(2)(C)], ...An applicant may utilize a lower preference continuing authority by submitting, as part of the application, a statement waiving preferential status from each existing higher preference authority, providing the waiver does not conflict with any area-wide management plan approved under section 208 of the Federal Clean Water Act or any other regional sewage service and treatment plan approved for higher preference authority by the Department.

BIOSOLIDS & SEWAGE SLUDGE:

Biosolids are solid materials resulting from domestic wastewater treatment that meet federal and state criteria for beneficial uses (i.e. fertilizer). Sewage sludge is solids, semi-solids, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works; including but not limited to, domestic septage; scum or solids removed in primary, secondary, or advanced wastewater treatment process; and a material derived from sewage sludge. Sewage sludge does not include ash generated during the firing of sewage sludge in a sewage sludge incinerator or grit and screening generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works.

Permittee is not authorized to land apply biosolids. Sludge/biosolids are stored in the lagoon. The permittee must receive approval for any treatment, removal, and disposal of sludge or biosolids that is not identified in the facility description of the operating permit.

COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT:

Enforcement is the action taken by the Water Protection Program (WPP) to bring an entity into compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and conditions of an operating permit. The primary purpose of the enforcement activity in the WPP is to resolve violations and return the entity to compliance.

✓ The permittee/facility is not currently under Water Protection Program enforcement action.

ELECTRONIC DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (EDMR) SUBMISSION SYSTEM:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) promulgated a final rule on October 22, 2015, to modernize Clean Water Act reporting for municipalities, industries, and other facilities by converting to an electronic data reporting system. This final rule requires regulated entities and state and federal regulators to use information technology to electronically report data required by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program instead of filing paper reports. To comply with the federal rule, the Department is requiring all permittees to begin submitting discharge monitoring data and reports online. In an effort to aid facilities in the reporting of applicable information electronically, the Department has created several new forms including operational control monitoring forms and an I&I location and reduction form. These forms are for optional use and can be found on the Department's website at the following locations:

Operational Monitoring Lagoon: <u>http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2801-f.pdf</u> Operational Monitoring Mechanical: <u>http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2800-f.pdf</u> I&I Report: <u>http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2690-f.pdf</u>

Per 40 CFR 127.15 and 127.24, permitted facilities may request a temporary waiver for up to 5 years or a permanent waiver from electronic reporting from the Department. To obtain an electronic reporting waiver, a permittee must first submit an eDMR Waiver Request Form: <u>http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2692-f.pdf</u>. A request must be made for each facility. If more than one facility is owned or operated by a single entity, then the entity must submit a separate request for each facility based on its specific circumstances. An approved waiver is non-transferable.

The Department must review and notify the facility within 120 calendar days of receipt if the waiver request has been approved or rejected [40 CFR 124.27(a)]. During the Department review period as well as after a waiver is granted, the facility must continue submitting a hard-copy of any reports required by their permit. The Department will enter data submitted in hard-copy from those facilities allowed to do so and electronically submit the data to the EPA on behalf of the facility.

✓ The permittee/facility is currently using the eDMR data reporting system.

NUMERIC LAKE NUTRIENT CRITERIA

This facility is located within a lake watershed where numeric lake nutrient criteria are applicable, per 10 CSR 20-7.031(5)(N). However, as the facility is a no-discharge system monitoring associated with the department's nutrient implementation plan is not applicable.

PRETREATMENT PROGRAM:

The reduction of the amount of pollutants, the elimination of pollutants, or the alteration of the nature of pollutant properties in wastewater prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introducing such pollutants into a Publicly Owned Treatment Works [40 CFR Part 403.3(q)].

Pretreatment programs are required at any POTW (or combination of POTW operated by the same authority) and/or municipality with a total design flow greater than 5.0 MGD and receiving industrial wastes that interfere with or pass through the treatment works or are otherwise subject to the pretreatment standards. Pretreatment programs can also be required at POTWs/municipals with a design flow less than 5.0 MGD if needed to prevent interference with operations or pass through.

Several special conditions pertaining to the permittee's pretreatment program may be included in the permit, and are as follows:

- Implementation and enforcement of the program,
- Annual pretreatment report submittal,
- Submittal of list of industrial users,
- Technical evaluation of need to establish local limitations, and
- Submittal of the results of the evaluation
- ✓ The permittee, at this time, is not required to have a Pretreatment Program or does not have an approved pretreatment program.

REMOVAL EFFICIENCY:

Removal efficiency is a method by which the Federal Regulations define Secondary Treatment and Equivalent to Secondary Treatment, which applies to Biochemical Oxygen Demand 5-day (BOD₅) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) for publically owned treatment works (POTWs). See 40 CFR Part 133.102(a)(3) & (b)(3) and 40 CFR 133.105(a)(3)&(b)(3). This is a no-discharge facility, therefore removal efficiency is 100% and influent monitoring is not required.

SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOWS (SSO) AND INFLOW AND INFILTRATION (I&I):

Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs) are defined as untreated sewage releases and are considered bypassing under state regulation [10 CSR 20-2.010(12)] and should not be confused with the federal definition of bypass. SSOs result from a variety of causes including blockages, line breaks, and sewer defects that can either allow wastewater to backup within the collection system during dry weather conditions or allow excess stormwater and groundwater to enter and overload the collection system during wet weather conditions. SSOs can also result from lapses in sewer system operation and maintenance, inadequate sewer design and construction, power failures, and vandalism. SSOs include overflows out of manholes, cleanouts, broken pipes, and other into waters of the state and onto city streets, sidewalks, and other terrestrial locations.

Inflow and Infiltration (I&I) is defined as unwanted intrusion of stormwater or groundwater into a collection system. This can occur from points of direct connection such as sump pumps, roof drain downspouts, foundation drains, and storm drain cross-connections or through cracks, holes, joint failures, faulty line connections, damaged manholes, and other openings in the collection system itself. I&I results from a variety of causes including line breaks, improperly sealed connections, cracks caused by soil erosion/settling, penetration of vegetative roots, and other sewer defects. In addition, excess stormwater and groundwater entering the collection system from line breaks and sewer defects have the potential to negatively impact the treatment facility.

Missouri RSMo §644.026.1.(13) mandates that the Department issue permits for discharges of water contaminants into the waters of this state, and also for the operation of sewer systems. Such permit conditions shall ensure compliance with all requirements as established by sections 644.006 to 644.141. Standard Conditions Part I, referenced in the permit, contains provisions requiring proper operation and maintenance of all facilities and systems of treatment and control. Missouri RSMo §644.026.1.(15) instructs the Department to require proper maintenance and operation of treatment facilities and sewer systems and proper disposal of residual waste from all such facilities. To ensure that public health and the environment are protected, any noncompliance which may endanger public health or the environment must be reported to the Department within 24 hours of the time the permittee becomes aware of the noncompliance. Standard Conditions Part I, referenced in the permit, contains the reporting requirements for the permittee when bypasses and upsets occur.

✓ At this time, the Department recommends the US EPA's Guide for Evaluating Capacity, Management, Operation and Maintenance (CMOM) Programs at Sanitary Sewer Collection Systems (Document # EPA 305-B-05-002) or the Departments' CMOM Model located at <u>http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/permits/docs/cmom-template.doc</u>. For additional information regarding the Departments' CMOM Model, see the CMOM Plan Model Guidance document at <u>http://dnr.mo.gov/pubs/pub2574.htm</u>. The CMOM identifies some of the criteria used to evaluate a collection system's management, operation, and maintenance and was intended for use by the EPA, state, regulated community, and/or third party entities. The CMOM is applicable to small, medium, and large systems; both public and privately owned; and both regional and satellite collection systems. The CMOM does not substitute for the Clean Water Act, the Missouri Clean Water Law, and both federal and state regulations, as it is not a regulation.

SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE (SOC):

Per 644.051.4 RSMo, a permit may be issued with a Schedule of Compliance (SOC) to provide time for a facility to come into compliance with new state or federal effluent regulations, water quality standards, or other requirements. Such a schedule is not allowed if the facility is already in compliance with the new requirement, or if prohibited by other statute or regulation. A SOC includes an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (actions, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or the terms and conditions of an operating permit. *See also* Section 502(17) of the Clean Water Act, and 40 CFR §122.2. For new effluent limitations, the permit includes interim monitoring for the specific parameter to demonstrate the facility is not already in compliance with the new requirement. Per 40 CFR § 122.47(a)(1), 10 CSR 20-7.015(9), and 10 CSR 20-7.031(11), compliance must occur as soon as possible. If the permit provides a schedule for meeting new water quality based effluent limits, a SOC must include an enforceable, final effluent limitation in the permit even if the SOC extends beyond the life of the permit.

A SOC is not allowed:

- For effluent limitations based on technology-based standards established in accordance with federal requirements, if the deadline for compliance established in federal regulations has passed. 40 CFR § 125.3.
- For a newly constructed facility in most cases. Newly constructed facilities must meet applicable effluent limitations when discharge begins, because the facility has installed the appropriate control technology as specified in a permit or antidegradation review. A SOC is allowed for a new water quality based effluent limit that was not included in a previously public noticed permit or antidegradation review, which may occur if a regulation changes during construction.
- To develop a TMDL, UAA, or other study that may result in site-specific criteria or alternative effluent limitations. A facility is not prohibited from conducting these activities, but a SOC may not be granted for conducting these activities.

In order to provide guidance to Permit Writers in developing SOCs, and attain a greater level of consistency, on April 9, 2015 the Department issued an updated policy on development of SOCs. This policy provides guidance to Permit Writers on the standard time frames for schedules for common activities, and guidance on factors that may modify the length of the schedule such as a Cost Analysis for Compliance.

 \checkmark This permit does not contain a SOC.

SEWER EXTENSION AUTHORITY SUPERVISED PROGRAM:

In accordance with [10 CSR 20-6.010(6)(A)], the Department may grant approval of a permittee's Sewer Extension Authority Supervised Program. These approved permittees regulate and approve construction of sanitary sewers and pump stations, which are tributary to this wastewater treatment facility. The permittee shall act as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance, and modernization of the constructed collection system. See http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/permits/sewer-extension.htm.

✓ The permittee does not have a Department approved Sewer Extension Authority Supervised Program.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP):

In accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(k) *Best Management Practices (BMPs)* to control or abate the discharge of pollutants when: (1) Authorized under section 304(e) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) for the control of toxic pollutants and hazardous substances from ancillary industrial activities: (2) Authorized under section 402(p) of the CWA for the control of stormwater discharges; (3) Numeric effluent limitations are infeasible; or (4) the practices are reasonably necessary to achieve effluent limitations and standards or to carry out the purposes and intent of the CWA.

In accordance with the EPA's *Developing Your Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan, A Guide for Industrial Operators*, (Document number EPA 833-B-09-002) [published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) in February 2009], BMPs are measures or practices used to reduce the amount of pollution entering (regarding this operating permit) waters of the state. BMPs may take the form of a process, activity, or physical structure.

Additionally in accordance with the Stormwater Management, a SWPPP is a series of steps and activities to (1) identify sources of pollution or contamination, and (2) select and carry out actions which prevent or control the pollution of stormwater discharges. The purpose of a SWPPP is to comply with all applicable stormwater regulations by creating an adaptive management plan to control and mitigate stream pollution from stormwater runoff. Developing a SWPPP provides opportunities to employ appropriate BMPs to minimize the risk of pollutants being discharged during storm events. The following paragraph outlines the general steps the permittee should take to determine which BMPs will work to achieve the benchmark values or limits in the permit. This section is not intended to be all encompassing or restrict the use of any physical BMP or operational and maintenance procedure assisting in pollution control. Additional steps or revisions to the SWPPP may be required to meet the requirements of the permit.

Areas which should be included in the SWPPP are identified in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14). Once the potential sources of stormwater pollution have been identified, a plan should be formulated to best control the amount of pollutant being released and discharged by each activity or source. This should include, but is not limited to, minimizing exposure to stormwater, good housekeeping measures, proper facility and equipment maintenance, spill prevention and response, vehicle traffic control, and proper materials handling. Once a plan has been developed the facility will employ the control measures determined to be adequate to achieve the benchmark values discussed above. The facility will conduct monitoring and inspections of the BMPs to ensure they are working properly and re-evaluate any BMP not achieving compliance with permitting requirements. For example, if sample results from an outfall show values of TSS above the benchmark value, the BMP being employed is deficient in controlling stormwater pollution. Corrective action should be taken to repair, improve, or replace the failing BMP. This internal evaluation is required at least once per month but should be continued more frequently if BMPs continue to fail. If failures do occur, continue this trial and error process until appropriate BMPs have been established.

For new, altered, or expanded stormwater discharges, the SWPPP shall identify reasonable and effective BMPs while accounting for environmental impacts of varying control methods. The antidegradation analysis must document why no discharge or no exposure options are not feasible. The selection and documentation of appropriate control measures shall serve as an alternative analysis of technology and fulfill the requirements of antidegradation [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)]. For further guidance, consult the antidegradation implementation procedure (http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/docs/AIP050212.pdf).

Alternative Analysis (AA) evaluation of the BMPs is a structured evaluation of BMPs that are reasonable and cost effective. The AA evaluation should include practices that are designed to be: 1) non-degrading; 2) less degrading; or 3) degrading water quality. The glossary of AIP defines these three terms. The chosen BMP will be the most reasonable and effective management strategy while ensuring the highest statutory and regulatory requirements are achieved and the highest quality water attainable for the facility is discharged. The AA evaluation must demonstrate why "no discharge" or "no exposure" is not a feasible alternative at the facility. This structured analysis of BMPs serves as the antidegradation review, fulfilling the requirements of 10 CSR 20-7.031(3) Water Quality Standards and *Antidegradation Implementation Procedure* (AIP), Section II.B.

If parameter-specific numeric exceedances continue to occur and the permittee feels there are no practicable or cost-effective BMPs which will sufficiently reduce a pollutant concentration in the discharge to the benchmark values established in the permit, the permittee can submit a request to re-evaluate the benchmark values. This request needs to include 1) a detailed explanation of why the facility is unable to comply with the permit conditions and unable to establish BMPs to achieve the benchmark values; 2) financial data of the company and documentation of cost associated with BMPs for review and 3) the SWPPP, which should contain adequate documentation of BMPs employed, failed BMPs, corrective actions, and all other required information. This will allow the Department to conduct a cost analysis on control measures and actions taken by the facility to determine cost-effectiveness of BMPs. The request shall be submitted in the form of an operating permit modification; the application is found at: http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/index.html.

✓ At this time, the permittee is not required to develop and implement a SWPPP. As the permittee is a no-discharge facility, the use of best management practices to reduce stormwater flows into the treatment basin or into the application fields should be considered and employed.

VARIANCE:

As per the Missouri Clean Water Law § 644.061.4, variances shall be granted for such period of time and under such terms and conditions as shall be specified by the commission in its order. The variance may be extended by affirmative action of the commission. In no event shall the variance be granted for a period of time greater than is reasonably necessary for complying with the Missouri Clean Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141 or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to Missouri Clean Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141.

✓ This operating permit is not drafted under premises of a petition for variance.

40 CFR 122.41(M) - BYPASSES:

The federal Clean Water Act (CWA), Section 402 prohibits wastewater dischargers from "bypassing" untreated or partially treated sewage (wastewater) beyond the headworks. A bypass is defined as an intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility, [40 CFR 122.41(m)(1)(i)]. Additionally, Missouri regulation 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(G) states a bypass means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility, except in the case of blending, to waters of the state. Only under exceptional and specified limitations do the federal regulations allow for a facility to bypass some or all of the flow from its treatment process. Bypasses are prohibited by the CWA unless a permittee can meet all of the criteria listed in 40 CFR 122.41(m)(4)(i)(A), (B), & (C). Any bypasses from this facility are subject to the reporting required in 40 CFR 122.41(l)(6) and per Missouri's Standard Conditions I, Section B, part 2.b. Additionally, Anticipated Bypasses include bypasses from peak flow basins or similar devices designed for peak wet weather flows.

✓ This facility does not anticipate bypassing.

Part VI – Permit Limits Determination

PERMITTED FEATURE #001 - STORAGE BASIN

- **Freeboard.** Monitoring requirement to verify adequate freeboard is maintained, so as to avoid an overflow of the storage basin.
- <u>Precipitation</u>. Monitoring requirement to ensure appropriate irrigation is conducted to account for accumulated water in the storage basin.

$Permitted \ Feature \ \#002-Irrigation \ Field$

- <u>Irrigation Period</u>. Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for the Irrigation Period is included to determine if proper irrigation is occurring on the irrigation fields.
- <u>Volume Irrigated</u>. Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for the Volume Irrigated is included to determine if proper irrigation is occurring on the irrigation fields.
- <u>Irrigation Area.</u> Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for the Irrigation Area is included to determine if proper irrigation is occurring on the irrigation fields.
- <u>Irrigation Rate</u>. Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for the Irrigation Rate is included to determine if proper irrigation is occurring on the irrigation fields.

Sampling Frequency Justification:

Sampling frequency has been determined to be appropriate so it has been retained from the previous state operating permit.

Sampling Type Justification:

Due to the discharge being from irrigation from a storage basin, a grab sample is a representative and appropriate sample type. Variation in nutrient concentration is not expected over a 24 hour period. Sampling type has been determined to be appropriate so it has been retained from the previous state operating permit.

DISCHARGE PARAMETERS – BOD₅, TSS, Ammonia, pH, Oil & Grease, *E. coli*, Total Phosphorus, and Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, and nitrite + nitrate are conventional pollutants found in domestic wastewater. These parameters shall be monitored at least once during the discharge event. Additional monitoring may be required by the Department on a case-by-case basis. All samples shall be collected as grab samples. pH samples cannot be preserved and must be sampled in the field.

OUTFALL #001 AND #002 - GENERAL CRITERIA CONSIDERATIONS:

In accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1), effluent limitations shall be placed into the permit for those pollutants which have been determined to cause, have the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above any State water quality standard, including State narrative criteria for water quality. The rule further states that pollutants which have been determined to cause, have the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above a narrative criterion within an applicable State water quality standard, the permit shall contain a numeric effluent limitation to protect that narrative criterion. In order to comply with this regulation, the permit writer will complete reasonable potential determinations on whether the discharge will violate any of the general criteria listed in 10 CSR 20-7.031(4). These specific requirements are listed below followed by derivation and discussion (the lettering matches that of the rule itself, under 10 CSR 20-7.031(4)). It should also be noted that Section 644.076.1, RSMo as well as Section D – Administrative Requirements of Standard Conditions Part I of this permit states that it shall be unlawful for any person to cause or permit any discharge of water contaminants from any water contaminant or point source located in Missouri that is in violation of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated by the commission.

- (A) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses. This facility utilizes irrigation of domestic wastewater to the land surface and therefore does not discharge. Based upon a review of a recent Report of Compliance Inspection for the inspection conducted on January 30, 2018, no evidence of an excursion of this criterion has been observed by the Department in the past and the facility has not disclosed any other information their permit application which has the potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this narrative criterion. Additionally, there had been no indication to the Department that the stream has had issues maintaining beneficial uses as a result of the wastewater irrigation. Therefore, based on the information reviewed during the drafting of this permit, and the fact that the facility does not discharge, no reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this criterion exists.
- (B) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (C) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (D) <u>Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life</u>. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (E) <u>Waters shall provide for the attainment and maintenance of water quality standards downstream including waters of another state</u>. Please see (D) above as justification is the same.
- (F) <u>There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water</u>. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (G) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (H) <u>Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community</u>. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (I) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247. The discharge from this facility is made up of treated domestic wastewater. No evidence of an excursion of this criterion has been observed by the Department in the past and the facility has not disclosed any other information related to the characteristics of the discharge on their permit application which has the potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this narrative criterion. Additionally, any solid wastes received or produced at this facility are wholly contained in appropriate storage facilities, are not discharged, and are disposed of offsite. This discharge is subject to Standard Conditions Part III, which contains requirements for the management and disposal of sludge to prevent its discharge. Therefore, this discharge does not have reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this criterion.

Part VII - Cost Analysis for Compliance

Pursuant to Section 644.145, RSMo, when issuing permits under this chapter that incorporate a new requirement for discharges from publicly owned combined or separate sanitary or storm sewer systems or publicly owned treatment works, or when enforcing provisions of this chapter or the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., pertaining to any portion of a publicly owned combined or separate sanitary or storm sewer system or [publicly owned] treatment works, the Department of Natural Resources shall make a "finding of affordability" on the costs to be incurred and the impact of any rate changes on ratepayers upon which to base such permits and decisions, to the extent allowable under this chapter and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. This process is completed through a cost analysis for compliance. Permits that do not include new requirements may be deemed affordable.

✓ Not Applicable; The Department is not required to complete a cost analysis for compliance because the permit contains no new conditions or requirements that convey a new cost to the facility.

Part VIII – Administrative Requirements

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Department, as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions contained herein and within the operating permit. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

WATER QUALITY STANDARD REVISION:

In accordance with section 644.058, RSMo, the Department is required to utilize an evaluation of the environmental and economic impacts of modifications to water quality standards of twenty-five percent or more when making individual site-specific permit decisions.

This operating permit does not contain requirements for a water quality standard that has changed twenty-five percent or more since the previous operating permit.

PERMIT SYNCHRONIZATION:

The Department of Natural Resources is currently undergoing a synchronization process for operating permits. Permits are normally issued on a five-year term, but to achieve synchronization many permits will need to be issued for less than the full five years allowed by regulation. The intent is that all permits within a watershed will move through the Watershed Based Management (WBM) cycle together and will all expire in the same fiscal year. This will allow further streamlining by placing multiple permits within a smaller geographic area on public notice simultaneously, thereby reducing repeated administrative efforts. This will also allow the Department to explore a watershed based permitting effort at some point in the future. Renewal applications must continue to be submitted within 180 days of expiration, however, in instances where effluent data from the previous renewal is less than 4 years old, that data may be re-submitted to meet the requirements of the renewal application. If the permit provides a schedule of compliance for meeting new water quality based effluent limits beyond the expiration date of the permit, the time remaining in the schedule of compliance will be allotted in the renewed permit.

PUBLIC NOTICE:

The Department shall give public notice that a draft permit has been prepared and its issuance is pending. Additionally, public notice will be issued if a public hearing is to be held because of a significant degree of interest in and water quality concerns related to a draft permit. No public notice is required when a request for a permit modification or termination is denied; however, the requester and permittee must be notified of the denial in writing. The Department must issue public notice of a pending operating permit or of a new or reissued statewide general permit. The public comment period is the length of time not less than 30 days following the date of the public notice which interested persons may submit written comments about the proposed permit. For persons wanting to submit comments regarding this proposed operating permit, then please refer to the Public Notice page located at the front of this draft operating permit. The Public Notice page gives direction on how and where to submit appropriate comments.

✓ The Public Notice period for this operating permit was from May 07. 2020 to June 08. 2020. No responses received.

DATE OF FACT SHEET: JUNE 9, 2020

COMPLETED BY:

CHARLES HARWOOD, SOIL SCIENTIST MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM OPERATING PERMITS SECTION - DOMESTIC WASTEWATER UNIT (573) 751-9155 charles.harwood@dnr.mo.gov

Appendices

APPENDIX - CLASSIFICATION WORKSHEET:

Item	Points Possible	Points Assigned
Maximum Population Equivalent (P.E.) served , peak day	1 pt./10,000 PE or major fraction thereof. (Max 10 pts.)	
Design Flow (avg. day) or peak month's flow (avg. day) whichever is larger	1 pt. / MGD or major fraction thereof. (Max 10 pts.)	
Effluent Discharge		
Missouri or Mississippi River	0	
All other stream discharges except to losing streams and stream reaches supporting whole body contact recreation	1	
Discharge to lake or reservoir outside of designated whole body contact recreational area	2	
Discharge to losing stream, or stream, lake or reservoir area supporting whole body contact recreation	3	
Direct reuse or recycle of effluent	6	
Land Application/Irriga	tion	
Drip Irrigation	3	
Land application/irrigation	5	5
Overland flow	4	
Variation in Raw Wastes (highe	st level only)	
Variations do not exceed those normally or typically expected	0	
Reoccurring deviations or excessive variations of 100 to 200 percent in strength and/or flow	2	
Reoccurring deviations or excessive variations of more than 200 percent in strength and/or flow	4	
Department-approved pretreatment program	6	
Preliminary Treatme	nt	
STEP systems (operated by the permitee)	3	
Screening and/or comminution	3	
Grit removal	3	
Plant pumping of main flow	3	
Flow equalization	5	
Primary Treatment		
Primary clarifiers	5	
Chemical addition (except chlorine, enzymes)	4	
Secondary Treatmer	t	
Trickling filter and other fixed film media with or without secondary clarifiers	10	
Activated sludge (including aeration, oxidation ditches, sequencing batch reactors, membrane bioreactors, and contact stabilization)	15	
Stabilization ponds without aeration	5	
Aerated lagoon	8	
Advanced Lagoon Treatment – Aerobic cells, anaerobic cells, covers, or fixed film	10	
Biological, physical, or chemical	12	
Carbon regeneration	4	
Total from page ONE (1)		5

ITEM	POINTS POSSIBLE	POINTS ASSIGNED		
Solids Handling				
Sludge Holding	5	5		
Anaerobic digestion	10			
Aerobic digestion	6			
Evaporative sludge drying	2			
Mechanical dewatering	8			
Solids reduction (incineration, wet oxidation)	12			
Land application	6			
Disinfection				
Chlorination or comparable	5			
On-site generation of disinfectant (except UV light)	5			
Dechlorination	2			
UV light	4			
Required Laboratory Control Performed by Plant	Personnel (highest level only)			
Lab work done outside the plant	0			
Push – button or visual methods for simple test such as pH, settleable solids	3			
Additional procedures such as DO, COD, BOD, titrations, solids, volatile content	5			
More advanced determinations, such as BOD seeding procedures, fecal coliform, nutrients, total oils, phenols, etc.	7			
Highly sophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chromatograph	10			
Total from page TWO (2)		5		
Total from page ONE (1)		5		
Grand Total		10		

A: 71 points and greater
B: 51 points - 70 points
C: 26 points - 50 points
X - D: 0 points - 25 points



These Standard Conditions incorporate permit conditions as required by 40 CFR 122.41 or other applicable state statutes or regulations. These minimum conditions apply unless superseded by requirements specified in the permit.

Part I – General Conditions

Section A - Sampling, Monitoring, and Recording

1. Sampling Requirements.

- a. Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.
- b. All samples shall be taken at the outfall(s) or Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) approved sampling location(s), and unless specified, before the effluent joins or is diluted by any other body of water or substance.

2. Monitoring Requirements.

a.

- Records of monitoring information shall include:
- i. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
- ii. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
- iii. The date(s) analyses were performed;
- iv. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
- v. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
- vi. The results of such analyses.
- b. If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by the permit at the location specified in the permit using test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136, or another method required for an industry-specific waste stream under 40 CFR subchapters N or O, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reported to the Department with the discharge monitoring report data (DMR) submitted to the Department pursuant to Section B, paragraph 7.
- 3. **Sample and Monitoring Calculations.** Calculations for all sample and monitoring results which require averaging of measurements shall utilize an arithmetic mean unless otherwise specified in the permit.
- Test Procedures. The analytical and sampling methods used shall conform 4. to the reference methods listed in 10 CSR 20-7.015 unless alternates are approved by the Department. The facility shall use sufficiently sensitive analytical methods for detecting, identifying, and measuring the concentrations of pollutants. The facility shall ensure that the selected methods are able to quantify the presence of pollutants in a given discharge at concentrations that are low enough to determine compliance with Water Quality Standards in 10 CSR 20-7.031 or effluent limitations unless provisions in the permit allow for other alternatives. A method is "sufficiently sensitive" when; 1) the method minimum level is at or below the level of the applicable water quality criterion for the pollutant or, 2) the method minimum level is above the applicable water quality criterion, but the amount of pollutant in a facility's discharge is high enough that the method detects and quantifies the level of pollutant in the discharge, or 3) the method has the lowest minimum level of the analytical methods approved under 10 CSR 20-7.015. These methods are also required for parameters that are listed as monitoring only, as the data collected may be used to determine if limitations need to be established. A permittee is responsible for working with their contractors to ensure that the analysis performed is sufficiently sensitive.
- 5. Record Retention. Except for records of monitoring information required by the permit related to the permittee's sewage sludge use and disposal activities, which shall be retained for a period of at least five (5) years (or longer as required by 40 CFR part 503), the permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by the permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for the permit, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Department at any time.

6. Illegal Activities.

- a. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under the permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both. If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed after a first conviction of such person under this paragraph, punishment is a fine of not more than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than (4) years, or both.
- b. The Missouri Clean Water Law provides that any person or who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or by both. Second and successive convictions for violation under this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.

Section B - Reporting Requirements

1. Planned Changes.

- The permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility when:
 - i. The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in 40 CFR 122.29(b); or
 - ii. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements under 40 CFR 122.42;
 - iii. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan;
 - iv. Any facility expansions, production increases, or process modifications which will result in a new or substantially different discharge or sludge characteristics must be reported to the Department 60 days before the facility or process modification begins. Notification may be accomplished by application for a new permit. If the discharge does not violate effluent limitations specified in the permit, the facility is to submit a notice to the Department of the changed discharge at least 30 days before such changes. The Department may require a construction permit and/or permit modification as a result of the proposed changes at the facility.

2. Non-compliance Reporting.

a. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. Relevant information shall be provided orally or via the current electronic method approved by the Department, within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances, and shall be reported to the appropriate Regional Office during normal business hours or the Environmental Emergency Response hotline at 573-634-2436 outside of normal business hours. A written submission shall also be provided within five (5) business days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.



- b. The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours under this paragraph.
 - i. Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - ii. Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Department in the permit required to be reported within 24 hours.
- c. The Department may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis for reports under paragraph 2. b. of this section if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.
- 3. Anticipated Noncompliance. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements. The notice shall be submitted to the Department 60 days prior to such changes or activity.
- 4. Compliance Schedules. Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of the permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date. The report shall provide an explanation for the instance of noncompliance and a proposed schedule or anticipated date, for achieving compliance with the compliance schedule requirement.
- 5. **Other Noncompliance.** The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs 2, 3, and 6 of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph 2. a. of this section.
- 6. **Other Information**. Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.

7. Discharge Monitoring Reports.

- a. Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified in the permit.
- b. Monitoring results must be reported to the Department via the current method approved by the Department, unless the permittee has been granted a waiver from using the method. If the permittee has been granted a waiver, the permittee must use forms provided by the Department.
- c. Monitoring results shall be reported to the Department no later than the 28^{th} day of the month following the end of the reporting period.

Section C - Bypass/Upset Requirements

1. Definitions.

- a. *Bypass*: the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility, except in the case of blending.
- b. Severe Property Damage: substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
- c. *Upset:* an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

2. Bypass Requirements.

a. Bypass not exceeding limitations. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2. b. and 2. c. of this section.

- b. Notice.
 - i. Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least 10 days before the date of the bypass.
 - Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in Section B – Reporting Requirements, paragraph 5 (24-hour notice).
- c. Prohibition of bypass.
 - i. Bypass is prohibited, and the Department may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:
 - 1. Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
 - 2. There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
 - 3. The permittee submitted notices as required under paragraph 2. b. of this section.
 - ii. The Department may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Department determines that it will meet the three (3) conditions listed above in paragraph 2. c. i. of this section.

3. Upset Requirements.

- a. Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of paragraph 3. b. of this section are met. No determination made during administrative review of claims that noncompliance was caused by upset, and before an action for noncompliance, is final administrative action subject to judicial review.
- b. Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - i. An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
 - ii. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated; and
 - iii. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in Section B

 Reporting Requirements, paragraph 2. b. ii. (24-hour notice).
 iv. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under
 - iv. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Section D – Administrative Requirements, paragraph 4.
- c. Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

Section D - Administrative Requirements

- 1. **Duty to Comply.** The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Missouri Clean Water Law and Federal Clean Water Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application.
 - a. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the CWA within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
 - b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who violates section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any such sections in a permit issued under section 402, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under sections 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 per day for each violation. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who negligently violates sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the Act, or any condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, or any requirement



imposed in a pretreatment program approved under section 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to criminal penalties of \$2,500 to \$25,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than one (1) year, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a negligent violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than two (2) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates such sections, or such conditions or limitations is subject to criminal penalties of \$5,000 to \$50,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment for not more than three (3) years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$100,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than six (6) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates section 301, 302, 303, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, and who knows at that time that he thereby places another person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury, shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not more than \$250,000 or imprisonment of not more than 15 years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing endangerment violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$500,000 or by imprisonment of not more than 30 years, or both. An organization, as defined in section 309(c)(3)(B)(iii) of the CWA, shall, upon conviction of violating the imminent danger provision, be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000,000 and can be fined up to \$2,000,000 for second or subsequent convictions.

- c. Any person may be assessed an administrative penalty by the EPA Director for violating section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of this Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of this Act. Administrative penalties for Class I violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per violation, with the maximum amount of any Class I penalty assessed not to exceed \$25,000. Penalties for Class II violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day during which the violation continues, with the maximum amount of any Class II penalty not to exceed \$125,000.
- It is unlawful for any person to cause or permit any discharge of water d. contaminants from any water contaminant or point source located in Missouri in violation of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law, or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated by the commission. In the event the commission or the director determines that any provision of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or standard, rules, limitations or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or permits issued by, or any final abatement order, other order, or determination made by the commission or the director, or any filing requirement pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or any other provision which this state is required to enforce pursuant to any federal water pollution control act, is being, was, or is in imminent danger of being violated, the commission or director may cause to have instituted a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction for the injunctive relief to prevent any such violation or further violation or for the assessment of a penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day, or part thereof, the violation occurred and continues to occur, or both, as the court deems proper. Any person who willfully or negligently commits any violation in this paragraph shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$25,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. Second and successive convictions for violation of the same provision of this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.

2. Duty to Reapply.

- a. If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit.
- b. A permittee with a currently effective site-specific permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 180 days before the expiration date of the existing permit, unless permission for a later date has been granted by the Department. (The Department shall not grant permission

for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)

- c. A permittees with currently effective general permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 30 days before the existing permit expires, unless the permittee has been notified by the Department that an earlier application must be made. The Department may grant permission for a later submission date. (The Department shall not grant permission for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)
- 3. **Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense.** It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.
- 4. **Duty to Mitigate.** The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
- 5. Proper Operation and Maintenance. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

6. Permit Actions.

- a. Subject to compliance with statutory requirements of the Law and Regulations and applicable Court Order, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to, the following:
 - i. Violations of any terms or conditions of this permit or the law;ii. Having obtained this permit by misrepresentation or failure to
 - disclose fully any relevant facts; iii. A change in any circumstances or conditions that requires either a
 - temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge; or
 - iv. Any reason set forth in the Law or Regulations.
- b. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

7. Permit Transfer.

- a. Subject to 10 CSR 20-6.010, an operating permit may be transferred upon submission to the Department of an application to transfer signed by the existing owner and the new owner, unless prohibited by the terms of the permit. Until such time the permit is officially transferred, the original permittee remains responsible for complying with the terms and conditions of the existing permit.
- b. The Department may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Missouri Clean Water Law or the Federal Clean Water Act.
- c. The Department, within 30 days of receipt of the application, shall notify the new permittee of its intent to revoke or reissue or transfer the permit.
- 8. **Toxic Pollutants.** The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the Federal Clean Water Act within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
- 9. **Property Rights.** This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.



- 10. **Duty to Provide Information.** The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, any information which the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Department upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
- 11. **Inspection and Entry.** The permittee shall allow the Department, or an authorized representative (including an authorized contractor acting as a representative of the Department), upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:
 - Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
 - b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - c. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
 - d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Federal Clean Water Act or Missouri Clean Water Law, any substances or parameters at any location.

12. Closure of Treatment Facilities.

- Persons who cease operation or plan to cease operation of waste, wastewater, and sludge handling and treatment facilities shall close the facilities in accordance with a closure plan approved by the Department.
- b. Operating Permits under 10 CSR 20-6.010 or under 10 CSR 20-6.015 are required until all waste, wastewater, and sludges have been disposed of in accordance with the closure plan approved by the Department and any disturbed areas have been properly stabilized. Disturbed areas will be considered stabilized when perennial vegetation, pavement, or structures using permanent materials cover all areas that have been disturbed. Vegetative cover, if used, shall be at least 70% plant density over 100% of the disturbed area.

13. Signatory Requirement.

- a. All permit applications, reports required by the permit, or information requested by the Department shall be signed and certified. (See 40 CFR 122.22 and 10 CSR 20-6.010)
- b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months per violation, or by both.
- c. The Missouri Clean Water Law provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed or required to be maintained pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by both.
- 14. **Severability.** The provisions of the permit are severable, and if any provision of the permit, or the application of any provision of the permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of the permit, shall not be affected thereby.



PART II - SPECIAL CONDITIONS – PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS SECTION A – INDUSTRIAL USERS

1. Definitions

Definitions as set forth in the Missouri Clean Water Laws and approved by the Missouri Clean Water Commission shall apply to terms used herein.

Significant Industrial User (SIU). Except as provided in the *General Pretreatment Regulation* 10 CSR 20-6.100, the term Significant Industrial User means:

- 1. All Industrial Users subject to Categorical Pretreatment Standards; and
- 2. Any other Industrial User that: discharges an average of 25,000 gallons per day or more of process wastewater to the Publicly-Owned Treatment Works (POTW) (excluding sanitary, noncontact cooling and boiler blowdown wastewater); contributes a process wastestream which makes up 5 percent or more of the average dry weather hydraulic or organic capacity of the POTW treatment plant; or is designated as such by the Control Authority on the basis that the Industrial User has a reasonable potential for adversely affecting the POTW's or for violating any Pretreatment Standard or requirement.

Clean Water Act (CWA) is the the federal Clean Water Act of 1972, 33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq. (2002).

2. Identification of Industrial Discharges

Pursuant to 40 CFR 122.44(j)(1), all POTWs shall identify, in terms of character and volume of pollutants, any Significant Industrial Users discharging to the POTW subject to Pretreatment Standards under section 307(b) of the CWA and 40 CFR 403.

3. Application Information

Applications for renewal or modification of this permit must contain the information about industrial discharges to the POTW pursuant to 40 CFR 122.21(j)(6)

4. Notice to the Department

Pursuant to 40 CFR 122.42(b), all POTWs must provide adequate notice of the following:

- Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to section 301 or 306 of CWA if it were directly discharging these pollutants; and
- 2. Any substantial change into the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit.
- 3. For purposes of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on:
 - i. the quality and quantity of effluent introduced into the POTW, and
 - ii. any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

For POTWs without an approved pretreatment program, the notice of industrial discharges which was not included in the permit application shall be made as soon as practicable. For POTWs with an approved pretreatment program, notice is to be included in the annual pretreatment report required in the special conditions of this permit. Notice may be sent to:

> Missouri Department of Natural Resources Water Protection Program Attn: Pretreatment Coordinator P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, MO 65102

PART III – BIOSOLIDS AND SLUDGE FROM DOMESTIC TREATMENT FACILITIES

SECTION A - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- PART III Standard Conditions pertain to biosolids and sludge requirements under the Missouri Clean Water Law and regulations for domestic and municipal wastewater and also incorporates federal sludge disposal requirements under 40 CFR Part 503 for domestic wastewater. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has principal authority for permitting and enforcement of the federal sludge regulations under 40 CFR Part 503 for domestic biosolids and sludge.
- 2. PART III Standard Conditions apply only to biosolids and sludge generated at domestic wastewater treatment facilities, including public owned treatment works (POTW) and privately owned facilities.
- 3. Biosolids and Sludge Use and Disposal Practices:
 - a. The permittee is authorized to operate the biosolids and sludge generating, treatment, storage, use, and disposal facilities listed in the facility description of this permit.
 - b. The permittee shall not exceed the design sludge/biosolids volume listed in the facility description and shall not use biosolids or sludge disposal methods that are not listed in the facility description, without prior approval of the permitting authority.
 - c. For facilities operating under general operating permits that incorporate Standard Conditions PART III, the facility is authorized to operate the biosolids and sludge generating, treatment, storage, use and disposal facilities identified in the original operating permit application, subsequent renewal applications or subsequent written approval by the department.
- 4. Biosolids or Sludge Received from other Facilities:
 - a. Permittees may accept domestic wastewater biosolids or sludge from other facilities as long as the permittee's design sludge capacity is not exceeded and the treatment facility performance is not impaired.
 - b. The permittee shall obtain a signed statement from the biosolids or sludge generator or hauler that certifies the type and source of the sludge
- 5. Nothing in this permit precludes the initiation of legal action under local laws, except to the extent local laws are preempted by state law.
- 6. This permit does not preclude the enforcement of other applicable environmental regulations such as odor emissions under the Missouri Air Pollution Control Lawand regulations.
- This permit may (after due process) be modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to comply with any applicable biosolids or sludge disposal standard or limitation issued or approved under Section 405(d) of the Clean Water Act or under Chapter 644 RSMo.
- 8. In addition to Standard Conditions PARTIII, the Department may include biosolids and sludge limitations in the special conditions portion or other sections of a site specific permit.
- 9. Exceptions to Standard Conditions PARTIII may be authorized on a case-by-case basis by the Department, as follows:
 - a. The Department may modify a site-specific permit following permit notice provisions as applicable under 10 CSR 20-6.020, 40 CFR § 124.10, and 40 CFR § 501.15(a)(2)(ix)(E).
 - b. Exceptions cannot be granted where prohibited by the federal sludge regulations under 40 CFR Part 503.

SECTION B - DEFINITIONS

- 1. Best Management Practices are practices to prevent or reduce the pollution of waters of the state and include agronomic loading rates (nitrogen based), soil conservation practices, spill prevention and maintenance procedures and other site restrictions.
- 2. Biosolids means organic fertilizer or soil amendment produced by the treatment of domestic wastewater sludge.
- 3. Biosolids land application facility is a facility where biosolids are spread onto the land at agronomic rates for production of food, feed or fiber. The facility includes any structures necessary to store the biosolids untilsoil, weather, and crop conditions are favorable for land application.
- 4. Class A biosolids means a material that has met the Class A pathogen reduction requirements or equivalent treatment by a Process to Further Reduce Pathogens (PFRP) in accordance with 40 CFR Part 503.
- 5. Class B biosolids means a material that has met the Class B pathogen reduction requirements or equivalent treatment by a Process to Significantly Reduce Pathogens (PSRP) in accordance with 40 CFR Part 503.
- 6. Domestic wastewater means wastewater originating from the sanitary conveniences of residences, commercial buildings, factories and institutions; or co-mingled sanitary and industrial wastewater processed by a (POTW) or a privately owned facility.
- 7. Feed crops are crops produced primarily for consumption by animals.
- 8. Fiber crops are crops such as flax and cotton.
- 9. Food crops are crops consumed by humans which include, but is not limted to, fruits, vegetables and tobacco.
- 10. Industrial wastewater means any wastewater, also known as process wastewater, not defined as domestic wastewater. Per 40 CFR Part 122.2, process wastewater means any water which, during manufacturing or processing, comes into direct contact with or results from the production or use of any raw material, intermediate product, finished product, byproduct, or waste product. Land application of industrial wastewater, residuals or sludge is not authorized by Standard Conditions PART III.
- 11. Mechanical treatment plants are wastewater treatment facilities that use mechanical devices to treat wastewater, including, sand filters, extended aeration, activated sludge, contact stabilization, trickling filters, rotating biological contact systems, and other similar facilities. It does not include wastewater treatment lagoons or constructed wetlands for wastewater treatment.
- 12. Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) is nitrogen that will be available to plants during the growing seasons after biosolids application.
- 13. Public contact site is land with a high potential for contact by the public. This includes, but is not limited to, public parks, ball fields, cemeteries, plant nurseries, turf farms, and golf courses.
- 14. Sludge is the solid, semisolid, or liquid residue removed during the treatment of wastewater. Sludge includes septage removed from septic tanks or equivalent facilities. Sludge does not include carbon coal byproducts (CCBs), sewage sludge incinerator ash, or grit/screenings generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage.
- 15. Sludge lagoon is part of a mechanical wastewater treatment facility. A sludge lagoon is an earthen or concrete lined basin that receives sludge that has been removed from a wastewater treatment facility. It does not include a wastewater treatment lagoon or sludge treatment units that are not a part of a mechanical wastewater treatment facility.
- 16. Septage is the sludge pumped from residential septic tanks, cesspools, portable toilets, Type III marine sanitation devices, or similar treatment works such as sludge holding structures from residential wastewater treatment facilities with design populations of less than 150 people. Septage does not include grease removed from grease traps at a restaurant or material removed from septic tanks and other similar treatment works that have received industrial wastewater. The standard for biosolids from septage is different from other sludges. See Section H for more information.

SECTION C-MECHANICAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES

- 1. Biosolids or sludge shall be routinely removed from wastewater treatment facilities and handled according to the permit facility description and the requirements of Standard Conditions PART III or in accordance with Section A.3.c., above.
- The permittee shall operate storage and treatment facilities, as defined by Section 644.016(23), RSMo, so that there is no biosolids or sludge discharged to waters of the state. Agricultural storm water discharges are exempt under the provisions of Section 644.059, RSMo.
- 3. Mechanical treatment plants shall have separate biosolids or sludge storage compartments in accordance with 10 CSR 20, Chapter 8. Failure to remove biosolids or sludge from these storage compartments on the required design schedule is a violation of this permit.

SECTION D – BIOSOLIDS OR SLUDGE DISPOSED AT OTHER TREATMENT FACILITY OR BY CONTRACT HAULER

- 1. Permittees that use contract haulers, under the authority of their operating permit, to dispose of biosolids or sludge, are responsible for compliance with all the terms of this permit. Contract haulers that assume the responsibility of the final disposal of biosolids or sludge, including biosolids land application, must obtain a Missouri State Operating Permit unless the hauler transports the biosolids or sludge to another permitted treatment facility.
- 2. Testing of biosolids or sludge, other than total solids content, is not required if biosolids or sludge are hauled to a permitted wastewater treatment facility, unless it is required by the accepting facility.

SECTION E- INCINERATION OF SLUDGE

- Please be aware that sludge incineration facilities may be subject to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 503 Subpart E, Missouri Air Conservation Commission regulations under 10 CSR 10, and solid waste management regulations under 10 CSR 80, as applicable.
- 2. Permittee may be authorized under the facility description of this permit to store incineration ash in lagoons or ash ponds. This permit does not authorize the disposal of incineration ash. Incineration ash shall be disposed in accordance with 10 CSR 80; or, if the ash is determined to be hazardous, with 10 CSR 25.
- 3. In addition to normal sludge monitoring, incineration facilities shall report the following as part of the annual report, mass of sludge incinerated and mass of ash generated. Permittee shall also provide the name of the ash disposal facility and permit number if applicable.

$Section\,F-Surface\,Disposal\,Sites\,\text{and}\,Biosolids\,\text{and}\,Sludge\,Lagoons$

- Please be aware that surface disposal sites of biosolids or sludge from wastewater treatment facilities may be subject to other laws including the requirements in 40 CFR Part 503 Subpart C, Missouri Air Conservation Commission regulations under 10 CSR 10, and solid waste management regulations under 10 CSR 80, as applicable.
- 2. Biosolids or sludge storage lagoons are temporary facilities and are not required to obtain a permit as a solid waste management facility under 10 CSR 80. In order to maintain biosolids or sludge storage lagoons as storage facilities, accumulated biosolids or sludge must be removed routinely, but not less than once every two years unless an alternate schedule is approved in the permit. The amount of biosolids or sludge removed will be dependent on biosolids or sludge generation and accumulation in the facility. Enough biosolids or sludge must be removed to maintain adequate storage capacity in the facility.
 - a. In order to avoid damage to the lagoon seal during cleaning, the permittee may leave a layer of biosolids or sludge on the bottom of the lagoon, upon prior approval of the Department; or
 - b. Permittee shall close the lagoon in accordance with Section I.

SECTION G - LAND APPLICATION OF BIOSOLIDS

- 1. The permittee shall not land apply biosolids unless land application is authorized in the facility description, the special conditions of the issued NPDES permit, or in accordance with Section A.3.c., above.
- 2. This permit only authorizes "Class A" or "Class B" biosolids derived from domestic wastewater to be land applied onto grass land, crop land, timber, or other similar agricultural or silviculture lands at rates suitable for beneficial use as organic fertilizer and soil conditioner.
- 3. Class A Biosolids Requirements: Biosolids shall meet Class A requirements for application to public contact sites, residential lawns, home gardens or sold and/or given away in a bag or other container.
- 4. Class B biosolids that are land applied to agricultural and public contact sites shall comply with the following restrictions:
 - a. Food crops that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after application of biosolids.
 - b. Food crops below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for four months or longer prior to incorporation into the soil.
 - c. Food crops below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for less than four months prior to incorporation into the soil.
 - d. Animal grazing shall not be allowed for 30 days after application of biosolids.
 - e. Food crops, feed crops, and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after application of biosolids.
 - f. Turf shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids if used for lawns or high public contact sites in close proximity to populated areas such as city parks or golf courses.
 - g. After Class B biosolids have been land applied to public contact sites with high potential for public exposure, as defined in 40 CFR § 503.31, such as city parks or golf courses, access must be restricted for 12 months.
 - h. After Class B biosolids have been land applied public contact sites with low potential for public exposure as defined in 40 CFR § 503.31, such as a rural land application or reclamation sites, access must be restricted for 30 days.
- 5. Pollutant limits
 - a. Biosolids shall be monitored to determine the quality for regulated pollutants listed in Table 1, below. Limits for any pollutants not listed below may be established in the permit.
 - b. The number of samples taken is directly related to the amount of biosolids or sludge produced by the facility (See Section J, below). Samples should be taken only during land application periods. When necessary, it is permissible to mix biosolids with lower concentrations of biosolids as well as other suitable Department approved material to achieve pollutant concentration below those identified in Table 1, below.
 - c. Table 1 gives the ceiling concentration for biosolids. Biosolids which exceed the concentrations in Table 1 may not be land applied.

TABLE 1

Biosolids ceiling concentration				
Pollutant	Milligrams per kilogram dry weight			
Arsenic	75			
Cadmium	85			
Copper	4,300			
Lead	840			
Mercury	57			
Molybdenum	75			
Nickel	420			
Selenium	100			
Zinc	7,500			

d. Table 2 below gives the low metal concentration for biosolids. Because of its higher quality, biosolids with pollutant concentrations below those listed in Table 2 can safely be applied to agricultural land, forest, public contact sites, lawns, home gardens or be given away without further analysis. Biosolids containing metals in concentrations above the low metals concentrations but below the ceiling concentration limits may be land applied but shall not exceed the annual loading rates in Table 3 and the cumulative loading rates in Table 4. The permittee is required to track polluntant loading onto application sites for parameters that have exceeded the low metal concentration limits.

TABLE 2	
Biosolids Lo	w Metal Concentration
Pollutant	Milligrams per kilogram dry weight
Arsenic	41
Cadmium	39
Copper	1,500
Lead	300
Mercury	17
Nickel	420
Selenium	100
Zinc	2,800

e. Annual pollutant loading rate.

Ta	bl	e	3	

Biosolids Annual I	Loading Rate
Pollutant	Kg/ha (lbs./ac) per year
Arsenic	2.0(1.79)
Cadmium	1.9 (1.70)
Copper	75 (66.94)
Lead	15 (13.39)
Mercury	0.85 (0.76)
Nickel	21 (18.74)
Selenium	5.0 (4.46)
Zinc	140 (124.96)

f. Cumulative pollutant loading rates.

с.

Ta	ble	4	

Biosolids Cumulative Pollutant Loading Rate				
Pollutant	Kg/ha (lbs./ac)			
Arsenic	41 (37)			
Cadmium	39 (35)			
Copper	1500 (1339)			
Lead	300 (268)			
Mercury	17 (15)			
Nickel	420 (375)			
Selenium	100 (89)			
Zinc	2800 (2499)			

- 6. Best Management Practices. The permittee shall use the following best management practices during land application activities to prevent the discharge of biosolids to waters of the state.
 - a. Biosolids shall not be applied to the land if it is likely to adversely affect a threatened or endangered species listed under § 4 of the Endangered Species Act or its designated critical habitat.
 - b. Apply biosolids only at the agronomic rate of nitrogen needed (see 5.c. of this section).
 - The applicator must document the Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) loadings, available nitrogen in the soil, and crop

nitrogen removal when either of the following occurs: 1) When biosolids are greater than 50,000 mg/kgTN; or 2) When biosolids are land applied at an application rate greater than two dry tons per acre per year.

i. PAN can be determined as follows:

(Nitrate + nitrite nitrogen) + (organic nitrogen x 0.2) + (ammonia nitrogen x volatilization factor¹). ¹ Volatilization factor is 0.7 for surface application and 1 for subsurface application. Alternative volitalization factors and mineralization rates can be utilized on a case-by-case basis.

- ii. Crop nutrient production/removal to be based on crop specific nitrogen needs and realistic yield goals. NO TE: There are a number of reference documents on the Missouri Department of Natural Resources website that are informative to implement best management practices in the proper management of biosolids, including crop specific nitrogen needs, realistic yields on a county by county basis and other supporting references.
- iii. Biosolids that are applied at agronomic rates shall not cause the annual pollutant loading rates identified in Table 3 to be exceeded.
- d. Buffer zones are as follows:
 - i. 300 feet of a water supply well, sinkhole, water supply reservoir or water supply intake in a stream;
 - ii. 300 feet of a losing stream, no discharge stream, stream stretches designated for whole body contact recreation, wild and scenic rivers, Ozark National Scenic Riverways or outstandingstate resource waters as listed in the Water Quality Standards, 10 CSR 20-7.031;
 - iii. 150 feet of dwellings or public use areas;
 - iv. 100 feet (35 feet if biosolids application is down-gradient or the buffer zone is entirely vegetated) of lake, pond, wetlands or gaining streams (perennial or intermittent);
 - v. 50 feet of a property line. Buffer distances from property lines may be waived with written permission from neighboring property owner.
 - vi. For the application of dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected, buffer zones identified in 5.d.i. through 5.d.iii above, may be reduced to 100 feet. The buffer zone may be reduced to 35 feet if the buffer zone is permanently vegetated. Subsurface injection does not include methods or technology reflective of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation.
- e. Slope limitation for application sites are as follows:
 - i. For slopes less than or equal to 6 percent, no rate limitation;
 - ii. Applied to a slope 7 to 12 percent, the applicator may apply biosolids when soil conservation practices are used to meet the minimum erosion levels;
 - iii. Slopes > 12 percent, apply biosolids only when grass is vegetated and maintained with at least 80 percent ground cover at a rate of two dry tons per acre per year or less.
 - iv. Dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected, may be applied on slopes not to exceed 20
 percent. Subsurface injection does not include the use of methods or technology reflective of combination
 surface/shallow soil incorporation.
- f. No biosolids may be land applied in an area that it is reasonably certain that pollutants will be transported into waters of the state.
- g. Biosolids may be land applied to sites with soil that are snow covered, frozen, or saturated with liquid when site restrictions or other controls are provided to prevent pollutants from being discharged to waters of the state during snowmelt or stormwater runoff. During inclement weather or unfavorable soil conditions use the following management practices:
 - i. A maximum field slope of 6% and a minimum 300 feet grass buffer between the application site and waters of the state. A 35 feet grass buffer may be utilized for the application of dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected. Subsurface injection does not include the use of mthods or technology refletive of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation;
 - ii. A maximum field slope of 2% and 100 feet grass buffer between the application site and waters of the state. A 35 feet grass buffer may be used for the application of dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected. Subsurface injection does not included the use of methods or technology refletive of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation;
 - iii. Other best management practices approved by the Department.

SECTION H – SEPTAGE

- 1. Haulers that land apply septage must obtain a state permit. An operating permit is not required for septage haulers who transport septage to another permitted treatment facility for disposal.
- 2. Do not apply more than 30,000 gallons of septage per acre per year or the volume otherwise stipulated in the operating permit.
- 3. Septic tanks are designed to retain sludge for one to three years which will allow for a larger reduction in pathogens and vectors, as compared to mechanical treatment facilities.
- 4. Septage must comply with Class B biosolids regarding pathogen and vector attraction reduction requirements before it may be applied to crops, pastures or timberland. To meet required pathogen and vector reduction requirements, mix 50 pounds of hydrated lime for every 1,000 gallons of septage and maintain a septage pH of at least 12 pH standard units for 30 minutes or more prior to application.
- 5. Lime is to be added to the pump truck and not directly to the septic tanks, as lime would harm the beneficial bacteria of the septic tank.
- 6. As residential septage contains relatively low levels of metals, the testing of metals in septage is not required.

SECTION I- CLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

- 1. This section applies to all wastewater facilities (mechanical and lagoons) and sludge or biosolids storage and treatment facilities. It does not apply to land application sites.
- 2. Permittees of a domestic wastewater facility who plan to cease operation must obtain Department approval of a closure plan which addresses proper removal and disposal of all sludges and/or biosolids. Permittee must maintain this permit until the facility is closed in accordance with the approved closure plan per 10 CSR 20 6.010 and 10 CSR 20 6.015.
- 3. Biosolids or sludge that are left in place during closure of a lagoon or earthen structure or ash pond shall not exceed the agricultural loading rates as follows:
 - a. Biosolids and sludge shall meet the monitoring and land application limits for agricultural rates as referenced in Section G, above.
 - b. If a wastewater treatment lagoon has been in operation for 15 years or more without sludge removal, the sludge in the lagoon qualifies as a Class B biosolids with respect to pathogens due to anaerobic digestion, and testing for fecal coliform is not required. For other lagoons, testing for fecal coliform is required to show compliance with Class B biosolids limitations. In order to reach Class B biosolids requirements, fecal coliform must be less than 2,000,000 colony forming units or 2,000,000 most probable number. All fecal samples must be presented as geometric mean per gram.
 - c. The allowable nitrogen loading that may be left in the lagoon shall be based on the plant available nitrogen (PAN) loading. For a grass cover crop, the allowable PAN is 300 pounds/acre. Alternative, site-specific application rates may be included in the closure plan for department consideration.
 - i. PAN can be determined as follows:
 - (Nitrate + nitrite nitrogen) + (organic nitrogen x 0.2) + (ammonia nitrogen x volatilization factor¹).
 - 1 Volatilization factor is 0.7 for surface application and 1 for subsurface application. Alternative volitalization factors and mineralization rates can be utilized on a case-by-case basis
- 4. Domestic wastewater treatment lagoons with a design treatment capacity less than or equal to 150 persons, are "similar treatment works" under the definition of septage. Therefore the sludge within the lagoons may be treated as septage during closure activities. See Section B, above. Under the septage category, residuals may be left in place as follows:
 - a. Testing for metals or fecal coliform is not required.
 - b. If the wastewater treatment lagoon has been in use for less than 15 years, mix lime with the sludge at a rate of 50 pounds of hydrated lime per 1000 gallons (134 cubic feet) of sludge.
 - c. The amount of sludge that may be left in the lagoon shall be based on the plant available nitrogen (PAN) loading. 100 dry tons/acre of sludge may be left in the basin without testing for nitrogen. If 100 dry tons/acre or more will be left in the lagoon, test for nitrogen and determine the PAN using the calculation above. Allowable PAN loading is 300 pounds/acre.
- 5. Biosolids or sludge left within the domestic lagoon shall be mixed with soil on at least a 1 to 1 ratio, and unless otherwise approved, the lagoon berm shall be demolished, and the site shall be graded and contain ≥70% vegetative density over 100% of the site so as to avoid ponding of storm water and provide adequate surface water drainage without creating erosion. Alternative biosolids or sludge and soil mixing ratios may be included in the closure plan for department consideration.
- 6. Lagoon and earthen structure closure activities shall obtain a storm water permit for land disturbance activities that equal or exceed one acre in accordance with 10 CSR 20-6.200.
- 7. When closing a mechanical wastewater plant, all biosolids or sludge must be cleaned out and disposed of in accordance with the Department approved closure plan before the permit for the facility can be terminated.
 - a. Land must be stabilized which includes any grading, alternate use or fate upon approval by the Department, remediation, or other work that exposes sediment to storm water per 10 CSR 20-6.200. The site shall be graded and contain \geq 70% vegetative density over 100% of the site, so as to avoid ponding of storm water and provide adequate

surface water drainage without creating erosion.

- b. Hazardous Waste shall not be land applied or disposed during mechanical plant closures unless in accordance with Missouri Hazardous Waste Management Law and Regulations pursuant to 10 CSR 25.
- c. After demolition of the mechanical plant, the site must only contain clean fill defined in Section 260.200.1(6) RSMo as uncontaminated soil, rock, sand, gravel, concrete, asphaltic concrete, cinderblocks, brick, minimal amounts of wood and metal, and inert solids as approved by rule or policy of the Department for fill, reclamation, or other beneficial use. Other solid wastes must be removed.
- 8. If biosolids or sludge from the domestic lagoon or mechanical treatment plant exceeds agricultural rates under Section G and/or I, a landfill permit or solid waste disposal permit must be obtained if the permittee chooses to seek authorization for on-site sludge disposal under the Missouri Solid Waste Management Law and regulations per 10 CSR 80, and the permittee must comply with the surface disposal requirements under 40 CFR Part 503, Subpart C.

SECTION J - MONITORING FREQUENCY

1. At a minimum, biosolids or sludge shall be tested for volume and percent total solids on a frequency that will accurately represent sludge quantities produced and disposed. Please see the table below.

TABLE 5			
Biosolids or Sludge	Monitoring Freq	uency (See Notes 1, ar	nd 2)
produced and disposed (Dry Tons per Year)	Metals, Pathogens and Vectors, Total Phosphorus, Total Potassium	Nitrogen TKN, Nitrogen PAN ¹	Priority Pollutants ²
319 or less	1/year	1 per month	1/year
320 to 1650	4/year	1 per month	1/year
1651 to 16,500	6/year	1 per month	1/year
16,501 +	12/year	1 per month	1/year

¹Calculate plant available nitrogen (PAN) when either of the following occurs: 1) when biosolids are greater than 50,000 mg/kg TN; or 2) when biosolids are land applied at an application rate greater than two dry tons per acre per year.

² Priority pollutants (40 CFR 122.21, Appendix D, Tables II and III) are required only for permit holders that must have a pre-treatment program. Monitoring requirements may be modified and incorporated into the operating permit by the Department on a case-by-case basis.

Note 1: Total solids: A grab sample of sludge shall be tested one per day during land application periods for percent total solids. This data shall be used to calculate the dry tons of sludge applied per acre.

Note 2: Table 5 is not applicable for incineration and permit holders that landfill their sludge.

- 2. Permittees that operate wastewater treatment lagoons, peak flow equalization basins, combined sewer overflow basins or biosolids or sludge lagoons that are cleaned out once a year or less, may choose to sample only when the biosolids or sludge is removed or the lagoon is closed. Test one composite sample for each 319 dry tons of biosolids or sludge removed from the lagoon during the reporting year or during lagoon closure. Composite sample must represent various areas at one-foot depth.
- 3. Additional testing may be required in the special conditions or other sections of the permit.
- 4. Biosolids and sludge monitoring shall be conducted in accordance with federal regulation 40 CFR § 503.8, Sampling and analysis.

SECTION K – RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The permittee shall maintain records on file at the facility for at least five years for the items listed in Standard Conditions PART III and any additional items in the Special Conditions section of this permit. This shall include dates when the biosolids or sludge facility is checked for proper operation, records of maintenance and repairs and other relevant information.
- 2. Reporting period
 - a. By February 19th of each year, applicable facilities shall submit an annual report for the previous calendar year period for all mechanical wastewater treatment facilities, sludge lagoons, and biosolids or sludge disposal facilities.
 - b. Permittees with wastewater treatment lagoons shall submit the above annual report only when biosolids or sludge are removed from the lagoon during the report period or when the lagoon is closed.
- 3. Report Form. The annual report shall be prepared on report forms provided by the Department or equivalent forms approved by the Department.
- 4. Reports shall be submitted as follows:

Major facilities, which are those serving 10,000 persons or more or with a design flow equal to or greater than 1 million gallons per day or that are required to have an approved pretreatment program, shall report to both the Department and EPA if the facility land applied, disposed of biosolids by surface disposal, or operated a sewage sludge incinerator. All other facilities shall maintain their biosolids or sludge records and keep them available to Department personnel upon request. State reports shall be submitted to the address listed as follows:

DNR regional or other applicable office listed in the permit (see cover letter of permit) ATTN: Sludge Coordinator Reports to EPA must be electronically submitted online via the Central Data Exchange at: https://cdx.epa.gov/ Additional information is available at: <u>https://www.epa.gov/biosolids/compliance-and-annual-reporting-guidance-about-clean-water-act-laws</u>

- 5. Annual report contents. The annual report shall include the following:
 - a. Biosolids and sludge testing performed. If testing was conducted at a greater frequency than what is required by the permit, all test results must be included in the report.
 - b. Biosolids or sludge quantity shall be reported as dry tons for the quantity produced and/or disposed.
 - c. Gallons and % solids data used to calculate the dry ton amounts.
 - d. Description of any unusual operating conditions.
 - e. Final disposal method, dates, and location, and person responsible for hauling and disposal.
 - i. This must include the name and address for the hauler and sludge facility. If hauled to a municipal wastewater treatment facility, sanitary landfill, or other approved treatment facility, give the name of that facility.
 - ii. Include a description of the type of hauling equipment used and the capacity in tons, gallons, or cubic feet.
 - f. Contract Hauler Activities:

If using a contract hauler, provide a copy of a signed contract from the contractor. Permittee shall require the contractor to supply information required under this permit for which the contractor is responsible. The permittee shall submit a signed statement from the contractor that he has complied with the standards contained in this permit, unless the contract hauler has a separate biosolids or sludge use permit.

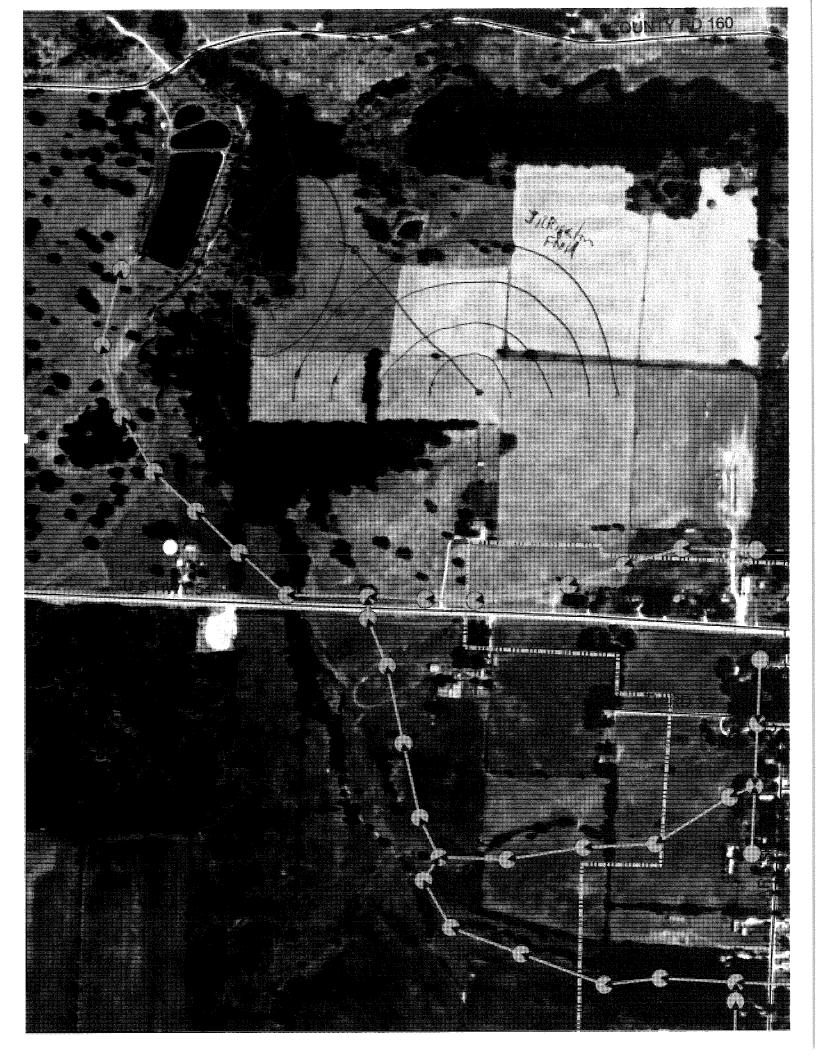
- g. Land Application Sites:
 - i. Report the location of each application site, the annual and cumulative dry tons/acre for each site, and the landowners name and address. The location for each spreading site shall be given as alegal description for nearest ¹/₄, ¹/₄, Section, Township, Range, and county, or UTM coordinates. The facility shall report PAN when either of the following occurs: 1) When biosolids are greater than 50,000 mg/kg TN; or 2) when biosolids are land applied at an application rate greater than two dry tons per acre per year.
 - ii. If the "Low Metals" criteria are exceeded, report the annual and cumulative pollutant loading rates in pounds per acre for each applicable pollutant, and report the percent of cumulative pollutant loading which has been reached at each site.
 - iii. Report the method used for compliance with pathogen and vector attraction requirements.
 - iv. Report soil test results for pH and phosphorus. If no soil was tested during the year, report the last date when tested and the results.

Missouri department of NATURAL RESOURCES Water Protection Profession Professio					RECEIVE)		
PORN B: APPLICATION FOR OPERATING PERMIT FOR PORN B: APPLICATION FOR OPERATING PERMIT FOR PACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 100,000 GALLONS PER DAY READ THE ACCOMPANYOR INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING THIS FORM I.THIS APPLICATION IS FOR: An operating permit or a new or unpermited facility. Construction Permit #	1 6							
I. THIS APPLICATION IS FOR: □ An operating permit for a new or unpermitted facility. Completed antidegradation review or request for antidegradation review, see instructions) □ A new site-specific operating permit formarly general permit #MOG	WATER PROTECTION FORM B: APPLICA FACILITIES THAT I HAVE A DESIGN F	PROGRAM .TION FOR OPER/ RECEIVE PRIMAR LOW LESS THAN	ATING RILY D	PERM OMEST	IT FOR TC WASTE AND			
An operating permit for a new or unpermitted facility. Construction Permit #	READ THE ACCOMPANYING INSTRU	JCTIONS BEFORE CO	OMPLE	TING THI	S FORM			
Image: Second Secon			Construct	tion Dorm	14 - 44			
□ A new site-specific operating permit formerly general permit #MOG						no)		
✓ A site-specific operating permit renewal: Permit #MO			-		eview, see instructio	ns)		
A site-specific operating permit modification: Permit #MO						12/31/2019		
General permit (NON-POTWs) (MOGD –discharging < 50,000 GPD or MOG823 – Land Application of Domestic Wastewater):								
Permit #MO								
1.1 Is the appropriate fee included with the application (see instructions for appropriate fee)? □ YES □ NO 2. FACILITY TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE MARE (17) 282-6552 ADDRESS (PMRIDAL) GTY STATE 22P CODE County Road 160 Wheatland MO 65779 2.1 Legal description: Sec. 24 , T37N, R23W County Hickory 2.2 UTM Coordinates Easting (X):463436 Northing (Y): 4200635 County Hickory 2.3 Name of roceiving stream: Little Porme De Terre c 3960 2.4 Number of outfalls: Wastewater outfalls: Instream monitoring sites: 3. OWNER: The owner of the regulated activity/discharge being applied for and Is not necessarily the owner of the real property on which the activity or discharge is occurring. NAME City of Wheatland (GTY MO 65779 3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice? YES □ NO STATE 22P code 3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment works? □ YES □ NO STATE 22P code 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment facility regulated by the Public Service Commission? <t< td=""><td>, , , ,</td><td></td><td>0,000 GI</td><td>PD <i>or</i> MC</td><td>)G823 – Land Applic</td><td>ation of Do</td><td>mestic Wastewater):</td></t<>	, , , ,		0,000 GI	PD <i>or</i> MC)G823 – Land Applic	ation of Do	mestic Wastewater):	
2. FACILITY TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE MAKE (417) 282-6552 ADDRESS PMVBCAL) CITY STATE 28 CODE County Road 160 Wheatland MO 65779 2.1 Legal description: Sec.24 , T37N R23W County Hickory 2.2 UTM Coordinates Easting (X): 463436 Northing (Y): 4200635 County Hickory 2.3 2.3 Name of receiving stream: Little Pomme De Tere c 3960 300 300 300 2.4 Number of outfalls: Wastewater outfalls: Stormwater outfalls: Instream monitoring sites: 3. OWNER: The owner of the regulated activity/discharge being applied for and is not necessarily the owner of the real property on which the activity or discharge is occurring. EMAL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE city of Wheatland MAME CITY EMAL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE city of Wheatland MO 65779 1.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice? Y ES NO NO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment works? Y ES NO Y ES NO NO 3.2 Are you a privately owned treatment torks? Y ES NO Y ES NO	Permit #MO Exp	piration Date						
IAME TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE Wheatland Wastewater Treatment Facility (17) 282-6562 County Road 160 Wheatland MO 2.1 Legal description: Sec.24 , T37N , R23W County Hickory 2.2 UTM Coordinates Easting (X): 463436 Northing (Y): 4200635 For Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 15 North referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83) 2.3 Name of receiving stream: Little Pomme De Terre c 3960 2.4 Number of outfalls: Wastewater outfalls: Stormwater outfalls: Instream monitoring sites: 3.0WNER: The owner of the regulated activity/discharge being applied for and is not necessarily the owner of the real property on which the activity or discharge is occurring. Instream monitoring sites: Name City of Wheatland EMAL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE PO Box 187 Wheatland Starte ZIP CODE 3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice? YES \scillator NO 3.2 Are you a publidy owned treatment works? YES \scillator NO 3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment works? YES \scillator NO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment works?	1.1 Is the appropriate fee included	with the application (se	e instru	ctions for	appropriate fee)?	YE:	s □no	
Wheatland Wastewater Treatment Facility (117) 282-6552 ADDRESS PHYSICAL, County Road 160 STATE 2P CODE 2.1 Legal description: Sec. 24 , T37N , R23W County Hickory 2.2 UTM Coordinates Easting (X):463436 Northing (Y): 4200635 For Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 15 North referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83) 2.3 Name of receiving stream: Little Pomme De Terre c 3960 2.4 Number of outfalls: Wastewater outfalls: Instream monitoring sites: 3. OWNER: The owner of the regulated activity/discharge being applied for and is not necessarily the owner of the real property on which the activity or discharge is occurring. TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE NAME City of Wheatland git/owner of the real owner of the real owner of the real owner of the real property on which the activity or uscharge is occurring. State: 2P CODE PO Box 187 City of Wheatland git/owner owner ow						TELEDIS		
Incomess emvisicus OTY STATE 2P CODE County Road 160 Wheatland MO 65779 2.1 Legal description: Sec. 24 , T37N , R23W County Hickory 2.2 UTM Coordinates Easting (X): 463436 Northing (Y): 4200635 For Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 15 North referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83) 2.3 Name of receiving stream: Little Porme D Terre 3960 2.4 Number of outfalls: Wastewater outfalls: Stormwater outfalls: Instream monitoring sites: 3. OWNER: The owner of the regulated activity/discharge being applied for and is not necessarily the owner of the real property on which the activity or discharge is occurring. Instream monitoring sites: NAME OWNERS: Fallephone NUMBER WITH AREA CODE Gityofwheatland@abbmissouri. [417) 282-6552 ADDRESS OTY Wheatland MO 65779 3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice? YES INO NO 3.4 Are you a publidy owned treatment works? YES INO NO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment works? YES INO NO Are you a privately owned treatment facility regulated by the Public Service Commission?		ity						
2.1 Legal description: Sec. 24 , T37N , R23W County Hickory 2.2 UTM Coordinates Easting (X): 463436 Northing (Y): 4200635 For Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 15 North referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83) 2.3 Name of receiving stream: Little Pomme De Terre c 3960 2.4 Number of outfalls: Wastewater outfalls: Instream monitoring sites: 3.0WNER: The owner of the regulated activity/discharge being applied for and is not necessarily the owner of the real property on which the activity or discharge is occurring. Instream monitoring sites: NAME City of Wheatland cityofwheatland@abmissouri. (417) 282-6552 ADDRESS City of Wheatland STATE ZIP CODE PO Box 187 Wheatland STATE ZIP CODE 3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice? Y ES INO State State 3.2 Are you a privately owned treatment works? Y ES NO State State State 3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment facility regulated by the Public Service Commission? Y ES NO Acte you a privately owned treatment facility regulated by the Public Service Commission? Y ES NO Actontrunum antonare. State	ADDRESS (PHYSICAL)	CI						
2.2 UTM Coordinates Easting (X): 463436 Northing (Y): 4200635 For Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 15 North referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NADB3) 2.3 Name of receiving stream: Little Pomme De Terre c 3960 2.4 Number of outfalls: Wastewater outfalls: Instream monitoring sites: 3.0 OWNER: The owner of the regulated activity/discharge being applied for and is not necessarily the owner of the real property on which the activity or discharge is occurring. Instream monitoring sites: NAME City of Wheatland (417) 282-6552 ADDRESS City State Jie Code PO Box 187 Wheatland State Jie Code 3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice? If YES NO State 3.2 Are you a publicly owned treatment works? If YES NO State NO 3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment facility regulated by the Public Service Commission? YES NO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment facility. EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA code City of Wheatland City Wheatland MO 65779 3.4 Are you a privately owmed treatment facility. </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><u> </u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				<u> </u>				
For Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 15 North referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83) 2.3 Name of receiving stream: Little Pomme De Terre c 3960 2.4 Number of outfalls: Wastewater outfalls: Stormwater outfalls: Instream monitoring sites: 3. OWNER: The owner of the regulated activity/discharge being applied for and is not necessarily the owner of the real property on which the activity or discharge is occurring. NAME EMAIL ADDRESS PO Box 187 CITY S. A re you a publicly owned treatment works? If YES □ NO If yes, please attach the Financial Questionnaire. See: https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2511-f.pdf 3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment works? If YES INO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment works? If YES INO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment morks? If YES INO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment arganization that will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. EMAIL ADDRESS PO Box 187 CITY VES INO If telephone NUMBER WITH AREA CODE 3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment works? If YES INO If the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. NMME EMAIL ADDRESS CITY YES INO If the						County Hic	kory	
2.3 Name of receiving stream: Little Pomme De Terre c 3960 2.4 Number of outfalls: Wastewater outfalls: Stormwater outfalls: Instream monitoring sites: 3. OWNER: The owner of the regulated activity/discharge being applied for and is not necessarily the owner of the real property on which the activity or discharge is occurring. Instream monitoring sites: NAME EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE cityofwheatland@abbmissouri. (417) 282-6552 ADDRESS OTY Wheatland MO 65779 3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice? YES □ NO MO 65779 3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice? YES □ NO MO 65779 3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment works? YES □ NO YES □ NO MO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment facility regulated by the Public Service Commission? YES □ NO NO 4. CONTINUNG AUTHORITY: Permanent organization that will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE cityofwheatland@abbmissouri. PO Box 187 CITY Wheatland MO 65779 If the continuing authority is different than the owne					Datum 1983 (NAD83)			
3. OWNER: The owner of the regulated activity/discharge being applied for and is not necessarily the owner of the real property on which the activity or discharge is occurring. NAME EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE (1477) 282-6552 ADDRESS CITY Wheatland MO PO Box 187 CITY Wheatland MO 3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice? IVES □ NO VES □ NO 3.2 Are you a publicly owned treatment works? IVES IND VES IND 3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment works? IVES INO VES INO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment works? IVES INO VES INO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment works? IVES INO VES INO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment facility regulated by the Public Service Commission? YES INO 4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY: Permanent organization that will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. IVENUME AUTHORIANE AUMER WITH AREA CODE City of Wheatland CITY ITTE ZP CODE PO Box 187 CITY ITTE ZP CODE OBORESS CITY ITTE ZP CODE <								
mode to which the activity or discharge is occurring. EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE Citry of Wheatland STATE ZIP CODE OD Box 187 MYES INO 3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice? Y ES INO 3.2 Are you a publicly owned treatment works? Y ES INO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment works? Y ES INO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment facility: regulated by the Public Service Commission? YES INO <td colspa<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
NAME EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE City of Wheatland cityofwheatland@abbmissouri. (417) 282-6552 ADDRESS STATE ZIP code PO Box 187 Wheatland MO 65779 3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice? YES NO 65779 3.2 Are you a publicly owned treatment works? YES NO 65779 3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment works? YES NO Vester 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment facility regulated by the Public Service Commission? YES NO 4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY: Permanent organization that will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE NAME CITY Wheatland MO 65779 If the continuing authority is different than the owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. 5. OPERATOR NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER TELEPHONE NUMBER Kevin Nelson Chief Operator 15096 EMAIL ADDRESS CONDERESS				pplied fo	or and is not neces	sarily the o	wner of the real	
ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP CODE PO Box 187 MO 65779 3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice? YES NO 3.2 Are you a publicly owned treatment works? YES NO if yes, please attach the Financial Questionnaire. See: https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2511-f.pdf 3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment works? YES NO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment organization that will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. YES NO NAME City of Wheatland City of wheatland@abbmissouri. (417) 282-6552 ADDRESS CITY Wheatland STATE ZIP CODE PO Box 187 Wheatland STATE ZIP CODE PO Box 187 CITY Wheatland 65779 If the continuing authority is different than the owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. 509E S. OPERATOR Chief Operator 15096 FACILITY CONTACT NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE CODE	NAME							
PO Box 187 Wheatland MO 65779 3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to public notice? ✓ YES □ NO 3.2 Are you a publicly owned treatment works? ✓ YES □ NO if yes, please attach the Financial Questionnaire. See: https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2511-f.pdf 3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment works? □ YES ☑ NO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment facility regulated by the Public Service Commission? □ YES ☑ NO 4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY: Permanent organization that will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. ItelePHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE NAME citry of Wheatland STATE ZIP CODE PO Box 187 CITY Wheatland MO 65779 If the continuing authority is different than the owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. StaTE ZIP CODE S. OPERATOR Chief Operator 15096 EMAIL ADDRESS CERTIFICATE NUMBER TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE Cowoperator@yahoo.com Chief Operator 15096 EMAIL ADDRES EMAIL ADDRES FMAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER I	5			cityofwhe	atland@abbmissour	F		
3.2 Are you a publicly owned treatment works? ✓ YES ☐ NO If yes, please attach the Financial Questionnaire. See: https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2511-f.pdf 3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment works? ☐ YES ☑ NO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment facility regulated by the Public Service Commission? ☐ YES ☑ NO 4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY: Permanent organization that will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. NAME EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE City of Wheatland CitY Wheatland@abbmissouri. (417) 282-6552 ADDRESS CitY Wheatland MO 65779 PO Box 187 CitY Wheatland MO 65779 If the continuing authority is different than the owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. SOPERATOR NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER TELEPHONE NUMBER Kevin Nelson Chief Operator 15096 EMAIL ADDRESS EMAIL ADDRESS Cowoperator@yahoo.com Chief Operator 15096 EMAIL ADDRES EMAIL ADDRES MAME TITLE CertificA				d				
If yes, please attach the Financial Questionnaire. See: https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2511-f.pdf 3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment works? □ YES ☑ NO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment facility regulated by the Public Service Commission? □ YES ☑ NO 4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY: Permanent organization that will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. If the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. NAME EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE City of Wheatland STATE ZIP CODE ADDRESS CITY Wheatland MO PO Box 187 UTY STATE ZIP CODE If the continuing authority is different than the owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. SOPERATOR NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER TELEPHONE NUMBER NAME Chief Operator 15096 TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE Cowoperator@yahoo.com (417) 224-2987 . . AF ACILITY CONTACT NAME TITLE NAME	3.1 Request review of draft permit	prior to public notice?		🗹 YES	□ NO			
3.3 Are you a privately owned treatment works? □ YES ☑ NO 3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment facility regulated by the Public Service Commission? □ YES ☑ NO 4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY: Permanent organization that will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. NAME NAME EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE City of Wheatland cityofwheatland@abbmissouri. (417) 282-6552 ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP CODE PO Box 187 Wheatland MO 65779 If the continuing authority is different than the owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. State ZIP CODE NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER Kevin Nelson Chief Operator 15096 EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE cowperator@yahoo.com (417) 224-2987 Certificate NUMBER WITH AREA CODE G. FACILITY CONTACT TITLE TITLE TITLE Certificate SUMBER NAME	3.2 Are you a publicly owned trea	tment works?						
3.4 Are you a privately owned treatment facility regulated by the Public Service Commission? YES ☑ NO 4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY: Permanent organization that will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. Image: Commission of the operation of the operation of the facility. NAME EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE City of Wheatland cityofwheatland@abbmissouri. (417) 282-6552 ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP CODE PO Box 187 CITY Wheatland 65779 If the continuing authority is different than the owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. SOPERATOR NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER Kevin Nelson Chief Operator 15096 EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE cowoperator@yahoo.com (417) 224-2987 6. 6. FACILITY CONTACT TITLE TITLE TITLE TITLE TITLE NAME TITLE TITLE TITLE TITLE TITLE						/780-2511-	f.pdf	
4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY: Permanent organization that will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility. NAME EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE City of Wheatland cityofwheatland@abbmissouri. (417) 282-6552 ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP CODE PO Box 187 Wheatland MO 65779 If the continuing authority is different than the owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. 5. OPERATOR NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER TITLE Kevin Nelson Chief Operator 15096 EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE Cowoperator@yahoo.com (417) 224-2987 CERTIFICATE NUMBER TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE MAME TITLE DERTIFICATE NUMBER TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER Kevin Nelson Chief Operator 15096 CODE CODE EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE CODE CODE CODE Kevin Nelson Chief Operator 15096 CODE CODE CODE CODE CODE CODE CODE </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
maintenance and modernization of the facility. NAME EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE City of Wheatland @abbmissouri. TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP CODE MO 6552 ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP CODE MO 65779 If the continuing authority is different than the owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. S OPERATOR NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER Kevin Nelson Chief Operator 15096 EMAIL ADDRESS Certificate NUMBER WITH AREA CODE COMOPERATOR NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER Kevin Nelson Chief Operator TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE Cowoperator@yahoo.com (417) 224-2987 <								
City of Wheatland cityofwheatland@abbmissouri. (417) 282-6552 ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP CODE PO Box 187 Wheatland MO 65779 If the continuing authority is different than the owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. MO 65779 S. OPERATOR TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER Vertice and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. State Vertice and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER Vertice and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. State Vertice and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER Vertice and a description of the responsibilities of both parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. Vertice and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER Vertice and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER Vertice and a description of the responsibilities of both parties and a description of the responsibilities of both par	maintenance and modernization o							
ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP CODE PO Box 187 Wheatland MO 65779 If the continuing authority is different than the owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. MO 65779 State ZiP CODE MO 65779 If the continuing authority is different than the owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. State State TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER Kevin Nelson NAME Chief Operator 15096 EMAIL ADDRESS cowoperator@yahoo.com (417) 224-2987 (417) 224-2987 6. FACILITY CONTACT TITLE TITLE NAME TITLE TITLE								
If the continuing authority is different than the owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. 5. OPERATOR NAME TITLE Kevin Nelson Chief Operator EMAIL ADDRESS cowoperator@yahoo.com TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE 6. FACILITY CONTACT NAME TITLE TITLE Clief Operator 15096 TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE (417) 224-2987	1							
description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement. 5. OPERATOR NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER Kevin Nelson Chief Operator 15096 EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE cowoperator@yahoo.com (417) 224-2987 6. FACILITY CONTACT TITLE NAME TITLE	1				tract agroomont hat			
NAME TITLE CERTIFICATE NUMBER Kevin Nelson Chief Operator 15096 EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE cowoperator@yahoo.com (417) 224-2987 6. FACILITY CONTACT TITLE					tract agreement betv	veen ine iw	o parties and a	
Kevin Nelson Chief Operator 15096 EMAIL ADDRESS cowoperator@yahoo.com TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE (417) 224-2987 6. FACILITY CONTACT NAME	5. OPERATOR							
EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE cowoperator@yahoo.com (417) 224-2987 6. FACILITY CONTACT TITLE								
6. FACILITY CONTACT NAME TITLE	EMAIL ADDRESS					DE		
NAME TITLE				(417) 224	4-2987			
Kevin Nelson Chief Operator				TITLE				
	Kevin Nelson			Chief Operator				
EMAIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE cowoperator@yahoo.com (417) 224-2987				TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE (417) 224-2987				
ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP CODE	ADDRESS		1			1		
PO Box 187 Wheatland MO 65779	PO Box 187 MO 780-1512 (02-19)		Whe	eatiand		IMO	9/19	

7. DESCRIPTION OF FACILITY 7.1 Process Flow Diagram or Schematic: Provide a diagram shore	ving the processes of the treatment plant. Show all of the
treatment units, including disinfection (e.g. – chlorination and dechlor taken. Indicate any treatment process changes in the routing of was brief narrative description of the diagram.	rination), influents, and outfalls. Specify where samples are tewater during dry weather and peak wet weather. Include a
Attach sheets as necessary.	ì
	J.
Pivot	
and in the	A.J
· XO CRIV	cell 2
to centre privat	
1 les	553
	(course
Cert	(Cerr 2)
u IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	
The former of the second secon	(Celliz)
	Q L. Ft statm
7.2 Attach an aerial photograph or USGS topographic map showing	the location of the facility and outfall.
Please see the following website: <u>https://modnr.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?</u>	
Bould not find on updated	Aerral photo

MO 780-1512 (02-19)

1 I I I



8.2 Number of people presently connected or population equivalent (P.E.)387 Design P.E.559 3.3 Connections to the facility: Number of units presently connected: Residential: 150 Commercial: 48 8.4 Design flow: 80.000 gpd Actual flow: 34.450 8.5 Will discharge be continuous through the year? IVes Ø No IVes Ø No Bis disductival wastewate flockonge to the follow? IVes Ø No IVes Ø No 8.6 Is iduatival wastewate flockonge to the follow? IVes Ø No 8.7 Does the facility accept or process leachete from landfills? Ø/ves Ø No 8.8 Is wastewater land applied? Ø/ves Ø No 8.10 Has a wastelead allocation study been completed for this facility? Ø/ves Ø No 8.10 LaBORATORY CONTROL INFORMATION Ø/ves Ø No 1.400/or advanced determinations wich as 800 Social procedures. Ø/ves Ø No 90/ves determinations wich as 800 Social procedures. Ø/ves Ø No 90/ves determinations wich as 800 Social procedures. Ø/ves Ø No 90/ves determinations wich as 800 Social procedures. Ø/ves Ø No 90/ves determinations wich as 800 Social procedures. Ø/ves Ø No	8. AD	DITIONAL FACILITY INFORMATION				
8.3 Connections to the facility: Number of units presently connected: Residentiel: 150Commercial: 4Industriat: 0	8.1		•			
Number of units presently connected: Residential; 150	8.2					
Residențiai: 150 Commerciai: 44 Industriai: 0 8.4 Design flow: 80.000 9Pd Actual flow: 34.450 8.5 Will discharge be continuous through the year?	8.3	-				
8.4 Design flow: 80.000 gpd Actual flow: 34.450 8.5 Will discharge be continuous through the year? Yes IN No Discharge will occur during the following months:						
8.5 Will discharge be continuous through the year? Yes No Discharge will occur during the following months:		Residential: 150 Commercial: 48 Industrial: 0				
Discharge will occur during the following months: How many days of the week will discharge occur?	8.4			w: <u>34,450</u>		
8.6 Is industrial waterwater discharged to the facility? \Pes \vec{Ves} No 8.7 Does the facility accept or process leachate from landfills? \Pes \vec{Ves} No 8.8 Is wastewater land applied? \Pes \vec{Ves} No 8.8 Is wastewater land applied? \Pes \vec{Ves} No 8.8 Does the facility discharge to a losing stream or sinkhole? \Pes \vec{Ves} No 8.10 Has a wasteload allocation study been completed for this facility? \Pes \vec{No 8.110 Has a wasteload allocation study been completed for this facility? \Pes \vec{No 8.10 Has a wasteload allocation study been completed for this facility? \Pes \vec{No 8.14BORATORY WORK CONDUCTED BY PLANT PERSONNEL Laboration or visual methods for simple test such as pH, settlable solids. \Pes \vec{No} No Additional procedures such as dissolved oxygen, chemical oxygen demand, ittrations, solids, volatile content. \Pes \vec{No} No More advanced determinations such as BOD seeding procedures, feat coliform#£ coli, nutrients (including Ammonia), Oil & Grease, \total oils, phenois, etc. \Pes \vec{No} No 10. Are there any municipal satellite collection systems connected to this facility? \Pes \vec{No} No 11 Are there any municipal satellite collection system? CONTACT PHONE NUMBER LENGTH OF SYSTE (FEET OR MLLES)	8.5	Discharge will occur during the following months:	lo			
8.8 is wastewater land applied? ☑ Yes □ No if yes, attach Form I. See: https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-1686-f.pdf 8.9 Does the facility discharge to a losing stream or sinkhole? ☑ Yes □ No 8.10 Has a wasteload allocation study been completed for this facility? □ Yes □ No 9. LABORATORY CONTROL INFORMATION □ LABORATORY WORK CONDUCTED BY PLANT PERSONNEL □ Lab work conducted outside of plant. □ Yes □ No Additional procedures such as dissolved oxygen, chemical □ Yes ☑ No Additional procedures such as dissolved oxygen, chemical □ No More advanced determinitions such as atbomic absorption and gas chromatograph. □ Yes ☑ No Highly sophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chromatograph. □ Yes ☑ No 10. COLLECTION SYSTEM 10. CONTACT PHONE NUMBER LENGTH OF SYSTE I0.1 Are there any municipal satellite collection systems connected to this facility? □ Yes ☑ No If yes, please list all connected to this facility, contact phone number and length of each collection system I0.1 Are there any municipal satellite collection system? ☑ Yes □ No If yes, briefly feet, or 5.77 Miles (either unit is appropriate) 10.2 Length of pipe in the sewer collection system? ☑ Ye	8.6	Is industrial wastewater discharged to the facility?	ity	Yes 🗹 No		
If yes, attach Form I. See: https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-1686-f.pdf 8.3 Does the facility discharge to a losing stream or sinkhole? If Yes No 8.10 Has a wasteload allocation study been completed for this facility? If Yes No 9. LABORATORY CONTROL INFORMATION Image: Control information in the second allocation study been completed for this facility? If Yes No 9. LABORATORY WORK CONDUCTED BY PLANT PERSONNEL If Yes No No Additional procedures such as this disabled oxygen, chemical coxygen demand, titrations, solids, volatile content. If Yes No More advanced determinations such as BOD seeding procedures, feecal coliform(<i>E. coli</i> , nutreinto (including Ammonia), Oli & Grease, I total olis, phenols, etc. If Yes No Highly aophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chromatograph. If Yes No 10. COLLECTION SYSTEM Image: Contract phone number and length of each collection system? If Yes in the second to this facility, contact phone number and length of each collection systems) Image: Second Secon	8.7	Does the facility accept or process leachate from landfills?		Yes 🗹 No		
8.9 Does the facility discharge to a losing stream or sinkhole? ☑ Yes □ No 8.10 Has a wasteload allocation study been completed for this facility? ☐ Yes □ No 9. LABORATORY CONTROL INFORMATION	8.8	Is wastewater land applied?		✔Yes □ No		
8.10 Has a wasteload allocation study been completed for this facility? Yes No 9. LABORATORY CONTROL INFORMATION		If yes, attach Form I.		See: https://dnr.mo.go	v/forms/78	<u>30-1686-f.pdf</u>
9. LABORATORY CONTROL INFORMATION LABORATORY WORK CONDUCTED BY PLANT PERSONNEL Lab work conducted outside of plant.	8.9			Yes 🗌 No		
LABORATORY WORK CONDUCTED BY PLANT PERSONNEL Lab work conducted outside of plant.	8.10	Has a wasteload allocation study been completed for this facili	ty?	□Yes □ No		
Lab work conducted outside of plant.	9. L.A	BORATORY CONTROL INFORMATION				1997-1997 - 1997
Push-button or visual methods for simple test such as pH, settlable solids. Additional procedures such as dissolved oxygen, chemical oxygen demand, biological oxygen demand, titrations, solids, volatile content. More advanced determinations such as BOD seeding procedures, feecal coliform/ <i>E. coli</i> , nutrients (including Ammonia), Oil & Grease, \ total oils, phenols, etc. Yes ☑ No Highly sophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chromatograph. 10. COLLECTION SYSTEM 10. A cre there any municipal satellite collection systems connected to this facility? If yes, please list all connected to this facility, contact phone number and length of each collection system FACILITY NAME CONTACT PHONE NUMBER (FEET OR MILES) 10.2 Length of pipe in the sewer collection system? (If available, include totals from satellite collection systems) 34.45% Feet, or 5.77_ Miles (either unit is appropriate) 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? We had out engineers do video inspection, smoke testing and visual inspections as part of a SCEAP Grant and we are looking for grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.	LABC	RATORY WORK CONDUCTED BY PLANT PERSONNEL				
Push-button or visual methods for simple test such as pH, settlable solids. Additional procedures such as dissolved oxygen, chemical oxygen demand, biological oxygen demand, titrations, solids, volatile content. More advanced determinations such as BOD seeding procedures, feecal coliform/ <i>E. coli</i> , nutrients (including Ammonia), Oil & Grease, \ total oils, phenols, etc. Yes ☑ No Highly sophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chromatograph. 10. COLLECTION SYSTEM 10. A cre there any municipal satellite collection systems connected to this facility? If yes, please list all connected to this facility, contact phone number and length of each collection system FACILITY NAME CONTACT PHONE NUMBER (FEET OR MILES) 10.2 Length of pipe in the sewer collection system? (If available, include totals from satellite collection systems) 34.45% Feet, or 5.77_ Miles (either unit is appropriate) 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? We had out engineers do video inspection, smoke testing and visual inspections as part of a SCEAP Grant and we are looking for grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.	lahu	ork conducted outside of plant			∕es ⊟No	1
Additional procedures such as dissolved oxygen, chemical oxygen demand, biological oxygen demand, titrations, solids, volatile content. □Yes ☑ No More advanced determinations such as BOD seeding procedures, fecal coliform/E. coli, nutrients (including Ammonia), Oil & Grease, \ total oils, phenols, etc. □Yes ☑ No Highly sophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chromatograph. □Yes ☑ No 10. COLLECTION SYSTEM □Yes ☑ No 10.1 Are there any municipal satellite collection systems connected to this facility? □Yes ☑ No FACILITY NAME CONTACT PHONE NUMBER LENGTH OF SYSTEM 10.2 Length of pipe in the sewer collection system? (If available, include totals from satellite collection systems)			lids			
oxygen demand, biological oxygen demand, titrations, solids, volatile content. □Yes ☑ No More advanced determinations such as BOD seeding procedures, □Yes ☑ No fecal coliform/E. coli, nutrients (including Ammonia), Oil & Grease, \ total oils, phenols, etc. □Yes ☑ No Highly sophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chromatograph. □Yes ☑ No 10. COLLECTION SYSTEM □Yes ☑ No 10.1 Are there any municipal satellite collection systems connected to this facility? □Yes ☑ No IENGTH OF SYSTE FACILITY NAME CONTACT PHONE NUMBER LENGTH OF SYSTE 10.2 Length of pipe in the sewer collection system? (If available, include totals from satellite collection systems) 34,450 34,450 Feet, or 5.77 Miles (either unit is appropriate) No 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? ☑ Yes ☑ No No If yes, briefly explain any steps underway or planned to minimize inflow and infiltration: No No bead out engineers do video inspection, smoke testing and visual inspections as part of a SCEAP Grant and we are looking for grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.		· · ·				-
fecal coliform/E. coli, nutrients (including Ammonia), Oil & Grease, \ total oils, phenols, etc. □Yes ☑ No Highly sophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chromatograph. □Yes ☑ No 10. COLLECTION SYSTEM □ 10.1 Are there any municipal satellite collection systems connected to this facility? □Yes ☑ No If yes, please list all connected to this facility, contact phone number and length of each collection system LENGTH OF SYSTE FACILITY NAME CONTACT PHONE NUMBER LENGTH OF SYSTE (FEET OR MILES) 10.2 Length of pipe in the sever collection system? (If available, include totals from satellite collection systems) 34.45% Feet, or 5.77 34.45% Feet, or 5.77 Miles (either unit is appropriate) 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? ☑ Yes □ No If yes, briefly explain any steps underway or planned to minimize inflow and infiltration:	oxyge	en demand, biological oxygen demand, titrations, solids, volatile o	conte	nt. 🗆`	res 🗹 No	D
Highly sophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chromatograph. □Yes ☑ No 10. COLLECTION SYSTEM 10.1 Are there any municipal satellite collection systems connected to this facility? □Yes ☑ No If yes, please list all connected to this facility, contact phone number and length of each collection system INGTHOF SYSTE FACILITY NAME CONTACT PHONE NUMBER LENGTH OF SYSTE (FEET OR MILES) [FEET OR MILES] 10.2 Length of pipe in the sewer collection system? (If available, include totals from satellite collection systems) 34.450 Feet, or 5.77 Miles (either unit is appropriate) 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? ☑Yes □ No If yes, briefly explain any steps underway or planned to minimize inflow and infiltration: Ne had out engineers do video inspection, smoke testing and visual inspections as part of a SCEAP Grant and we are looking for grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.	More	advanced determinations such as BOD seeding procedures,	4-1-1			
10. COLLECTION SYSTEM 10.1 Are there any municipal satellite collection systems connected to this facility?YesNo If yes, please list all connected to this facility, contact phone number and length of each collection system FACILITY NAME CONTACT PHONE NUMBER LENGTH OF SYSTE (FEET OR MILES) Image: the system of the sewer collection system? (If available, include totals from satellite collection systems) 34,450 34,450 Feet, or 5.77 Miles (either unit is appropriate) 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? (If system? If yesNo If yes, briefly explain any steps underway or planned to minimize inflow and infiltration: We had out engineers do video inspection, smoke testing and visual inspections as part of a SCEAP Grant and we are looking for grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.						
10.1 Are there any municipal satellite collection systems connected to this facility? □ Yes _ ✓ _ No No If yes, please list all connected to this facility, contact phone number and length of each collection system LENGTH OF SYSTE FACILITY NAME CONTACT PHONE NUMBER LENGTH OF SYSTE (FEET OR MILES)			140 0			
If yes, please list all connected to this facility, contact phone number and length of each collection system FACILITY NAME CONTACT PHONE NUMBER LENGTH OF SYSTE (FEET OR MILES) Image: State of the seven collection system? Image: State of the seven collection system? Image: State of the seven collection system? 10.2 Length of pipe in the seven collection system? (If available, include totals from satellite collection systems) Image: State of the seven collection system? 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? Image: State of the seven collection system? Image: State of the seven collection system? 11.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? Image: State of the seven collection system? Image: State of the seven collection system? 12.45% Feet, or S.77 Miles (either unit is appropriate) Image: State of the seven collection system? Image: State of the seven collection system? 13.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? Image: State of the seven collection seven collection system? Image: State of the seven collection seven? Image: State of the seven collection seven collection seven collection seven collection seven collection seven collection seven col			this	facility? Yes	No	
FACILITY NAME CONTACT PHONE NUMBER (FEET OR MILES) Image: Contact Phone Number	11	fyes, please list all connected to this facility, contact phone num	per a	nd length of each collec	tion syste	
10.2 Length of pipe in the sewer collection system? (If available, include totals from satellite collection systems) 34,45% Feet, or 5.77 Miles (either unit is appropriate) 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? ☑ Yes □ No If yes, briefly explain any steps underway or planned to minimize inflow and infiltration: We had out engineers do video inspection, smoke testing and visual inspections as part of a SCEAP Grant and we are looking for grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.	FACI	LITY NAME		CONTACT PHONE NU	MBER	
<u>34,45</u> Feet, or <u>5.77</u> Miles (either unit is appropriate) 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? ✓Yes No If yes, briefly explain any steps underway or planned to minimize inflow and infiltration: We had out engineers do video inspection, smoke testing and visual inspections as part of a SCEAP Grant and we are looking for grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.						
<u>34,45</u> Feet, or <u>5.77</u> Miles (either unit is appropriate) 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? ✓Yes No If yes, briefly explain any steps underway or planned to minimize inflow and infiltration: We had out engineers do video inspection, smoke testing and visual inspections as part of a SCEAP Grant and we are looking for grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.						
<u>34,45</u> Feet, or <u>5.77</u> Miles (either unit is appropriate) 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? ✓Yes No If yes, briefly explain any steps underway or planned to minimize inflow and infiltration: We had out engineers do video inspection, smoke testing and visual inspections as part of a SCEAP Grant and we are looking for grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.						
<u>34,45</u> Feet, or <u>5.77</u> Miles (either unit is appropriate) 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? ✓Yes No If yes, briefly explain any steps underway or planned to minimize inflow and infiltration: We had out engineers do video inspection, smoke testing and visual inspections as part of a SCEAP Grant and we are looking for grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.						
 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? ✓Yes No If yes, briefly explain any steps underway or planned to minimize inflow and infiltration: We had out engineers do video inspection, smoke testing and visual inspections as part of a SCEAP Grant and we are looking for grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab. 	10.2			totals from satellite coll	ection sys	tems)
If yes, briefly explain any steps underway or planned to minimize inflow and infiltration: We had out engineers do video inspection, smoke testing and visual inspections as part of a SCEAP Grant and we are looking for grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.	10.3	Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system?	Yes	No		
We had out engineers do video inspection, smoke testing and visual inspections as part of a SCEAP Grant and we are looking for grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.		5				
grants to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.		• • • • • •			D Grant -	nd we are looking for
	vve ha arants	to help re-line portions of our system and do manhole rehab.	spec	tions as part of a SCEA	r Grant a	nd we are looking for
	J					
NO 700 1512 (02 10)						
NO 700 4542 (02 40)						
MO / 60-1512 (02-15)	MO 780	-1512 (02-19)				

f

, , <u>,</u>

11. BYPASSING							
Does any bypassing occur in the collection system or at the treatment facility? Yes V No							
If yes, explain:							
12. SLUDGE HANDLING, USE AND DISPOSAL							
12.1 Is the sludge a hazardous waste as defined by	10 CSR 25? 🗌 Yes 🖬	No					
12.2 Sludge production, including sludge received from	om others: <u>2.2</u> Design	dry tons/year	Actua	l dry tons/year			
12.3 Capacity of sludge holding structures:							
Sludge storage provided: cubic feet; No sludge storage is provided.	days of storage; s stored in lagoon.	average percent	solids of	sludge;			
12.4 Type of Storage: Holding tank							
☐ Basin ☐ Concrete Pa	ad Dther (Describe)					
12.5 Sludge Treatment:							
 ☐ Anaerobic Digester ☑ Storage Tank ☑ Aerobic Dige 	Compo	sting Attach descriptior	2)				
Storage Tank Aerobic Dig. Lime Stabilization Air or Heat I		Allach description	')				
12.6 Sludge Use or Disposal:							
	posal (Sludge Disposal Lag nother treatment facility	joon, Sludge held	for more	than two years)			
	ained in Wastewater treatm	ent lagoon					
Solid waste landfill							
12.7 Person responsible for hauling sludge to disposa By applicant By others (complete between the second							
NAME		EMAIL ADDRESS					
ADDRESS	CITY		STATE				
ADDRESS							
CONTACT PERSON	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AR	EA CODE	PERMIT NO MO-				
12.8 Sludge use or disposal facility							
By applicant By others (Complete below.)							
ADDRESS	CITY		STATE	ZIP CODE			
CONTACT PERSON TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE PERMIT NO. MO-							
12.9 Does the sludge or biosolids disposal comply with federal sludge regulations under 40 CFR 503?							
□Yes □ No (Explain)							
MO 780-1512 (02-19)		MO 780-1512 (02-19)					

s ³ 7 3

	13. ELECTRONIC DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (eDMR) SUBMISSION SYSTEM
	Per 40 CFR Part 127 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Electronic Reporting Rule, reporting of effluent limits and monitoring shall be submitted by the permittee via an electronic system to ensure timely, complete, accurate, and nationally-consistent set of data. One of the following must be checked in order for this application to be considered complete. Please complete the eDMR Registration by clicking on the following link: https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2204-f.pdf .
	- You have completed and submitted with this permit application the required documentation to participate in the eDMR system.
	I - You have previously submitted the required documentation to participate in the eDMR system and/or you are currently using the eDMR system.
	- You have submitted a written request for a waiver from electronic reporting. See instructions for further information regarding waivers.
	14. JETPAY
	Permit fees may be payed online by credit card or eCheck through a system called JetPay. Use the URL provided to access JetPay and make an online payment.
•	New Site Specific Permit: <u>https://magic.collectorsolutions.com/magic-ui/payments/mo-natural-resources/591/</u> Construction Permits: <u>https://magic.collectorsolutions.com/magic-ui/payments/mo-natural-resources/592/</u>

Modification Fee: <u>https://magic.collectorsolutions.com/magic-ui/payments/mo-natural-resources/596/</u> New General Domestic WW: <u>https://magic.collectorsolutions.com/magic-ui/payments/mo-natural-resources/772/</u>

15. CERTIFICATION

s i v s

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

NAME (TYPE OR PRINT)	OFFICIAL TITLE	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE
Kevin Nelson	Chief Operator	(417) 224-2987
SIGNATURE		DATE SIGNED
Him Ner		02/06/2020

MO 780-1512 (02-19)

RECEIVED

	CD-	1.5	63	AAAA.
lun -	hard 1	- <u>8</u>	1.2	-0000-
4	(., l)	18	5.2	ZHZH.
	1 f P			

-

INST	RUCTIONS: The following forms must be submitted with	Form I: FORM B or B2 for domestic wastewater. FORM A for industrial wastewater.		
1. F/				
1.1	Facility Name	1.2 Permit Number		
Nhea	tland Wastewater Treatment Facility	MO- 0098990		
1.3	Type of wastewater to be irrigated: Domestic	Municipal State/National Park Seasonal business		
	Municipal with Pretreatment Program or Significant Indust	trial Users 🔲 Other (explain)		
	SIC Codes (list all that apply, in order of importance) 4952			
1.4	Months when the business or enterprise will operate or gene	rate wastewater:		
	☑ 12 months per year □ Part of year (list Months): _			
1.5	This system is designed for:	dia da surra ana ta fitima		
	 No-discharge Partial irrigation when feasible and discharge rest of time. Irrigation during recreation season (April – October) and discharge during November – March. Other (explain) 			
1.6 List the Facility outfalls which will be applicable to the irrigation system. Outfall Numbers:				
				2. S
2.1 Number of storage basins: 4				
2.1		🗌 Fiberglass 🛛 🗹 Earthen		
2.1		☐ Fiberglass ☑ Earthen		
	Type of basin: Steel Concrete	☐ Fiberglass		
	Type of basin: Steel Concrete Earthen with membrane liner			
3. L	Type of basin: Steel Concrete Earthen with membrane liner AND APPLICATION SYSTEM Number of irrigation sites 1 Total Acres Location: 1/4, 1/4, Sec 23 T 37N R	<u>46.5</u> 23W HickoryCounty46.5Acres		
3. L	Type of basin: Steel Concrete Earthen with membrane liner AND APPLICATION SYSTEM Number of irrigation sites 1 Total Acres	<u>46.5</u> 23W HickoryCounty46.5_ Acres		
3. L	Type of basin: Steel Concrete Earthen with membrane liner AND APPLICATION SYSTEM Number of irrigation sites 1 Total Acres Location: 1/4, 1/4, Sec 23 T 37N R	<u>46.5</u> 23W HickoryCounty46.5Acres		
3. L	Type of basin: Steel Concrete Earthen with membrane liner AND APPLICATION SYSTEM Number of irrigation sites 1 Total Acres Location: 1⁄4, 1⁄4, Sec 23 T 37N R 3 Location: 1⁄4, 1⁄4, Sec 23 T 37N R 3 Attach pages as needed. X X Y X X	46.5 23W Hickory County 46.5 Acres County Acres		
3. L/ 3.1	Type of basin: Steel Concrete Earthen with membrane liner AND APPLICATION SYSTEM Number of irrigation sites 1 Total Acres Location: 14, 14, Sec 23 T 37N R 4 Location: 14, 14, Sec	46.5 23W Hickory County 46.5 Acres County Acres		
3. L/ 3.1 3.2	Type of basin: Steel Concrete Earthen with membrane liner AND APPLICATION SYSTEM Number of irrigation sites 1 Total Acres Location: 14, 14, Sec 23 T 37N R Location: 14, 14, Sec	46.5 23W Hickory County 46.5 Acres County Acres County Acres ation sites, property boundary, streams, wells, roads, dwellings, and		
3. L/ 3.1 3.2 3.3	Type of basin: Steel Concrete Earthen with membrane liner AND APPLICATION SYSTEM Number of irrigation sites 1 Total Acres Location: 14, 14, Sec 23 T 37N R Location: 14, 14, Sec 2. T R Attach pages as needed. Attach a site map showing topography, storage basins, irrigation other pertinent features. Type of vegetation: Image: Grass hay Pasture Image: Grass hay Pasture Image: Grass hay Image:	46.5 23W Hickory County 46.5 Acres County Acres ation sites, property boundary, streams, wells, roads, dwellings, and		

3. L/	AND APPLICATION SYSTEM (continued)				
3.5 Land Application rate per acre (design flow including 1 in 10 year stormwater flows):					
	Design: 24 inches/yearinches/hour _	inches/day	inches/week		
	Actual: 24 inches/year inches/hour	inches/day	inches/week		
	Total Irrigation per year (gallons): Design	Actual			
	Actual months used for Irrigation (check all that apply):				
	🗹 Jan 🗹 Feb 🗹 Mar 🔽 Apr 🗹 May 🔂 Jun 🗹 Jul 😥	Aug 🔽 Sep 🔽 Oc	t 🖌 Nov 🖌 Dec		
3.6	Land Application Rate is based on: Nutrient Management Plan (N&P) Hydraulic Loading Other (describe)				
3.7	Equipment type: 🗹 Sprinklers 🔲 Gated pipe 🗹 Center piv	ot 🔲 Traveling gu	n 🗍 Other (describe)		
	Equipment Flow Capacity: <u>50,000</u> Gallons per hour				
3.8	Public Use Areas. Public access shall not be allowed to public use	area irrigation sites	when application is occurring. Method		
3.8	Public Use Areas. Public access shall not be allowed to public use of Public Access Restriction:	e area irrigation sites	when application is occurring. Method		
Site is Fenced ☐ Wastewater disinfection prior to irrigation ☑ Site is not for public use `					
				0.0	
3.9	Separation distance (in feet) from the outside edge of the wetted irri		-		
	Permanent flowing stream Losing Stream				
	Property boundary Dwellings Water supply water				
3.10	3.10 The facility must develop and retain an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan for the irrigation system.				
	Date of O&M Plan:				
4. CI	ERTIFICATION				
I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this application and all attachments and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining this information, I believe that the information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.					
OWNER OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE		OFFICIAL TITLE			
Kevin Nelson Chief Operator					
	ADDRESS	TELEPHONE NUMBER WIT			
(Uno operation of yanta . Com	I	ATE SIGNED		
SIGNA	COW Operator@ yando. Com Ture Kai Wila		ATE SIGNED 2/06/2020		
- /	60° W the 566 (08-14)	02			

j z v