

STATE OF MISSOURI
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law (Chapter 644 RSMo, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92nd Congress) as amended,

Permit No.: MO-0094927

Owner: City of Versailles
Address: 104 N Fisher St., Versailles, MO 65084

Continuing Authority: Same as above
Address: Same as above

Facility Name: Versailles Wastewater Treatment Facility
Facility Address: 11862 Gunn Rd., Versailles, MO 65084

Legal Description: See Page 2
UTM Coordinates: See Page 2

Receiving Stream: See Page 2
First Classified Stream and ID: See Page 2
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: See Page 2

is authorized to discharge from the facility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:


FACILITY DESCRIPTION

See Page 2

This permit authorizes only wastewater discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas.

December 1, 2021
Effective Date

March 31, 2025
Expiration Date


Chris Wieberg, Director, Water Protection Program

FACILITY DESCRIPTION (continued):

Outfall #001 – POTW

The use or operation of this facility shall be by or under the supervision of a Certified B Operator.

Influent lift station / bar screen / swing basin (aerobic/anoxic basin) / oxidation ditch / two (2) final clarifiers / UV disinfection / post aeration basin / peak flow lagoon / three (3) sludge storage tanks / biosolids are land applied

Design population equivalent is 5,500.

Design flow is 550,000 gallons per day.

Actual flow is 623,000 gallons per day.

Design sludge production is 50.5 dry tons/year.

Legal Description:	Sec. 36, T43N, R18W, Morgan County
UTM Coordinates:	X = 512623, Y = 4254828
Receiving Stream:	Tributary to Straight Fork (C) (3960)
First Classified Stream and ID:	100K Extent Remaining Streams (C) (3960)
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	(10300102-1101)

Permitted Feature INF – Influent Monitoring Location – Headworks

Permitted Feature SM1 – Instream Monitoring – Downstream – Willow Creek Road crossing over Tributary to Straight Fork – See Special Condition #18

Legal Description:	Sec. 36, T43N, R18W, Morgan County
UTM Coordinates:	X = 512892, Y = 4254999
Receiving Stream:	Tributary to Straight Fork (C) (3960)
First Classified Stream and ID:	100K Extent Remaining Streams (C) (3960)
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	(10300102-1101)

OUTFALL #001	TABLE A-1. FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS					
The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations in Table A-1 shall become effective on December 1, 2021 and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:						
Limit Set: M						
EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
		DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Flow	MGD	*		*	once/week	24 hr. total
Biochemical Oxygen Demand ₅	mg/L		15	10	once/month	composite**
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L		20	15	once/month	composite**
<i>E. coli</i> (Note 1, Page 4)	#/100mL		1,030	206	once/week	grab
Ammonia as N (Apr 1 – Sep 30)	mg/L	17.0		2.2	once/month	composite**
(Oct 1 – Mar 31)		13.3		3.3		
Chloride	mg/L	394.3		182.1	once/month	composite**
EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	MINIMUM		MAXIMUM	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
pH – Units***	SU	6.5		9.0	once/month	grab
EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MINIMUM		MONTHLY AVERAGE MINIMUM	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	*		*	once/month	grab
EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)			UNITS	MONTHLY AVERAGE MINIMUM	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Biochemical Oxygen Demand ₅ – Percent Removal (Note 2, Page 4)			%	85	once/month	calculated
Total Suspended Solids – Percent Removal (Note 2, Page 4)			%	85	once/month	calculated
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED MONTHLY ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE JANUARY 28, 2022 . THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.						
Limit Set: Q						
EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Oil & Grease	mg/L	15		10	once/quarter****	grab
Total Phosphorus	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter****	composite**
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter****	composite**
Nitrite + Nitrate	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter****	composite**
Chromium VI, Total Dissolved	µg/L	*		*	once/quarter****	grab
Zinc, Total Recoverable	µg/L	*		*	once/quarter****	composite**
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED QUARTERLY ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE APRIL 28, 2022 . THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.						

* Monitoring requirement only.

** A 24-hour composite sample is composed of 48 aliquots (subsamples) collected at 30 minute intervals by an automatic sampling device.

*** pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged.

**** See table on Page 4 for quarterly sampling.

Quarterly Minimum Sampling Requirements			
Quarter	Months	Quarterly Effluent Parameters	Report is Due
First	January, February, March	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	April 28 th
Second	April, May, June	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	July 28 th
Third	July, August, September	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	October 28 th
Fourth	October, November, December	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	January 28 th

Note 1 – Effluent limitations and monitoring requirements for *E. coli* are applicable only during the recreational season from April 1 through October 31. The Monthly Average Limit for *E. coli* is expressed as a geometric mean.

Note 2 – Samples are to be collected prior to any treatment process. Calculate Percent Removal by using the following formula: $[(\text{Average Influent} - \text{Average Effluent}) / \text{Average Influent}] \times 100\% = \text{Percent Removal}$. Influent and effluent samples are to be taken during the same month. The Average Influent and Average Effluent values are to be calculated by adding the respective values together and dividing by the number of samples taken during the month. Influent samples are to be collected as a 24-hour composite sample, composed of 48 aliquots (subsamples) collected at 30 minute intervals by an automatic sampling device.

OUTFALL #001	TABLE A-2. WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS					
The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations in Table A-2 shall become effective on <u>December 1, 2021</u> and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:						
EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
		DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Limit Set: WA						
Acute Whole Effluent Toxicity (Note 3)	TU _a	*			once/year	composite**
ACUTE WET TEST MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>ONCE PER PERMIT CYCLE</u> ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE SEPTEMBER 28, 2024.						

* Monitoring requirement only.

** A 24-hour composite sample is composed of 48 aliquots (subsamples) collected at 30 minute intervals by an automatic sampling device.

Note 3 – See Special Condition #17 for additional requirements.

PERMITTED FEATURE <u>INF</u>	TABLE B-1. INFLUENT MONITORING REQUIREMENTS					
The monitoring requirements in Table B-1 shall become effective on <u>December 1, 2021</u> and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. The influent wastewater shall be monitored by the permittee as specified below:						
PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS				
		DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Limit Set: IM						
Biochemical Oxygen Demand ₅ (Note 4)	mg/L			*	once/month	composite**
Total Suspended Solids (Note 4)	mg/L			*	once/month	composite**
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>MONTHLY</u> ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>JANUARY 28, 2022</u> .						
Limit Set: IQ						
Ammonia as N	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter****	composite**
Total Phosphorus	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter****	composite**
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter****	composite**
Nitrite + Nitrate	mg/L	*		*	once/quarter****	composite**
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>QUARTERLY</u> ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>APRIL 28, 2022</u> .						

* Monitoring requirement only.

** A 24-hour composite sample is composed of 48 aliquots (subsamples) collected at 30 minute intervals by an automatic sampling device.

**** See table below for quarterly sampling requirements.

Note 4 – Samples are to be collected prior to any treatment process. Calculate Percent Removal by using the following formula:

$$[(\text{Average Influent} - \text{Average Effluent}) / \text{Average Influent}] \times 100\% = \text{Percent Removal}$$
Influent and effluent samples are to be taken during the same month. The Average Influent and Average Effluent values are to be calculated by adding the respective values together and dividing by the number of samples taken during the month. Influent samples are to be collected as a 24-hour composite sample, composed of 48 aliquots (subsamples) collected at 30 minute intervals by an automatic sampling device.

Quarterly Minimum Sampling Requirements			
Quarter	Months	Quarterly Influent Parameters	Report is Due
First	January, February, March	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	April 28 th
Second	April, May, June	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	July 28 th
Third	July, August, September	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	October 28 th
Fourth	October, November, December	Sample at least once during any month of the quarter	January 28 th

PERMITTED FEATURE SM1	TABLE C-1. INSTREAM MONITORING REQUIREMENTS					
The monitoring requirements in Table C-1 shall become effective on <u>December 1, 2021</u> and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. The stream shall be monitored by the permittee as specified below:						
PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS				
		DAILY MAXIMUM		MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Limit Set: DM						
Temperature	°C	*		*	once/month	grab
Chloride	mg/L	*		*	once/month	grab
Sulfate	mg/L	*		*	once/month	grab
Hardness, Total	mg/L	*		*	once/month	grab
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>MONTHLY</u> ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>JANUARY 28, 2022</u> .						
PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	MINIMUM		MAXIMUM	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
pH – Units***	SU	*		*	once/month	grab
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>MONTHLY</u> ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>JANUARY 28, 2022</u> .						
PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MINIMUM		MONTHLY AVERAGE MINIMUM	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	*		*	once/month	grab
MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>MONTHLY</u> ; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>JANUARY 28, 2022</u> .						

* Monitoring requirement only.

*** pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged.

D. STANDARD CONDITIONS

In addition to specified conditions stated herein, this permit is subject to the attached **Parts I, II, & III** standard conditions dated August 1, 2014, May 1, 2013, and August 1, 2019, and hereby incorporated as though fully set forth herein.

E. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1. **Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System.** Per 40 CFR Part 127 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Electronic Reporting Rule, reporting of effluent monitoring data and any report required by the permit (unless specifically directed otherwise by the permit) shall be submitted by the permittee via an electronic system to ensure timely, complete, accurate, and nationally consistent set of data about the NPDES program.
 - (a) **eDMR Registration Requirements.** The permittee must register with the Department's eDMR system through the Missouri Gateway for Environmental Management (MoGEM) before the first report is due. Registration and other information regarding MoGEM can be found at <https://dnr.mo.gov/mogem>. Information about the eDMR system can be found at <https://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/edmr.htm>. The first user shall register as an Organization Official and the association to the facility must be approved by the Department. Regarding Standard Conditions Part I, Section B, #7, the eDMR system is currently the only Department approved reporting method for this permit unless a waiver is granted by the Department. See paragraph (c) below.
 - (b) **Electronic Submissions.** To access the eDMR system, use the following link in your web browser: <https://apps5.mo.gov/mogems/welcome.action>. If you experience difficulties with using the eDMR system you may contact edmr@dnr.mo.gov or call 855-789-3889 or 573-526-2082 for assistance.

E. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

- (c) Waivers from Electronic Reporting. The permittee must electronically submit compliance monitoring data and reports unless a waiver is granted by the Department in compliance with 40 CFR Part 127. Only permittees with an approved waiver request may submit monitoring data and reports on paper to the Department for the period that the approved electronic reporting waiver is effective. The permittee may obtain an electronic reporting waiver by first submitting an eDMR Waiver Request Form: <http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2692-f.pdf>. The Department will either approve or deny this electronic reporting waiver request within 120 calendar days.
- 2. The full implementation of this operating permit, which includes implementation of any applicable schedules of compliance, shall constitute compliance with all applicable federal and state statutes and regulations in accordance with §644.051.16, RSMo, and the Clean Water Act (CWA) section 402(k); however, this permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued:
 - (a) To comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a)(2) of the CWA, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
 - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
 - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
 - (b) To incorporate an approved pretreatment program or modification thereto pursuant to 40 CFR 403.8(c) or 40 CFR 403.18(e), respectively.
 - 3. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field. This does not include instream monitoring locations.
 - 4. Permittee will cease discharge by connection to a facility with an area-wide management plan per 10 CSR 20-6.010(2)(B) within the timeframe allotted by the continuing authority with its notice of its availability. The permittee shall obtain Department approval for closure according to section 10 CSR 20-6.010(12) or alternate use of these facilities.
 - 5. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period. For instream samples, report as "C – No Discharge" if no stream flow occurs during the report period.
 - 6. Reporting of Non-Detects:
 - (a) An analysis conducted by the permittee or their contracted laboratory shall be conducted in such a way that the precision and accuracy of the analyzed result can be enumerated.
 - (b) The permittee shall not report a sample result as "Non-Detect" without also reporting the detection limit of the test. Reporting as "Non Detect" without also including the detection limit will be considered failure to report, which is a violation of this permit.
 - (c) The permittee shall provide the "Non-Detect" sample result using the less than sign and the minimum detection limit (e.g., <10).
 - (d) Where the permit contains a Minimum Level (ML) and the permittee is granted authority in the permit to report zero in lieu of the < ML for a specified parameter (conventional, priority pollutants, metals, etc.), then zero (0) is to be reported for that parameter.
 - (e) See Standard Conditions Part I, Section A, #4 regarding proper detection limits used for sample analysis.
 - (f) When a parameter is not detected above ML, the permittee must report the data qualifier signifying less than ML for that parameter (e.g., < 50 µg/L, if the ML for the parameter is 50 µg/L). For reporting an average based on a mix of values detected and not detected, assign a value of "0" for all non-detects for that reporting period and report the average of all the results.
 - 7. It is a violation of the Missouri Clean Water Law to fail to pay fees associated with this permit (644.055 RSMo).
 - 8. The permittee shall comply with any applicable requirements listed in 10 CSR 20-9, unless the facility has received written notification that the Department has approved a modification to the requirements. The monitoring frequencies contained in this permit shall not be construed by the permittee as a modification of the monitoring frequencies listed in 10 CSR 20-9. To request a modification of the operational control testing requirements listed in 10 CSR 20-9, the permittee shall submit a permit modification application and fee to the Department requesting a deviation from the operational control monitoring requirements. Upon approval of the request, the Department will modify the permit.

E. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

9. The permittee shall develop and implement a program for maintenance and repair of its collection system. The permittee may compare collection system performance results and other data with the benchmarks used in the Departments' Capacity, Management, Operation, And Maintenance (CMOM) Model located at <http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/permits/docs/cmom-template.doc>. Additional information regarding the Departments' CMOM Model is available at <http://dnr.mo.gov/pubs/pub2574.htm>.

The permittee shall also submit a report via the Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System annually, by January 28th, for the previous calendar year. The report shall contain the following information:

- (a) A summary of the efforts to locate and eliminate specific sources of excessive infiltration and inflow into the collection system serving the facility for the previous year.
 - (b) A summary of the general maintenance and repairs to the collection system serving the facility for the previous year.
 - (c) A summary of any planned maintenance and repairs to the collection system serving the facility for the upcoming calendar year. This list shall include locations (GPS, 911 address, manhole number, etc.) and actions to be taken.
10. Bypasses are not authorized at this facility unless they meet the criteria in 40 CFR 122.41(m). If a bypass occurs, the permittee shall report in accordance to 40 CFR 122.41(m)(3), and with Standard Condition Part I, Section B, subsection 2. Bypasses are to be reported to the Central Field Operations Office during normal business hours or by using the online Sanitary Sewer Overflow/Facility Bypass Application located at: <https://dnr.mo.gov/mogem/> or the Environmental Emergency Response spill-line at 573-634-2436 outside of normal business hours. Once an electronic reporting system compliant with 40 CFR Part 127, the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Electronic Reporting Rule, is available all bypasses must be reported electronically via the new system. Blending, which is the practice of combining a partially-treated wastewater process stream with a fully-treated wastewater process stream prior to discharge, is not considered a form of bypass. If the permittee wishes to utilize blending, the permittee shall file an application to modify this permit to facilitate the inclusion of appropriate monitoring conditions.
11. The facility must be sufficiently secured to restrict entry by children, livestock and unauthorized persons as well as to protect the facility from vandalism.
12. An Operation and Maintenance (O & M) manual shall be maintained by the permittee and made available to the operator. The O & M manual shall include key operating procedures and a brief summary of the operation of the facility.
13. An all-weather access road to the treatment facility shall be maintained.
14. The outfall sewer shall be protected and maintained against the effects of floodwater, ice, or other hazards as to reasonably insure its structural stability, freedom from stoppage, and that a sample of the effluent can be obtained at a point after the final treatment process and before the discharge mixes with the receiving waters.
15. The storage basin(s) shall be operated and maintained to ensure their structural integrity, which includes maintaining adequate freeboard and keeping the berms free of deep-rooted vegetation, animal dens, or other potential sources of damage.
16. The facility shall ensure that adequate provisions are provided to prevent or minimize surface water intrusion into the storage basin and to divert stormwater runoff around the storage basin and protect embankments from erosion.
17. Acute Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) tests shall be conducted as follows:
- (a) Freshwater Species and Test Methods: Species and short-term test methods for estimating the acute toxicity of NPDES effluents are found in the most recent edition of *Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms* (EPA/821/R-02/012; Table IA, 40 CFR Part 136). The permittee shall concurrently conduct 48-hour, static, non-renewal toxicity tests with the following species:
 - i. The fathead minnow, *Pimephales promelas* (Acute Toxicity EPA Test Method 2000.0).
 - ii. The daphnid, *Ceriodaphnia dubia* (Acute Toxicity EPA Test Method 2002.0).
 - (b) Chemical and physical analysis of the upstream control sample and effluent sample shall occur immediately upon being received by the laboratory, prior to any manipulation of the effluent sample beyond preservation methods consistent with federal guidelines for WET testing that are required to stabilize the sample during shipping. Where upstream receiving water is not available or known to be toxic, other approved control water may be used.
 - (c) Test conditions must meet all test acceptability criteria required by the EPA Method used in the analysis.
 - (d) The laboratory shall not chemically dechlorinate the sample.
 - (e) The Allowable Effluent Concentration (AEC) is 100%; the dilution series is: 100%, 50%, 25%, 12.5%, and 6.25%.
 - (f) All chemical and physical analysis of the effluent sample performed in conjunction with the WET test shall be performed at the 100% effluent concentration.

E. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

- (g) The facility must submit a full laboratory report for all toxicity testing. The report must include a quantification of acute toxic units ($TU_a = 100/LC_{50}$) reported according to the test methods manual chapter on report preparation and test review. The Lethal Concentration 50 Percent (LC_{50}) is the effluent concentration that would cause death in 50 percent of the test organisms at a specific time.
18. Receiving Water Monitoring Conditions
- (a) Downstream receiving water samples should be taken at the location(s) specified on Page 2 of this permit. In the event that a safe, accessible location is not present at the location(s) listed, a suitable location can be negotiated with the Department. Samples should be taken at least four feet from the bank or from the middle of the stream (whichever is less) and 6-inches below the surface if possible.
 - (b) When conducting in-stream monitoring, the permittee shall record observations that include: the time of day, weather conditions, unusual stream characteristics (e.g., septic conditions, algae growth, etc.), the stream segment (e.g., riffle, pool or run) from where the sample was collected. These observations shall be submitted with the sample results.
 - (c) Samples shall not be collected from areas with especially turbulent flow, still water or from the stream bank, unless these conditions are representative of the stream reach or no other areas are available for sample collection. Sampling should not be made when significant precipitation has occurred recently. The sampling event should be terminated and rescheduled if any of the following conditions occur:
 - i. If turbidity in the stream increases notably; or
 - ii. If rainfall over the past two weeks exceeds 2.5 inches or exceeds 1 inch in the last 24 hour.
 - (d) Always use the correct sampling technique and handling procedure specified for the parameter of interest. Please refer to the latest edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater for further discussion of proper sampling techniques. All analyses must be conducted in accordance with an approved EPA method. Meters shall be calibrated immediately (within 1 hour) prior to the sampling event.
 - (e) To obtain accurate measurements, Dissolved Oxygen and pH analyses should be performed on-site in the receiving stream where possible. However, due to high flow conditions, access, etc., it may be necessary to collect a sample in a bucket or other container. When this is necessary, care must be taken not to aerate the sample upon collection. If for any reason samples must be collected from an alternate site from the one listed in the permit, the permittee shall report the location with the sample results.
 - (f) Dissolved Oxygen measurements are to be taken during the period from one hour prior to sunrise to one and one-half hour after sunrise.
 - (g) Please contact the Department if you need additional instructions or assistance.
19. Industrial User Discharges. To identify industrial users as defined in 40 CFR 403.3(i) and (j) that have the potential to cause interference or pass-through at the POTW, as established in Standard Conditions, Part II, the permittee shall maintain a list of the industrial users discharging to the POTW per 40 CFR 122.21(j)(6) and 40 CFR 122.42(b) and provide this information in the renewal application at each permit renewal. The list shall include the following information:
- (a) Industrial facility name, address, email address, and facility contact person.
 - (b) Significant Industrial User status per 40 CFR 403.3(v)(1), and any applicable federal Categorical Pretreatment Standards.
 - (c) Description of industrial processes discharging process wastewater.
 - (d) Process and non-process wastewater flow in gallons per day discharged to the POTW.
 - (e) Local limits the industrial user is subject to.
 - (f) Brief description of problems with industrial user such as interference or pass-through, slug loads, upsets, operational problems, or SSOs.
20. The permittee has industrial discharges as listed in its NPDES renewal application. The Department is the Control Authority over industrial users (IU) discharging to the POTW because the permittee does not have an approved pretreatment program. Through the NPDES permit, as control authority, the Department may: 1) deny and condition IU discharges, 2) require IU compliance with pretreatment standards and requirements, 3) control IU discharge through the permittee's state operating permit, 4) require IU compliance schedules to meet pretreatment standards or requirements and the submission of reports to demonstrate compliance, 5) inspect or monitor IUs, and 6) obtain remedies for IU noncompliance. Notice to the Department as established in Standard Conditions, Part II still applies. According to state statute, the Department cannot issue permits to industrial users that discharge to a POTW with a state-issued permit, yet the 40 CFR Part 403 still apply to these industrial users. 40 CFR Part 403.5(a) prohibits industrial users from introducing pollutants that may cause POTW interference as defined by 40 CFR 403.3(k), and pass-through as defined by 40 CFR 403.3(p). The general prohibition and specific prohibition in 40 CFR 403.5(b) applies to all industrial users discharging to POTW with or without an approved pretreatment program. In addition, the Department requires the POTW to apply the following pretreatments requirements under the 40 CFR 403 National Pretreatment Program to all industrial users:

E. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

- (a) IU Notice Of Potential Problems, including Slug Loading per 40 CFR §403.12(f)(2)(vi);
- (b) IU Notification of Changed Discharges per 40 CFR §403.12(j) and Hazardous Waste Discharges per 403.12(p)(1);
- (c) IU Notification of Solids, Sludge, Filter Backwash or Pollutant Disposal Methods, 40 CFR §403.8(F)(2)(iii);
- (d) IU Notification of Upset of Pretreatment per 40 CFR 403.16;
- (e) IU Notification of Bypass of Pretreatment per 40 CFR 403.17;
- (f) IU Required to Keep Records per 40 CFR 403.12(O);
- (g) IU Shall Perform All Wastewater Sample Analyses in Accordance with Analytical Methods per §403.12(g)(5).

F. NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL

If you were adversely affected by this decision, you may be entitled to pursue an appeal before the administrative hearing commission (AHC) pursuant to Sections 621.250 and 644.051.6 RSMo. To appeal, you must file a petition with the AHC within thirty days after the date this decision was mailed or the date it was delivered, whichever date was earlier. If any such petition is sent by registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is mailed; if it is sent by any method other than registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is received by the AHC. Any appeal should be directed to:

Administrative Hearing Commission
U.S. Post Office Building, Third Floor
131 West High Street, P.O. Box 1557
Jefferson City, MO 65102-1557
Phone: 573-751-2422
Fax: 573-751-5018
Website: <https://ahc.mo.gov>

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
FACT SHEET
FOR THE PURPOSE OF RENEWAL
OF
MO-0094927
VERSAILLES WWTF

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act ("Clean Water Act" Section 402 Public Law 92-500 as amended) established the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program. This program regulates the discharge of pollutants from point sources into the waters of the United States, and the release of stormwater from certain point sources. All such discharges are unlawful without a permit (Section 301 of the "Clean Water Act"). After a permit is obtained, a discharge not in compliance with all permit terms and conditions is unlawful. Missouri State Operating Permits (MSOPs) are issued by the Director of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) under an approved program, operating in accordance with federal and state laws (Federal "Clean Water Act" and "Missouri Clean Water Law" Section 644 as amended). MSOPs are issued for a period of five (5) years unless otherwise specified.

As per [40 CFR Part 124.8(a)] and [10 CSR 20-6.020(1)(A)2.], a Factsheet shall be prepared to give pertinent information regarding the applicable regulations, rationale for the development of effluent limitations and conditions, and the public participation process for the Missouri State Operating Permit (operating permit) listed below.

A Factsheet is not an enforceable part of an operating permit.

Part I – Facility Information

Application Date: 10/01/19
Expiration Date: 03/31/20

Facility Type and Description: POTW

OUTFALL(S) TABLE:

OUTFALL	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	TREATMENT LEVEL	EFFLUENT TYPE
#001	0.8525	Secondary	Domestic

Comments:

Changes in this permit for Outfall #001 include the increased monitoring for flow from once per month to once per week, decreased sampling and reporting frequencies for Chromium VI and Zinc from once per month to once per quarter monitoring, and the removal of Chromium III. Changes in this permit for Permitted Feature INF include increased sampling and reporting frequencies for percent removal of BOD₅ and TSS from quarterly to monthly, and the addition of quarterly influent nutrient monitoring. See Part II of the Fact Sheet for further information regarding the addition, revision, and removal of effluent parameters. Special conditions were updated to include the addition of Special Conditions #19 and #20, which are related to the industrial discharge(s) to the Versailles WWTF.

Part II – Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements

OUTFALL #001 – MAIN FACILITY OUTFALL

Effluent limitations derived and established in the below Effluent Limitations Table are based on current operations of the facility. Future permit action due to facility modification may contain new operating permit terms and conditions that supersede the terms and conditions, including effluent limitations, of this operating permit.

OUTFALL #001 - RECEIVING STREAM INFORMATION**RECEIVING STREAM(S) TABLE:**

WATER-BODY NAME	CLASS	WBID	DESIGNATED USES*	12-DIGIT HUC	DISTANCE TO CLASSIFIED SEGMENT (MI)
100K Extent-Remaining Streams	C	3960	AQL, HHP, IRR, LWV, SCR, WBC-B	10300102-1101	Direct Discharge

*As per 10 CSR 20-7.031 Missouri Water Quality Standards, the Department defines the Clean Water Commission's water quality objectives in terms of "water uses to be maintained and the criteria to protect those uses." The receiving stream and 1st classified receiving stream's beneficial water uses to be maintained are in the receiving stream table in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)].

Uses found in the receiving streams table, above:

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)1.:

AQL = Protection of aquatic life (Current narrative use(s) are defined to ensure the protection and propagation of fish shellfish and wildlife, which is further subcategorized as: **WWH** = Warm Water Habitat; **CDF** = Cold-water fishery (Current narrative use is cold-water habitat.); **CLF** = Cool-water fishery (Current narrative use is cool-water habitat); **EAH** = Ephemeral Aquatic Habitat; **MAH** = Modified Aquatic Habitat; **LAH** = Limited Aquatic Habitat. This permit uses AQL effluent limitations in 10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A for all habitat designations unless otherwise specified.)

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)2.: Recreation in and on the water

WBC = Whole Body Contact recreation where the entire body is capable of being submerged;

WBC-A = Whole body contact recreation that supports swimming uses and has public access;

WBC-B = Whole body contact recreation that supports swimming;

SCR = Secondary Contact Recreation (like fishing, wading, and boating).

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)3. to 7.:

HHP (formerly HHF) = Human Health Protection as it relates to the consumption of fish;

IRR = Irrigation for use on crops utilized for human or livestock consumption;

LWW = Livestock and wildlife watering (Current narrative use is defined as **LWP** = Livestock and Wildlife Protection);

DWS = Drinking Water Supply;

IND = Industrial water supply

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(C)8-11.: Wetlands (10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A currently does not have corresponding habitat use criteria for these defined uses)

WSA = Storm- and flood-water storage and attenuation; **WHP** = Habitat for resident and migratory wildlife species;

WRC = Recreational, cultural, educational, scientific, and natural aesthetic values and uses; **WHC** = Hydrologic cycle maintenance.

10 CSR 20-7.031(6): **GRW** = Groundwater

RECEIVING STREAM(S) LOW-FLOW VALUES:

RECEIVING STREAM	LOW-FLOW VALUES (CFS)		
	1Q10	7Q10	30Q10
100K Extent-Remaining Streams	0	0	0

MIXING CONSIDERATIONS TABLE:

MIXING ZONE (CFS) [10 CSR 20-7.031(5)(A)4.B.(I)(a)]			ZONE OF INITIAL DILUTION (CFS) [10 CSR 20-7.031(5)(A)4.B.(I)(b)]		
1Q10	7Q10	30Q10	1Q10	7Q10	30Q10
0	0	0	0	0	N/A

Receiving Water Body's Water Quality

Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act requires that each state identify waters that are not meeting water quality standards and for which adequate water pollution controls have not been required. Water quality standards protect such beneficial uses of water as whole body contact (such as swimming), maintaining fish and other aquatic life, and providing drinking water for people, livestock and wildlife. The 303(d) list helps state and federal agencies keep track of waters that are impaired but not addressed by normal water pollution control programs.

A TMDL is a calculation of the maximum amount of a given pollutant that a body of water can absorb before its water quality is affected. If a water body is determined to be impaired as listed on the 303(d) list, then a watershed management plan will be developed that shall include the TMDL calculation.

- ✓ This facility discharges to 100K Extent-Remaining Streams (C) (3960) which flows approximately 0.4 miles to Straight Fork (C) (959). Straight Fork has been on the Missouri 303(d) List for Dissolved Oxygen since 2006. This facility is considered to be a source of the low Dissolved Oxygen. Once a TMDL is developed, the permit may be modified to include WLAs from the TMDL.
- ✓ A Permit in Lieu of a TMDL was approved by USEPA on December 10, 2013 to correct Chloride and Volatile Suspended Solids impairments in Straight Fork (C) (959).
- ✓ The Department has not conducted a stream survey for this waterbody. When a stream survey is conducted, more information may be available about the receiving stream.

CHANGES TO EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:

PARAMETER	Unit	Basis for Limits	Daily Maximum	Weekly Average	Monthly Average	Previous Permit Limit	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency	Sample Type ****
Flow	MGD	1	*		*	Increased from monthly	1/week	monthly	T
Ammonia as N (Apr 1 – Sep 30) (Oct 1 – Mar 31)	mg/L	2, 3	17.0 13.3		2.2 3.3	4.0/1.8 */*	1/month	monthly	C
PARAMETER	Unit	Basis for Limits	Daily Minimum		Monthly Avg. Min	Previous Permit Limit	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency	Sample Type
BOD ₅ Percent Removal	%	1			85	Increased from quarterly	1/month	monthly	M
TSS Percent Removal	%	1			85	Increased from quarterly	1/month	monthly	M

* - Monitoring requirement only.

** - #/100mL; the Monthly Average for *E. coli* is a geometric mean.

*** - Parameter not previously established in previous state operating permit.

**** - C = 24-hour composite

G = Grab

T = 24-hr. total

E = 24-hr. estimate

M = Measured/calculated

Basis for Limitations Codes:

- | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| 1. State or Federal Regulation/Law | 5. Antidegradation Policy | 9. WET Test Policy |
| 2. Water Quality Standard (includes RPA) | 6. Water Quality Model | 10. Multiple Discharger Variance |
| 3. Water Quality Based Effluent Limits | 7. Best Professional Judgment | 11. Nutrient Criteria Implementation Plan |
| 4. Antidegradation Review | 8. TMDL or Permit in lieu of TMDL | |

OUTFALL #001 – DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:

- **Flow.** In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(i)(1)(ii)] the volume of effluent discharged from each outfall is needed to assure compliance with permitted effluent limitations. If the permittee is unable to obtain effluent flow, then it is the responsibility of the permittee to inform the Department, which may require the submittal of an operating permit modification.
- **Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD₅).** Operating permit retains 15 mg/L as a Weekly Average and 10 mg/L as a Monthly Average from the previous permit. Effluent limitations have been reassessed and found protective of water quality.
- **Total Suspended Solids (TSS).** A monthly average limit of 15 mg/L was established in the USEPA approved PIL of a TMDL. Effluent limits from the previous permit were found protective of water quality; therefore, the operating permit retains 20 mg/L as a Weekly Average and 15 mg/L as a Monthly Average from the previous permit.
- ***Escherichia coli (E. coli)*.** Monthly average of 206 per 100 mL as a geometric mean and Weekly Average of 1,030 per 100 mL as a geometric mean during the recreational season (April 1 – October 31), for discharges within two miles upstream of segments or lakes with Whole Body Contact Recreation (B) designated use of the receiving stream, as per 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(B). An effluent limit for both monthly average and weekly average is required by 40 CFR 122.45(d). The Geometric Mean is calculated by multiplying all of the data points and then taking the nth root of this product, where n = # of samples collected. For example: Five *E. coli* samples were collected with results of 1, 4, 6, 10, and 5 (#/100mL). Geometric Mean = 5th root of (1)(4)(6)(10)(5) = 5th root of 1,200 = 4.1 #/100mL.

- **Total Ammonia Nitrogen.** Early Life Stages Present Total Ammonia Nitrogen criteria apply [10 CSR 20-7.031(5)(B)7.C. & Table B3]. Background total ammonia nitrogen = 0.01 mg/L. No mixing considerations allowed; therefore, WLA = appropriate criterion.

The Department previously followed the 2007 Ammonia Guidance method for derivation of ammonia limits. However, the EPA's Technical Support Document for Water Quality-based Toxic Controls (TSD) establishes other alternatives to limit derivation. The Department has determined that the approach established in Section 5.4.2 of the TSD, which allows for direct application of both the acute and chronic wasteload allocations (WLA) as permit limits for toxic pollutants, is more appropriate limit derivation approach. Using this method for a discharge to a waterbody where mixing is not allowed, the criterion continuous concentration (CCC) and the criterion maximum concentration (CMC) will equal the chronic and acute WLA respectively. The WLAs are then applied as effluent limits, per Section 5.4.2 of the TSD, where the CMC is the Daily Maximum and the CCC is the Monthly Average. The direct application of both acute and chronic criteria as WLA is also applicable for facilities that discharge into receiving waterbodies with mixing considerations. The CCC and CMC will need to be calculated into WLA with mixing considerations using the mass-balance equation:

$$C_e = \frac{(Q_e + Q_s)C - (Q_s \times C_s)}{(Q_e)}$$

Where C = downstream concentration C_e = effluent concentration
 C_s = upstream concentration Q_e = effluent flow
 Q_s = upstream flow

In the event that mixing considerations derive an AML less stringent than the MDL, the AML and MDL will be equal and based on the MDL.

Month	Temp (°C)*	pH (SU)*	Total Ammonia Nitrogen CCC (mg/L)	Total Ammonia Nitrogen CMC (mg/L)
January	14.5	7.7	3.3	13.3
February	14.5	7.7	3.3	13.3
March	14.5	7.7	3.3	13.3
April	23.8	7.6	2.2	17.0
May	23.8	7.6	2.2	17.0
June	23.8	7.6	2.2	17.0
July	23.8	7.6	2.2	17.0
August	23.8	7.6	2.2	17.0
September	23.8	7.6	2.2	17.0
October	14.5	7.7	3.3	13.3
November	14.5	7.7	3.3	13.3
December	14.5	7.7	3.3	13.3

* Ecoregion data (Ozark Highlands)

April 1 – September 30 (Summer)

Chronic WLA:

$$C_e = ((0.8525 + 0.0)2.2 - (0.0 * 0.01))/0.8525 = 2.2 \text{ mg/L}$$

Acute WLA:

$$C_e = ((0.8525 + 0.0)17.0 - (0.0 * 0.01))/0.8525 = 17.0 \text{ mg/L}$$

Chronic WLA = AML = **2.2** mg/L

Acute WLA = MDL = **17.0** mg/L

October 1 – March 31 (Winter)

Chronic WLA:

$$C_e = ((0.8525 + 0.0)3.3 - (0.0 * 0.01))/0.8525 = 3.3 \text{ mg/L}$$

Acute WLA:

$$C_e = ((0.8525 + 0.0)13.3 - (0.0 * 0.01))/0.8525 = 13.3 \text{ mg/L}$$

Chronic WLA = AML = **3.3** mg/L

Acute WLA = MDL = **13.3** mg/L

- **Oil & Grease.** Conventional pollutant, effluent limitation for protection of aquatic life; 10 mg/L monthly average, 15 mg/L daily maximum.
- **Total Phosphorus and Total Nitrogen (Speciated).** Effluent monitoring for Total Phosphorus, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, and Nitrite + Nitrate are required per 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(D)8.

- **pH.** 6.5-9.0 SU. pH limitations of 6.0-9.0 SU [10 CSR 20-7.015] are not protective of the in-stream Water Quality Standard, which states that water contaminants shall not cause pH to be outside the range of 6.5-9.0 SU. 10 CSR 20-7.015 allows pH for lagoons to be maintained above 6.0 SU. Due to the classification of the receiving stream, the Department has determined that there is no assimilative capacity during critical low flow periods, therefore the water quality standard must be met at the outfall.
- **Dissolved Oxygen.** Monitoring is required as this facility is listed as the source of the low dissolved oxygen impairment in Straight Fork (C) (848).
- **Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD₅) Percent Removal.** In accordance with 40 CFR Part 133, removal efficiency is a method by which the Federal Regulations define Secondary Treatment and Equivalent to Secondary Treatment, which applies to BOD₅ and TSS for Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs)/municipals. This facility is required to meet 85% removal efficiency for BOD₅.
- **Total Suspended Solids (TSS) Percent Removal.** In accordance with 40 CFR Part 133, removal efficiency is a method by which the Federal Regulations define Secondary Treatment and Equivalent to Secondary Treatment, which applies to BOD₅ and TSS for Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs)/municipals. This facility is required to meet 85% removal efficiency for TSS.
- **Chloride.** Protection of Aquatic Life Acute Criteria = 860 µg/L, Chronic Criteria = 230 µg/L

Acute WLA: $C_e = ((0.8525 + 0.0)860 - (0.0 * 0.0))/0.8525 = 860 \text{ µg/L}$

Chronic WLA: $C_e = ((0.8525 + 0.0)230 - (0.0 * 0.0))/0.8525 = 230 \text{ µg/L}$

LTA_a: $860 (0.279) = 239.6 \text{ µg/L}$ [CV = 0.707, 99th Percentile]

LTA_c: $230 (0.477) = 109.8 \text{ µg/L}$ [CV = 0.707, 99th Percentile]

Use most protective number of LTA_a or LTA_c.

MDL: $109.8 (3.59) = \mathbf{394.3 \text{ µg/L}}$ [CV = 0.707, 99th Percentile]

AML: $109.8 (1.547) = \mathbf{182.1 \text{ µg/L}}$ [CV = 0.707, 95th Percentile, n = 4]

Metals

Effluent limitations for total recoverable metals were developed using methods and procedures outlined in the “Technical Support Document for Water Quality-based Toxic Controls” (EPA/505/2-90-001) and “The Metals Translator: Guidance For Calculating a Total Recoverable Permit Limit from a Dissolved Criterion” (EPA 823-B-96-007). General warm-water fishery criteria apply.

Downstream water hardness of 190 mg/L is used in the calculation below. This value represents the 50th percentile (median) for all sample data submitted to the Department by the facility in compliance with the instream monitoring requirements of the operating permit.

Due to the absence of contemporaneous effluent and instream data for total recoverable metals, dissolved metals, hardness, and total suspended solids with which to calculate metals translators, partitioning between the dissolved and absorbed phases was assumed to be minimal (Section 5.7.3, EPA/505/2-90-001). Freshwater criteria conversion factors for dissolved metals were used as the metals translator as recommended in guidance (Section 1.3, 1.5.3, and Table 1, EPA 823-B-96-007). If concurrent site-specific data for total recoverable metals, dissolved metals, hardness, and total suspended solids are provided to the Department, partitioning evaluations may be considered and site-specific translators developed.

- **Chromium VI, Total Dissolved.** Monitoring only requirements have been included in this permit. An RPA was conducted based on the current WQS and determined that there is no reasonable potential to violate the water quality standard for Chromium VI, please see **Appendix – RPA Results**. This determination will be reassessed at the time of renewal.
- **Zinc, Total Recoverable.** Monitoring only requirements have been included in this permit. An RPA was conducted based on the current WQS and determined that there is no reasonable potential to violate the water quality standard for Chromium VI, please see **Appendix – RPA Results**. This determination will be reassessed at the time of renewal.

Whole Effluent Toxicity

- **Acute Whole Effluent Toxicity.** Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring is required to determine if reasonable potential exists for this facility's discharge to exceed water quality standards.
- ✓ Acute Allowable Effluent Concentrations (AECs) for facilities that discharge to Waters of the State lacking designated uses are 100%, 50%, 25%, 12.5%, & 6.25%.

Sampling Frequency Justification: The Department has determined that previously established sampling and reporting frequency is sufficient to characterize the facility's effluent and be protective of water quality; however, flow was increased from monthly to weekly, percent removal was increased from quarterly to monthly, and Chromium VI and Zinc were decreased from monthly to quarterly. Weekly sampling is required for *E. coli*, per 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(D)7.A.

WET Test Sampling Frequency Justification. WET Testing schedules and intervals are established in accordance with the Department's Permit Manual; Section 5.2 *Effluent Limits / WET Testing for Compliance Bio-monitoring*. It is recommended that WET testing be conducted during the period of lowest stream flow.

Acute Whole Effluent Toxicity

✓ **No less than ONCE/PERMIT CYCLE:**

- Municipality with a design flow $\geq 22,500$ gpd, but less than 1.0 MGD.

Sampling Type Justification: As per 10 CSR 20-7.015, samples collected for mechanical plants shall be a 24 hour composite sample. Grab samples, however, must be collected for pH, *E. coli*, Oil & Grease, Dissolved Oxygen, and Chromium, VI in accordance with recommended analytical methods. For further information on sampling and testing methods please review 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(D) 2.

PERMITTED FEATURE INF – INFLUENT MONITORING

The monitoring requirements established in the below Monitoring Requirements Table are based on current operations of the facility. Future permit action due to facility modification may contain new operating permit terms and conditions that supersede the terms and conditions, including the monitoring requirements listed in this table.

CHANGES TO INFLUENT MONITORING:

PARAMETER	Unit	Basis for Limits	Daily Maximum	Weekly Average	Monthly Average	Previous Permit Limit	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency	Sample Type ****
BOD ₅	mg/L	1			*	***	1/month	monthly	C
TSS	mg/L	1			*	***	1/month	monthly	C
Ammonia as N	mg/L	1	*		*	***	1/quarter	quarterly	C
Total Phosphorus	mg/L	1	*		*	***	1/quarter	quarterly	C
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L	1	*		*	***	1/quarter	quarterly	C
Nitrite + Nitrate	mg/L	1	*		*	***	1/quarter	quarterly	C

* - Monitoring requirement only.

**** - C = Composite

*** - Parameter not previously established in previous state operating permit.

Basis for Limitations Codes:

- | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| 1. State or Federal Regulation/Law | 5. Antidegradation Policy | 9. WET Test Policy |
| 2. Water Quality Standard (includes RPA) | 6. Water Quality Model | 10. Multiple Discharger Variance |
| 3. Water Quality Based Effluent Limits | 7. Best Professional Judgment | 11. Nutrient Criteria Implementation Plan |
| 4. Antidegradation Review | 8. TMDL or Permit in lieu of TMDL | |

Influent Parameters

- **Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD₅) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS).** An influent sample is required to determine the removal efficiency. In accordance with 40 CFR Part 133, removal efficiency is a method by which the Federal Regulations define Secondary Treatment and Equivalent to Secondary Treatment, which applies to BOD₅ and TSS for Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs)/municipals.
- **Total Phosphorus, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, Nitrite + Nitrate, and Ammonia.** Influent monitoring for Total Phosphorus, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, Nitrite + Nitrate, and Ammonia required per 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(D)8.

Sampling Frequency Justification: The sampling and reporting frequencies for Total Phosphorus and Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, Nitrite + Nitrate, and Ammonia parameters were established to match the required sampling frequency of these parameters in the effluent, per [10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(D)8.]. The sampling and reporting frequencies for influent BOD₅ and TSS have been established to match the required sampling frequency of these parameters in the effluent.

Sampling Type Justification: Sample types for influent parameters were established to match the required sampling type of these parameters in the effluent. Samples should be analyzed as soon as possible after collection and/or properly preserved according to method requirements.

PERMITTED FEATURE SM1 – INSTREAM MONITORING (DOWNSTREAM)

- **Dissolved Oxygen, pH, Temperature, and Chloride.** Monitoring for these parameters was established in the Permit in Lieu (PIL) of a TMDL. The monitoring requirements for these parameters have been retained in order to monitor water quality in the receiving stream.
- **Sulfate.** Sulfate instream monitoring is included in this permit as future chloride water quality standards may require a sulfate concentration in order to calculate effluent limitations.
- **Total Hardness.** Monitoring only requirement as the metals parameters contained in the permit are hardness based. This data will be used in the next permit renewal.

Sampling Frequency Justification: For all parameters, the sampling and reporting frequency was found to appropriate; therefore, it was retained from the previous permit.

Sampling Type Justification: For the purposes of instream data collection, and as the downstream water quality should be consistent over a 24 hour period, grab samples are sufficient. Samples should be analyzed as soon as possible after collection and/or properly preserved according to method requirements.

OUTFALL #001 – GENERAL CRITERIA CONSIDERATIONS:

In accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1), effluent limitations shall be placed into the permit for those pollutants which have been determined to cause, have the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above any State water quality standard, including State narrative criteria for water quality. The rule further states that pollutants which have been determined to cause, have the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above a narrative criterion within an applicable State water quality standard, the permit shall contain a numeric effluent limitation to protect that narrative criterion. In order to comply with this regulation, the permit writer will complete reasonable potential determinations on whether the discharge will violate any of the general criteria listed in 10 CSR 20-7.031(4). These specific requirements are listed below followed by derivation and discussion (the lettering matches that of the rule itself, under 10 CSR 20-7.031(4)). It should also be noted that Section 644.076.1, RSMo as well as Section D – Administrative Requirements of Standard Conditions Part I of this permit states that it shall be unlawful for any person to cause or permit any discharge of water contaminants from any water contaminant or point source located in Missouri that is in violation of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated by the commission.

- (A) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses. The discharge from this facility is made up of treated domestic wastewater. Based upon review of the Report of Compliance Inspection for the inspection conducted on October 28, 2019, no evidence of an excursion of this criterion has been observed by the Department in the past and the facility has not disclosed any other information related to the characteristics of the discharge on their permit application which has the potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this narrative criterion. Additionally, this facility utilizes secondary treatment technology and is currently in compliance with the secondary treatment technology based effluent limits established in this permit and there has been no indication to the Department that the stream has had issues maintaining beneficial uses as a result of this discharge. Based on the information reviewed during the drafting of this permit, these final effluent limitations appear to have protected against the excursion of this criterion in the past. Therefore, the discharge does not have the reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this criterion.
- (B) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (C) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (D) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life. This permit contains final effluent limitations which are protective of both acute and chronic toxicity for various pollutants that are either expected to be discharged by domestic wastewater facilities or that were disclosed by this facility on the application for permit coverage. Based on the information reviewed during the drafting of this permit, it has been determined if the facility meets final effluent limitations established in this permit, there is no reasonable potential for the discharge to cause an excursion of this criterion.
- (E) Waters shall provide for the attainment and maintenance of water quality standards downstream including waters of another state. Please see (D) above as justification is the same.
- (F) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water. Please see (D) above as justification is the same.
- (G) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering. Please see (D) above as justification is the same.

- (H) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (I) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247. The discharge from this facility is made up of treated domestic wastewater. No evidence of an excursion of this criterion has been observed by the Department in the past and the facility has not disclosed any other information related to the characteristics of the discharge on their permit application which has the potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this narrative criterion. Additionally, any solid wastes received or produced at this facility are wholly contained in appropriate storage facilities, are not discharged, and are disposed of offsite. This discharge is subject to Standard Conditions Part III, which contains requirements for the management and disposal of sludge to prevent its discharge. Therefore, this discharge does not have reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this criterion.

Part III – Rationale and Derivation of Effluent Limitations & Permit Conditions

ALTERNATIVE EVALUATIONS FOR NEW FACILITIES:

As per [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)(A)], discharges to losing streams shall be permitted only after other alternatives including land application, discharges to a gaining stream, and connection to a regional wastewater treatment facility have been evaluated and determined to be unacceptable for environmental and/or economic reasons.

- ✓ The facility does not discharge to a Losing Stream as defined by [10 CSR 20-2.010(40)] & [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(O)], or is an existing facility.

ANTI-BACKSLIDING:

A provision in the Federal Regulations [CWA §303(d)(4); CWA §402(o); 40 CFR Part 122.44(l)] that requires a reissued permit to be as stringent as the previous permit with some exceptions.

- ✓ Limitations in this operating permit for the reissuance of this permit conform to the anti-backsliding provisions of Section 402(o) of the Clean Water Act, and 40 CFR Part 122.44.
- ✓ Information is available which was not available at the time of permit issuance (other than revised regulations, guidance, or test methods) and which would have justified the application of a less stringent effluent limitation at the time of permit issuance.
 - **Ammonia as N.** Effluent limitations were re-calculated for Ammonia based on new information derived from discharge monitoring reports, including instream temperature and pH, and on the current Missouri Water Quality Standards for Ammonia. The newly established limitations are still protective of water quality.
 - **Chromium VI and Zinc.** Monitoring only. The permit writer conducted a Reasonable Potential Analysis on all parameters and determined the facility had no reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of the standard for Chromium VI and Zinc. As a result, final effluent limits have been removed and monitoring requirements were included in the permit. Please see **APPENDIX – RPA RESULTS**. The permit is still protective of water quality and this determination will be reassessed at the time of renewal.
- ✓ The Department determines that technical mistakes or mistaken interpretations of law were made in issuing the permit under section 402(a)(1)(b).
 - **General Criteria.** The previous permit contained a special condition which described a specific set of prohibitions related to general criteria found in 10 CSR 20-7.031(4). In order to comply with 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1), the permit writer has conducted reasonable potential determinations for each general criterion and established numeric effluent limitations where reasonable potential exists. While the removal of the previous permit special condition creates the appearance of backsliding, since this permit establishes numeric limitations where reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of the general criteria exists the permit maintains sufficient effluent limitations and monitoring requirements in order to protect water quality, this permit is equally protective as compared to the previous permit. Therefore, given this new information, and the fact that the previous permit special condition was not consistent with 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1), an error occurred in the establishment of the general criteria as a special condition of the previous permit. Please see Part II – Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements for more information regarding the reasonable potential determinations for each general criterion related to this facility.

ANTIDEGRADATION:

In accordance with Missouri's Water Quality Standard [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)], for domestic wastewater discharge with new, altered, or expanding discharges, the Department is to document by means of Antidegradation Review that the use of a water body's available

assimilative capacity is justified. In accordance with Missouri's water quality regulations for antidegradation [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)], degradation may be justified by documenting the socio-economic importance of a discharge after determining the necessity of the discharge. Facilities must submit the antidegradation review request to the Department prior to establishing, altering, or expanding discharges. See <http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/permits/antideg-implementation.htm>

- ✓ No degradation proposed and no further review necessary. Facility did not apply for authorization to increase pollutant loading or to add additional pollutants to their discharge.

For stormwater discharges, the stormwater BMP chosen for the facility, through the antidegradation analysis performed by the facility, must be implemented and maintained at the facility. Failure to implement and maintain the chosen BMP alternative is a permit violation; see SWPPP.

- ✓ The facility does not have stormwater discharges or the stormwater outfalls onsite have no industrial exposure.

AREA-WIDE WASTE TREATMENT MANAGEMENT & CONTINUING AUTHORITY:

As per [10 CSR 20-6.010(2)(C)], an applicant may utilize a lower preference continuing authority when a higher level authority is available by submitting information as part of the application to the Department for review and approval, provided it does not conflict with any area-wide management plan approved under section 208 of the Federal Clean Water Act or any other regional sewage service and treatment plan approved for higher preference authority by the Department.

BIOSOLIDS & SEWAGE SLUDGE:

Biosolids are solid materials resulting from domestic wastewater treatment that meet federal and state criteria for beneficial uses (i.e. fertilizer). Sewage sludge is solids, semi-solids, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works; including but not limited to, domestic septage; scum or solids removed in primary, secondary, or advanced wastewater treatment process; and a material derived from sewage sludge. Sewage sludge does not include ash generated during the firing of sewage sludge in a sewage sludge incinerator or grit and screening generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works.

- ✓ Permittee is authorized to land apply biosolids in accordance with Standard Conditions III.

COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT:

Enforcement is the action taken by the Water Protection Program (WPP) to bring an entity into compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and conditions of an operating permit. The primary purpose of the enforcement activity in the WPP is to resolve violations and return the entity to compliance.

Facility Performance History:

- ✓ The facility is currently under enforcement action. The enforcement action is due to failure to comply with permit conditions and causing pollution to waters of the state. This facility was last inspected on October 28, 2019. The inspection showed the following unsatisfactory features: the fence surrounding the facility was in disrepair and the outfall from the peak flow basin was seeping discharge. The facility returned to compliance on January 6, 2020.

ELECTRONIC DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (EDMR) SUBMISSION SYSTEM:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) promulgated a final rule on October 22, 2015, to modernize Clean Water Act reporting for municipalities, industries, and other facilities by converting to an electronic data reporting system. This final rule requires regulated entities and state and federal regulators to use information technology to electronically report data required by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program instead of filing paper reports. To comply with the federal rule, the Department is requiring all permittees to begin submitting discharge monitoring data and reports online. In an effort to aid facilities in the reporting of applicable information electronically, the Department has created several new forms including operational control monitoring forms and an I&I location and reduction form. These forms are optional and found on the Department's website at the following locations:

Operational Monitoring Lagoon: <http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2801-f.pdf>

Operational Monitoring Mechanical: <http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2800-f.pdf>

I&I Report: <http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2690-f.pdf>

Per 40 CFR 127.15 and 127.24, permitted facilities may request a temporary waiver for up to 5 years or a permanent waiver from electronic reporting from the Department. To obtain an electronic reporting waiver, a permittee must first submit an eDMR Waiver Request Form: <http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2692-f.pdf>. Each facility must make a request. If a single entity owns or operates more than one facility, then the entity must submit a separate request for each facility based on its specific circumstances. An approved waiver is non-transferable.

The Department must review and notify the facility within 120 calendar days of receipt if the waiver request has been approved or rejected [40 CFR 124.27(a)]. During the Department review period as well as after a waiver is granted, the facility must continue submitting a hard-copy of any reports required by their permit. The Department will enter data submitted in hard-copy from those facilities allowed to do so and electronically submit the data to the EPA on behalf of the facility.

- ✓ The permittee/facility is currently using the eDMR data reporting system.

NUMERIC LAKE NUTRIENT CRITERIA:

- ✓ This facility does not discharge into a lake watershed where numeric lake nutrient criteria are applicable.

OPERATOR CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS:

As per [10 CSR 20-6.010(8) Terms and Conditions of a Permit], the permittee shall operate and maintain facilities to comply with the Missouri Clean Water Law and applicable permit conditions and regulations. Operators at regulated wastewater treatment facilities shall be certified in accordance with [10 CSR 20-9.020(2)] and any other applicable state law or regulation. As per [10 CSR 20-9.020(2)(A)], requirements for operation by certified personnel shall apply to all wastewater treatment systems with population equivalents greater than 200 and are owned or operated by or for municipalities, public sewer districts, counties, public water supply districts, private sewer companies regulated by the Public Service Commission and state or federal agencies.

- ✓ This facility is required to have a certified operator as it has a population equivalent greater than 200 and is owned or operated by or for a municipality, public sewer district, county, public water supply district, private sewer company regulated by the PSC, state or federal agency.

This facility currently requires a chief operator with a **B** Certification Level. Please see **Appendix - Classification Worksheet**. Modifications made to the wastewater treatment facility may cause the classification to be modified.

Operator's Name: Lonnie Madole
 Certification Number: 10672
 Certification Level: WW-A

The listing of the operator above only signifies that staff drafting this operating permit have reviewed appropriate Department records and determined that the name listed on the operating permit application has the correct and applicable Certification Level.

OPERATIONAL CONTROL TESTING:

Missouri Clean Water Commission regulation 10 CSR 20-9.010 requires certain publicly owned treatment works and privately owned facilities regulated by the Public Service Commission to conduct internal operational control monitoring to further ensure proper operation of the facility and to be a safeguard or early warning for potential plant upsets that could affect effluent quality. This requirement is only applicable if the publicly owned treatment works and privately owned facilities regulated by the Public Service Commission has a Population Equivalent greater than two hundred (200).

10 CSR 20-9.010(3) allows the Department to modify the monitoring frequency required in the rule based upon the Department's judgement of monitoring needs for process control at the specified facility.

- ✓ As per [10 CSR 20-9.010(4)], the facility is required to conduct operational monitoring. These operational monitoring reports are to be submitted to the Department along with the MSOP discharge monitoring reports.
- ✓ The facility is a mechanical plant and is required to conduct operational control monitoring as follows:

Operational Monitoring Parameter	Frequency
Precipitation	Daily (M-F)
Flow – Influent or Effluent	Daily (M-F)
pH – Influent	Daily (M-F)
Temperature (Aeration basin)	Daily (M-F)
TSS – Influent	Weekly
TSS – Mixed Liquor	Weekly
Settleability – Mixed Liquor	Daily (M-F)
Dissolved Oxygen – Mixed Liquor	Daily (M-F)

PRETREATMENT PROGRAM:

The reduction of the amount of pollutants, the elimination of pollutants, or the alteration of the nature of pollutant properties in wastewater prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introducing such pollutants into a Publicly Owned Treatment Works [40 CFR Part 403.3(q)].

Pretreatment programs are required at any POTW (or combination of POTW operated by the same authority) and/or municipality with a total design flow greater than 5.0 MGD and receiving industrial wastes that interfere with or pass through the treatment works or are otherwise subject to the pretreatment standards. Pretreatment programs can also be required at POTWs/municipals with a design flow less than 5.0 MGD if needed to prevent interference with operations or pass through.

Several special conditions pertaining to the permittee's pretreatment program may be included in the permit, and are as follows:

- Implementation and enforcement of the program,
 - Annual pretreatment report submittal,
 - Submittal of list of industrial users,
 - Technical evaluation of need to establish local limitations, and
 - Submittal of the results of the evaluation
- ✓ The permittee, at this time, is not required to have a Pretreatment Program or does not have an approved pretreatment program.

The permit renewal application noted industrial discharges to Versailles WWTF, which does not have an approved pretreatment program; therefore, the Department is implementing the program in your area. These industries may have obligations such as meeting specific pollutant limits in their process discharge in addition to specific monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements. For more information on the National Pretreatment Program, please see www.epa.gov/npdes/pretreatment.

The Department may include specific pretreatment standards and requirements in your NPDES permit to control discharge from these industries when an industrial user (IU) violates the general or specific prohibitions in 40 CFR 403.5(a) and (b), respectively, and such violation is likely to reoccur. These standards may include local limits developed to protect the POTW from pass through and interference. In addition, as control authority, the Department may place pretreatment requirements upon the IU to ensure compliance the 40 CFR 403 regulations. The Department requests your assistance during inspection to uncover problems with industries in order to take immediate enforcement action, either alone or with the Department. For example, under the 10 CSR 20-6.100 (7) state pretreatment regulations, in the event the POTW fails to take enforcement action against pass through and interference, the Department must take enforcement action.

REASONABLE POTENTIAL ANALYSIS (RPA):

Federal regulation [40 CFR Part 122.44(d)(1)(i)] requires effluent limitations for all pollutants that are or may be discharged at a level that will cause or have the reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an in-stream excursion above narrative or numeric water quality standard.

In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(d)(1)(iii)] if the permit writer determines that any given pollutant has the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an in-stream excursion above the WQS, the permit must contain effluent limits for that pollutant.

- ✓ An RPA was conducted on appropriate parameters. Please see **APPENDIX – RPA RESULTS**.

REMOVAL EFFICIENCY:

Removal efficiency is a method by which the Federal Regulations define Secondary Treatment and Equivalent to Secondary Treatment, which applies to Biochemical Oxygen Demand 5-day (BOD₅) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) for Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs)/municipals.

- ✓ Secondary Treatment is 85% removal [40 CFR Part 133.102(a)(3) & (b)(3)].

SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOWS (SSO) AND INFLOW AND INFILTRATION (I&I):

Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs) are defined as untreated sewage releases and are considered bypassing under state regulation [10 CSR 20-2.010(12)] and should not be confused with the federal definition of bypass. SSOs result from a variety of causes including blockages, line breaks, and sewer defects that can either allow wastewater to backup within the collection system during dry weather conditions or allow excess stormwater and groundwater to enter and overload the collection system during wet weather conditions. SSOs can also result from lapses in sewer system operation and maintenance, inadequate sewer design and construction, power failures, and vandalism. SSOs include overflows out of manholes, cleanouts, broken pipes, and other into waters of the state and onto city streets, sidewalks, and other terrestrial locations.

Inflow and Infiltration (I&I) is defined as unwanted intrusion of stormwater or groundwater into a collection system. This can occur from points of direct connection such as sump pumps, roof drain downspouts, foundation drains, and storm drain cross-connections or through cracks, holes, joint failures, faulty line connections, damaged manholes, and other openings in the collection system itself. I&I results from a variety of causes including line breaks, improperly sealed connections, cracks caused by soil erosion/settling, penetration of vegetative roots, and other sewer defects. In addition, excess stormwater and groundwater entering the collection system from line breaks and sewer defects have the potential to negatively impact the treatment facility.

Missouri RSMo §644.026.1.(13) mandates that the Department issue permits for discharges of water contaminants into the waters of this state, and also for the operation of sewer systems. Such permit conditions shall ensure compliance with all requirements as established by sections 644.006 to 644.141. Standard Conditions Part I, referenced in the permit, contains provisions requiring proper operation and maintenance of all facilities and systems of treatment and control. Missouri RSMo §644.026.1.(15) instructs the Department to require proper maintenance and operation of treatment facilities and sewer systems and proper disposal of residual waste from all such facilities. To ensure that public health and the environment are protected, any noncompliance which may endanger public health or the environment must be reported to the Department within 24 hours of the time the permittee becomes aware of the noncompliance. Standard Conditions Part I, referenced in the permit, contains the reporting requirements for the permittee when bypasses and upsets occur. The permit also contains requirements for permittees to develop and implement a program for maintenance and repair of the collection system. The permit requires that the permittee submit an annual report to the Department for the previous calendar year that contains a summary of efforts taken by the permittee to locate and eliminate sources of excess I & I, a summary of general maintenance and repairs to the collection system, and a summary of any planned maintenance and repairs to the collection system for the upcoming calendar year.

- ✓ At this time, the Department recommends the US EPA's Guide for Evaluating Capacity, Management, Operation and Maintenance (CMOM) Programs at Sanitary Sewer Collection Systems (Document # EPA 305-B-05-002) or the Departments' CMOM Model located at <http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/permits/docs/cmom-template.doc>. For additional information regarding the Departments' CMOM Model, see the CMOM Plan Model Guidance document at <http://dnr.mo.gov/pubs/pub2574.htm>. The CMOM identifies some of the criteria used to evaluate a collection system's management, operation, and maintenance and was intended for use by the EPA, state, regulated community, and/or third party entities. The CMOM is applicable to small, medium, and large systems; both public and privately owned; and both regional and satellite collection systems. The CMOM does not substitute for the Clean Water Act, the Missouri Clean Water Law, and both federal and state regulations, as it is not a regulation.

SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE (SOC):

Per 644.051.4 RSMo, a permit may be issued with a Schedule of Compliance (SOC) to provide time for a facility to come into compliance with new state or federal effluent regulations, water quality standards, or other requirements. Such a schedule is not allowed if the facility is already in compliance with the new requirement, or if prohibited by other statute or regulation. A SOC includes an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (actions, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or the terms and conditions of an operating permit. *See also* Section 502(17) of the Clean Water Act, and 40 CFR §122.2. For new effluent limitations, the permit may include interim monitoring for the specific parameter to demonstrate the facility is not already in compliance with the new requirement. Per 40 CFR § 122.47(a)(1), 10 CSR 20-7.031(11), and 10 CSR 20-7.015(9), compliance must occur as soon as possible. If the permit provides a schedule for meeting new water quality based effluent limits, a SOC must include an enforceable, final effluent limitation in the permit even if the SOC extends beyond the life of the permit.

A SOC is not allowed:

- For effluent limitations based on technology-based standards established in accordance with federal requirements, if the deadline for compliance established in federal regulations has passed. 40 CFR § 125.3.
- For a newly constructed facility in most cases. Newly constructed facilities must meet applicable effluent limitations when discharge begins, because the facility has installed the appropriate control technology as specified in a permit or antidegradation review. A SOC is allowed for a new water quality based effluent limit that was not included in a previously public noticed permit or antidegradation review, which may occur if a regulation changes during construction.
- To develop a TMDL, UAA, or other study that may result in site-specific criteria or alternative effluent limits. A facility is not prohibited from conducting these activities, but a SOC may not be granted for conducting these activities.

In order to provide guidance to Permit Writers in developing SOC's, and attain a greater level of consistency, on April 9, 2015 the Department issued an updated policy on development of SOC's. This policy provides guidance to Permit Writers on the standard time frames for schedules for common activities, and guidance on factors that may modify the length of the schedule such as a Cost Analysis for Compliance.

- ✓ This permit does not contain an SOC.

SEWER EXTENSION AUTHORITY SUPERVISED PROGRAM:

In accordance with [10 CSR 20-6.010(6)(A)], the Department may grant approval of a permittee's Sewer Extension Authority Supervised Program. These approved permittees regulate and approve construction of sanitary sewers and pump stations, which are tributary to this wastewater treatment facility. The permittee shall act as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance, and modernization of the constructed collection system. See <http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/permits/sewer-extension.htm>.

- ✓ The permittee does not have a Department approved Sewer Extension Authority Supervised Program.

VARIANCE:

As per the Missouri Clean Water Law § 644.061.4, variances shall be granted for such period of time and under such terms and conditions as shall be specified by the commission in its order. The variance may be extended by affirmative action of the commission. In no event shall the variance be granted for a period of time greater than is reasonably necessary for complying with the Missouri Clean Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141 or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to Missouri Clean Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141.

- ✓ This operating permit is not drafted under premises of a petition for variance.

WASTELOAD ALLOCATIONS (WLA) FOR LIMITS:

As per [10 CSR 20-2.010(86)], the amount of pollutant each discharger is allowed by the Department to release into a given stream after the Department has determined total amount of pollutant that may be discharged into that stream without endangering its water quality.

- ✓ Wasteload allocations were calculated where applicable using water quality criteria or water quality model results and the dilution equation below:

$$C_e = \frac{(Q_e + Q_s)C - (Q_s \times C_s)}{(Q_e)} \quad (\text{EPA/505/2-90-001, Section 4.5.5})$$

Where C = downstream concentration C_e = effluent concentration
Cs = upstream concentration Q_e = effluent flow
Q_s = upstream flow

Chronic wasteload allocations were determined using applicable chronic water quality criteria (CCC: criteria continuous concentration) and stream volume of flow at the edge of the mixing zone (MZ). Acute wasteload allocations were determined using applicable water quality criteria (CMC: criteria maximum concentration) and stream volume of flow at the edge of the zone of initial dilution (ZID).

Water quality based maximum daily and average monthly effluent limitations were calculated using methods and procedures outlined in USEPA's "Technical Support Document For Water Quality-based Toxics Control" (EPA/505/2-90-001).

Number of Samples "n":

Additionally, in accordance with the TSD for water quality-based permitting, effluent quality is determined by the underlying distribution of daily values, which is determined by the Long Term Average (LTA) associated with a particular Wasteload Allocation (WLA) and by the Coefficient of Variation (CV) of the effluent concentrations. Increasing or decreasing the monitoring frequency does not affect this underlying distribution or treatment performance, which should be, at a minimum, be targeted to comply with the values dictated by the WLA. Therefore, it is recommended that the actual planned frequency of monitoring normally be used to determine the value of "n" for calculating the AML. However, in situations where monitoring frequency is once per month or less, a higher value for "n" must be assumed for AML derivation purposes. Thus, the statistical procedure being employed using an assumed number of samples is "n = 4" at a minimum. For Total Ammonia as Nitrogen, "n = 30" is used.

WLA MODELING:

There are two general types of effluent limitations, technology-based effluent limits (TBELs) and water quality based effluent limits (WQBELs). If TBELs do not provide adequate protection for the receiving waters, then WQBEL must be used.

- ✓ A WLA study was either not submitted or determined not applicable by Department staff.

WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET) TEST:

A WET test is a quantifiable method of determining if a discharge from a facility may be causing toxicity to aquatic life by itself, in combination with or through synergistic responses when mixed with receiving stream water.

Under the federal Clean Water Act (CWA) §101(a)(3), requiring WET testing is reasonably appropriate for site-specific Missouri State Operating Permits for discharges to waters of the state issued under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES). WET testing is also required by 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1). WET testing ensures that the provisions in the 10 CSR 20-6.010(8)(A) and the Water Quality Standards 10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(D),(F),(G),(J)2.A & B are being met. Under [10 CSR 20-6.010(8)(B)], the Department may require other terms and conditions that it deems necessary to assure compliance with the Clean Water Act and related regulations of the Missouri Clean Water Commission. In addition the following MCWL apply: §§644.051.3 requires the Department to set permit conditions that comply with the MCWL and CWA; 644.051.4 specifically references toxicity as an item we must consider in writing permits (along with water quality-based effluent limits, pretreatment, etc...); and 644.051.5 is the basic authority to require testing conditions. WET test will be required by facilities meeting the following criteria:

- ☐ Facility is a designated Major.
- ☐ Facility continuously or routinely exceeds its design flow.
- ☐ Facility that exceeds its design population equivalent (PE) for BOD₅ whether or not its design flow is being exceeded.
- ☐ Facility (whether primarily domestic or industrial) that alters its production process throughout the year.
- ☐ Facility handles large quantities of toxic substances, or substances that are toxic in large amounts.
- ☐ Facility has Water Quality-based Effluent Limitations for toxic substances (other than NH₃)
- ☒ Facility is a municipality with a Design Flow ≥ 22,500 gpd.
- ☐ Other – please justify.

✓ The permittee is required to conduct WET test for this facility.

40 CFR 122.41(M) - BYPASSES:

The federal Clean Water Act (CWA), Section 402 prohibits wastewater dischargers from “bypassing” untreated or partially treated sewage (wastewater) beyond the headworks. A bypass is defined as an intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility, [40 CFR 122.41(m)(1)(i)]. Additionally, Missouri regulation 10 CSR 20-7.015(9)(G) states a bypass means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility, except in the case of blending, to waters of the state. Only under exceptional and specified limitations do the federal regulations allow for a facility to bypass some or all of the flow from its treatment process. Bypasses are prohibited by the CWA unless a permittee can meet all of the criteria listed in 40 CFR 122.41(m)(4)(i)(A), (B), & (C). Any bypasses from this facility are subject to the reporting required in 40 CFR 122.41(l)(6) and per Missouri’s Standard Conditions I, Section B, part 2.b. Additionally, Anticipated Bypasses include bypasses from peak flow basins or similar devices designed for peak wet weather flows.

✓ This facility does not anticipate bypassing.

Part IV – Cost Analysis for Compliance

Pursuant to Section 644.145, RSMo, when issuing permits under this chapter that incorporate a new requirement for discharges from publicly owned combined or separate sanitary or storm sewer systems or publicly owned treatment works, or when enforcing provisions of this chapter or the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., pertaining to any portion of a publicly owned combined or separate sanitary or storm sewer system or [publicly owned] treatment works, the Department of Natural Resources shall make a “finding of affordability” on the costs to be incurred and the impact of any rate changes on ratepayers upon which to base such permits and decisions, to the extent allowable under this chapter and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. This process is completed through a cost analysis for compliance. Permits that do not include new requirements may be deemed affordable.

✓ The Department is required to determine “findings of affordability” because the permit applies to a combined or separate sanitary sewer system for a publicly-owned treatment works.

Cost Analysis for Compliance - The Department has made a reasonable search for empirical data indicating the permit is affordable. The search consisted of a review of Department records that might contain economic data on the community, a review of information provided by the applicant as part of the application, and public comments received in response to public notices of this draft permit. If the empirical cost data was used by the permit writer, this data may consist of median household income, any other ongoing projects that the Department has knowledge, and other demographic financial information that the community provided as contemplated by Section 644. 145.3.

The following table summarizes the results of the cost analysis. See **Appendix – Cost Analysis for Compliance** for detailed information.

Summary Table. Cost Analysis for Compliance Summary for the City of Versailles

New Permit Requirements			
Increased monitoring requirements for Biological Oxygen Demand, Total Suspended Solids, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, Nitrate + Nitrite, Ammonia and Total Phosphorus			
Estimated Annual Cost	Annual Median Household Income (MHI)	Estimated Monthly User Rate	User Rate as a Percent of MHI
\$924	\$30,662	\$47.06	1.842%

Part V – Administrative Requirements

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Department, as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions contained herein and within the operating permit. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

WATER QUALITY STANDARD REVISION:

In accordance with section 644.058, RSMo, the Department is required to utilize an evaluation of the environmental and economic impacts of modifications to water quality standards of twenty-five percent or more when making individual site-specific permit decisions.

- ✓ This operating permit does not contain requirements for a water quality standard that has changed twenty-five percent or more since the previous operating permit.

PERMIT SYNCHRONIZATION:

The Department of Natural Resources is currently undergoing a synchronization process for operating permits. Permits are normally issued on a five-year term, but to achieve synchronization many permits will need to be issued for less than the full five years allowed by regulation. The intent is that all permits within a watershed will move through the Watershed Based Management (WBM) cycle together will all expire in the same fiscal year. This will allow further streamlining by placing multiple permits within a smaller geographic area on public notice simultaneously, thereby reducing repeated administrative efforts. This will also allow the Department to explore a watershed based permitting effort at some point in the future. Renewal applications must continue to be submitted within 180 days of expiration, however, in instances where effluent data from the previous renewal is less than 4 years old, that data may be re-submitted to meet the requirements of the renewal application. If the permit provides a schedule of compliance for meeting new water quality based effluent limits beyond the expiration date of the permit, the time remaining in the schedule of compliance will be allotted in the renewed permit. With permit synchronization, this permit will expire in the 1st Quarter of calendar year 2025.

PUBLIC NOTICE:

The Department shall give public notice that a draft permit has been prepared and its issuance is pending. Additionally, public notice will be issued if a public hearing is to be held because of a significant degree of interest in and water quality concerns related to a draft permit. No public notice is required when a request for a permit modification or termination is denied; however, the requester and permittee must be notified of the denial in writing. The Department must issue public notice of a pending operating permit or of a new or reissued statewide general permit. The public comment period is the length of time not less than 30 days following the date of the public notice which interested persons may submit written comments about the proposed permit. For persons wanting to submit comments regarding this proposed operating permit, then please refer to the Public Notice page located at the front of this draft operating permit. The Public Notice page gives direction on how and where to submit appropriate comments.

- ✓ The Public Notice period for this operating permit was from July 16, 2021 to August 16, 2021. No comments received.

DATE OF FACT SHEET: JUNE 11, 2021

COMPLETED BY:

ASHLEY KEELY, ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAM ANALYST
MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM
OPERATING PERMITS SECTION - DOMESTIC WASTEWATER UNIT
(573) 751-7326
ASHLEY.KEELY@DNR.MO.GOV

Appendices**APPENDIX - CLASSIFICATION WORKSHEET:**

Item	Points Possible	Points Assigned
Maximum Population Equivalent (P.E.) served , peak day	1 pt./10,000 PE or major fraction thereof. (Max 10 pts.)	0.5
Design Flow (avg. day) or peak month's flow (avg. day) whichever is larger	1 pt. / MGD or major fraction thereof. (Max 10 pts.)	3
Effluent Discharge		
Missouri or Mississippi River	0	
All other stream discharges except to losing streams and stream reaches supporting whole body contact recreation	1	
Discharge to lake or reservoir outside of designated whole body contact recreational area	2	
Discharge to losing stream, or stream, lake or reservoir area supporting whole body contact recreation	3	3
Direct reuse or recycle of effluent	6	
Land Application/Irrigation		
Drip Irrigation	3	
Land application/irrigation	5	
Overland flow	4	
Variation in Raw Wastes (highest level only)		
Variations do not exceed those normally or typically expected	0	
Reoccurring deviations or excessive variations of 100 to 200 percent in strength and/or flow	2	
Reoccurring deviations or excessive variations of more than 200 percent in strength and/or flow	4	4
Department-approved pretreatment program	6	
Preliminary Treatment		
STEP systems (operated by the permittee)	3	
Screening and/or comminution	3	3
Grit removal	3	
Plant pumping of main flow	3	3
Flow equalization	5	5
Primary Treatment		
Primary clarifiers	5	
Chemical addition (except chlorine, enzymes)	4	
Secondary Treatment		
Trickling filter and other fixed film media with or without secondary clarifiers	10	
Activated sludge (including aeration, oxidation ditches, sequencing batch reactors, membrane bioreactors, and contact stabilization)	15	15
Stabilization ponds without aeration	5	
Aerated lagoon	8	
Advanced Lagoon Treatment – Aerobic cells, anaerobic cells, covers, or fixed film	10	
Biological, physical, or chemical	12	
Carbon regeneration	4	
Total from page ONE (1)	----	36.5

APPENDIX - CLASSIFICATION WORKSHEET (CONTINUED):

ITEM	POINTS POSSIBLE	POINTS ASSIGNED
Solids Handling		
Sludge Holding	5	5
Anaerobic digestion	10	
Aerobic digestion	6	
Evaporative sludge drying	2	
Mechanical dewatering	8	
Solids reduction (incineration, wet oxidation)	12	
Land application	6	6
Disinfection		
Chlorination or comparable	5	
On-site generation of disinfectant (except UV light)	5	
Dechlorination	2	
UV light	4	4
Required Laboratory Control Performed by Plant Personnel (highest level only)		
Lab work done outside the plant	0	
Push – button or visual methods for simple test such as pH, settleable solids	3	
Additional procedures such as DO, COD, BOD, titrations, solids, volatile content	5	
More advanced determinations, such as BOD seeding procedures, fecal coliform, nutrients, total oils, phenols, etc.	7	7
Highly sophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chromatograph	10	
Total from page TWO (2)	----	22
Total from page ONE (1)	---	36.5
Grand Total	---	58.5

- ☐ - A: 71 points and greater
☒ - B: 51 points – 70 points
☐ - C: 26 points – 50 points
☐ - D: 0 points – 25 points

APPENDIX – RPA RESULTS:

Parameter	CMC*	RWC Acute*	CCC*	RWC Chronic*	n**	Range max/min	CV***	MF	RP Yes/No
Ammonia as N – Summer (mg/L)	17.0	4.72	2.2	4.72	28	1.7/0.015	1.45	2.78	YES
Ammonia as N – Winter (mg/L)	13.3	26.50	3.3	26.50	30	7.1/0.06	2.58	3.73	YES
Chloride (mg/L)	860.00	402.37	230.00	402.37	60	230/0.8	0.71	1.75	YES
Chromium III, Total Recoverable (µg/L)	3050.25	13.01	145.81	13.01	58	10/0.01	0.30	1.30	NO
Chromium VI, Total Dissolved (µg/L)	16.00	8.98	11.00	8.98	57	7/0.01	0.28	1.28	NO
Zinc, Total Recoverable (µg/L)	206.82	150.36	205.14	150.36	58	100/10	0.48	1.50	NO

N/A – Not Applicable

* - Units are (µg/L) unless otherwise noted.

** - If the number of samples is 10 or greater, then the CV value must be used in the WQBEL for the applicable constituent. If the number of samples is < 10, then the default CV value must be used in the WQBEL for the applicable constituent.

*** - Coefficient of Variation (CV) is calculated by dividing the Standard Deviation of the sample set by the Mean of the same sample set.

RWC – Receiving Water Concentration. It is the concentration of a toxicant or the parameter toxicity in the receiving water after mixing (if applicable).

n – Is the number of samples.

MF – Multiplying Factor. 99% Confidence Level and 99% Probability Basis.

RP – Reasonable Potential. It is where an effluent is projected or calculated to cause an excursion above a water quality standard based on a number of factors including, as a minimum, the four factors listed in 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1)(ii).

Reasonable Potential Analysis is conducted as per (TSD, EPA/505/2-90-001, Section 3.3.2). A more detailed version including calculations of this RPA is available upon request.

APPENDIX – ALTERNATIVE:



APPENDIX – COST ANALYSIS FOR COMPLIANCE:

Missouri Department of Natural Resources Water Protection Program Cost Analysis for Compliance (In accordance with RSMo 644.145)

Versailles WWTF, Permit Renewal City of Versailles Missouri State Operating Permit #MO-0094927

Section 644.145 RSMo requires the Department of Natural Resources (Department) to make a “finding of affordability” when “issuing permits under” or “enforcing provisions of” state or federal clean water laws “pertaining to any portion of a combined or separate sanitary sewer system for publicly-owned treatment works.” This cost analysis does not dictate how the permittee will comply with new permit requirements.

New Permit Requirements

The permit requires compliance with new monitoring requirements for influent Biological Oxygen Demand, Total Suspended Solids, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, Nitrate + Nitrite, Ammonia and Total Phosphorus.

Connections

The number of connections was reported by the permittee on the Financial Questionnaire.

Connection Type	Number
Residential	1,093
Commercial	174
Industrial	1
Total	1,268

Data Collection for this Analysis

This cost analysis is based on data available to the Department as provided by the permittee and data obtained from readily available sources. For the most accurate analysis, it is essential that the permittee provides the Department with current information about the City’s financial and socioeconomic situation. The financial questionnaire available to permittees on the Department’s website (<http://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2511-f.pdf>) is a required attachment to the permit renewal application. If the financial questionnaire is not submitted with the renewal application, the Department sends a request to complete the form with the welcome correspondence. If certain data was not provided by the permittee to the Department and the data is not obtainable through readily available sources, this analysis will state that the information is “unknown”.

Eight Criteria of 644.145 RSMo

The Department must consider the eight (8) criteria presented in subsection 644.145 RSMo to evaluate the cost associated with new permit requirements.

(1) A community’s financial capability and ability to raise or secure necessary funding;

Criterion 1 Table. Current Financial Information for the City of Versailles	
Current Monthly User Rates per 5,000 gallons*	\$47.00
Median Household Income (MHI) ¹	\$30,662
Current Annual Operating Costs (excludes depreciation)	\$587,413

*User Rates were reported by the permittee on the Financial Questionnaire.

(2) Affordability of pollution control options for the individuals or households at or below the median household income level of the community;

The following tables outline the estimated costs of the new permit requirements:

Criterion 2A Table. Estimated Cost Breakdown of New Permit Requirements			
New Requirement	Frequency	Estimated Cost	Estimated Annual Cost
Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) – Influent	Quarterly to Monthly	\$41	\$328
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) – Influent	Quarterly to Monthly	\$16	\$128
Nitrate + Nitrite – Influent	Quarterly	\$40	\$160
Ammonia – Influent	Quarterly	\$20	\$80
Total Phosphorus – Influent	Quarterly	\$24	\$96
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen – Influent	Quarterly	\$33	\$132
Total Estimated Annual Cost of New Permit Requirements			\$924

Criterion 2B Table. Estimated Costs for New Permit Requirements		
(1)	Estimated Annual Cost	\$924
(2)	Estimated Monthly User Cost for New Requirements ²	\$0.06
	Estimated Monthly User Cost for New Requirements as a Percent of MHI ³	0.002%
(3)	Total Monthly User Cost*	\$47.06
	Total Monthly User Cost as a Percent of MHI ⁴	1.842%

* Current User Rate + Estimated Monthly Costs of New Sampling Requirements

Due to the minimal cost associated with new permit requirements, the Department anticipates an extremely low to no rate increase will be necessary, which could impact individuals or households of this community.

(3) An evaluation of the overall costs and environmental benefits of the control technologies;

This analysis is being conducted based on new requirements in the permit, which will not require the addition of new control technologies at the facility. However, the new sampling requirements are being established in order to provide data regarding the health of the receiving stream's aquatic life and to ensure that the existing permit limits are providing adequate protection of aquatic life. Improved wastewater provides benefits such as avoided health costs due to water-related illness, enhanced environmental ecosystem quality, and improved natural resources. The preservation of natural resources has been proven to increase the economic value and sustainability of the surrounding communities. Maintaining Missouri's water quality standards fulfills the goal of restoring and maintaining the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the receiving stream; and, where attainable, it achieves a level of water quality that provides for the protection and propagation of fish, shellfish, wildlife, and recreation in and on the water.

(4) Inclusion of ongoing costs of operating and maintaining the existing wastewater collection and treatment system, including payments on outstanding debts for wastewater collection and treatment systems when calculating projected rates:

The community reported that their outstanding debt for their current wastewater collection and treatment systems is \$4,315,799.

(5) An inclusion of ways to reduce economic impacts on distressed populations in the community, including but not limited to low and fixed income populations. This requirement includes but is not limited to:

- Allowing adequate time in implementation schedules to mitigate potential adverse impacts on distressed populations resulting from the costs of the improvements and taking into consideration local community economic considerations.
- Allowing for reasonable accommodations for regulated entities when inflexible standards and fines would impose a disproportionate financial hardship in light of the environmental benefits to be gained.

The following table characterizes the current overall socioeconomic condition of the community as compared to the overall socioeconomic condition of Missouri. The following information was compiled using the latest U.S. Census data.

Criterion 5 Table. Socioeconomic Data ^{1, 5-9} for the City of Versailles

No.	Administrative Unit	Versailles City	Missouri State	United States
1	Population (2019)	2,961	6,104,910	324,697,795
2	Percent Change in Population (2000-2019)	15.4%	9.1%	15.4%
3	2019 Median Household Income (in 2020 Dollars)	\$30,662	\$56,145	\$63,618
4	Percent Change in Median Household Income (2000-2019)	-16.6%	-4.7%	-2.5%
5	Median Age (2019)	34.6	38.6	38.1
6	Change in Median Age in Years (2000-2019)	-5.0	2.5	2.8
7	Unemployment Rate (2019)	7.2%	4.6%	5.3%
8	Percent of Population Below Poverty Level (2019)	26.0%	13.7%	13.4%
9	Percent of Household Received Food Stamps (2019)	28.0%	11.1%	11.7%
10	(Primary) County Where the Community Is Located	Morgan County		

(6) An assessment of other community investments and operating costs relating to environmental improvements and public health protection;

The community did not report any other investments relating to environmental improvements.

(7) An assessment of factors set forth in the United States Environmental Protection Agency's guidance, including but not limited to the "Combined Sewer Overflow Guidance for Financial Capability Assessment and Schedule Development" that may ease the cost burdens of implementing wet weather control plans, including but not limited to small system considerations, the attainability of water quality standards, and the development of wet weather standards;

The new requirements associated with this permit will not impose a financial burden on the community, nor will they require the City of Versailles to seek funding from an outside source.

(8) An assessment of any other relevant local community economic conditions.

The Department contracted with Wichita State University to complete an assessment tool that would allow for predictions on rural Missouri community populations and future sustainability. The purpose of the study is to use a statistical modeling analysis in order to determine factors associated with each rural Missouri community that would predict the future population changes that could occur in each community. A stepwise regression model was applied to 19 factors which were determined as predictors of rural population change in Missouri. The model established a hierarchy of the predicting factors which allowed the model to place a weighted value on each of the factors. A total of 745 rural towns and villages in Missouri received a weighted value for each of the predicting factors. The weighted values for each town / village were then added together to determine an overall decision score. The overall decision scores were then divided into five categories and each town was assigned to a different categorical group based on the overall decision score. The categorical groups were developed from the range of overall scores across all rural towns and villages within Missouri.

Based on the assessment tool, the City of Versailles has been determined to be a category 1 community. This means that the City of Versailles could potentially face more challenging socioeconomic circumstances over time and may have significant declines in population in the future. The Department has determined an adequate schedule of compliance that will alleviate the potential financial burdens that the City of Versailles may face due to the necessary upgrades required to meet the new permit requirements. If this community experiences a decline in population, which results in the inability to secure the necessary funding for an upgrade to meet the new requirements within this permit, a modification to the schedule of compliance may be necessary. The community may contact the Department and send an application for a modification to the schedule of compliance with justification for the time necessary to comply with this permit.

Conclusion and Finding

As a result of new regulations, the Department is proposing modifications to the current operating permit that may require the permittee to increase monitoring. The Department has considered the eight (8) criteria presented in subsection 644.145 RSMo to evaluate the cost associated with the new permit requirements.

This analysis examined whether the new sampling requirements affect the ability of an individual customer or household to pay a utility bill without undue hardship or unreasonable sacrifice in the essential lifestyle or spending patterns of the individual or household. After reviewing the above criteria, the Department finds that the new sampling requirements may result in a low burden with regard to the community's overall financial capability and a low financial impact for most individual customers/households; therefore, the new permit requirements are affordable.

References

1. 2019 MHI in 2019 Dollar: United States Census Bureau. 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Table B19013: Median Household Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2019 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars).
<https://data.census.gov/cedsci/table?q=B19013&g=0400000US29.160000&tid=ACSDT5Y2019.B19013&hidePreview=false>.
(B) 2000 MHI in 1999 Dollar: (1) For United States, United States Census Bureau (2003) 2000 Census of Population and Housing, Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC-2-1 Part 1. United States Summary, Table 5. Work Status and Income in 1999: 2000, Washington, DC. <https://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/phc-2-1-pt1.pdf>.
(2) For Missouri State, United States Census Bureau (2003) 2000 Census of Population and Housing, Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC-2-27, Missouri, Table 10. Work Status and Income in 1999: 2000, Washington, DC.
<https://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/phc-2-27-pt1.pdf>.
(C) 2020 CPI, 2019 CPI and 1999 CPI: U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics (2020) Consumer Price Index - All Urban Consumers, U.S. City Average. All Items. 1982-84=100. <https://data.bls.gov/pdq/SurveyOutputServlet>.
(D) 2019 MHI in 2020 Dollar = 2019 MHI in 2019 Dollar x 2020 CPI / 2019 CPI; 2000 MHI in 2020 Dollar = 2000 MHI in 1999 Dollar x 2020 CPI / 1999 CPI.
(E) Percent Change in Median Household Income (2000-2019) = (2019 MHI in 2020 Dollar - 2000 MHI in 2020 Dollar) / (2000 MHI in 2020 Dollar).
2. $(\$924/1,268)/12 = \0.06 (Estimated Monthly User Cost for New Requirements)
3. $(\$0.06/(\$30,662/12))100\% = 0.002\%$ (New Sampling Only)
4. $(\$47.06/(\$30,662/12))100\% = 1.842\%$ (Total User Cost)
5. Total Population in 2019: United States Census Bureau. 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Table B01003: Total Population - Universe: Total Population.
<https://data.census.gov/cedsci/table?q=B01003&g=0400000US29.160000&tid=ACSDT5Y2019.B01003&hidePreview=false>.
(B) Total Population in 2000: (1) For United States, United States Census Bureau (2002) 2000 Census of Population and Housing, Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC-1-1 Part 1. United States Summary, Table 1. Age and Sex: 2000, Washington, DC.
<https://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/phc-1-1-pt1.pdf>.
(2) For Missouri State, United States Census Bureau (2002) 2000 Census of Population and Housing, Summary Population and Housing Characteristics, PHC-1-27, Missouri, Table 2. Place of Birth, Residence in 1995, and Language: 2000, Washington, DC.
<http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/phc-2-27-pt1.pdf>.
(C) Percent Change in Population (2000-2019) = (Total Population in 2019 - Total Population in 2000) / (Total Population in 2000).
6. Median Age in 2019: United States Census Bureau. 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Table B01002: Median Age by Sex - Universe: Total population.
<https://data.census.gov/cedsci/table?q=B01002&g=0400000US29.160000&tid=ACSDT5Y2019.B01002&hidePreview=false>.
(B) Median Age in 2000: (1) For United States, United States Census Bureau (2002) 2000 Census of Population and Housing, Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC-1-1 Part 1. United States Summary, Table 1. Age and Sex: 2000, Washington, DC., Page 2.
<https://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/phc-1-1-pt1.pdf>.
(2) For Missouri State, United States Census Bureau (2002) 2000 Census of Population and Housing, Summary Population and Housing Characteristics, PHC-1-27, Missouri, Table 2. Place of Birth, Residence in 1995, and Language: 2000, Washington, DC.
<http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/phc-2-27-pt1.pdf>.
(C) Change in Median Age in Years (2000-2019) = (Median Age in 2019 - Median Age in 2000).
7. United States Census Bureau. 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, B23025: Employment Status for the Population 16 Years and Over - Universe: Population 16 years and Over.
<https://data.census.gov/cedsci/table?q=B23025&g=0400000US29.160000&tid=ACSDT5Y2019.B23025&hidePreview=false>.
8. United States Census Bureau. 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Table S1701: Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months.
<https://data.census.gov/cedsci/table?q=S1701&g=0400000US29.160000&tid=ACSST5Y2019.S1701&hidePreview=false>.
9. United States Census Bureau. 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Table B2201: Food Stamps/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) - Universe: Households.
<https://data.census.gov/cedsci/table?q=Receipt%20of%20Food%20Stamps&g=0400000US29.050000,29.160000&tid=ACSST5Y2019.S2201&hidePreview=true>



STANDARD CONDITIONS FOR NPDES PERMITS
ISSUED BY
THE MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION
REVISED
AUGUST 1, 2014

These Standard Conditions incorporate permit conditions as required by 40 CFR 122.41 or other applicable state statutes or regulations. These minimum conditions apply unless superseded by requirements specified in the permit.

Part I – General Conditions

Section A – Sampling, Monitoring, and Recording

1. **Sampling Requirements.**
 - a. Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.
 - b. All samples shall be taken at the outfall(s) or Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) approved sampling location(s), and unless specified, before the effluent joins or is diluted by any other body of water or substance.
2. **Monitoring Requirements.**
 - a. Records of monitoring information shall include:
 - i. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - ii. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
 - iii. The date(s) analyses were performed;
 - iv. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
 - v. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
 - vi. The results of such analyses.
 - b. If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by the permit at the location specified in the permit using test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136, or another method required for an industry-specific waste stream under 40 CFR subchapters N or O, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reported to the Department with the discharge monitoring report data (DMR) submitted to the Department pursuant to Section B, paragraph 7.
3. **Sample and Monitoring Calculations.** Calculations for all sample and monitoring results which require averaging of measurements shall utilize an arithmetic mean unless otherwise specified in the permit.
4. **Test Procedures.** The analytical and sampling methods used shall conform to the reference methods listed in 10 CSR 20-7.015 unless alternates are approved by the Department. The facility shall use sufficiently sensitive analytical methods for detecting, identifying, and measuring the concentrations of pollutants. The facility shall ensure that the selected methods are able to quantify the presence of pollutants in a given discharge at concentrations that are low enough to determine compliance with Water Quality Standards in 10 CSR 20-7.031 or effluent limitations unless provisions in the permit allow for other alternatives. A method is “sufficiently sensitive” when; 1) the method minimum level is at or below the level of the applicable water quality criterion for the pollutant or, 2) the method minimum level is above the applicable water quality criterion, but the amount of pollutant in a facility’s discharge is high enough that the method detects and quantifies the level of pollutant in the discharge, or 3) the method has the lowest minimum level of the analytical methods approved under 10 CSR 20-7.015. These methods are also required for parameters that are listed as monitoring only, as the data collected may be used to determine if limitations need to be established. A permittee is responsible for working with their contractors to ensure that the analysis performed is sufficiently sensitive.
5. **Record Retention.** Except for records of monitoring information required by the permit related to the permittee’s sewage sludge use and disposal activities, which shall be retained for a period of at least five (5) years (or longer as required by 40 CFR part 503), the permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by the permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for the permit, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Department at any time.

6. **Illegal Activities.**
 - a. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under the permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both. If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed after a first conviction of such person under this paragraph, punishment is a fine of not more than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than four (4) years, or both.
 - b. The Missouri Clean Water Law provides that any person or who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or by both. Second and successive convictions for violation under this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.

Section B – Reporting Requirements

1. **Planned Changes.**
 - a. The permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility when:
 - i. The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in 40 CFR 122.29(b); or
 - ii. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements under 40 CFR 122.42;
 - iii. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee’s sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan;
 - iv. Any facility expansions, production increases, or process modifications which will result in a new or substantially different discharge or sludge characteristics must be reported to the Department 60 days before the facility or process modification begins. Notification may be accomplished by application for a new permit. If the discharge does not violate effluent limitations specified in the permit, the facility is to submit a notice to the Department of the changed discharge at least 30 days before such changes. The Department may require a construction permit and/or permit modification as a result of the proposed changes at the facility.
2. **Non-compliance Reporting.**
 - a. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. Relevant information shall be provided orally or via the current electronic method approved by the Department, within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances, and shall be reported to the appropriate Regional Office during normal business hours or the Environmental Emergency Response hotline at 573-634-2436 outside of normal business hours. A written submission shall also be provided within five (5) business days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.



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- b. The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours under this paragraph.
 - i. Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - ii. Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - iii. Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Department in the permit required to be reported within 24 hours.
 - c. The Department may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis for reports under paragraph 2. b. of this section if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.
3. **Anticipated Noncompliance.** The permittee shall give advance notice to the Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements. The notice shall be submitted to the Department 60 days prior to such changes or activity.
 4. **Compliance Schedules.** Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of the permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date. The report shall provide an explanation for the instance of noncompliance and a proposed schedule or anticipated date, for achieving compliance with the compliance schedule requirement.
 5. **Other Noncompliance.** The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs 2, 3, and 6 of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph 2. a. of this section.
 6. **Other Information.** Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.
 7. **Discharge Monitoring Reports.**
 - a. Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified in the permit.
 - b. Monitoring results must be reported to the Department via the current method approved by the Department, unless the permittee has been granted a waiver from using the method. If the permittee has been granted a waiver, the permittee must use forms provided by the Department.
 - c. Monitoring results shall be reported to the Department no later than the 28th day of the month following the end of the reporting period.
- b. Notice.
 - i. Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least 10 days before the date of the bypass.
 - ii. Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in Section B – Reporting Requirements, paragraph 5 (24-hour notice).
 - c. Prohibition of bypass.
 - i. Bypass is prohibited, and the Department may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:
 1. Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
 2. There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
 3. The permittee submitted notices as required under paragraph 2. b. of this section.
 - ii. The Department may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Department determines that it will meet the three (3) conditions listed above in paragraph 2. c. i. of this section.
3. **Upset Requirements.**
 - a. Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of paragraph 3. b. of this section are met. No determination made during administrative review of claims that noncompliance was caused by upset, and before an action for noncompliance, is final administrative action subject to judicial review.
 - b. Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - i. An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
 - ii. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated; and
 - iii. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in Section B – Reporting Requirements, paragraph 2. b. ii. (24-hour notice).
 - iv. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Section D – Administrative Requirements, paragraph 4.
 - c. Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

Section C – Bypass/Upset Requirements

1. **Definitions.**
 - a. *Bypass*: the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility, except in the case of blending.
 - b. *Severe Property Damage*: substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
 - c. *Upset*: an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.
2. **Bypass Requirements.**
 - a. Bypass not exceeding limitations. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2. b. and 2. c. of this section.

Section D – Administrative Requirements

1. **Duty to Comply.** The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Missouri Clean Water Law and Federal Clean Water Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application.
 - a. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the CWA within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
 - b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who violates section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any such sections in a permit issued under section 402, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under sections 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 per day for each violation. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who negligently violates sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the Act, or any condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, or any requirement



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- imposed in a pretreatment program approved under section 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to criminal penalties of \$2,500 to \$25,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than one (1) year, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a negligent violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than two (2) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates such sections, or such conditions or limitations is subject to criminal penalties of \$5,000 to \$50,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment for not more than three (3) years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$100,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than six (6) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates section 301, 302, 303, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, and who knows at that time that he thereby places another person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury, shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not more than \$250,000 or imprisonment of not more than 15 years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing endangerment violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$500,000 or by imprisonment of not more than 30 years, or both. An organization, as defined in section 309(c)(3)(B)(iii) of the CWA, shall, upon conviction of violating the imminent danger provision, be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000,000 and can be fined up to \$2,000,000 for second or subsequent convictions.
- c. Any person may be assessed an administrative penalty by the EPA Director for violating section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of this Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of this Act. Administrative penalties for Class I violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per violation, with the maximum amount of any Class I penalty assessed not to exceed \$25,000. Penalties for Class II violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day during which the violation continues, with the maximum amount of any Class II penalty not to exceed \$125,000.
- d. It is unlawful for any person to cause or permit any discharge of water contaminants from any water contaminant or point source located in Missouri in violation of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law, or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated by the commission. In the event the commission or the director determines that any provision of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or standard, rules, limitations or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or permits issued by, or any final abatement order, other order, or determination made by the commission or the director, or any filing requirement pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or any other provision which this state is required to enforce pursuant to any federal water pollution control act, is being, was, or is in imminent danger of being violated, the commission or director may cause to have instituted a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction for the injunctive relief to prevent any such violation or further violation or for the assessment of a penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day, or part thereof, the violation occurred and continues to occur, or both, as the court deems proper. Any person who willfully or negligently commits any violation in this paragraph shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$25,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. Second and successive convictions for violation of the same provision of this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.
2. **Duty to Reapply.**
- a. If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit.
- b. A permittee with a currently effective site-specific permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 180 days before the expiration date of the existing permit, unless permission for a later date has been granted by the Department. (The Department shall not grant permission for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)
- c. A permittee with currently effective general permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 30 days before the existing permit expires, unless the permittee has been notified by the Department that an earlier application must be made. The Department may grant permission for a later submission date. (The Department shall not grant permission for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)
3. **Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense.** It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.
4. **Duty to Mitigate.** The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
5. **Proper Operation and Maintenance.** The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.
6. **Permit Actions.**
- a. Subject to compliance with statutory requirements of the Law and Regulations and applicable Court Order, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to, the following:
- i. Violations of any terms or conditions of this permit or the law;
- ii. Having obtained this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully any relevant facts;
- iii. A change in any circumstances or conditions that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge; or
- iv. Any reason set forth in the Law or Regulations.
- b. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.
7. **Permit Transfer.**
- a. Subject to 10 CSR 20-6.010, an operating permit may be transferred upon submission to the Department of an application to transfer signed by the existing owner and the new owner, unless prohibited by the terms of the permit. Until such time the permit is officially transferred, the original permittee remains responsible for complying with the terms and conditions of the existing permit.
- b. The Department may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Missouri Clean Water Law or the Federal Clean Water Act.
- c. The Department, within 30 days of receipt of the application, shall notify the new permittee of its intent to revoke or reissue or transfer the permit.
8. **Toxic Pollutants.** The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the Federal Clean Water Act within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
9. **Property Rights.** This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.



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10. **Duty to Provide Information.** The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, any information which the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Department upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
11. **Inspection and Entry.** The permittee shall allow the Department, or an authorized representative (including an authorized contractor acting as a representative of the Department), upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:
 - a. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
 - b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - c. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
 - d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Federal Clean Water Act or Missouri Clean Water Law, any substances or parameters at any location.
12. **Closure of Treatment Facilities.**
 - a. Persons who cease operation or plan to cease operation of waste, wastewater, and sludge handling and treatment facilities shall close the facilities in accordance with a closure plan approved by the Department.
 - b. Operating Permits under 10 CSR 20-6.010 or under 10 CSR 20-6.015 are required until all waste, wastewater, and sludges have been disposed of in accordance with the closure plan approved by the Department and any disturbed areas have been properly stabilized. Disturbed areas will be considered stabilized when perennial vegetation, pavement, or structures using permanent materials cover all areas that have been disturbed. Vegetative cover, if used, shall be at least 70% plant density over 100% of the disturbed area.
13. **Signatory Requirement.**
 - a. All permit applications, reports required by the permit, or information requested by the Department shall be signed and certified. (See 40 CFR 122.22 and 10 CSR 20-6.010)
 - b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or non-compliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months per violation, or by both.
 - c. The Missouri Clean Water Law provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed or required to be maintained pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by both.
14. **Severability.** The provisions of the permit are severable, and if any provision of the permit, or the application of any provision of the permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of the permit, shall not be affected thereby.



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PART II - SPECIAL CONDITIONS – PUBLICLY OWNED
TREATMENT WORKS
SECTION A – INDUSTRIAL USERS

1. Definitions

Definitions as set forth in the Missouri Clean Water Laws and approved by the Missouri Clean Water Commission shall apply to terms used herein.

Significant Industrial User (SIU). Except as provided in the *General Pretreatment Regulation* 10 CSR 20-6.100, the term Significant Industrial User means:

1. All Industrial Users subject to Categorical Pretreatment Standards; and
2. Any other Industrial User that: discharges an average of 25,000 gallons per day or more of process wastewater to the Publicly-Owned Treatment Works (POTW) (excluding sanitary, noncontact cooling and boiler blowdown wastewater); contributes a process wastestream which makes up 5 percent or more of the average dry weather hydraulic or organic capacity of the POTW treatment plant; or is designated as such by the Control Authority on the basis that the Industrial User has a reasonable potential for adversely affecting the POTW's or for violating any Pretreatment Standard or requirement.

Clean Water Act (CWA) is the the federal Clean Water Act of 1972, 33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq. (2002).

2. Identification of Industrial Discharges

Pursuant to 40 CFR 122.44(j)(1), all POTWs shall identify, in terms of character and volume of pollutants, any Significant Industrial Users discharging to the POTW subject to Pretreatment Standards under section 307(b) of the CWA and 40 CFR 403.

3. Application Information

Applications for renewal or modification of this permit must contain the information about industrial discharges to the POTW pursuant to 40 CFR 122.21(j)(6)

4. Notice to the Department

Pursuant to 40 CFR 122.42(b), all POTWs must provide adequate notice of the following:

1. Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to section 301 or 306 of CWA if it were directly discharging these pollutants; and
2. Any substantial change into the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit.
3. For purposes of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on:
 - i. the quality and quantity of effluent introduced into the POTW, and
 - ii. any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

For POTWs without an approved pretreatment program, the notice of industrial discharges which was not included in the permit application shall be made as soon as practicable. For POTWs with an approved pretreatment program, notice is to be included in the annual pretreatment report required in the special conditions of this permit. Notice may be sent to:

Missouri Department of Natural Resources
Water Protection Program
Attn: Pretreatment Coordinator
P.O. Box 176
Jefferson City, MO 65102

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PART III – BIOSOLIDS AND SLUDGE FROM DOMESTIC TREATMENT FACILITIES

SECTION A – GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1. PART III Standard Conditions pertain to biosolids and sludge requirements under the Missouri Clean Water Law and regulations for domestic and municipal wastewater and also incorporates federal sludge disposal requirements under 40 CFR Part 503 for domestic wastewater. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has principal authority for permitting and enforcement of the federal sludge regulations under 40 CFR Part 503 for domestic biosolids and sludge.
2. PART III Standard Conditions apply only to biosolids and sludge generated at domestic wastewater treatment facilities, including public owned treatment works (POTW) and privately owned facilities.
3. Biosolids and Sludge Use and Disposal Practices:
 - a. The permittee is authorized to operate the biosolids and sludge generating, treatment, storage, use, and disposal facilities listed in the facility description of this permit.
 - b. The permittee shall not exceed the design sludge/biosolids volume listed in the facility description and shall not use biosolids or sludge disposal methods that are not listed in the facility description, without prior approval of the permitting authority.
 - c. For facilities operating under general operating permits that incorporate Standard Conditions PART III, the facility is authorized to operate the biosolids and sludge generating, treatment, storage, use and disposal facilities identified in the original operating permit application, subsequent renewal applications or subsequent written approval by the department.
4. Biosolids or Sludge Received from other Facilities:
 - a. Permittees may accept domestic wastewater biosolids or sludge from other facilities as long as the permittee's design sludge capacity is not exceeded and the treatment facility performance is not impaired.
 - b. The permittee shall obtain a signed statement from the biosolids or sludge generator or hauler that certifies the type and source of the sludge
5. Nothing in this permit precludes the initiation of legal action under local laws, except to the extent local laws are preempted by state law.
6. This permit does not preclude the enforcement of other applicable environmental regulations such as odor emissions under the Missouri Air Pollution Control Law and regulations.
7. This permit may (after due process) be modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to comply with any applicable biosolids or sludge disposal standard or limitation issued or approved under Section 405(d) of the Clean Water Act or under Chapter 644 RSMo.
8. In addition to Standard Conditions PART III, the Department may include biosolids and sludge limitations in the special conditions portion or other sections of a site specific permit.
9. Exceptions to Standard Conditions PART III may be authorized on a case-by-case basis by the Department, as follows:
 - a. The Department may modify a site-specific permit following permit notice provisions as applicable under 10 CSR 20-6.020, 40 CFR § 124.10, and 40 CFR § 501.15(a)(2)(ix)(E).
 - b. Exceptions cannot be granted where prohibited by the federal sludge regulations under 40 CFR Part 503.

SECTION B – DEFINITIONS

1. Best Management Practices are practices to prevent or reduce the pollution of waters of the state and include agronomic loading rates (nitrogen based), soil conservation practices, spill prevention and maintenance procedures and other site restrictions.
2. Biosolids means organic fertilizer or soil amendment produced by the treatment of domestic wastewater sludge.
3. Biosolids land application facility is a facility where biosolids are spread onto the land at agronomic rates for production of food, feed or fiber. The facility includes any structures necessary to store the biosolids until soil, weather, and crop conditions are favorable for land application.
4. Class A biosolids means a material that has met the Class A pathogen reduction requirements or equivalent treatment by a Process to Further Reduce Pathogens (PFRP) in accordance with 40 CFR Part 503.
5. Class B biosolids means a material that has met the Class B pathogen reduction requirements or equivalent treatment by a Process to Significantly Reduce Pathogens (PSRP) in accordance with 40 CFR Part 503.
6. Domestic wastewater means wastewater originating from the sanitary conveniences of residences, commercial buildings, factories and institutions; or co-mingled sanitary and industrial wastewater processed by a (POTW) or a privately owned facility.
7. Feed crops are crops produced primarily for consumption by animals.
8. Fiber crops are crops such as flax and cotton.
9. Food crops are crops consumed by humans which include, but is not limited to, fruits, vegetables and tobacco.
10. Industrial wastewater means any wastewater, also known as process wastewater, not defined as domestic wastewater. Per 40 CFR Part 122.2, process wastewater means any water which, during manufacturing or processing, comes into direct contact with or results from the production or use of any raw material, intermediate product, finished product, byproduct, or waste product. Land application of industrial wastewater, residuals or sludge is not authorized by Standard Conditions PART III.
11. Mechanical treatment plants are wastewater treatment facilities that use mechanical devices to treat wastewater, including, sand filters, extended aeration, activated sludge, contact stabilization, trickling filters, rotating biological contact systems, and other similar facilities. It does not include wastewater treatment lagoons or constructed wetlands for wastewater treatment.
12. Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) is nitrogen that will be available to plants during the growing seasons after biosolids application.
13. Public contact site is land with a high potential for contact by the public. This includes, but is not limited to, public parks, ball fields, cemeteries, plant nurseries, turf farms, and golf courses.
14. Sludge is the solid, semisolid, or liquid residue removed during the treatment of wastewater. Sludge includes septage removed from septic tanks or equivalent facilities. Sludge does not include carbon coal byproducts (CCBs), sewage sludge incinerator ash, or grit/screenings generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage.
15. Sludge lagoon is part of a mechanical wastewater treatment facility. A sludge lagoon is an earthen or concrete lined basin that receives sludge that has been removed from a wastewater treatment facility. It does not include a wastewater treatment lagoon or sludge treatment units that are not a part of a mechanical wastewater treatment facility.
16. Septage is the sludge pumped from residential septic tanks, cesspools, portable toilets, Type III marine sanitation devices, or similar treatment works such as sludge holding structures from residential wastewater treatment facilities with design populations of less than 150 people. Septage does not include grease removed from grease traps at a restaurant or material removed from septic tanks and other similar treatment works that have received industrial wastewater. The standard for biosolids from septage is different from other sludges. See Section H for more information.

SECTION C – MECHANICAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES

1. Biosolids or sludge shall be routinely removed from wastewater treatment facilities and handled according to the permit facility description and the requirements of Standard Conditions PART III or in accordance with Section A.3.c., above.
2. The permittee shall operate storage and treatment facilities, as defined by Section 644.016(23), RSMo, so that there is no biosolids or sludge discharged to waters of the state. Agricultural storm water discharges are exempt under the provisions of Section 644.059, RSMo.
3. Mechanical treatment plants shall have separate biosolids or sludge storage compartments in accordance with 10 CSR 20, Chapter 8. Failure to remove biosolids or sludge from these storage compartments on the required design schedule is a violation of this permit.

SECTION D – BIOSOLIDS OR SLUDGE DISPOSED AT OTHER TREATMENT FACILITY OR BY CONTRACT HAULER

1. Permittees that use contract haulers, under the authority of their operating permit, to dispose of biosolids or sludge, are responsible for compliance with all the terms of this permit. Contract haulers that assume the responsibility of the final disposal of biosolids or sludge, including biosolids land application, must obtain a Missouri State Operating Permit unless the hauler transports the biosolids or sludge to another permitted treatment facility.
2. Testing of biosolids or sludge, other than total solids content, is not required if biosolids or sludge are hauled to a permitted wastewater treatment facility, unless it is required by the accepting facility.

SECTION E – INCINERATION OF SLUDGE

1. Please be aware that sludge incineration facilities may be subject to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 503 Subpart E, Missouri Air Conservation Commission regulations under 10 CSR 10, and solid waste management regulations under 10 CSR 80, as applicable.
2. Permittee may be authorized under the facility description of this permit to store incineration ash in lagoons or ash ponds. This permit does not authorize the disposal of incineration ash. Incineration ash shall be disposed in accordance with 10 CSR 80; or, if the ash is determined to be hazardous, with 10 CSR 25.
3. In addition to normal sludge monitoring, incineration facilities shall report the following as part of the annual report, mass of sludge incinerated and mass of ash generated. Permittee shall also provide the name of the ash disposal facility and permit number if applicable.

SECTION F – SURFACE DISPOSAL SITES AND BIOSOLIDS AND SLUDGE LAGOONS

1. Please be aware that surface disposal sites of biosolids or sludge from wastewater treatment facilities may be subject to other laws including the requirements in 40 CFR Part 503 Subpart C, Missouri Air Conservation Commission regulations under 10 CSR 10, and solid waste management regulations under 10 CSR 80, as applicable.
2. Biosolids or sludge storage lagoons are temporary facilities and are not required to obtain a permit as a solid waste management facility under 10 CSR 80. In order to maintain biosolids or sludge storage lagoons as storage facilities, accumulated biosolids or sludge must be removed routinely, but not less than once every two years unless an alternate schedule is approved in the permit. The amount of biosolids or sludge removed will be dependent on biosolids or sludge generation and accumulation in the facility. Enough biosolids or sludge must be removed to maintain adequate storage capacity in the facility.
 - a. In order to avoid damage to the lagoon seal during cleaning, the permittee may leave a layer of biosolids or sludge on the bottom of the lagoon, upon prior approval of the Department; or
 - b. Permittee shall close the lagoon in accordance with Section I.

SECTION G – LAND APPLICATION OF BIOSOLIDS

1. The permittee shall not land apply biosolids unless land application is authorized in the facility description, the special conditions of the issued NPDES permit, or in accordance with Section A.3.c., above.
2. This permit only authorizes “Class A” or “Class B” biosolids derived from domestic wastewater to be land applied onto grass land, crop land, timber, or other similar agricultural or silviculture lands at rates suitable for beneficial use as organic fertilizer and soil conditioner.
3. Class A Biosolids Requirements: Biosolids shall meet Class A requirements for application to public contact sites, residential lawns, home gardens or sold and/or given away in a bag or other container.
4. Class B biosolids that are land applied to agricultural and public contact sites shall comply with the following restrictions:
 - a. Food crops that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after application of biosolids.
 - b. Food crops below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for four months or longer prior to incorporation into the soil.
 - c. Food crops below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for less than four months prior to incorporation into the soil.
 - d. Animal grazing shall not be allowed for 30 days after application of biosolids.
 - e. Food crops, feed crops, and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after application of biosolids.
 - f. Turf shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids if used for lawns or high public contact sites in close proximity to populated areas such as city parks or golf courses.
 - g. After Class B biosolids have been land applied to public contact sites with high potential for public exposure, as defined in 40 CFR § 503.31, such as city parks or golf courses, access must be restricted for 12 months.
 - h. After Class B biosolids have been land applied public contact sites with low potential for public exposure as defined in 40 CFR § 503.31, such as a rural land application or reclamation sites, access must be restricted for 30 days.
5. Pollutant limits
 - a. Biosolids shall be monitored to determine the quality for regulated pollutants listed in Table 1, below. Limits for any pollutants not listed below may be established in the permit.
 - b. The number of samples taken is directly related to the amount of biosolids or sludge produced by the facility (See Section J, below). Samples should be taken only during land application periods. When necessary, it is permissible to mix biosolids with lower concentrations of biosolids as well as other suitable Department approved material to achieve pollutant concentration below those identified in Table 1, below.
 - c. Table 1 gives the ceiling concentration for biosolids. Biosolids which exceed the concentrations in Table 1 may not be land applied.

TABLE 1

Biosolids ceiling concentration	
Pollutant	Milligrams per kilogram dry weight
Arsenic	75
Cadmium	85
Copper	4,300
Lead	840
Mercury	57
Molybdenum	75
Nickel	420
Selenium	100
Zinc	7,500

- d. Table 2 below gives the low metal concentration for biosolids. Because of its higher quality, biosolids with pollutant concentrations below those listed in Table 2 can safely be applied to agricultural land, forest, public contact sites, lawns, home gardens or be given away without further analysis. Biosolids containing metals in concentrations above the low metals concentrations but below the ceiling concentration limits may be land applied but shall not exceed the annual loading rates in Table 3 and the cumulative loading rates in Table 4. The permittee is required to track pollutant loading onto application sites for parameters that have exceeded the low metal concentration limits.

TABLE 2

Biosolids Low Metal Concentration	
Pollutant	Milligrams per kilogram dry weight
Arsenic	41
Cadmium	39
Copper	1,500
Lead	300
Mercury	17
Nickel	420
Selenium	100
Zinc	2,800

- e. Annual pollutant loading rate.

Table 3

Biosolids Annual Loading Rate	
Pollutant	Kg/ha (lbs./ac) per year
Arsenic	2.0 (1.79)
Cadmium	1.9 (1.70)
Copper	75 (66.94)
Lead	15 (13.39)
Mercury	0.85 (0.76)
Nickel	21 (18.74)
Selenium	5.0 (4.46)
Zinc	140 (124.96)

- f. Cumulative pollutant loading rates.

Table 4

Biosolids Cumulative Pollutant Loading Rate	
Pollutant	Kg/ha (lbs./ac)
Arsenic	41 (37)
Cadmium	39 (35)
Copper	1500 (1339)
Lead	300 (268)
Mercury	17 (15)
Nickel	420 (375)
Selenium	100 (89)
Zinc	2800 (2499)

6. Best Management Practices. The permittee shall use the following best management practices during land application activities to prevent the discharge of biosolids to waters of the state.
- Biosolids shall not be applied to the land if it is likely to adversely affect a threatened or endangered species listed under § 4 of the Endangered Species Act or its designated critical habitat.
 - Apply biosolids only at the agronomic rate of nitrogen needed (see 5.c. of this section).
 - The applicator must document the Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) loadings, available nitrogen in the soil, and crop

nitrogen removal when either of the following occurs: 1) When biosolids are greater than 50,000 mg/kgTN; or 2) When biosolids are land applied at an application rate greater than two dry tons per acre per year.

- i. PAN can be determined as follows:
(Nitrate + nitrite nitrogen) + (organic nitrogen x 0.2) + (ammonia nitrogen x volatilization factor¹).
¹ Volatilization factor is 0.7 for surface application and 1 for subsurface application. Alternative volatilization factors and mineralization rates can be utilized on a case-by-case basis.
- ii. Crop nutrient production/removal to be based on crop specific nitrogen needs and realistic yield goals. **NOTE:** There are a number of reference documents on the Missouri Department of Natural Resources website that are informative to implement best management practices in the proper management of biosolids, including crop specific nitrogen needs, realistic yields on a county by county basis and other supporting references.
- iii. Biosolids that are applied at agronomic rates shall not cause the annual pollutant loading rates identified in Table 3 to be exceeded.
- d. Buffer zones are as follows:
 - i. 300 feet of a water supply well, sinkhole, water supply reservoir or water supply intake in a stream;
 - ii. 300 feet of a losing stream, no discharge stream, stream stretches designated for whole body contact recreation, wild and scenic rivers, Ozark National Scenic Riverways or outstanding state resource waters as listed in the Water Quality Standards, 10 CSR 20-7.031;
 - iii. 150 feet of dwellings or public use areas;
 - iv. 100 feet (35 feet if biosolids application is down-gradient or the buffer zone is entirely vegetated) of lake, pond, wetlands or gaining streams (perennial or intermittent);
 - v. 50 feet of a property line. Buffer distances from property lines may be waived with written permission from neighboring property owner.
 - vi. For the application of dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected, buffer zones identified in 5.d.i. through 5.d.iii above, may be reduced to 100 feet. The buffer zone may be reduced to 35 feet if the buffer zone is permanently vegetated. Subsurface injection does not include methods or technology reflective of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation.
- e. Slope limitation for application sites are as follows:
 - i. For slopes less than or equal to 6 percent, no rate limitation;
 - ii. Applied to a slope 7 to 12 percent, the applicator may apply biosolids when soil conservation practices are used to meet the minimum erosion levels;
 - iii. Slopes > 12 percent, apply biosolids only when grass is vegetated and maintained with at least 80 percent ground cover at a rate of two dry tons per acre per year or less.
 - iv. Dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected, may be applied on slopes not to exceed 20 percent. Subsurface injection does not include the use of methods or technology reflective of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation.
- f. No biosolids may be land applied in an area that it is reasonably certain that pollutants will be transported into waters of the state.
- g. Biosolids may be land applied to sites with soil that are snow covered, frozen, or saturated with liquid when site restrictions or other controls are provided to prevent pollutants from being discharged to waters of the state during snowmelt or stormwater runoff. During inclement weather or unfavorable soil conditions use the following management practices:
 - i. A maximum field slope of 6% and a minimum 300 feet grass buffer between the application site and waters of the state. A 35 feet grass buffer may be utilized for the application of dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected. Subsurface injection does not include the use of methods or technology reflective of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation;
 - ii. A maximum field slope of 2% and 100 feet grass buffer between the application site and waters of the state. A 35 feet grass buffer may be used for the application of dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected. Subsurface injection does not include the use of methods or technology reflective of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation;
 - iii. Other best management practices approved by the Department.

SECTION H – SEPTAGE

1. Haulers that land apply septage must obtain a state permit. An operating permit is not required for septage haulers who transport septage to another permitted treatment facility for disposal.
2. Do not apply more than 30,000 gallons of septage per acre per year or the volume otherwise stipulated in the operating permit.
3. Septic tanks are designed to retain sludge for one to three years which will allow for a larger reduction in pathogens and vectors, as compared to mechanical treatment facilities.
4. Septage must comply with Class B biosolids regarding pathogen and vector attraction reduction requirements before it may be applied to crops, pastures or timberland. To meet required pathogen and vector reduction requirements, mix 50 pounds of hydrated lime for every 1,000 gallons of septage and maintain a septage pH of at least 12 pH standard units for 30 minutes or more prior to application.
5. Lime is to be added to the pump truck and not directly to the septic tanks, as lime would harm the beneficial bacteria of the septic tank.
6. As residential septage contains relatively low levels of metals, the testing of metals in septage is not required.

SECTION I– CLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

1. This section applies to all wastewater facilities (mechanical and lagoons) and sludge or biosolids storage and treatment facilities. It does not apply to land application sites.
2. Permittees of a domestic wastewater facility who plan to cease operation must obtain Department approval of a closure plan which addresses proper removal and disposal of all sludges and/or biosolids. Permittee must maintain this permit until the facility is closed in accordance with the approved closure plan per 10 CSR 20 – 6.010 and 10 CSR 20 – 6.015.
3. Biosolids or sludge that are left in place during closure of a lagoon or earthen structure or ash pond shall not exceed the agricultural loading rates as follows:
 - a. Biosolids and sludge shall meet the monitoring and land application limits for agricultural rates as referenced in Section G, above.
 - b. If a wastewater treatment lagoon has been in operation for 15 years or more without sludge removal, the sludge in the lagoon qualifies as a Class B biosolids with respect to pathogens due to anaerobic digestion, and testing for fecal coliform is not required. For other lagoons, testing for fecal coliform is required to show compliance with Class B biosolids limitations. In order to reach Class B biosolids requirements, fecal coliform must be less than 2,000,000 colony forming units or 2,000,000 most probable number. All fecal samples must be presented as geometric mean per gram.
 - c. The allowable nitrogen loading that may be left in the lagoon shall be based on the plant available nitrogen (PAN) loading. For a grass cover crop, the allowable PAN is 300 pounds/acre. Alternative, site-specific application rates may be included in the closure plan for department consideration.
 - i. PAN can be determined as follows:
$$(\text{Nitrate} + \text{nitrite nitrogen}) + (\text{organic nitrogen} \times 0.2) + (\text{ammonia nitrogen} \times \text{volatilization factor}^1).$$

¹ Volatilization factor is 0.7 for surface application and 1 for subsurface application. Alternative volatilization factors and mineralization rates can be utilized on a case-by-case basis
4. Domestic wastewater treatment lagoons with a design treatment capacity less than or equal to 150 persons, are “similar treatment works” under the definition of septage. Therefore the sludge within the lagoons may be treated as septage during closure activities. See Section B, above. Under the septage category, residuals may be left in place as follows:
 - a. Testing for metals or fecal coliform is not required.
 - b. If the wastewater treatment lagoon has been in use for less than 15 years, mix lime with the sludge at a rate of 50 pounds of hydrated lime per 1000 gallons (134 cubic feet) of sludge.
 - c. The amount of sludge that may be left in the lagoon shall be based on the plant available nitrogen (PAN) loading. 100 dry tons/acre of sludge may be left in the basin without testing for nitrogen. If 100 dry tons/acre or more will be left in the lagoon, test for nitrogen and determine the PAN using the calculation above. Allowable PAN loading is 300 pounds/acre.
5. Biosolids or sludge left within the domestic lagoon shall be mixed with soil on at least a 1 to 1 ratio, and unless otherwise approved, the lagoon berm shall be demolished, and the site shall be graded and contain $\geq 70\%$ vegetative density over 100% of the site so as to avoid ponding of storm water and provide adequate surface water drainage without creating erosion. Alternative biosolids or sludge and soil mixing ratios may be included in the closure plan for department consideration.
6. Lagoon and earthen structure closure activities shall obtain a storm water permit for land disturbance activities that equal or exceed one acre in accordance with 10 CSR 20-6.200.
7. When closing a mechanical wastewater plant, all biosolids or sludge must be cleaned out and disposed of in accordance with the Department approved closure plan before the permit for the facility can be terminated.
 - a. Land must be stabilized which includes any grading, alternate use or fate upon approval by the Department, remediation, or other work that exposes sediment to stormwater per 10 CSR 20-6.200. The site shall be graded and contain $\geq 70\%$ vegetative density over 100% of the site, so as to avoid ponding of storm water and provide adequate

- surface water drainage without creating erosion.
- b. Hazardous Waste shall not be land applied or disposed during mechanical plant closures unless in accordance with Missouri Hazardous Waste Management Law and Regulations pursuant to 10 CSR 25.
 - c. After demolition of the mechanical plant, the site must only contain clean fill defined in Section 260.200.1(6) RSMo as uncontaminated soil, rock, sand, gravel, concrete, asphaltic concrete, cinderblocks, brick, minimal amounts of wood and metal, and inert solids as approved by rule or policy of the Department for fill, reclamation, or other beneficial use. Other solid wastes must be removed.
8. If biosolids or sludge from the domestic lagoon or mechanical treatment plant exceeds agricultural rates under Section G and/or I, a landfill permit or solid waste disposal permit must be obtained if the permittee chooses to seek authorization for on-site sludge disposal under the Missouri Solid Waste Management Law and regulations per 10 CSR 80, and the permittee must comply with the surface disposal requirements under 40 CFR Part 503, Subpart C.

SECTION J – MONITORING FREQUENCY

1. At a minimum, biosolids or sludge shall be tested for volume and percent total solids on a frequency that will accurately represent sludge quantities produced and disposed. Please see the table below.

TABLE 5

Biosolids or Sludge produced and disposed (Dry Tons per Year)	Monitoring Frequency (See Notes 1, and 2)		
	Metals, Pathogens and Vectors, Total Phosphorus, Total Potassium	Nitrogen TKN, Nitrogen PAN ¹	Priority Pollutants ²
319 or less	1/year	1 per month	1/year
320 to 1650	4/year	1 per month	1/year
1651 to 16,500	6/year	1 per month	1/year
16,501+	12/year	1 per month	1/year

¹ Calculate plant available nitrogen (PAN) when either of the following occurs: 1) when biosolids are greater than 50,000 mg/kg TN; or 2) when biosolids are land applied at an application rate greater than two dry tons per acre per year.

² Priority pollutants (40 CFR 122.21, Appendix D, Tables II and III) are required only for permit holders that must have a pre-treatment program. Monitoring requirements may be modified and incorporated into the operating permit by the Department on a case-by-case basis.

Note 1: Total solids: A grab sample of sludge shall be tested one per day during land application periods for percent total solids. This data shall be used to calculate the dry tons of sludge applied per acre.

Note 2: Table 5 is not applicable for incineration and permit holders that landfill their sludge.

2. Permittees that operate wastewater treatment lagoons, peak flow equalization basins, combined sewer overflow basins or biosolids or sludge lagoons that are cleaned out once a year or less, may choose to sample only when the biosolids or sludge is removed or the lagoon is closed. Test one composite sample for each 319 dry tons of biosolids or sludge removed from the lagoon during the reporting year or during lagoon closure. Composite sample must represent various areas at one-foot depth.
3. Additional testing may be required in the special conditions or other sections of the permit.
4. Biosolids and sludge monitoring shall be conducted in accordance with federal regulation 40 CFR § 503.8, Sampling and analysis.

SECTION K – RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

1. The permittee shall maintain records on file at the facility for at least five years for the items listed in Standard Conditions PART III and any additional items in the Special Conditions section of this permit. This shall include dates when the biosolids or sludge facility is checked for proper operation, records of maintenance and repairs and other relevant information.
2. Reporting period
 - a. By February 19th of each year, applicable facilities shall submit an annual report for the previous calendar year period for all mechanical wastewater treatment facilities, sludge lagoons, and biosolids or sludge disposal facilities.
 - b. Permittees with wastewater treatment lagoons shall submit the above annual report only when biosolids or sludge are removed from the lagoon during the report period or when the lagoon is closed.
3. Report Form. The annual report shall be prepared on report forms provided by the Department or equivalent forms approved by the Department.
4. Reports shall be submitted as follows:
Major facilities, which are those serving 10,000 persons or more or with a design flow equal to or greater than 1 million gallons per day or that are required to have an approved pretreatment program, shall report to both the Department and EPA if the facility land applied, disposed of biosolids by surface disposal, or operated a sewage sludge incinerator. All other facilities shall maintain their biosolids or sludge records and keep them available to Department personnel upon request. State reports shall be submitted to the address listed as follows:

DNR regional or other applicable office listed in the
permit (see cover letter of permit)
ATTN: Sludge Coordinator

Reports to EPA must be electronically submitted online via the Central Data Exchange at: <https://cdx.epa.gov/> Additional information is available at: <https://www.epa.gov/biosolids/compliance-and-annual-reporting-guidance-about-clean-water-act-laws>

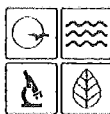
5. Annual report contents. The annual report shall include the following:
 - a. Biosolids and sludge testing performed. If testing was conducted at a greater frequency than what is required by the permit, all test results must be included in the report.
 - b. Biosolids or sludge quantity shall be reported as dry tons for the quantity produced and/or disposed.
 - c. Gallons and % solids data used to calculate the dry ton amounts.
 - d. Description of any unusual operating conditions.
 - e. Final disposal method, dates, and location, and person responsible for hauling and disposal.
 - i. This must include the name and address for the hauler and sludge facility. If hauled to a municipal wastewater treatment facility, sanitary landfill, or other approved treatment facility, give the name of that facility.
 - ii. Include a description of the type of hauling equipment used and the capacity in tons, gallons, or cubic feet.
 - f. Contract Hauler Activities:

If using a contract hauler, provide a copy of a signed contract from the contractor. Permittee shall require the contractor to supply information required under this permit for which the contractor is responsible. The permittee shall submit a signed statement from the contractor that he has complied with the standards contained in this permit, unless the contract hauler has a separate biosolids or sludge use permit.
 - g. Land Application Sites:
 - i. Report the location of each application site, the annual and cumulative dry tons/acre for each site, and the landowners name and address. The location for each spreading site shall be given as a legal description for nearest ¼, ¼, Section, Township, Range, and county, or UTM coordinates. The facility shall report PAN when either of the following occurs: 1) When biosolids are greater than 50,000 mg/kg TN; or 2) when biosolids are land applied at an application rate greater than two dry tons per acre per year.
 - ii. If the “Low Metals” criteria are exceeded, report the annual and cumulative pollutant loading rates in pounds per acre for each applicable pollutant, and report the percent of cumulative pollutant loading which has been reached at each site.
 - iii. Report the method used for compliance with pathogen and vector attraction requirements.
 - iv. Report soil test results for pH and phosphorus. If no soil was tested during the year, report the last date when tested and the results.

RECEIVED

OCT 01 2019

33781



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

**FORM B2 – APPLICATION FOR AN OPERATING PERMIT FOR
FACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND
HAVE A DESIGN FLOW MORE THAN 100,000 GALLONS PER DAY**

FOR AGENCY USE ONLY

CHECK NUMBER

DATE RECEIVED FEE SUBMITTED

JET PAY CONFIRMATION NUMBER

PART A – BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION

1. THIS APPLICATION IS FOR:

- ☐ An operating permit for a new or unpermitted facility. Construction Permit # _____
(Include completed Antidegradation Review or request to conduct an Antidegradation Review, see instructions)
- ☒ An operating permit renewal: Permit #MO- 0094927 Expiration Date 03/31/2020
- ☐ An operating permit modification: Permit #MO- _____ Reason: _____

1.1 Is the appropriate fee included with the application (see instructions for appropriate fee)? ☒ YES ☐ NO

2. FACILITY

NAME Versailles Wastewater Treatment Facility (WWTF) TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE 573-378-5737

ADDRESS (PHYSICAL) 11862 Gunn Road CITY Versailles STATE MO ZIP CODE 65084

2.1 LEGAL DESCRIPTION (Facility Site): Sec. 36, T 43, R 18W COUNTY Morgan

2.2 UTM Coordinates Easting (X): 5126 Northing (Y): 4254
For Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 15 North referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83)

2.3 Name of receiving stream: Tributary to Straight Fork Creek

2.4 Number of Outfalls: 1 wastewater outfalls: 1 stormwater outfalls: 1 instream monitoring sites: 1

3. OWNER: The owner of the regulated activity/discharge being applied for and is not necessarily the owner of the real property on which the activity or discharge is occurring.

NAME City of Versailles EMAIL ADDRESS lmadole@alliancewater.com TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE 573-378-4634

ADDRESS 104 N Fisher CITY Versailles STATE MO ZIP CODE 65084

3.1 Request review of draft permit prior to Public Notice? ☒ YES ☐ NO

3.2 Are you a Publically Owned Treatment Works (POTW)? ☒ YES ☐ NO
If yes, is the Financial Questionnaire attached? ☒ YES ☐ NO See: <https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2511-f.pdf>

3.3 Are you a Privately Owned Treatment Facility? ☐ YES ☒ NO

3.4 Are you a Privately Owned Treatment Facility regulated by the Public Service Commission (PSC)? ☐ YES ☒ NO

4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY: Permanent organization which will serve as the continuing authority for the operation, maintenance and modernization of the facility.

NAME City of Versailles EMAIL ADDRESS lmadole@alliancewater.com TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE 573-378-4634

ADDRESS 104 N Fisher CITY Versailles STATE MO ZIP CODE 65084

If the Continuing Authority is different than the Owner, include a copy of the contract agreement between the two parties and a description of the responsibilities of both parties within the agreement.

5. OPERATOR

NAME Lonnie Madole TITLE Local Manager CERTIFICATE NUMBER (IF APPLICABLE) 10672

EMAIL ADDRESS lmadole@alliancewater.com TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE 573-789-5242

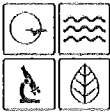
6. FACILITY CONTACT

NAME Lonnie Madole TITLE Local Manager

EMAIL ADDRESS lmadole@alliancewater.com TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE 573-789-5242

ADDRESS 11862 Gunn Rd CITY Versailles STATE MO ZIP CODE 65084

OCT 01 2019



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

**FORM B2 – APPLICATION FOR OPERATING PERMIT FOR FACILITIES THAT
RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW MORE THAN
100,000 GALLONS PER DAY**

Water Protection Program

FACILITY NAME Versailles WWTF	
PERMIT NO. MO-0094927	COUNTY Morgan
APPLICATION OVERVIEW	
<p>Form B2 has been developed in a modular format and consists of Parts A, B and C and a Supplemental Application Information (Parts D, E, F and G) packet. All applicants must complete Parts A, B and C. Some applicants must also complete parts of the Supplemental Application Information packet. The following items explain which parts of Form B2 you must complete. Submittal of an incomplete application may result in the application being returned.</p>	
BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION	
<p>A. Basic application information for all applicants. All applicants must complete Part A.</p> <p>B. Additional application information for all applicants. All applicants must complete Part B.</p> <p>C. Certification. All applicants must complete Part C.</p>	
SUPPLEMENTAL APPLICATION INFORMATION	
<p>D. Expanded Effluent Testing Data. A treatment works that discharges effluent to surface water of the United States and meets one or more of the following criteria must complete <i>Part D - Expanded Effluent Testing Data</i>:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Has a design flow rate greater than or equal to 1 million gallons per day. Is required to have or currently has a pretreatment program. Is otherwise required by the permitting authority to provide the information. <p>E. Toxicity Testing Data. A treatment works that meets one or more of the following criteria must complete <i>Part E - Toxicity Testing Data</i>:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Has a design flow rate greater than or equal to 1 million gallons per day. Is required to have or currently has a pretreatment program. Is otherwise required by the permitting authority to provide the information. <p>F. Industrial User Discharges and Resource Conservation and Recovery Act / Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act Wastes. A treatment works that accepts process wastewater from any significant industrial users, also known as SIUs, or receives a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act or CERCLA wastes must complete <i>Part F - Industrial User Discharges and Resource Conservation and Recovery Act /CERCLA Wastes</i>.</p> <p>SIUs are defined as:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> All Categorical Industrial Users, or CIUs, subject to Categorical Pretreatment Standards under 40 Code of Federal Regulations 403.6 and 40 Code of Federal Regulations 403.6 and 40 CFR Chapter 1, Subchapter N. Any other industrial user that meets one or more of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Discharges an average of 25,000 gallons per day or more of process wastewater to the treatment works (with certain exclusions). Contributes a process waste stream that makes up five percent or more of the average dry weather hydraulic or organic capacity of the treatment plant. Is designated as an SIU by the control authority. Is otherwise required by the permitting authority to provide the information. <p>G. Combined Sewer Systems. A treatment works that has a combined sewer system must complete <i>Part G - Combined Sewer Systems</i>.</p>	
ALL APPLICANTS MUST COMPLETE PARTS A, B and C	

FACILITY NAME Versailles WWTF	PERMIT NO. MO- 0094927	OUTFALL NO. 1
PART A – BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION		
7. FACILITY INFORMATION		
<p>7.1 Process Flow Diagram or Schematic. Provide a diagram showing the processes of the treatment plant. Show all of the treatment units, including disinfection (e.g. – Chlorination and Dechlorination), influents, and outfalls. Specify where samples are taken. Indicate any treatment process changes in the routing of wastewater during dry weather and peak wet weather. Include a brief narrative description of the diagram. Attach sheets as necessary.</p> <p>Raw wastewater enters the WWTF at the influent pump station wet well. Here, 4 submersible pumps operated on VFD's pump the water to the headworks building, where a mechanical bar screen with washer/compactor screens the sewage during normal operations, washes the organics from the screenings, slowly compacts and dries the inorganics screenings and discharges the screenings to a dumpster. There is also a bypass channel with a manual bar screen, bypassing the mechanical bar screen channel located in the headworks building for use when the mechanical bar screen is undergoing maintenance. From the headworks building, wastewater goes to the Swing (Aerobic/Anoxic) Basin, where the Return Activated Sludge (RAS) is also pumped into the head of the Swing Basin. Here floating mixers with separate blowers primarily mix the swing basin, but are capable of running their blowers to aerate the basin when desired. From the effluent weir of the anoxic basin, wastewater is sent on to the oxidation ditch where two floating aerator/mixers and two brush rotors are in place to aerate and mix the wastewater. From the oxidation ditch, water flows over the effluent weir gates to 50' diameter secondary clarifiers. Clarified effluent from the clarifiers is then sent to the UV disinfection structure, then on to the post aeration basin and then to the outfall, while sludge is pumped from the bottom of the clarifier to the swing basin for Returning Activated Sludge (RAS) or to the holding basins to Waste Activated Sludge (WAS).</p> <p>Composite samplers are located at the headworks building to sample raw wastewater ahead of the bar screens, as well as at the post aeration basin to sample at the plants effluent. Dissolved Oxygen probes are located at the oxidation ditch and the post aeration basin.</p> <p>Flows during large wet weather events or extended wet periods that are in excess of the plants hydraulic capacity (greater than 2.2 MGD) are conveyed to the peak flow holding lagoons at the WWTF. As flows increase above the plants capacity, the water level in the wet well rises until it enters the 24-inch pipe to the peak flow lagoons. Once peak flows subside, the peak flow holding lagoons drain back through the same 24-inch pipe to influent pump station wet well to be processed through the WWTF. Operators can use a sluice gate to throttle flow from the lagoons by partially closing the gate in order to manage the treatment of flow from the peak flow lagoons.</p>		

FACILITY NAME Versailles WWTF	PERMIT NO. MO- 0094927	OUTFALL NO. 1
PART A – BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION		
7. FACILITY INFORMATION (continued)		
<p>7.2 Map. Attach to this application an aerial or topographic map of the area extending at least one mile beyond facility property boundaries. This map must show the outline of the facility and the following information. A map can be obtained by visiting the following website: https://modnr.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=1d81212e0854478ca0dae87c33c8c5ce</p> <p>a. The area surrounding the treatment plant, including all unit processes.</p> <p>b. The major pipes or other structures through which wastewater enters the treatment works and the pipes or other structures through which treated wastewater is discharged from the treatment plant. Include outfalls from bypass piping, if applicable.</p> <p>c. The actual point of discharge.</p> <p>d. Wells, springs, other surface water bodies and drinking water wells that are: 1) within ¼ mile of the property boundaries of the treatment works, and 2) listed in public record or otherwise known to the applicant.</p> <p>e. Any areas where the sewage sludge produced by the treatment works is stored, treated, or disposed.</p> <p>f. If the treatment works receives waste that is classified as hazardous under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) by truck, rail, or special pipe, show on the map where that hazardous waste enters the treatment works and where it is treated, stored, or disposed.</p>		
7.3 Facility SIC Code: 4952		Discharge SIC Code:
7.4 Number of people presently connected or population equivalent (P.E.): 3300		Design P.E. 5000
<p>7.5 Connections to the facility:</p> <p>Number of units presently connected: 1268</p> <p>Residential: 1093 Commercial: 174 Industrial 1</p>		
7.6 Design Flow 0.55 MGD Avg Day, 2.2 MGD Peak (diluted)		Actual Flow .57
<p>7.7 Will discharge be continuous through the year? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Discharge will occur during the following months: _____</p> <p>How many days of the week will discharge occur? _____</p>		
<p>7.8 Is industrial wastewater discharged to the facility? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>If yes, describe the number and types of industries that discharge to your facility. Attach sheets as necessary</p> <p>There is one industry in town that discharges to the WWTF, Gates Corporation. They are metal, wire, plating facility.</p> <p>Refer to the APPLICATION OVERVIEW to determine whether additional information is needed for Part F.</p>		
7.9 Does the facility accept or process leachate from landfills?:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
7.10 Is wastewater land applied? If yes, please attach Form I See: https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-1686-f.pdf	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
7.11 Does the facility discharge to a losing stream or sinkhole?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
7.12 Has a wasteload allocation study been completed for this facility?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
8. LABORATORY CONTROL INFORMATION		
LABORATORY WORK CONDUCTED BY PLANT PERSONNEL		
Lab work conducted outside of plant.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Push-button or visual methods for simple test such as pH, settleable solids.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Additional procedures such as Dissolved Oxygen, Chemical Oxygen Demand, Biological Oxygen Demand, titrations, solids, volatile content.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
More advanced determinations such as BOD seeding procedures, fecal coliform, nutrients, total oils, phenols, etc.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Highly sophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chromatograph.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

FACILITY NAME Versailles WWTF	PERMIT NO. MO- 0094927	OUTFALL NO. 1
PART A – BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION		
9. SLUDGE HANDLING, USE AND DISPOSAL		
9.1 Is the sludge a hazardous waste as defined by 10 CSR 25? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
9.2 Sludge production (Including sludge received from others): Design Dry Tons/Year 50.5 Actual Dry Tons/Year 41.7		
9.3 Sludge storage provided: <u>3400</u> Cubic feet; <u>120</u> Days of storage; <u>2.3</u> Average percent solids of sludge; <input type="checkbox"/> No sludge storage is provided. <input type="checkbox"/> Sludge is stored in lagoon.		
9.4 Type of storage: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Holding Tank <input type="checkbox"/> Building <input type="checkbox"/> Basin <input type="checkbox"/> Lagoon <input type="checkbox"/> Concrete Pad <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Describe) _____		
9.5 Sludge Treatment: <input type="checkbox"/> Anaerobic Digester <input type="checkbox"/> Storage Tank <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lime Stabilization <input type="checkbox"/> Lagoon <input type="checkbox"/> Aerobic Digester <input type="checkbox"/> Air or Heat Drying <input type="checkbox"/> Composting <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Attach Description)		
9.6 Sludge use or disposal: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land Application <input type="checkbox"/> Contract Hauler <input type="checkbox"/> Hauled to Another Treatment Facility <input type="checkbox"/> Solid Waste Landfill <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Disposal (Sludge Disposal Lagoon, Sludge Held For More Than Two Years) <input type="checkbox"/> Incineration <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Attach Explanation Sheet) _____		
9.7 Person responsible for hauling sludge to disposal facility: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> By Applicant <input type="checkbox"/> By Others (complete below)		
NAME By Applicant		EMAIL ADDRESS
ADDRESS	CITY	STATE ZIP CODE
CONTACT PERSON	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE	PERMIT NO. MO-
9.8 Sludge use or disposal facility: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> By Applicant <input type="checkbox"/> By Others (Complete below)		
NAME By Applicant		EMAIL ADDRESS
ADDRESS	CITY	STATE ZIP CODE
CONTACT PERSON	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE	PERMIT NO. MO-
9.9 Does the sludge or biosolids disposal comply with Federal Sludge Regulation 40 CFR 503? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No (Explain)		
END OF PART A		

FACILITY NAME Versailles WWTF	PERMIT NO. MO- 0094927	OUTFALL NO. 1
PART B – ADDITIONAL APPLICATION INFORMATION		
10. COLLECTION SYSTEM		
10.1 Are there any municipal satellite collection systems connected to this facility? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No		
If yes, please list all connected to this facility, contact phone number and length of each collection system		
FACILITY	CONTACT PHONE NUMBER	LENGTH OF SYSTEM (FEET OR MILES)
10.2 Length of sanitary sewer collection system in miles (If available, include totals from satellite collection systems) <u>20</u> miles		
10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		
If yes, briefly explain any steps underway or planned to minimize inflow and infiltration: The City is waiting on USDA to release money for our I&I phase of the wastewater upgrades. We believe that the money should come to us by no later than the end of October 2019. It is estimated that over half of the I&I flow may be from the private land owner services, in the form of poor condition (cracks and off set joints) sewer service laterals and foundation drains connected to the sewer service laterals. The staff has done smoke testing over the town and found some problems to the private side. The City has made land owners fix what problems they have found.		
11. BYPASSING		
Does any bypassing occur anywhere in the collection system or at the treatment facility? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
If yes, explain: Water levels rise in the sewer system during periods of heavy rains and when the ground is already saturated with moisture. We have located the problem areas and are working on fixing them, with the biggest problem we believe at Walnut Street. Here we have a 10 inch and a 8 inch line coming into the same manhole and trying to leave through a 8 inch main. We are planning to fix this area by installing a bigger main all the way from Walnut St. to across Highway 5 and hooking on to our 24 interceptor line. We are hopeful that this can begin as soon as the I&I phase is completed.		
12. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PERFORMED BY CONTRACTOR(S)		
Are any operational or maintenance aspects (related to wastewater treatment and effluent quality) of the treatment works the responsibility of the contractor?		
Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
If Yes, list the name, address, telephone number and status of each contractor and describe the contractor's responsibilities. (Attach additional pages if necessary.)		
NAME Alliance Water Resources		
MAILING ADDRESS 206 S Keene Street Columbia, Mo.		
TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE 573-874-8080	EMAIL ADDRESS info@alliancewater.com	
RESPONSIBILITIES OF CONTRACTOR Day to day operations of the WWTF and the collection system, performing operations as well as maintenance. They also coordinate the larger maintenance and replacement of equipment with the City.		
13. SCHEDULED IMPROVEMENTS AND SCHEDULES OF IMPLEMENTATION		
Provide information about any uncompleted implementation schedule or uncompleted plans for improvements that will affect the wastewater treatment, effluent quality, or design capacity of the treatment works. If the treatment works has several different implementation schedules or is planning several improvements, submit separate responses for each. There is one improvement at the WWTF, We are looking into diffused air systems and going away from the rotor (brush) system. We are now trying to get some grant money for this. The City has hired MECO engineering for this project. We are shooting for this to be done by the first of the year (2020).		

FACILITY NAME Versailles WWTF		PERMIT NO. MO- 0094927		OUTFALL NO. 1			
PART B – ADDITIONAL APPLICATION INFORMATION							
14. EFFLUENT TESTING DATA							
Applicants must provide effluent testing data for the following parameters. Provide the indicated effluent data for each outfall through which effluent is discharged . Do not include information of combined sewer overflows in this section. All information reported must be based on data collected through analysis conducted using 40 CFR Part 136 methods. In addition, this data must comply with QA/QC requirements of 40 CFR Part 136 and other appropriate QA/QC requirements for standard methods for analytes not addressed by 40 CFR Part 136. At a minimum, effluent testing data must be based on at least three samples and must be no more than four and one-half years apart. See 40 CFR 136.3 for sufficiently sensitive methods: https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID=2d29852e2dcdf91badc043bd5fc3d4df&mc=true&node=se40.25.136_13&rqn=div8							
Outfall Number							
PARAMETER	MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE		AVERAGE DAILY VALUE				
	Value	Units	Value	Units	Number of Samples		
pH (Minimum)	6.9	S.U.	7.2	S.U.	365		
pH (Maximum)	8.5	S.U.	7.9	S.U.	365		
Flow Rate	2.21	MGD	.57	MGD	365		
*For pH report a minimum and a maximum daily value							
POLLUTANT	MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE		AVERAGE DAILY DISCHARGE			ANALYTICAL METHOD	ML/MDL
	Conc.	Units	Conc.	Units	Number of Samples		
Conventional and Nonconventional Compounds							
BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (Report One)	BOD ₅	4.50	mg/L	1.79	mg/L	48	5210-B
	CBOD ₅		mg/L		mg/L		
E. COLI		6.7	#/100 mL	1.8	#/100 mL	53	SM 9223 B
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS (TSS)		2.95	mg/L	1.79	mg/L	53	2540-D
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS			mg/L		mg/L		
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN			mg/L		mg/L		
NITRITES + NITRATES			mg/L		mg/L		
AMMONIA AS N		7.1	mg/L	0.96	mg/L	12	SM 4500-NH3-D
CHLORINE* (TOTAL RESIDUAL, TRC)			mg/L		mg/L		
DISSOLVED OXYGEN		10.6	mg/L	7.6	mg/L	365	EPA 1664
OIL and GREASE			mg/L		mg/L		
OTHER: _____			mg/L		mg/L		
*Report only if facility chlorinates							
END OF PART B							

FACILITY NAME Versailles WWTF	PERMIT NO. MO- 0094927	OUTFALL NO. 1
----------------------------------	---------------------------	------------------

PART C – CERTIFICATION

15. ELECTRONIC DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (eDMR) SUBMISSION SYSTEM

Per 40 CFR Part 127 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Electronic Reporting Rule, reporting of effluent limits and monitoring shall be submitted by the permittee via an electronic system to ensure timely, complete, accurate, and nationally-consistent set of data. **One of the following must be checked in order for this application to be considered complete.** Please visit <https://dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-2204-f.pdf> to access the eDMR application.

- ☐ - You have completed and submitted with this permit application the required documentation to participate in the eDMR system.
- ☒ - You have previously submitted the required documentation to participate in the eDMR system and/or you are currently using the eDMR system.
- ☐ - You have submitted a written request for a waiver from electronic reporting. See instructions for further information regarding waivers.

16. JETPAY

Permit fees may be paid online by credit card or eCheck through a system called JetPay. Use the URL provided to access JetPay and make an online payment.

New Site Specific Permit: <https://magic.collectorsolutions.com/magic-ui/payments/mo-natural-resources/591/>
 Construction Permits: <https://magic.collectorsolutions.com/magic-ui/payments/mo-natural-resources/592/>
 Modification Fee: <https://magic.collectorsolutions.com/magic-ui/payments/mo-natural-resources/596/>

17. CERTIFICATION

All applicants must complete the Certification Section. This certification must be signed by an officer of the company or city official. All applicants must complete all applicable sections as explained in the Application Overview. By signing this certification statement, applicants confirm that they have reviewed the entire form and have completed all sections that apply to the facility for which this application is submitted.

ALL APPLICANTS MUST COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATION.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

PRINTED NAME Terry L. Silvey	OFFICIAL TITLE (MUST BE AN OFFICER OF THE COMPANY OR CITY OFFICIAL) Mayor
---------------------------------	--

SIGNATURE 

TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE 573-378-4634

DATE SIGNED 9/30/19

Upon request of the permitting authority, you must submit any other information necessary to assess wastewater treatment practices at the treatment works or identify appropriate permitting requirements.

Send Completed Form to:

Department of Natural Resources
 Water Protection Program
 ATTN: NPDES Permits and Engineering Section
 P.O. Box 176
 Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176

END OF PART C

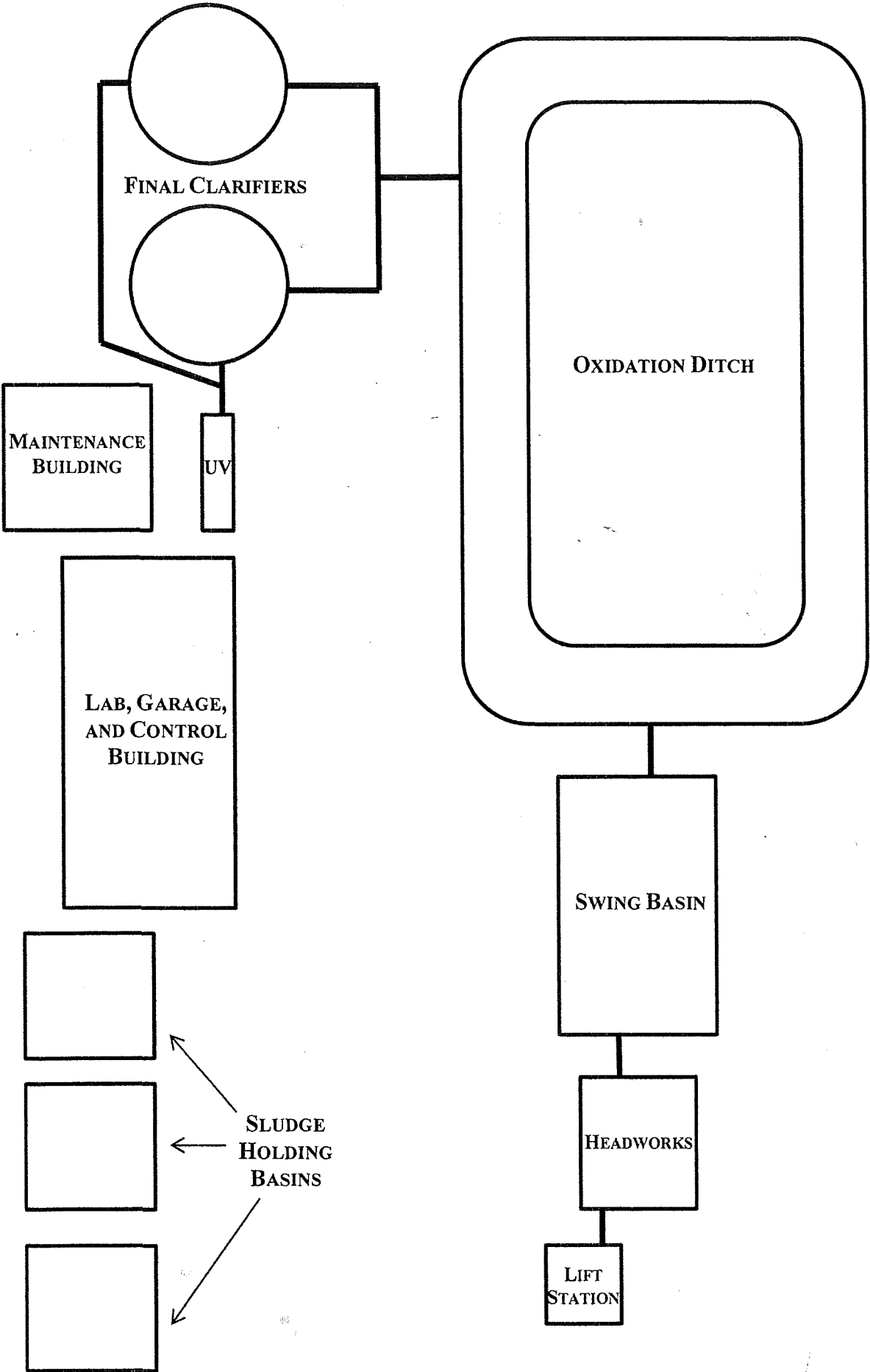
REFER TO THE APPLICATION OVERVIEW TO DETERMINE WHICH PARTS OF FORM B2 YOU MUST COMPLETE.

Do not complete the remainder of this application, unless at least one of the following statements applies to your facility:

1. Your facility design flow is equal to or greater than 1,000,000 gallons per day.
2. Your facility is a pretreatment treatment works.
3. Your facility is a combined sewer system.

Submittal of an incomplete application may result in the application being returned. Permit fees for returned applications shall be forfeited. Permit fees for applications being processed by the department that are withdrawn by the applicant shall be forfeited.

APPENDIX – FLOW DIAGRAM:



Morgan County, MO

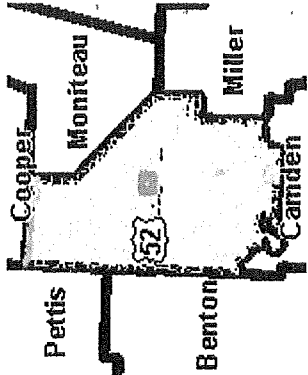


1 in. = 1303 ft. 

2,606.2 0 1,303.10 2,606.2 Feet

This Cadastral Map is for informational purposes only. It does not purport to represent a property boundary survey of the parcels shown and shall not be used for conveyances or the establishment of property boundaries.

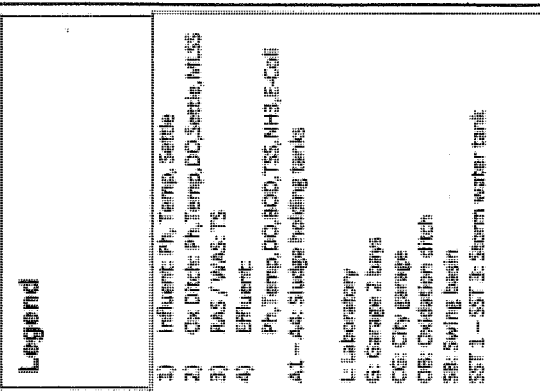
THIS MAP IS NOT TO BE USED FOR NAVIGATION



Legend

Notes

Instream:
Chloride, Do, Hardness total, pH,
sulfate

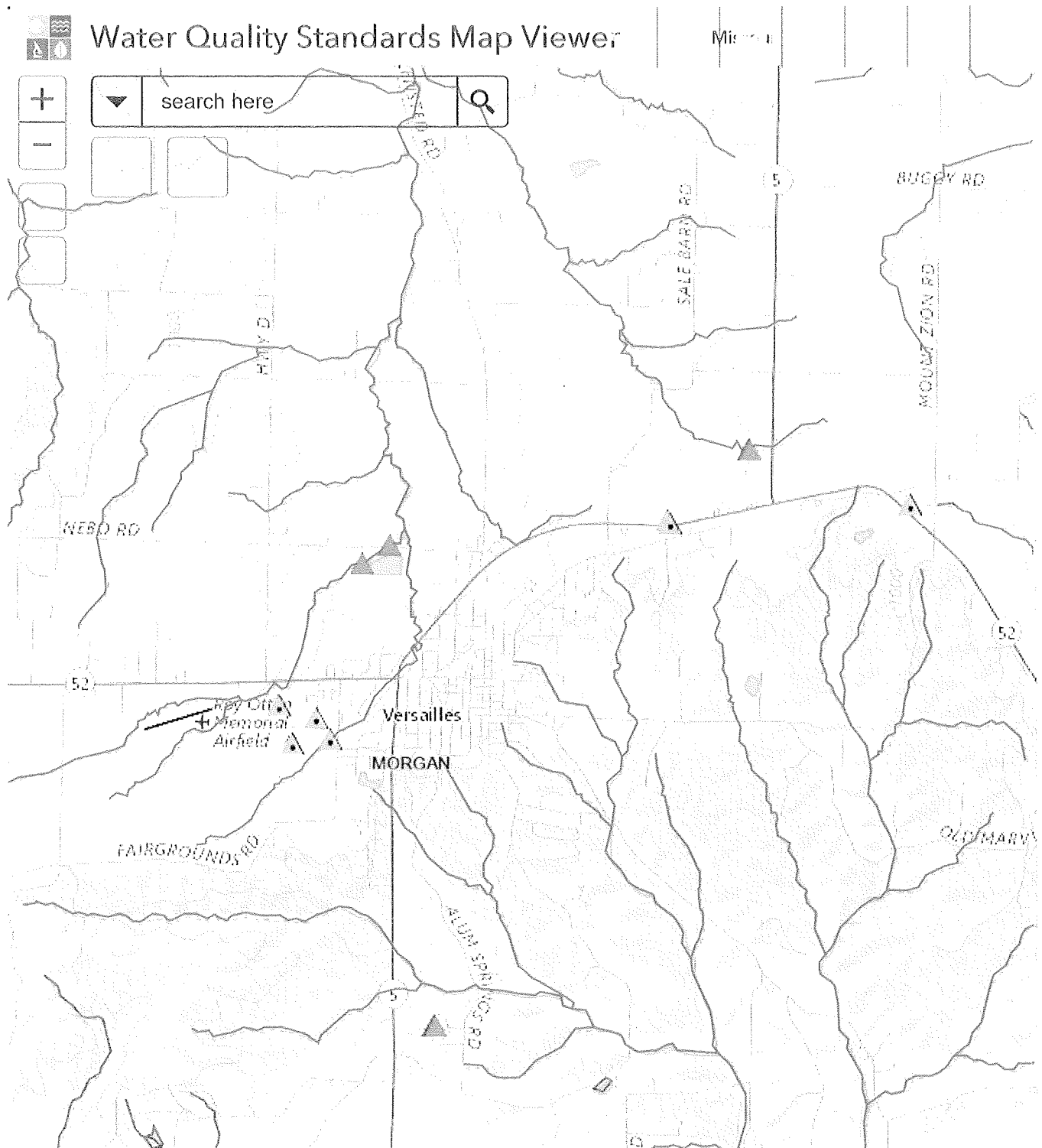


Notes

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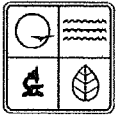
THIS MAP IS NOT TO BE USED FOR NAVIGATION

THIS MAP IS NOT TO BE USED FOR NAVIGATION



RECEIVED

OCT 01 2019



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

Water Protection Program

**FORM I - PERMIT APPLICATION FOR
OPERATION OF WASTEWATER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS**

FOR AGENCY USE ONLY

PERMIT NUMBER

MO -

DATE RECEIVED

INSTRUCTIONS: The following forms must be submitted with Form I: **FORM B or B2** for domestic wastewater.
FORM A for industrial wastewater.

1. FACILITY INFORMATION

1.1 Facility Name Versailles Wastewater Treatment Facility (WWTF)	1.2 Permit Number MO- 0094927
1.3 Type of wastewater to be irrigated: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Domestic <input type="checkbox"/> Municipal <input type="checkbox"/> State/National Park <input type="checkbox"/> Seasonal business <input type="checkbox"/> Municipal with Pretreatment Program or Significant Industrial Users <input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain) _____ SIC Codes (list all that apply, in order of importance) _____	
1.4 Months when the business or enterprise will operate or generate wastewater: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 12 months per year <input type="checkbox"/> Part of year (list Months): _____	
1.5 This system is designed for: <input type="checkbox"/> No-discharge <input type="checkbox"/> Partial irrigation when feasible and discharge rest of time. <input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation during recreation season (April ~ October) and discharge during November ~ March. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (explain) <u>We will haul and spread sludge as needed as long as weather permits us to land apply.</u>	
1.6 List the Facility outfalls which will be applicable to the irrigation system. Outfall Numbers: <u>001</u>	

2. STORAGE BASINS

2.1 Number of storage basins: <u>3</u>
Type of basin: <input type="checkbox"/> Steel <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Concrete <input type="checkbox"/> Fiberglass <input type="checkbox"/> Earthen <input type="checkbox"/> Earthen with membrane liner

3. LAND APPLICATION SYSTEM

3.1 Number of irrigation sites <u>5</u>	Total Acres <u>92</u>
Location: <u>NE</u> 1/4, <u>SE</u> 1/4, <u>NE</u> 1/4, Sec <u>36</u> T <u>43</u> R <u>18</u> <u>Morgan</u> County <u>12</u> Acres	
Location: <u>NE</u> 1/4, <u>SE</u> 1/4, <u>NE</u> 1/4, Sec <u>38</u> T <u>43</u> R <u>17</u> <u>Morgan</u> County <u>80</u> Acres	
Attach pages as needed.	
3.2 Attach a site map showing topography, storage basins, irrigation sites, property boundary, streams, wells, roads, dwellings, and other pertinent features.	
3.3 Type of vegetation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grass hay <input type="checkbox"/> Pasture <input type="checkbox"/> Timber <input type="checkbox"/> Row crops <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe) _____	
3.4 Wastewater flow (dry weather) gallons/day: Average annual: <u>.503</u> Seasonal <u>.49</u> Off-season <u>.55</u> Months of seasonal flow: <u>9</u>	

3. LAND APPLICATION SYSTEM (continued)

3.5 Land Application rate per acre (design flow including 1 in 10 year stormwater flows):

Design: 2 inches/year _____ inches/hour _____ inches/day _____ inches/weekActual: .25 inches/year _____ inches/hour _____ inches/day _____ inches/weekTotal Irrigation per year (gallons): 368000 Design 96000 Actual

Actual months used for Irrigation (check all that apply):

☐ Jan ☐ Feb ☐ Mar ☒ Apr ☒ May ☒ Jun ☐ Jul ☐ Aug ☒ Sep ☐ Oct ☒ Nov ☐ Dec

3.6 Land Application Rate is based on:

☒ Nutrient Management Plan (N&P)☐ Hydraulic Loading☐ Other (describe) _____3.7 Equipment type: ☐ Sprinklers ☐ Gated pipe ☐ Center pivot ☐ Traveling gun ☒ Other (describe) Sludge TruckEquipment Flow Capacity: 2,400p/tr Gallons per hour _____ Total hours of operation per year _____3.8 **Public Use Areas.** Public access shall not be allowed to public use area irrigation sites when application is occurring. Method of Public Access Restriction:☒ Site is Fenced☐ Wastewater disinfection prior to irrigation☒ Site is not for public use☐ Other (describe): _____

3.9 Separation distance (in feet) from the outside edge of the wetted irrigation area to nearby down gradient features:

100 Permanent flowing stream 300 Losing Stream 50 Intermittent (wet weather) stream 300 Lake or pond50 Property boundary 150 Dwellings 300 Water supply well _____ Other (describe) _____

3.10 The facility must develop and retain an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan for the irrigation system.

Date of O&M Plan: 2016**4. CERTIFICATION**

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this application and all attachments and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining this information, I believe that the information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.

OWNER OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE

Terry L. Silvey

OFFICIAL TITLE

Mayor

EMAIL ADDRESS

insman@sbcglobal.net

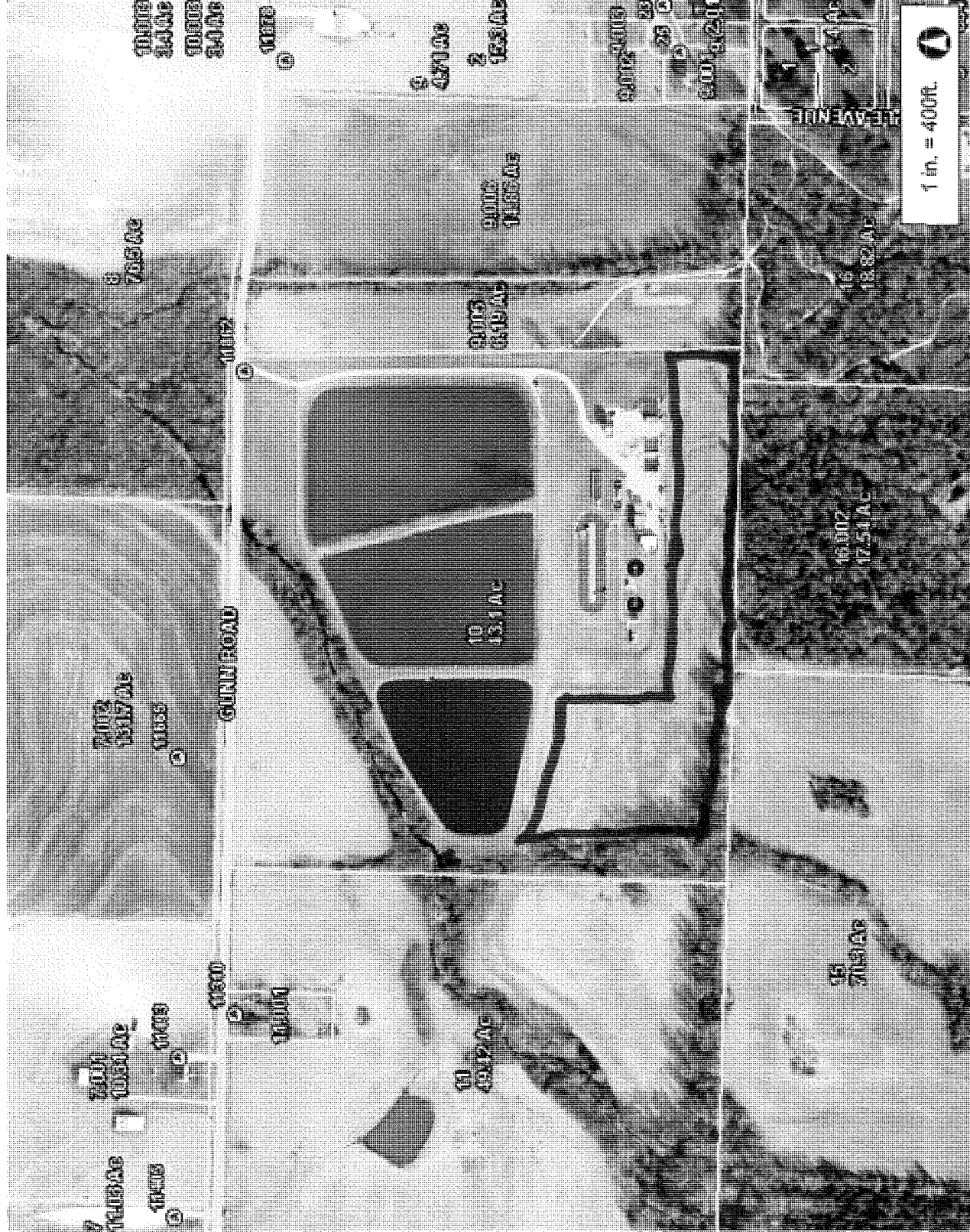
TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE

573-378-4634

SIGNATURE

DATE SIGNED

Morgan County, MO

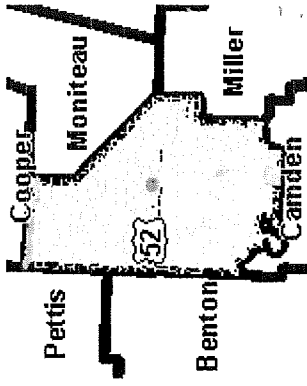


1 in. = 400 ft.

800.0 0 400.00 800.0 Feet

This Cadastral Map is for informational purposes only. It does not purport to represent a property boundary survey of the parcels shown and shall not be used for conveyances or the establishment of property boundaries.

THIS MAP IS NOT TO BE USED FOR NAVIGATION



Legend

Address Point

Road

<all other values>

INTERSTATE

STATE HIGHWAY

US HIGHWAY

Railroad

Parcel

Parcel Number/Acres

Stream

County Boundary

Xe out Fall 201

- land we apply sludge on

Notes

4.

4.

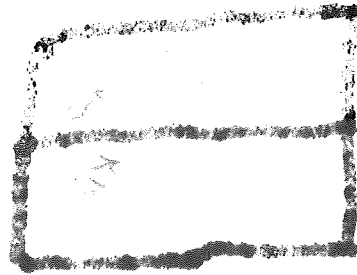
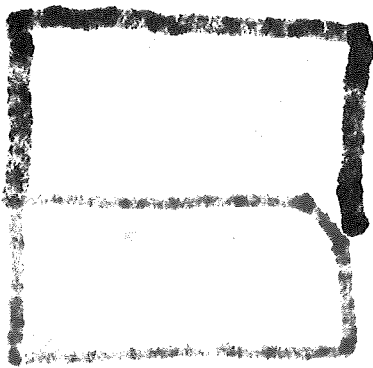
Google Maps

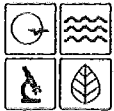
Klein 1, Klein 2 and Klein 3 Fields are marked



Imagery ©2019 Google, Imagery ©2019 Maxar Technologies, USDA Farm Service Agency, Map data ©2019 200 ft

Klein 1E	20 Acres	NE 1/4, SE 1/4	Sec. 38,	T 43,	R 17
Klein 1W	20 Acres	NE 1/4, SE 1/4	Sec 38,	T 43,	R 17
Klein 2	20 Acres	NE 1/4, SE 1/4	Sec 38,	T 43,	R 17
Klein 3	20 Acres	NE 1/4, SE 1/4	Sec 38,	T 43,	R 17





MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM
FINANCIAL QUESTIONNAIRE

RECEIVED
OCT 01 2019
Water Protection Program

NOTE ► FINANCIAL INFORMATION THAT IS NOT PROVIDED THROUGH THIS FORM WILL BE OBTAINED BY THE DEPARTMENT FROM READILY AVAILABLE SOURCES.

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

FACILITY NAME

Versailles Wastewater Treatment Facility

PERMIT NUMBER

#MO- 0094927

CITY

Versailles

COUNTY

Morgan

2. GENERAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION (ALL FACILITIES)

2.1 Number of connections to the facility: Residential 1093 Commercial 174 Industrial 1

2.2 Current sewer user rate (Based on a 5,000 gallon per month usage):

\$47.00

2.3 Current annual operating costs for the facility (excludes depreciation):

\$587,413.43

2.4 Bond rating (if applicable):

(ORIGINAL)

2.5 Bonding capacity:

8.9 Bonding Capacity

CURRENT: 4,554,200.63 AVAILABLE

2.6 Current outstanding debt relating to wastewater collection and treatment:

\$4,315,799.37

2.7 Amount within the current user rate used toward payments on outstanding debt related to the current wastewater infrastructure:

\$14,312.00 PER MONTH

2.8 Attach any relevant financial statements.

(ATTACHED)

3. FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED FROM MUNICIPALITIES

3.1 Municipality's Full Market Property Value:

(ATTACHED)

28,654,037

3.2 Municipality's Overall Net Debt:

6,518,444.98

3.3 Municipality's Property Tax Revenues (levied) [A]:

GENERAL TAX PURPOSES

\$190,000 - REAL ESTATE

3.4 Municipality's Property Tax Revenues (collected) [B]:

\$0.9487 PER \$100

\$150,000 PERSONAL PROPERTY

3.5 Municipality's Property Tax Collection Rate ([B]/[A]):

ASSESSED VALUATION

\$0.9487 PER \$100

4. FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED FROM SEWER DISTRICTS

4.1 Total connections to the sewer district: Residential 1093 Commercial 174 Industrial 1

4.2 When facilities require upgrades, how are the costs divided? Will the homes connected to the upgraded facility bear the costs?

YES

Will the costs be divided across the sewer district? n/a

WASTE WATER PLANT + EQUIPMENT UPGRADED

COST PAID + PASSED ON TO

HOME CONNECTED TO FACILITY UPGRADES

2016, 2017 + 2018 -

5. ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS (ALL FACILITIES)

WATER LINE + COMBINATION COMPLETED PROJECT: \$1,800,000

5.1 Provide a list of major infrastructure or other investments in environmental projects. Include project timing and costs and indicate any possible overlap or complications (attach sheets as necessary):

WASTE WATER I + II PROJECT ABOUT TO BEGIN 2018 - 2 million EXPENSE ESTIMATED

WARNING ON RURAL DEVELOPMENT OK TO BID OUT PROJECT AT ANY TIME

5.2 Provide a list of any other relevant local community economic conditions that may impact the ability to afford new permit requirements (attach sheets as necessary):

OUR CURRENT LLMA IS OVER 53% LOW INCOME
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IS ROUGHLY \$33,000

WITH CURRENT PROJECTS + PROJECTS COMPLETED - HOUSEHOLD CAN'T SUSTAIN
MUCH HIGHER MONTHLY WATER/SEWER RATES

6. CERTIFICATION

FINANCIAL CONTACT

Bobbie Garber

OFFICIAL TITLE

FINANCIAL OFFICER

EMAIL ADDRESS

bobbieatcityhall@att.net

TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE

573-539-2577

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

OWNER OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE

MAYOR TERRY SILVEY

OFFICIAL TITLE

MAYOR TERRY SILVEY

SIGNATURE

Terry L. Silvey

DATE SIGNED

9/23/19

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE FINANCIAL QUESTIONNAIRE

The Financial Questionnaire is to be completed by municipalities, sewer districts, and water supply districts when filing for renewal of their Missouri State Operating Permit. The Financial Questionnaire is to be submitted as an attachment to FORM B: APPLICATION FOR OPERATING PERMIT FOR FACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 100,000 GALLONS PER DAY and FORM B2: APPLICATION FOR OPERATING PERMIT FOR FACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW MORE THAN 100,000 GALLONS PER DAY.

1. GENERAL INFORMATION – Provide the name by which the facility is locally known, the Missouri State Operating Permit number, and the city and county where the facility is located.
2. GENERAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION (ALL FACILITIES) – Municipalities, sewer districts, and water supply districts are to complete.
 - 2.1 Self-explanatory.
 - 2.2 Provide the rate that a household would be charged for sewer service if they use 5,000 gallons per month.
 - 2.3 Provide the cost to operate and maintain the wastewater facility annually.
 - 2.4 Bond ratings can be found here: <https://emma.msrb.org/IssuerHomePage/HomepagesForC6?cusip6=795169>.
 - 2.5 General obligation bond capacity allowed by constitution: Cities = up to 20% of taxable tangible property; Sewer districts = up to 5% of taxable tangible property.
 - 2.6 Provide the amount of debt owed on wastewater collection and treatment. Debt information is typically available from your community's annual financial statements
 - 2.7 Provide the amount of a user's monthly sewer bill that is used toward debt owed on wastewater collection and treatment. This may be a percentage or dollar amount.
 - 2.8 Self-explanatory.
3. FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED FROM MUNICIPALITIES – Municipalities are to complete.
 - 3.1 Full Market Property Value is typically available through your community or state assessor's office. ✓
 - 3.2 Debt information is typically available from your community's annual financial statements.
 - 3.3 Property tax revenues are typically available from your community's annual financial statements. Property tax rates for Missouri communities can be found in the annual auditor's report: <https://app.auditor.mo.gov/AuditReports/AudRpt2.aspx?id=31>.
 - 3.4 Property Taxes Levied = (Real Property Assessed Value) * (Property Tax Rate). This information is typically available through your community or state assessor's office and your community's annual financial statements. Property tax rates for Missouri communities can be found in the annual auditor's report: <https://app.auditor.mo.gov/AuditReports/AudRpt2.aspx?id=31>.
 - 3.5 Property tax collection rate = (Property Tax Revenues) + (Property Taxes Levied).
4. FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED FROM SEWER DISTRICTS – Sewer Districts and Water Supply Districts are to complete.
 - 4.1-4.2 Self-explanatory.
5. ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS (ALL FACILITIES) – Municipalities, sewer districts, and water supply districts are to complete.
 - 5.1-5.2 Self-explanatory.
6. CERTIFICATION – Provide the name and contact information for the individual who can respond to financial information requests for your community. This form must be signed by your community's "owner" or "authorized representative". The owner for a municipality is either the principal executive officer or ranking elected official.

If there are any questions concerning this form or your Missouri State Operating Permit, contact the Department of Natural Resources, Water Protection Program, Operating Permits Section at 800-361-4827 or 573-751-6825.

2018 NOTICE OF EXTENDED VALUATIONS
MORGAN COUNTY, MISSOURI

CITY OF VERSAILLES

Real Estate—Residential	\$	10,488,440
Real Estate—Agricultural & Horticultural	\$	14,750
Real Estate—Utility, Industrial, etc.	\$	9,325,530 ✓
Total Real	\$	19,828,720

Personal Property	\$	7,218,254
-------------------	----	-----------

Total Local Valuation	\$	27,046,974
-----------------------	----	------------

State Assessed Railroad & Utilities

Real	\$	1,363,188 ✓
Personal	\$	243,875
Total State Assessed	\$	1,607,063


TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATIONS	\$	28,654,037
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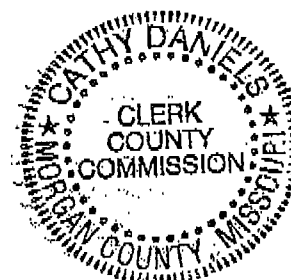
MORGAN COUNTY MISSOURI
December 31, 2018 Extended Valuations

NEW CONSTRUCTION & IMPROVEMENTS

Real Estate	160,600
Personal Growth	0
Total New Construction & Improvements	160,600

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the
seal of the County Commission of Morgan County at my office in
Versailles, MO, this 10/12/2018


Cathy Daniels, Morgan County Clerk



Income Statement Period:

08/01/2019 Thru 08/31/2019

		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
General								
Revenue								
1 1	400	Real Estate Tax	0.00	102600.48	0.00	105234.92	140000.00	37399.52 26%
1 1	401	Personal Property Tax	0.00	40355.82	0.00	43756.69	50000.00	9644.18 19%
1 1	402	Prior Year Taxes	2380.27	13424.54	1227.73	9894.30	11000.00	-2424.54 -22%
1 1	403	Financial Institution Tax	0.00	2223.06	0.00	6102.31	6000.00	3776.94 62%
1 1	404	Penalties & Interest	1401.89	8968.00	1086.40	9028.68	13000.00	4032.00 31%
1 1	405	Railroad & Utility Tax	0.00	35823.63	0.00	35229.65	10000.00	-25823.63 ****%
1 1	406	Franchise Tax	13447.28	97208.29	16473.82	130595.04	140000.00	42791.71 30%
1 1	407	Telephone Tax	0.00	6600.00	0.00	3300.00	5500.00	-1100.00 -20%
1 1	408	Sales Tax	59254.80	477213.87	53858.06	435474.68	665000.00	187786.13 28%
1 1	409	Gasoline Tax	8711.41	65660.20	8782.43	66750.74	100000.00	34339.80 34%
1 1	410	Interest	115.89	3601.51	127.66	2632.09	3500.00	-101.51 -2%
1 1	411	Merchant's License	975.00	5270.00	1535.00	5185.00	8000.00	2730.00 34%
1 1	412	Car License	0.00	3768.00	0.00	3420.00	4500.00	732.00 16%
1 1	413	Permits	400.00	1932.50	75.00	635.00	1000.00	-932.50 -93%
1 1	416	Golf Cart License	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.00	0.00	0.00 0%
1 1	419	Trash Commission	138.21	1145.46	133.96	1221.96	1500.00	354.54 23%
1 1	421	Miscellaneous	0.00	85.42	32.73	32.73	500.00	414.58 82%
1 1	427	Civic Center Rent	35.00	-100.00	145.00	-155.00	500.00	600.00 120%
1 1	428	Donations	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.15 0%
1 1	430	Sale of Assets	0.00	1985.20	282.06	282.06	0.00	-1985.20 0%
Total for function 1 Administration			86859.75	867766.13	83759.85	858645.85	1160000.00	292233.87 25%
1 3	414	Court Fines	3195.27	24364.58	3303.70	23029.25	40000.00	15635.42 39%
1 3	415	Dog Impoundment	0.00	310.00	30.00	62.00	150.00	-160.00 ****%
1 3	416	Dog License	115.00	545.00	90.00	620.00	500.00	-45.00 -9%
1 3	418	Post Commission	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	500.00 100%
1 3	420	Cat Licenses	0.00	110.00	20.00	100.00	150.00	40.00 26%
1 3	421	Miscellaneous	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.00	0.00	0.00 0%
1 3	424	Safety Grant	0.00	0.00	0.00	725.00	1200.00	1200.00 100%
1 3	425	Accident Reports	24.00	138.00	17.00	138.00	200.00	62.00 31%
1 3	435	Resource Officer	0.00	72422.99	15711.34	15711.34	72422.99	0.00 0%

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		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
Total for function 3 Police		3334.27	97890.57	19172.04	40396.59	115122.99	17232.42	14%
1 5 430	Airplane Gas Pump	1873.70	6614.00	2215.45	11262.00	15500.00	8886.00	57%
1 5 436	Hanger Rental	0.00	6500.00	1900.00	6200.00	7000.00	500.00	7%
Total for function 5 Airport		1873.70	13114.00	4115.45	17462.00	22500.00	9386.00	41%
1 6 421	Miscellaneous	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 428	Donations	0.00	0.00	0.00	2500.00	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 442	Loan Proceeds	0.00	0.00	315000.00	315000.00	0.00	0.00	0%
Total for function 6 Fire Department		0.00	0.00	315000.00	317505.00	0.00	0.00	0%
1 7 428	Donations	0.00	0.00	0.00	61.88	0.00	0.00	0%
Total for function 7 Regulatory Control		0.00	0.00	0.00	61.88	0.00	0.00	0%
Total Revenue		92067.72	978770.70	422047.34	1234071.32	1297622.99	318852.29	24%
Operating Expenses								
1 2 500	Salaries	17001.46	141320.56	16058.10	142370.65	207639.20	66318.64	31%
1 2 501	Payroll Taxes	1399.64	11596.64	1330.39	11927.26	16251.60	4654.96	28%
1 2 502	Employee Insurance	5716.21	45743.68	5322.90	46159.93	68492.88	22749.20	33%
1 2 503	Deferred Comp	782.78	6160.96	616.48	6639.80	10736.54	4575.58	42%
1 2 504	Alderman Fees	400.00	3200.00	400.00	3200.00	4800.00	1600.00	33%
1 2 505	Collector's Commission	74.87	6222.75	37.32	6381.87	6500.00	277.25	4%
1 2 509	Office Supplies	502.11	1883.69	347.30	4455.97	5000.00	3116.31	62%
1 2 510	Building Repair/Maint.	1293.67	11708.98	1483.37	13498.23	17500.00	5791.02	33%
1 2 511	Equipment Repair/Maint.	0.00	1862.56	0.00	1564.63	3500.00	1637.44	46%
1 2 512	Vehicle Repair & Maintena	0.00	5.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	-5.74	0%
1 2 513	Utilities	1095.30	8327.63	677.24	5797.03	7000.00	-1327.63	-18%
1 2 514	Telephone	317.82	2613.28	227.68	1765.03	3000.00	386.72	12%
1 2 515	Printing & Postage	511.75	4673.94	2536.67	8320.48	7000.00	2326.06	33%
1 2 516	Conferences & Training	130.00	4202.27	0.00	2462.86	3500.00	-702.27	-20%
1 2 517	Special Events	0.00	6374.97	150.98	7188.73	10000.00	3625.03	36%

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		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
1 2 518	Audit & Legal	0.00	15169.17	903.00	16323.98	16000.00	830.83	5%
1 2 519	Insurance	0.00	9898.07	0.00	9795.06	11657.65	1759.58	15%
1 2 520	Fuel	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.81	0.00	0.00	0%
1 2 521	Office Equipment	0.00	0.00	0.00	495.66	2500.00	2500.00	100%
1 2 523	New Equipment	0.00	0.00	0.00	298.87	2500.00	2500.00	100%
1 2 524	Miscellaneous	25.98	929.67	5163.00	8912.61	4000.00	3070.33	76%
1 2 526	Uniforms	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1000.00	1000.00	100%
1 2 529	First Aid Supplies	25.38	64.68	0.00	47.59	100.00	35.32	35%
1 2 531	Supplies	144.85	1501.89	157.22	1914.10	2000.00	498.11	24%
1 2 532	Economic Development	750.00	6075.50	750.00	6268.40	9000.00	2924.50	32%
1 2 533	Street Lights	5196.61	38080.46	5198.77	41431.00	55000.00	16919.54	30%
1 2 534	Computer Software	0.00	5909.00	0.00	1854.99	3000.00	-2909.00	-96%
1 2 535	Credit Card Expense	513.57	3621.59	404.93	2856.87	4500.00	878.41	19%
1 2 541	Trash Clean Up	0.00	0.00	0.00	654.24	1000.00	1000.00	100%
1 2 598	Debt Services	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	23740.05	23740.05	100%
1 2 599	Transfer Out	0.00	23984.23	0.00	0.00	10349.52	-13634.71	****%
Total for function 2 Administration		35882.00	361131.91	41765.35	352595.65	517267.44	156135.53	30%
1 3 500	Salaries	27609.44	257439.95	30428.55	266968.78	396287.20	138847.25	35%
1 3 501	Payroll Taxes	2300.66	22343.85	2446.37	21733.45	30886.72	8542.87	27%
1 3 502	Employee Insurance	6348.20	50785.60	6498.03	52580.58	83620.68	32835.08	39%
1 3 503	Deferred Comp	1063.04	9178.38	463.85	4280.29	8221.09	-957.29	-11%
1 3 506	Reserve Officers	2180.22	32850.00	1362.75	17176.81	25000.00	-7850.00	-31%
1 3 507	Holiday Pay	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11892.80	11892.80	100%
1 3 509	Office Supplies	0.00	204.13	0.00	537.33	1000.00	795.87	79%
1 3 510	Building Repair/Maint.	22.58	668.45	4796.00	5118.29	0.00	-668.45	0%
1 3 511	Equipment Repair/Maint	0.00	538.88	0.00	2057.81	2000.00	1461.12	73%
1 3 512	Vehicle Repair/Maint	502.67	6904.70	165.26	5326.79	8000.00	1095.30	13%
1 3 513	Utilities	356.19	2249.09	531.21	3061.05	4000.00	1750.91	43%
1 3 514	Telephone	476.65	3920.01	512.29	3156.94	4000.00	79.99	2%
1 3 516	Conferences & Training	767.89	3286.51	836.99	4761.97	6000.00	2713.49	45%
1 3 519	Insurance	25.00	32876.63	0.00	25825.04	26116.00	-6760.63	-25%
1 3 520	Fuel	1863.30	12408.36	1813.23	11306.77	20000.00	7591.64	37%
1 3 521	Office Equipment	0.00	3295.00	0.00	0.00	4000.00	705.00	17%
1 3 522	New Vehicles	-27814.00	35339.84	0.00	0.00	28814.00	-6525.84	-22%
1 3 523	New Equipment	920.16	11069.74	920.41	8190.87	15000.00	3930.26	26%
1 3 524	Miscellaneous	0.00	213.13	50.00	326.10	500.00	286.87	57%

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		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
1 3 525	911 Dispatching	2000.00	16000.00	2000.00	16000.00	24000.00	8000.00	33%
1 3 526	Uniforms	0.00	293.93	243.98	3961.99	6500.00	6206.07	95%
1 3 527	Prisoner Lodging	0.00	0.00	0.00	495.00	500.00	500.00	100%
1 3 528	Bullet Proof Vests	0.00	0.00	0.00	3524.98	4000.00	4000.00	100%
1 3 530	Ammunition	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4000.00	4000.00	100%
1 3 531	Supplies	0.00	1138.09	7.47	110.40	500.00	-638.09	***%
1 3 534	Computer Software	0.00	6567.00	0.00	6743.88	8000.00	1433.00	17%
1 3 561	Police Judge Salary	625.00	5000.00	625.00	5000.00	7500.00	2500.00	33%
1 3 563	State Unemployment	0.00	0.00	1600.00	1600.00	0.00	0.00	0%
1 3 564	Drug Task Force	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2500.00	2500.00	100%
Total for function 3 Police		19247.00	514571.27	55301.39	469845.12	732838.49	218267.22	29%
1 4 500	Salaries	0.00	0.00	3026.37	27056.14	0.00	0.00	0%
1 4 501	Payroll Taxes	0.00	0.00	226.73	2029.56	0.00	0.00	0%
1 4 502	Employee Insurance	0.00	0.00	590.73	5320.76	0.00	0.00	0%
1 4 503	Deferred Comp	0.00	0.00	211.84	1893.93	0.00	0.00	0%
1 4 507	Inmate Salaries	225.00	322.50	285.00	795.00	2000.00	1677.50	83%
1 4 509	Office Supplies	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00	100%
1 4 510	Building Repair/Maint	89.00	1159.83	2.37	2804.61	2000.00	840.17	42%
1 4 511	Equipment Repair/Maint	652.98	3992.27	240.34	2154.69	4000.00	7.73	0%
1 4 512	Vehicle Repair/Maint	462.50	1378.95	3573.11	5836.40	7000.00	5621.05	80%
1 4 513	Utilities	200.52	3576.45	374.21	3842.17	5500.00	1923.55	34%
1 4 516	Conferences & Training	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	250.00	250.00	100%
1 4 519	Insurance	0.00	7561.32	0.00	9881.95	9713.57	2152.25	22%
1 4 520	Fuel	1961.82	6725.24	1742.47	5733.66	10000.00	3274.76	32%
1 4 522	New Vehicles	0.00	38982.00	0.00	0.00	36000.00	-2982.00	-8%
1 4 523	New Equipment	0.00	5059.99	0.00	498.88	6000.00	940.01	15%
1 4 524	Miscellaneous	0.00	1376.31	25.00	25.00	500.00	-876.31	***%
1 4 526	Uniforms	0.00	0.00	321.16	981.56	0.00	0.00	0%
1 4 529	First Aid Supplies	37.16	156.15	0.00	142.69	150.00	-6.15	-4%
1 4 531	Supplies	207.54	623.92	318.71	518.87	2500.00	1876.08	75%
1 4 538	Salt / Sand	0.00	2919.89	0.00	360.00	3000.00	80.11	2%
1 4 542	Street Repair & Maint	452.51	1614.77	0.00	848.00	1500.00	-114.77	-7%
Total for function 4 Street		4289.03	75449.59	10938.04	70723.87	90213.57	14763.98	16%
1 5 510	Building Repair/Maint	584.16	596.66	0.00	352.89	1500.00	903.34	60%

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		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
1 5 511	Equipment Repair/Maint	21.98	2072.49	0.00	185.03	1000.00	-1072.49	****%
1 5 513	Utilities	145.97	1026.73	41.23	1911.65	2500.00	1473.27	58%
1 5 514	Telephone	71.91	659.74	68.70	599.41	1000.00	340.26	34%
1 5 519	Insurance	0.00	289.00	0.00	454.00	289.00	0.00	0%
1 5 520	Fuel	60.84	883.63	0.00	672.44	1000.00	116.37	11%
1 5 522	Air Plane Fuel	0.00	0.00	0.00	14238.51	15500.00	15500.00	100%
1 5 523	New Equipment	0.00	2850.00	0.00	0.00	10000.00	7150.00	71%
1 5 524	Miscellaneous	5.00	5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-5.00	0%
Total for function 5 Airport		889.86	8383.25	109.93	18413.93	32789.00	24405.75	74%
1 6 500	Firefighter Pay	0.00	0.00	3318.40	28206.40	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 501	Payroll Taxes	0.00	0.00	234.64	1998.10	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 502	Employee Insurance	0.00	0.00	590.73	5342.02	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 503	Deferre Comp	0.00	0.00	232.28	1974.38	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 509	Office Supplies	0.00	0.00	39.90	169.58	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 510	Building Repair/Maint.	0.00	0.00	48.05	11479.61	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 511	Equipment Repair/Maint.	0.00	0.00	682.92	5162.57	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 512	Vehicle Repair/Maint.	0.00	0.00	518.74	3471.68	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 513	Utilities	0.00	0.00	1011.86	7106.40	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 514	Telephone	0.00	0.00	101.58	769.76	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 516	Conferences & Training	0.00	0.00	242.81	3213.13	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 517	Special Events	0.00	0.00	0.00	184.20	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 519	Insurance	0.00	0.00	0.00	10189.04	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 520	Fuel	0.00	0.00	350.57	1297.36	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 521	Office Equipment	0.00	0.00	0.00	937.00	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 522	New Vehicles	0.00	0.00	382500.00	382500.00	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 523	New Equipment	0.00	0.00	29.99	13309.20	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 524	Miscellaneous	0.00	0.00	0.00	18.95	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 525	911 Dispatching	0.00	0.00	250.00	2000.00	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 531	Supplies	0.00	0.00	122.49	1592.87	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 545	Medical Director	0.00	0.00	0.00	600.00	0.00	0.00	0%
1 6 547	Medical Supplies	0.00	0.00	0.00	216.06	0.00	0.00	0%
Total for function 6 Fire Department		0.00	0.00	390274.96	481738.31	0.00	0.00	0%
1 7 500	Salaries	2085.63	16595.63	1998.84	14010.98	25480.00	8884.37	34%
1 7 501	Payroll Taxes	157.02	1248.01	150.38	856.16	1949.22	701.21	35%

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		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
1 7 502	Employee Insurance	634.82	5031.79	590.73	3524.38	7601.88	2570.09	33%
1 7 503	Deferred Comp	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1061.67	1061.67	100%
1 7 509	Office Supplies	12.99	25.97	21.14	306.99	350.00	324.03	92%
1 7 510	Building Repair/Maint.	0.00	88.00	10.29	10.29	200.00	112.00	56%
1 7 511	Equipment Repair/Maint.	0.00	29.03	0.00	0.00	200.00	170.97	85%
1 7 512	Vehicle Repair/Maint.	409.37	638.00	189.35	1224.77	1000.00	362.00	36%
1 7 514	Telephone	52.97	377.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	-377.99	0%
1 7 516	Conferences & Training	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.00	500.00	500.00	100%
1 7 520	Fuel	126.19	808.52	173.16	892.28	1300.00	491.48	37%
1 7 521	Office Equipment	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	200.00	200.00	100%
1 7 523	New Equipment	0.00	243.01	0.00	0.00	200.00	-43.01	-21%
1 7 524	Miscellaneous	0.00	21.44	0.00	0.00	300.00	278.56	92%
1 7 526	Uniforms	0.00	0.00	11.90	481.86	500.00	500.00	100%
1 7 536	Boots	0.00	105.76	0.00	0.00	150.00	44.24	29%
1 7 557	Vet Bills	0.00	1134.73	30.00	30.00	200.00	-934.73	****%
1 7 558	Food / Litter	0.00	306.72	0.00	0.00	150.00	-156.72	****%
Total for function 7 Regulatory Control		3478.99	26654.60	3175.79	21357.71	41342.77	14688.17	35%
Total Operating Expenses		63786.88	986190.62	501565.46	1414674.59	1414451.27	428260.65	30%
GAIN		28280.84	-7419.92	-79518.12	-180603.27	-116828.28	-109408.36	

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		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
Water								
Revenue								
2 1 410	Interest	426.95	4253.07	516.40	3146.18	2500.00	-1753.07	-70%
2 1 421	Miscellaneous	3.50	967.50	0.00	574.12	1000.00	32.50	3%
2 1 439	Water Revenue	33475.18	260161.30	34114.17	276468.30	400000.00	139838.70	34%
2 1 440	Reconnect Fees	549.35	4298.62	684.24	6036.66	9000.00	4701.38	52%
Total for function 1 Water		34454.98	269680.49	35314.81	286225.26	412500.00	142819.51	34%
Total Revenue		34454.98	269680.49	35314.81	286225.26	412500.00	142819.51	34%
Operating Expenses								
Total for function 1 Water		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0%
2 2 500	Salaries	9078.84	77655.61	5468.08	47198.87	111540.00	33884.39	30%
2 2 501	Payroll Taxes	689.47	5898.25	417.91	3607.53	8532.81	2634.56	30%
2 2 502	Employee Insurance	1904.46	15235.68	1181.46	10618.22	22805.64	7569.96	33%
2 2 503	Deferred Comp	493.56	4205.15	255.64	2172.94	6060.60	1855.45	30%
2 2 507	Inmate Salaries	0.00	412.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	-412.50	0%
2 2 509	Office Supplies	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	250.00	250.00	100%
2 2 510	Plant Repair/Maint.	0.00	12.39	0.00	0.00	250.00	237.61	95%
2 2 511	Equipment Repair/Maint.	939.17	32099.99	2201.81	3494.42	25000.00	-7099.99	-28%
2 2 512	Vehicle Repair/Maint.	7.99	1173.23	0.00	0.00	1000.00	-173.23	-17%
2 2 513	Utilities	1166.93	6854.67	908.06	6361.94	8000.00	1145.33	14%
2 2 514	Telephone	332.74	2930.07	367.92	2755.16	3800.00	869.93	22%
2 2 515	Printing & Postage	101.74	811.83	0.00	462.00	1200.00	388.17	32%
2 2 516	Conferences & Training	0.00	445.00	0.00	105.00	1000.00	555.00	55%
2 2 519	Insurance	0.00	13098.70	0.00	8327.96	8002.27	-5096.43	-63%
2 2 520	Fuel	0.00	1760.89	0.00	521.06	2500.00	739.11	29%
2 2 523	New Equipment	3331.98	6181.98	488.00	488.00	5000.00	-1181.98	-23%
2 2 524	Miscellaneous	0.00	-491.16	0.00	25.00	200.00	691.16	345%
2 2 526	Uniforms	229.09	1626.86	78.48	805.08	2800.00	1173.14	41%

Income Statement Period:

08/01/2019 Thru 08/31/2019

		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
2 2 531	Supplies	2566.54	6153.17	3931.86	5278.14	6000.00	-153.17	-2%
2 2 536	Boots	0.00	300.00	0.00	269.99	450.00	150.00	33%
2 2 551	Chemicals	217.25	1464.80	0.00	2135.05	4000.00	2535.20	63%
2 2 552	Missouri One Call	55.90	267.10	50.70	239.20	600.00	332.90	55%
2 2 554	Water Testing	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	300.00	300.00	100%
2 2 563	State Unemployment	0.00	0.00	0.00	323.67	0.00	0.00	0%
2 2 598	Water Work Debt Servic	0.00	92521.88	0.00	89064.75	139181.26	46659.38	33%
Total for function 2 Water		21115.66	270618.59	15349.92	184253.98	358472.58	87853.99	24%
Total Operating Expenses		21115.66	270618.59	15349.92	184253.98	358472.58	87853.99	24%
GAIN		13339.32	-938.10	19964.89	101971.28	54027.42	54965.52	

Income Statement Period:

08/01/2019 Thru 08/31/2019

		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
Waste Water								
Revenue								
3 1 410	Interest	0.00	916.94	0.00	481.11	650.00	-266.94	-41%
3 1 441	Wastewater Revenue	62230.64	487106.40	54577.54	443501.83	735000.00	247893.60	33%
Total for function 1 Waste Water		62230.64	488023.34	54577.54	443982.94	735650.00	247626.66	33%
Total Revenue		62230.64	488023.34	54577.54	443982.94	735650.00	247626.66	33%
Operating Expenses								
Total for function 1 Waste Water		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0%
3 2 510	Plant Repair/Maint.	0.00	5288.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	-5288.84	0%
3 2 511	Equipment Repair/Maint.	756.94	623.67	0.00	-1523.78	20000.00	19376.33	96%
3 2 513	Utilities	4037.81	32724.37	4399.50	32975.30	45000.00	12275.63	27%
3 2 515	Printing & Postage	101.74	811.81	0.00	0.00	1200.00	388.19	32%
3 2 519	Insurance	0.00	14976.68	0.00	14887.00	14976.68	0.00	0%
3 2 523	New Equipment	0.00	0.00	0.00	5166.69	0.00	0.00	0%
3 2 524	Miscellaneous	0.00	50.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	450.00	90%
3 2 531	Supplies	70.56	81.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-81.00	0%
3 2 553	Engineering Services	0.00	1645.00	0.00	3400.00	10000.00	8355.00	83%
3 2 555	Alliance Water Res Contra	26860.00	214880.00	26392.08	211136.64	319705.00	104825.00	32%
3 2 557	Sewer Project Exp	0.00	0.00	0.00	300.00	50000.00	50000.00	100%
3 2 559	Sewer Project South Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	1200.00	0.00	0.00	0%
3 2 598	Sewer Debt Service - USDA	14312.00	114496.00	14312.00	114496.00	171744.00	57248.00	33%
Total for function 2 Wastewater		46139.05	385577.37	45103.58	382037.85	633125.68	247548.31	39%
Total Operating Expenses		46139.05	385577.37	45103.58	382037.85	633125.68	247548.31	39%

Income Statement Period:

08/01/2019 Thru 08/31/2019

	Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
GAIN	16091.59	102445.97	9473.96	61945.09	102524.32	78.35	

Income Statement Period:

08/01/2019 Thru 08/31/2019

		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
Stormwater								
Revenue								
4 1 408	Sales Tax	11495.47	90541.83	10368.12	83988.05	130000.00	39458.17	30%
4 1 410	Interest	0.00	972.41	0.00	561.64	700.00	-272.41	-38%
4 1 421	Miscellaneous	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	300.00	300.00	100%
4 1 428	Donations	0.00	1029.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	-1029.94	0%
4 1 432	Grant - S Fisher/ Sidewal	0.00	86562.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-86562.00	0%
Total for function 1 Stormwater		11495.47	179106.18	10368.12	84549.69	131000.00	-48106.18	-36%
Total Revenue		11495.47	179106.18	10368.12	84549.69	131000.00	-48106.18	-36%
Operating Expenses								
4 2 511	Equipment Repair/Maint.	9.88	795.06	0.00	809.10	0.00	-795.06	0%
4 2 523	New Equipment	0.00	0.00	0.00	5393.69	0.00	0.00	0%
4 2 524	Miscellaneous	0.00	0.00	0.00	160.80	0.00	0.00	0%
4 2 531	Supplies	207.90	14658.53	8331.39	25472.65	0.00	-14658.53	0%
4 2 532	Work on Sidewalk/Fisher S	0.00	110585.36	0.00	0.00	20000.00	-90585.36	***%
4 2 563	Concrete for Spillway	6088.50	46624.45	25242.53	44500.44	60000.00	13375.55	22%
4 2 564	Work on Spillway	1625.00	9904.70	5924.34	13698.34	50000.00	40095.30	80%
Total for function 2 Stormwater		7931.28	182568.10	39498.26	90035.02	130000.00	-52568.10	-40%
Total Operating Expenses		7931.28	182568.10	39498.26	90035.02	130000.00	-52568.10	-40%
GAIN		3564.19	-3461.92	-29130.14	-5485.33	1000.00	4461.92	

Income Statement Period:

08/01/2019 Thru 08/31/2019

		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
Park								
Revenue								
5 1 408	Sales Tax	17243.22	135812.80	15552.19	125982.15	197000.00	61187.20	31%
5 1 410	Interest	11.02	87.73	4.37	71.94	100.00	12.27	12%
5 1 421	Miscellaneous	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	200.00	200.00	100%
5 1 428	Donations	0.00	4600.00	700.00	700.00	5700.00	1100.00	19%
5 1 430	Sale of Assets	0.00	0.00	0.00	428.00	0.00	0.00	0%
5 1 442	Swimming Pool Revenue	2734.00	14757.50	1845.00	12777.25	12500.00	-2257.50	-18%
5 1 443	Camping Fees	0.00	135.00	0.00	375.00	500.00	365.00	73%
5 1 444	Sports Programs	0.00	6060.00	0.00	5979.00	5500.00	-560.00	-10%
5 1 445	Pool Concession	873.84	6731.45	473.00	5845.48	4500.00	-2231.45	-49%
Total for function 1 Park		20862.08	168184.48	18574.56	152158.82	226000.00	57815.52	25%

Total Revenue	20862.08	168184.48	18574.56	152158.82	226000.00	57815.52	25%
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Operating Expenses

5 2 500	Salaries	6756.54	57523.66	6495.78	55191.36	87834.93	30311.27	34%
5 2 501	Payroll Taxes	904.62	5504.34	809.88	5260.99	6719.37	1215.03	18%
5 2 502	Employee Insurance	1904.46	15235.68	1772.19	16382.22	22805.64	7569.96	33%
5 2 503	Deferred Comp	228.80	2967.62	223.20	1985.53	4702.71	1735.09	36%
5 2 504	Swimming Pool Salaries	5732.15	20386.30	4718.97	18686.98	18750.00	-1636.30	-8%
5 2 507	Inmate Salaries	135.00	352.50	150.00	502.50	900.00	547.50	60%
5 2 510	Building Repair/Maint	0.00	2282.33	257.96	1767.24	2000.00	-282.33	-14%
5 2 511	Equipment Repair/Maint.	1011.79	2323.81	472.90	3798.05	5000.00	2676.19	53%
5 2 513	Utilities	779.72	4378.01	846.04	4921.94	5200.00	821.99	15%
5 2 514	Telephone	0.00	0.00	0.00	130.00	130.00	130.00	100%
5 2 519	Insurance	0.00	12467.10	0.00	11501.04	11394.67	-1072.43	-9%
5 2 520	Fuel	426.00	3933.31	268.50	2730.56	3500.00	-433.31	-12%
5 2 522	New Vehicles	0.00	0.00	0.00	4999.00	0.00	0.00	0%
5 2 523	New Equipment	36.97	5693.63	0.00	3726.66	1500.00	-4193.63	***%
5 2 524	Miscellaneous	0.00	399.71	25.00	887.14	1000.00	600.29	60%

Income Statement Period:

08/01/2019 Thru 08/31/2019

		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
5 2 526	Uniforms	49.86	1436.19	-47.46	1101.47	1200.00	-236.19	-19%
5 2 529	First Aid Supplies	0.00	62.54	0.00	142.20	100.00	37.46	37%
5 2 530	Pool Concession Supplies	1291.07	3380.18	998.11	2902.26	3000.00	-380.18	-12%
5 2 531	Supplies	460.29	3186.46	664.33	3932.83	4000.00	813.54	20%
5 2 546	Lease Interest	0.00	2765.10	0.00	0.00	2700.00	-65.10	-2%
5 2 548	Sport Programs	232.22	8411.01	1679.17	4782.90	4000.00	-4411.01	***%
5 2 556	Pool Repair/Maintenance	477.93	2915.05	0.00	1300.43	4000.00	1084.95	27%
5 2 565	Umpire Pay	0.00	3515.00	0.00	2840.00	3500.00	-15.00	-0%
5 2 598	Debt Service	6049.64	30299.91	9053.49	34493.09	33971.25	3671.34	10%
Total for function 2 Park		26477.06	189419.44	28388.06	183966.39	227908.57	38489.13	16%
Total Operating Expenses		26477.06	189419.44	28388.06	183966.39	227908.57	38489.13	16%
LOSS		-5614.98	-21234.96	-9813.50	-31807.57	-1908.57	19326.39	

Income Statement Period:

08/01/2019 Thru 08/31/2019

		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
Capital Improvements								
Revenue								
6 1 408	Sales Tax	29627.39	238605.80	26928.34	217737.17	330000.00	91394.20	27%
6 1 410	Interest	0.00	1975.38	0.00	1062.18	1500.00	-475.38	-31%
6 1 421	Miscellaneous	0.00	150.00	0.00	5225.00	0.00	-150.00	0%
6 1 431	Other Grants	0.00	14984.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-14984.00	0%
6 1 432	VBC Grants	0.00	4320.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	-4320.50	0%
6 1 433	Donation-Bike/Ped Grant	15997.42	25997.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	-25997.42	0%
6 1 499	Transfer In	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13000.00	13000.00	100%
Total for function 1 Capital Improvements		45624.81	286033.10	26928.34	224024.35	344500.00	58466.90	16%

Total Revenue	45624.81	286033.10	26928.34	224024.35	344500.00	58466.90	16%
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Operating Expenses

6 2 500	Salaries	2895.07	25525.57	2664.79	23562.66	34632.00	9106.43	26%
6 2 501	Payroll Taxes	221.11	1949.82	203.47	1799.45	2649.35	699.53	26%
6 2 502	Employee Insurance	634.82	5078.56	590.73	5311.65	7601.88	2523.32	33%
6 2 503	Deferred Comp	202.65	1786.77	186.53	1649.38	2424.24	637.47	26%
6 2 511	Equipment Repair/Maint.	0.00	261.73	0.00	412.50	2000.00	1738.27	86%
6 2 519	Insurance	0.00	8184.94	0.00	7531.18	7171.51	-1013.43	-14%
6 2 523	New Equipment	0.00	17333.24	0.00	0.00	14500.00	-2833.24	-19%
6 2 524	Miscellaneous	50.00	1409.90	50.00	275.00	500.00	-909.90	***%
6 2 526	Uniforms	96.22	871.21	78.48	687.80	1300.00	428.79	32%
6 2 531	Supplies	0.00	0.00	0.00	4120.00	1500.00	1500.00	100%
6 2 532	VBC Grant	0.00	6380.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-6380.00	0%
6 2 536	Boots	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	150.00	150.00	100%
6 2 537	Asphalt	0.00	0.00	129041.28	163860.89	50000.00	50000.00	100%
6 2 557	Tower Maintenance	0.00	18273.62	0.00	15890.10	18500.00	226.38	1%
6 2 564	Improvement Project	0.00	3425.00	0.00	0.00	25000.00	21575.00	86%
6 2 565	Tap Grant - Bike/Ped	2496.77	2496.77	0.00	0.00	39000.00	36503.23	93%
6 2 566	Vision Project	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	35000.00	35000.00	100%

Income Statement Period:

08/01/2019 Thru 08/31/2019

	Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
6 2 600 Micro Sealing	96465.60	96465.60	0.00	0.00	100000.00	3534.40	3%
Total for function 2 Capital Improvements	103062.24	189442.73	132815.28	225100.61	341928.98	152486.25	44%
Total Operating Expenses	103062.24	189442.73	132815.28	225100.61	341928.98	152486.25	44%
LOSS	-57437.43	96590.37	-105886.94	-1076.26	2571.02	-94019.35	

Income Statement Period:

08/01/2019 Thru 08/31/2019

			Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%	
Fire Department										
Revenue										
7	1	408	Sales Tax	14344.70	110903.73	0.00	0.00	165000.00	54096.27	32%
7	1	410	Interest	2.39	22.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	-22.09	0%
7	1	421	Miscellaneous	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-2.00	0%
7	1	431	Other Grants	3187.00	37715.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-37715.00	0%
7	1	499	Transfer In	0.00	23984.23	0.00	0.00	10349.52	-13634.71	***%
Total for function 1 Fire Department				17534.09	172627.05	0.00	0.00	175349.52	2722.47	1%
Total Revenue				17534.09	172627.05	0.00	0.00	175349.52	2722.47	1%
Operating Expenses										
7	2	500	Salaries	3318.40	28206.40	0.00	0.00	43139.20	14932.80	34%
7	2	501	Payroll Taxes	234.90	1997.87	0.00	0.00	3300.15	1302.28	39%
7	2	502	Employee Insurance	634.82	5078.56	0.00	0.00	7601.88	2523.32	33%
7	2	503	Deferred Comp	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3019.74	3019.74	100%
7	2	506	Volunteer Firefighters	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30000.00	30000.00	100%
7	2	509	Office Supplies	0.00	43.40	0.00	0.00	250.00	206.60	82%
7	2	510	Building Repair/Maint.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5000.00	5000.00	100%
7	2	511	Equipment Repair/Maint.	644.07	2573.67	0.00	0.00	5000.00	2426.33	48%
7	2	512	Vehicle Repair/Maint.	52.14	441.03	0.00	0.00	5000.00	4558.97	91%
7	2	513	Utilities	277.07	1811.94	0.00	0.00	3500.00	1688.06	48%
7	2	514	Telephone	103.35	795.90	0.00	0.00	1200.00	404.10	33%
7	2	516	Conferences & Training	371.46	1359.33	0.00	0.00	5000.00	3640.67	72%
7	2	517	Special Events	90.83	687.03	0.00	0.00	1000.00	312.97	31%
7	2	519	Insurance	0.00	21301.56	0.00	0.00	13441.65	-7859.91	-58%
7	2	520	Fuel	189.62	1130.86	0.00	0.00	3000.00	1869.14	62%
7	2	521	Office Equipment	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1000.00	1000.00	100%
7	2	523	New Equipment	0.00	850.80	0.00	0.00	11500.00	10649.20	92%
7	2	524	Miscellaneous	0.00	124.59	0.00	0.00	1000.00	875.41	87%
7	2	525	911 Dispatching	250.00	2000.00	0.00	0.00	3000.00	1000.00	33%

Income Statement Period:

08/01/2019 Thru 08/31/2019

		Current Period	Current Y-T-D	Same Period Last Year	Last Year Y-T-D	Budget	Remaining	%
7 2 530	FEMA Grant	3187.00	38080.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	-38080.98	0%
7 2 531	Supplies	25.84	170.83	0.00	0.00	2000.00	1829.17	91%
7 2 545	Medical Director	0.00	600.00	0.00	0.00	600.00	0.00	0%
7 2 547	Medical Supplies	0.00	30.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-30.00	0%
7 2 598	Debt Services	38740.05	38740.05	0.00	0.00	15000.00	-23740.05	***0%
Total for function 2 Fire Department		48119.55	146024.80	0.00	0.00	163552.62	17527.82	10%
Total Operating Expenses		48119.55	146024.80	0.00	0.00	163552.62	17527.82	10%
LOSS		-30585.46	26602.25	0.00	0.00	11796.90	-14805.35	