# STATE OF MISSOURI

# DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

### MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



# MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92<sup>nd</sup> Congress) as amended,

Permit No.: MO-0092088

Owner: Emmanuel Baptist Church

Owner's Address: 3021 Arnold Road, Doe Run, MO 63637

Continuing Authority: Same as above Continuing Authority's Address: Same as above

Facility Name: Emmanuel Baptist Church Facility Address: P.O. Box 100, MO 63637

Legal Description: SW ¼, NE ¼, Sec. 17, T35N, R5E, St. Francois County

Latitude/Longitude: +3744312/-09029576

Receiving Stream: Unnamed Tributary to Doe Run Creek (U)

First Classified Stream and ID: Doe Run Creek (C) (02885) USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (08020202-010003)

is authorized to discharge from the facility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:

### **FACILITY DESCRIPTION**

<u>Outfall #001</u> – Church/School/Domestic Waste - SIC #8661 and #4952 – Certified Operator not Required Activated Sludge/Sludge Disposed by contract hauler.

Design population equivalent is 52.

Design flow is 2,100 gallons per day.

Actual flow is 1,000 gallons per day.

Design sludge production is .8 dry tons/year.

This permit authorizes only wastewater discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of the Law.

October 24, 2008 April 14, 2010

Effective Date Modification Date

Mark N. Templeton, Director, Department of Natural Resources Executive Secretary, Clean Water Commission

October 23, 2013

Expiration Date MO 780-0041 (10-93)

Gary L. Gaines, P.E., Director, Southeast Regional Office

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### A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

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PERMIT NUMBER MO-0092088

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The interim effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until three years from issuance. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	INTERIM E	FFLUENT LIN	MITATIONS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Outfall #001						
Flow	MGD	*		*	Once/quarter**	24 hr. estimate
Biochemical Oxygen Demand5	mg/L		45	30	Once/quarter**	****
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L		45	30	Once/quarter**	****
pH – Units	SU	***		***	Once/quarter**	grab
Ammonia as N	mg/L	*		*	Once/quarter**	grab
Temperature	°C	*		*	Once/quarter**	grab

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>Quarterly</u>; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>July 28, 2010</u>. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective three years from issuance and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

		FINAL EFF	LUENT LIM	ITATIONS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
	<b>5</b> 1 <b>5</b>					
Outfall #001						
Flow	MGD	*		*	once/quarter**	24 hr. estimate
Biochemical Oxygen Demand5	mg/L		45	30	Once/quarter**	****
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L		45	30	Once/quarter**	****
pH – Units	SU	***		***	Once/quarter**	grab
Fecal Coliform****	#/100 mL	1000		400	Once/quarter**	grab
Total Residual Chlorine (Note 1)	mg/L	.017 (.13ML)		.008 (.13ML)	Once/quarter**	grab
Ammonia as N	mg/L	*		*	Once/quarter**	grab
Temperature	°C	*		*	Once/quarter**	grab

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>Quarterly</u>; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>January 28, 2012</u>. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

### **B. STANDARD CONDITIONS**

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED <u>Parts I, & III</u> STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED <u>October 1, 1980 and August 15, 1994</u>, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

MO 780-0010 (8/91)

## A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (continued)

\* Monitor and report.

\*\* See table below for quarterly sampling

Sample discharge at least once for the months of:	Report is due:
January, February, March (1st Quarter)	April 28
April, May, June (2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter)	July 28
July, August, September (3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter)	October 28
October, November, December (4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter)	January 28

- \*\*\* pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH is limited to the range of 6.0-9.0 pH units.
- \*\*\*\* Final limitations and monitoring requirements for Fecal Coliform are applicable only during the recreational season from April 1 through October 31.
- \*\*\*\*\* A composite sample made up from a minimum of four grab samples collected within a 24 hour period with a minimum of two hours between each grab sample.

Note 1 - This permit contains a Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) limit.

- (a) This effluent limit is below the minimum quantification level (ML) of the most common and practical EPA approved CLTRC methods. The department has determined the current acceptable ML for total residual chlorine to be 0.13 mg/L when using the DPD Colorimetric Method #4500 CL G. from Standard Methods for the Examination of Waters and Wastewater. The permittee will conduct analyses in accordance with this method, or equivalent, and report actual analytical values. Measured values greater than or equal to the minimum quantification level of 0.13 mg/L will be considered violations of the permit and values less than the minimum quantification level of 0.13 mg/L will be considered to be in compliance with the permit limitation. The minimum quantification level does not authorize the discharge of chlorine in excess of the effluent limits stated in the permit.
- (b) Disinfection is required year-round unless the permit specifically states that "Final limitations and monitoring requirements for Fecal Coliform are applicable only during the recreational season from April 1 through October 31." If your permit does not require disinfection during the non-recreational months, do not chlorinate in those months.
- (c) Do not chemically dechlorinate if it is not needed to meet the limits in your permit.
- (d) If no chlorine was used in a given sampling period, an actual analysis is not necessary. Simply report as "0 mg/L" TRC.

# C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. This permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to:
  - (a) Comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a) (2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
    - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
    - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
  - (b) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions, if the result of a waste load allocation study, toxicity test or other information indicates changes are necessary to assure compliance with Missouri's Water Quality Standards.
  - (c) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions if, as the result of a watershed analysis, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) limitation is developed for the receiving waters which are currently included in Missouri's list of waters of the state not fully achieving the state's water quality standards, also called the 303(d) list. The permit as modified or reissued under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Clean Water Act then applicable.
- 2. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
- 3. Permittee will cease discharge by connection to areawide wastewater treatment system within 90 days of notice of its availability.

### C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

4. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as it knows or has reason to believe:

- (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
  - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100  $\mu$ g/L);
  - Two hundred micrograms per liter (200  $\mu$ g/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500  $\mu$ g/L) for 2,5 dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
  - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application;
  - (4) The level established in Part A of the permit by the Director.
- (b) That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any toxic pollutant, which was not reported in the permit application.
- 5. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period.
- 6. General Criteria. The following water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:
  - (a) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
  - (b) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
  - (c) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
  - (d) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life:
  - (e) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
  - (f) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
  - (g) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community;
  - (h) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.
- 7. Sludge and Biosolids Use For Domestic Wastewater Treatment Facilities
  - (a) Permittee shall comply with the pollutant limitations, monitoring, reporting, and other requirements in accordance with the attached permit Standard Conditions.
  - (b) If sludge is not removed by a contract hauler, permittee is authorized to land apply biosolids. Permit Standard Conditions, Part III shall apply to the land application of biosolids. Permittee shall notify the department at least 180 days prior to the planned removal of biosolids. The department may require submittal of a biosolids management plan for department review and approval as determined appropriate on a case-by-case basis.

### D. SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

- 1. On or before May 1, 2011, the owner shall submit a closure plan for the facility and have an onsite wastewater treatment system installed and approved by the Department of Health.
- 2. On or before November 1, 2011, the owner shall complete the closure of the existing treatment system in accordance with an approved closure plan and apply for an operating permit termination.

Note: The above schedule of compliance has been modified to replace previous conditions that included facility upgrades to comply with new bacteria criteria. The owner has chosen to pursue the installation of an onsite wastewater treatment system through the Department of Health in lieu of upgrading the existing facility. Final limits for this permit will become effective October 28, 2011, therefore the owner must comply with the above described dates to remain in compliance.

# **Missouri Department of Natural Resources**

# FACT SHEET

### FOR THE PURPOSE OF RENEWAL

# OF

# MO-0092088

### EMMANUEL BAPTIST CHURCH

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act ("Clean Water Act" Section 402 Public Law 92-500 as amended) established the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program. This program regulates the discharge of pollutants from point sources into the waters of the United States, and the release of storm water from certain point sources. All such discharges are unlawful without a permit (Section 301 of the "Clean Water Act"). After a permit is obtained, a discharge not in compliance with all permit terms and conditions is unlawful. Missouri State Operating Permits (MSOPs) are issued by the Director of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (department) under an approved program, operating in accordance with federal and state laws (Federal "Clean Water Act" and "Missouri Clean Water Law" Section 644 as amended). MSOPs are issued for a period of five (5) years unless otherwise specified.

As per [40 CFR Part 124.8(a)] and [10 CSR 20-6.020(1)2.] a Factsheet shall be prepared to give pertinent information regarding the applicable regulations, rationale for the development of effluent limitations and conditions, and the public participation process for the Missouri State Operating Permit (operating permit) listed below.

A Factsheet is not an ent	forceable part of a	n operating permit.		
		, Industrial Facility : V t Covered Facility : and	ariance ; or permit with widespread pub.	lic interest .
Part I – Facility Inf	<u>formation</u>			
Facility Address:	Emmanuel Bap	otist Church, 3021 Arnold I	Road, Doe Run, MO 63637	
Facility Type:	NON-POTW			
Facility SIC Code(s):	4952			
Facility Description:				
Outfall #001 – Church/S	chool/Domestic V	Vaste - SIC #8661 and #49	52 - Certified Operator not Rec	quired
Activated Sludge/Sludge	Disposed by con	tract hauler.		
Design population equiv	alent is 52.			
Design flow is 2,100 gal	lons per day.			
Actual flow is 1,000 gall	lons per day.			
Design sludge productio	n is .8 dry tons/ye	ar.		
Application Date: April	10, 2008			
Expiration Date: Octobe	er 16, 2008			
Last Inspection: April 9	9, 2008	In Compliance $\boxtimes$ ;	Non-Compliance	
OUTEALL (C) TADLE				

#### OUTFALL(S) TABLE:

OUTFALL	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	TREATMENT LEVEL	EFFLUENT TYPE	DISTANCE TO CLASSIFIED SEGMENT (MI)
001	.0032	Secondary	Treated Domestic Sewage	1.3

Outfall #001

Legal Description: SW ¼, NE ¼, Sec. 17, T35N, R5E, St. Francois County

Latitude/Longitude: +3744312/-09029576

Receiving Stream: Unnamed Tributary to Doe Run Creek (U)

First Classified Stream and ID: Doe Run Creek (C) (02885)

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (08020202-010003)

### Water Quality History:

No impacts noted.

### Comments:

Facility must upgrade to meet new disinfection requirements.

# Part II - Operator Certification Requirements

As per [10 CSR 20-9.010(2)(A)], requirements for operation by	y certified personnel	shall apply to all	wastewater treatment	systems, if
applicable, as listed below:				

Not	Apr	olica	ble	$\boxtimes$	
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This facility is not required to have a certified operator.

# Part III - Receiving Stream Information

### APPLICABLE DESIGNATIONS OF WATERS OF THE STATE:

As per Missouri's Effluent Regulations [10 CSR 20-7.015], the waters of the state are divided into the below listed seven (7) categories. Each category list effluent limitations for specific parameters, which are presented in each outfall's Effluent Limitation Table and further discussed in the Derivation & Discussion of Limits section.

Please mark the correct designated waters of the state categories of the receiving stream.

Missouri or Mississippi River [10 CSR 20-7.015(2)]:	Yes □; No □	
Lake or Reservoir [10 CSR 20-7.015(3)]:	Yes □; No □	
Losing [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)]:	Yes □; No □	
Metropolitan No-Discharge [10 CSR 20-7.015(5)]:	Yes □; No □	
Special Stream [10 CSR 20-7.015(6)]:	Yes □; No □	
Subsurface Water [10 CSR 20-7.015(7)]:	Yes □; No □	
All Other Waters [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)]:	Yes ⊠; No □	

10 CSR 20-7.031 Missouri Water Quality Standards, the department defines the Clean Water Commission water quality objectives in terms of "water uses to be maintained and the criteria to protect those uses." The receiving stream and/or 1<sup>st</sup> classified receiving stream's beneficial water uses to be maintained are located in the Receiving Stream Table located below in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)].

### **RECEIVING STREAM(S) TABLE:**

WATERBODY NAME	CLASS	WBID	Designated Uses*	8-Digit HUC	EDU**
Unnamed Trib to Doe Run Creek	U		General Criteria	00000000	Ozark/ Upper St.
Doe Run Creek	С	2885	LWW, AQL, WBC (B)***	08020202	Francois/ Castor Drainages

<sup>\* -</sup> Irrigation (IRR), Livestock & Wildlife Watering (LWW), Protection of Warm Water Aquatic Life and Human Health-Fish Consumption (AQL), Cool Water Fishery(CLF), Cold Water Fishery (CDF), Whole Body Contact Recreation (WBC), Secondary Contact Recreation (SCR), Drinking Water Supply (DWS), Industrial (IND), Groundwater (GRW).

### RECEIVING STREAM(S) LOW-FLOW VALUES TABLE:

RECEIVING STREAM (U, C, P)	Low-Flow Values (CFS)				
	1Q10	7Q10	30Q10		
Unnamed Tributary to Doe Run Creek	0	0	0		

#### MIXING CONSIDERATIONS:

Mixing Zone: Not Allowed [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)4.B.(I)(a)].

Zone of Initial Dilution: Not Allowed [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)4.B.(I)(b)].

### **RECEIVING STREAM MONITORING REQUIREMENTS:**

No receiving water monitoring requirements recommended at this time.

# Part IV – Rationale and Derivation of Effluent Limitations & Permit Conditions

### **ANTI-BACKSLIDING:**

A provision in the Federal Regulations [CWA §303(d)(4); CWA §402(c); 40 CFR Part 122.44(I)] that requires a reissued permit to be as stringent as the previous permit with some exceptions.

☑ - All limits in this Factsheet are at least as protective as those previously established; therefore, backsliding does not apply.

<sup>\*\* -</sup> Ecological Drainage Unit

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> UAA conducted on June 30, 2005 that supports retention of WBC use. UAA can be viewed at www.dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/wqstandards/uaa/2885\_doe-run-ck-uaa.pdf

#### **ANTIDEGRADATION:**

In accordance with Missouri's Water Quality Standard [10 CSR 20-7.031(2)], the department is to document by means of Antidegradation Review that the use of a water body's available assimilative capacity is justified. Degradation is justified by documenting the socio-economic importance of a discharging activity after determining the necessity of the discharge.

□ - Renewal no degradation proposed and no further review necessary.

### **APPLICABLE PERMIT PARAMETERS:**

Effluent parameters contained in Factsheets and Missouri State Operating Permits are obtained from Technology Based Effluent Limit (TBEL), Missouri's Effluent Regulations [10 CSR 20-7.015], Missouri's Water Quality Standards [10 CSR 20-7.031], previous Missouri State Operating Permits, and from Operating Permit Applications.

### BIO-SOLIDS, SLUDGE, & SEWAGE SLUDGE:

Bio-solids are solid materials resulting from wastewater treatment that meet federal and state criteria for beneficial uses (i.e. fertilizer). Sludge is any solid, semi-solid, or liquid waste generated from a municipal, commercial, or industrial wastewater treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility or any other such waste having similar characteristics and effect. Sewage sludge is solids, semi-solids, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works; including but not limited to, domestic septage; scum or solids removed in primary, secondary, or advanced wastewater treatment process; and a material derived from sewage sludge. Sewage sludge does not include ash generated during the firing of sewage sludge in a sewage sludge incinerator or grit and screening generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works.

Applicable ⊠;

This facility has been approved to land apply as per Permit Standard Conditions III and a department approved bio-solids management plan.

### **COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT:**

Enforcement is the action taken by the Water Protection Program (WPP) to bring an entity into compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and conditions of an operating permit. The primary purpose of the enforcement activity in the WPP is to resolve violations and return the entity to compliance.

Not Applicable ⊠;

The permittee/facility is not currently under Water Protection Program enforcement action.

#### PRETREATMENT PROGRAM:

The reduction of the amount of pollutants, the elimination of pollutants, or the alteration of the nature of pollutant properties in wastewater prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introducing such pollutants into a Publicly Owned Treatment Works [40 CFR Part 403.3(q)].

Not Applicable  $\boxtimes$ ;

At this time, the permittee is not required to implement and enforce a Pretreatment Program.

### **REASONABLE POTENTIAL ANALYSIS (RPA):**

Limitations must control all pollutants or pollutant parameters that are or may be discharged at a level which will cause, have reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above the Missouri Water Quality Standards.

Not Applicable  $\boxtimes$ ;

A RPA was not conducted for this facility.

### **REMOVAL EFFICIENCY:**

Removal efficiency is a method by which the Federal Regulations define Secondary Treatment and Equivalent to Secondary Treatment, which applies to Biochemical Oxygen Demand 5-day (BOD<sub>5</sub>) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) for Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs). Please see the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) website for interpretation of percent removal requirements for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit Application Requirements for Publicly Owned Treatment Works and Other Treatment Works Treating Domestic Sewage @ <a href="www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/EPA-www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/EPA-www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/EPA-www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/EPA-www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/EPA-ww.

Not Applicable ⊠;

This wastewater treatment facility is not a POTW. Influent monitoring is not being required to determine percent removal.

### SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOWS (SSOS), AND INFLOW & INFILTRATION (I&I):

Collection systems are a critical element in the successful performance of the wastewater treatment process. Under certain conditions, poorly designed, built, managed, operated, and/or maintained systems can pose risks to public health, the environment, or both.

Causes of SSOs include, but are not limited to, the following: high levels of I&I during wet weather; blockages; structural, mechanical, or electrical failures; collapsed or broken sewer pipes; insufficient conveyance capacity; and vandalism. Effective and continuous management, operation, and maintenance, as well as ensuring adequate capacity and rehabilitation when necessary are critical to maintaining collection system capacity and performance while extending the life of the system.

Not Applicable ⊠;

This facility is not required to develop or implement a program for maintenance and repair of the collection system; however, it is a violation of Missouri State Environmental Laws and Regulations to allow untreated wastewater to discharge to waters of the state.

### SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE (SOC):

A schedule of remedial measures included in a permit, including an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (actions, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or the terms and conditions of an operating permit.

Applicable ⊠;

The time given for effluent limitations of this permit listed under Interim Effluent Limitation and Final Effluent Limitations where established in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(10)].

### STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP):

A plan to schedule activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to prevent or reduce the pollution of waters of the state. The plan may include, but is not limited to, treatment requirements, operating procedures, and practices to control facility site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage.

Not Applicable ⊠;

At this time, the permittee is not required to develop and implement a SWPPP.

#### VARIANCE:

As per the Missouri Clean Water Law § 644.061.4, variances shall be granted for such period of time and under such terms and conditions as shall be specified by the commission in its order. The variance may be extended by affirmative action of the commission. In no event shall the variance be granted for a period of time greater than is reasonably necessary for complying with the Missouri Clean Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141 or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to Missouri Clean Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141.

Not Applicable ⊠;

This operating permit is not drafted under premises of a petition for variance.

### WASTELOAD ALLOCATIONS (WLA) FOR LIMITS:

As per [10 CSR 20-2.010(78)], the amount of pollutant each discharger is allowed by the department to release into a given stream after the department has determined to total amount of pollutant that may be discharged into that stream without endangering its water quality.

Applicable  $\boxtimes$ ;

Wasteload allocations were calculated where applicable using water quality criteria or water quality model results and the dilution equation below:

$$C = \frac{\left(Cs \times Qs\right) + \left(Ce \times Qe\right)}{\left(Qe + Qs\right)}$$
 (EPA/505/2-90-001, Section 4.5.5)

Where C = downstream concentration

Cs = upstream concentration

Qs = upstream flow

Ce = effluent concentration

Qe = effluent flow

Chronic wasteload allocations were determined using applicable chronic water quality criteria (CCC: criteria continuous concentration) and stream volume of flow at the edge of the mixing zone (MZ). Acute wasteload allocations were determined using applicable water quality criteria (CMC: criteria maximum concentration) and stream volume of flow at the edge of the zone of initial dilution (ZID).

Water quality based maximum daily and average monthly effluent limitations were calculated using methods and procedures outlined in USEPA's "Technical Support Document For Water Quality-based Toxics Control" (EPA/505/2-90-001).

#### WLA MODELING:

Not Applicable ⊠;

A WLA study was either not submitted or determined not applicable by department staff.

### WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET) TEST:

As per [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(CC)], a toxicity test conducted under specified laboratory conditions on specific indicator organism; and as per [40 CFR Part 122.2], the aggregate toxic effect of an effluent measured directly by a toxicity test.

Not Applicable ⊠;

At this time, the permittee is not required to conduct WET test for this facility.

### 303(d) LIST & TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD (TMDL):

Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act requires that each state identify waters that are not meeting water quality standards and for which adequate water pollution controls have not been required. Water quality standards protect such beneficial uses of water as whole body contact (such as swimming), maintaining fish and other aquatic life, and providing drinking water for people, livestock and wildlife. The 303(d) list helps state and federal agencies keep track of waters that are impaired but not addressed by normal water pollution control programs.

A TMDL is a calculation of the maximum amount of a given pollutant that a body of water can absorb before its water quality is affected. If a water body is determined to be impaired as listed on the 303(d) list, then a watershed management plan will be developed that shall include the TMDL calculation

Not Applicable ⊠;

This facility does not discharge to a 303(d) listed stream.

# Part V – Effluent Limits Determination

Outfall #001 - Main Facility Outfall

**EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:** 

PARAMETER	Unit	BASIS FOR LIMITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	Modified	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITATIONS
FLOW	GPD	1	*		*	NO	S
$BOD_5$	MG/L	1		45	30	NO	S
TSS	MG/L	1		45	30	NO	S
PH (S.U.)	SU	1	6-9		6 – 9	NO	S
Temperature (°C)	°C	5/9	*		*	YES	***
Ammonia as N	MG/L	5/9	*		*	YES	***
FECAL COLIFORM	**	1	1000		400	YES	***
CHLORINE, TOTAL RESIDUAL (MG/L)	MG/L	1/3	0.017		0.008	YES	***
MONITORING FREQUENCY	Please see Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements in the Derivation and Discussion Section below.						

<sup>\* -</sup> Monitoring requirement only

N/A - Not applicable

S – Same as previous operating permit

### Basis for Limitations Codes:

- 1. State or Federal Regulation/Law
- 2. Water Quality Standard (includes RPA)
- 3. Water Quality Based Effluent Limits
- 4. Lagoon Policy
- 5. Ammonia Policy
- 6. Dissolved Oxygen Policy

- 7. Antidegradation Policy
- 8. Water Quality Model
- 9. Best Professional Judgement
- 10. TMDL or Permit in lieu of TMDL
- 11. WET test Policy

<sup>\*\* - #</sup> of colonies/100mL; the Monthly Average for Fecal Coliform is a geometric mean.

<sup>\*\*\* -</sup> Parameter not previously established in previous state operating permit.

#### **OUTFALL #001 – DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:**

- <u>Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD</u><sub>5</sub>). Effluent limitations have been retained from previous state operating permit, please see the APPLICABLE DESIGNATION OF WATERS OF THE STATE sub-section of the Receiving Stream Information.
- <u>Total Suspended Solids (TSS)</u>. Effluent limitations have been retained from previous state operating permit, please see the <u>APPLICABLE DESIGNATION OF WATERS OF THE STATE</u> sub-section of the **Receiving Stream Information**.
- <u>pH</u>. Effluent limitations have been retained from previous state operating permit, please see the **APPLICABLE DESIGNATION OF WATERS OF THE STATE** sub-section of the **Receiving Stream Information**.
- <u>Total Ammonia Nitrogen, Temperature.</u> Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for temperature and ammonia are included to determine whether "reasonable potential" to exceed water quality standards exists after the discharge begins.
- Total Residual Chlorine (TRC). Warm-water Protection of Aquatic Life CCC =  $10 \mu g/L$ , CMC =  $19 \mu g/L$  [10 CSR 20-7.031, Table A]. Background TRC =  $0.0 \mu g/L$ .

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C_e = (((Qe+Qs)*C) - (Qs*Cs))/Qe
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Chronic WLA:  $C_e = 10 \mu g/L$ Acute WLA:  $C_e = 19 \mu g/L$ 

$$\begin{split} LTA_c &= 10 \ \mu g/L \ (0.527) = \textbf{5.3} \ \mu \textbf{g/L} \\ LTA_a &= 19 \ \mu g/L \ (0.321) = 6.1 \ \mu \textbf{g/L} \\ MDL &= \textbf{5.3} \ \mu \textbf{g/L} \ (3.11) = 16.5 \ \mu \textbf{g/L} \\ AML &= \textbf{5.3} \ \mu \textbf{g/L} \ (1.55) = 8.2 \ \mu \textbf{g/L} \end{split} \qquad \qquad \begin{split} & [CV = 0.6, 99^{th} \ Percentile] \\ [CV = 0.6, 95^{th} \ Percentile] \\ [CV =$$

Total Residual Chlorine effluent limits of 0.017 mg/L daily maximum, 0.008 mg/L monthly average are recommended if chlorine is used as a disinfectant. Standard compliance language for TRC, including the minimum level (ML), should be included in the permit.

- <u>Fecal Coliform</u>. Discharge shall not contain more than a monthly geometric mean of 400 colonies/100 mL and a daily maximum of 1000 colonies/100 mL during the recreational season (April 1 October 31), please see the **APPLICABLE DESIGNATION OF**WATERS OF THE STATE sub-section of the <u>Receiving Stream Information</u>. Future renewals of the facility operating permit will contain effluent limitations for E. coli, which will replace fecal coliform as the applicable bacteria criteria in Missouri's water quality standards.
- Escherichia coli (E. coli). This facility may be required to have E. coli effluent limitations when Missouri adopts the implementation of the E. coli standards, as per [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)].

### Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements.

PARAMETER	SAMPLING FREQUENCY	REPORTING FREQUENCY
FLow	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
$BOD_5$	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
TSS	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
PH (S.U.)	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
Temperature (°C)	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
Ammonia as N	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
FECAL COLIFORM (NOTE 1)	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER
CHLORINE, TOTAL RESIDUAL (MG/L)	ONCE/QUARTER	ONCE/QUARTER

Once per quarter is the sampling frequency requirement being placed in the permit per 10 CSR 20-7.015 (8) (C). Quarterly sampling is the minimum frequency to yield sufficient data points to perform a reasonable potential analysis at the end of the permit cycle for ammonia. All sampling data taken must be submitted even if sampling occurs more frequently than quarterly. Samples may collected on a more frequent basis and averaged to show compliance with the monthly averages listed in the permit. See table below for quarterly sampling collection and reporting.

Sample discharge at least once for the months of:	Report is due:
January, February, March (1st Quarter)	April 28
April, May, June (2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter)	July 28
July, August, September (3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter)	October 28
October, November, December (4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter)	January 28

# Part VI – Administrative Requirements

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Department, as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions contained herein and within the operating permit. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

### **PUBLIC NOTICE:**

As per the Missouri Clean Water Law, the Missouri Clean Water Commission, and the federal Clean Water Act, persons wishing to comment on Missouri State Operating Permits are directed to do so by a department approved Public Notice coversheet. This Public Notice coversheet is attached to a Missouri State Operating Permit during the Public Notice period.

Date of Factsheet: July 10, 2008

### COMPLETED BY:

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