#### STATE OF MISSOURI

#### DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

#### MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



### MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law (Chapter 644 RSMo, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500,  $92^{nd}$  Congress) as amended,

MO-0031585

Owner:	City of Weston
Address:	300 Main Street, Weston, MO 64098
Continuing Authority:	Same as above
Address:	Same as above
Facility Name:	Weston WWTF
Facility Address:	South terminus of Kirk Road, Weston, MO 64098
Legal Description:	See Page 2
UTM Coordinates:	See Page 2
Receiving Stream:	See Page 2
First Classified Stream and ID:	See Page 2
USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	See Page 2
authorizes activities pursuant to the term	s and conditions of this parmit in accordance with the Missouri Clean Water Law and/or the

authorizes activities pursuant to the terms and conditions of this permit in accordance with the Missouri Clean Water Law and/or the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated activities.

#### **FACILITY DESCRIPTION**

January 1, 2024

See Page 2

Effective Date

Permit No.:

December 31, 2028

Expiration Date

John Hoke, Director, Water Protection Program

#### **FACILITY DESCRIPTION (continued):**

#### **Permitted Feature #001** – POTW

The use or operation of this facility shall be by or under the supervision of a Certified "D" Operator.

Bar screen / four-cell storage lagoon with cells 1 and 2 aerated / wastewater is irrigated to the surface / sludge is retained in lagoon until biosolids are land applied.

Design population equivalent is 3,000.

Design Flow is 159,000 gallons per day (Design Flow plus 10-year rainfall minus evaporation, does not account for inflow and infiltration)

Average design flow is 116,000 gallons per day (dry weather flows).

Design sludge production is 10.5 dry tons per year.

Legal Description: Sec. 36, T7S, R22E, Platte County UTM Coordinates: X = 336447, Y = 4362272

Receiving Stream: Missouri River (P)

First Classified Stream and ID: Missouri River (P) (226) 303(d) List

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (10240011-0306)

Storage Basin/Tank:

Maximum Operating Level: 2 feet of freeboard (storage basin water level in feet below the overflow level)

Storage volume (min to max water levels, in gallons): Cell #1 Cell #2 Cell #3 Cell #4 Total

2,070,000 866,000 11,509,000 11,734,000 26,179,000

Storage Capacity (in Days):

Design for Dry weather flows: 222 days Design with 1-in 10 year flows: 216 days

#### Permitted Feature #002 – NW Center Pivot Irrigation Field

Legal Description:Sec. 36, T7S, R22E, Platte CountyUTM Coordinates:X = 336156, Y = 4362844Receiving Stream:Tributary to Missouri River

First Classified Stream and ID: Missouri River (P) (226) 303(d) List

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (10240011-0306)

Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Irrigation volume per year: 18.4 million gallons (based on annual irrigation rate) Minimum irrigation volume per year at Design Flow: 13.4 million gallons

Irrigation areas: 28.3 acres at design loading

Irrigation rates: 0.017 inch/hour; 0.13 inch/day; 0.91 inches/week; 24 inches/year

Field slopes: 0-2%

Equipment type: center pivot

Vegetation: pasture, grass, hay, or row crop Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate

#### Permitted Feature #003 – NE Center Pivot Irrigation Field

Legal Description: Sec. 31, T7S, R23E, Platte County UTM Coordinates: X = 336631, Y = 4362823

Receiving Stream:

First Classified Stream and ID:

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:

Tributary to Bear Creek
Bear Creek (C) (272)

(10240011-0306)

#### Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Irrigation volume per year: 16.5 million gallons (based on annual irrigation rate) Minimum irrigation volume per year at Design Flow: 12 million gallons

Irrigation areas: 25.3 acres at design loading

Irrigation rates: 0.017 inch/hour; 0.13 inch/day; 0.91 inches/week; 24 inches/year

Field slopes: 0-2%

Equipment type: center pivot

Vegetation: pasture, grass, hay, or row crop Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate

#### **Permitted Feature #004** – SE Center Pivot Irrigation Field

Legal Description:Sec. 31, T7S, R23E, Platte CountyUTM Coordinates:X = 336598, Y = 4362548Receiving Stream:Tributary to Bear CreekFirst Classified Stream and ID:Bear Creek (C) (272)USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:(10240011-0306)

#### Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Irrigation volume per year: 9.1 million gallons (based on annual irrigation rate) Minimum irrigation volume per year at Design Flow: 6.6 million gallons

Irrigation areas: 14 acres at design loading

Irrigation rates: 0.017 inch/hour; 0.13 inch/day; 0.91 inches/week; 24 inches/year

Field slopes: 0-2%

Equipment type: center pivot

Vegetation: pasture, grass, hay, or row crop Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate

#### Permitted Feature #005 – SW Center Pivot Irrigation Field

Legal Description: Sec. 36, T7S, R22E, Plate County UTM Coordinates: X = 336114, Y = 4362553
Receiving Stream: Tributary to Missouri River

First Classified Stream and ID: Missouri River (P) (226) 303(d) List

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (10240011-0306)

#### Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Irrigation volume per year: 14.1 million gallons (based on annual irrigation rate) Minimum irrigation volume per year at Design Flow: 10.2 million gallons

Irrigation areas: 21.6 acres at design loading

Irrigation rates: 0.017 inch/hour; 0.13 inch/day; 0.91 inches/week; 24 inches/year

Field slopes: 0-2%

Equipment type: center pivot

Vegetation: pasture, grass, hay, or row crop Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate PERMITTED FEATURE #001

### TABLE A-1 IRRIGATION SYSTEM LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

The permittee is authorized to conduct irrigation of wastewater as specified in the application for this permit. The final limitations shall become effective on <u>January 1, 2024</u> and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. The irrigation of wastewater shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

LINITE	FINAL LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
UNIIS	DAILY TOTAL	WEEKLY TOTAL	MONTHLY TOTAL	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Limit Set: OM					
feet	*			once/week	measured
inches	*		*	daily	total
		UNITS  DAILY TOTAL  feet *	DAILY TOTAL  feet *	UNITS  DAILY TOTAL WEEKLY MONTHLY TOTAL  feet *	TOTAL WEEKLY MONTHLY MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY  feet * once/week

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED MONTHLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE FEBRUARY 28, 2024.

PERMITTED FEATURES #002, #003, #004 & #005\*\*\*

### TABLE A-2 IRRIGATION SYSTEM LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

The permittee is authorized to conduct irrigation of wastewater as specified in the application for this permit. The final limitations shall become effective on <u>January 1, 2024</u> and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. The irrigation of wastewater shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

IRRIGATION OPERATIONAL MONITORING PARAMETER(S)	LINITES	FINAL LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
	UNITS	DAILY TOTAL	WEEKLY TOTAL	MONTHLY TOTAL	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Limit Set: LW						
Irrigation Period	hours	*		*	daily	total
Volume Irrigated	gallons	*		*	daily	total
Irrigation Area	acres	*		*	daily	total
Irrigation Rate	inches	*		*	daily	total

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED MONTHLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE FEBRUARY 28, 2024.

- \* Monitoring requirement only.
- \*\* Storage Basin Freeboard shall be reported as storage basin water level in feet below the overflow level.
- \*\*\* Monitoring data from each Permitted Feature shall be reported separately.

#### **B. STANDARD CONDITIONS**

In addition to specified conditions stated herein, this permit is subject to the attached <u>Parts I, II, & III</u> standard conditions dated <u>August 1, 2014, May 1, 2013, and August 1, 2019,</u> and hereby incorporated as though fully set forth herein. Annual reports required per Standard Conditions Part III Section K shall be submitted online to the Department via the Department's eDMR system as an attachment. This supersedes Standard Conditions Part III Section K #4. EPA reports shall continue to be submitted online via the Central Data Exchange system.

#### C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

#### 1. Discharges.

(a) Monitoring. Any discharge shall be monitored for the parameters in the table below at least once during the discharge event. Additional monitoring may be required by the Department on a case-by-case basis. The facility shall submit test results, along with the number of days the storage basin(s) has discharged during the month, via the Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System by the 28<sup>th</sup> day of the month after the discharge ceases. Permittee shall monitor for the following constituents:

Constituent	Units
Effluent Flow	MGD
Biochemical Oxygen Demand <sub>5</sub>	mg/L
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L
Ammonia as N	mg/L
pH – Units	SU
Oil & Grease	mg/L
E. coli*	#/100mL
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L
Nitrite + Nitrate	mg/L
Total Phosphorus	mg/L

<sup>\*</sup> Sampling for *E. coli* is only required during the recreational months of April – October.

(b) <u>Authorized Discharges</u>. A discharge from wastewater storage structures may only occur if rainfall exceeds the 10-year 365-day rainfall event (chronic) or the 25-year 24-hour rainfall event (catastrophic). The facility shall make all reasonable attempts to return the water level in the lagoon to below the maximum operating level. Design Storm Maps and Tables can be found at <a href="http://ag3.agebb.missouri.edu/design\_storm/">http://ag3.agebb.missouri.edu/design\_storm/</a>. For this facility:

Platte County	Data Collected: 09/06/2023
10-year 365-day rainfall event	46.9 inches
25-year 24-hour rainfall event	6.4 inches

(c) <u>Unauthorized Discharges</u>. Discharge for any other reason than what is stated in 1(b) of this Special Condition shall constitute a permit violation and shall be reported in accordance with Standard Conditions Part 1 Section B.2.

Unauthorized discharges are to be reported to the Kansas City Regional Office during normal business hours or by using the online Sanitary Sewer Overflow/Facility Bypass Application located at: <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/data-e-services/missouri-gateway-environmental-management-mogem">https://dnr.mo.gov/data-e-services/missouri-gateway-environmental-management-mogem</a> or the Environmental Emergency Response spill-line at 573-634-2436 outside of normal business hours.

#### 2. Wastewater Irrigation System.

- (a) <u>No-discharge facility requirements</u>. Wastewater shall be stored and irrigated during suitable conditions so that there is no discharge from the storage basins or irrigation sites.
- (b) Storage Basin Operating Levels No-discharge Systems. The minimum and maximum operating water levels for the storage basin(s) shall be clearly marked in each of the storage basins. Each storage basin shall be operated so that the maximum water elevation does not exceed two feet below the Emergency Spillway except due to exceedances of the 10-year 365-day rainfall event or 25-year 24-hour rainfall event as detailed in Special Condition 1. Wastewater shall be irrigated whenever feasible based on soil, weather conditions, and permit requirements. To ensure maximum storage capacity for the winter months when soil conditions may not be suitable for wastewater irrigation, the storage basin(s) shall be lowered to the two-foot minimum operating level during the months of September through November unless the Department approves a specific deviation from this requirement.
- (c) <u>Emergency Spillway.</u> Lagoons and earthen storage basins should have an emergency spillway to protect the structural integrity of earthen structures during operation at near full water levels and in the event of overflow conditions. The spillway shall be at least one foot below top of berm.
- (d) General Irrigation Requirements. The wastewater irrigation system shall be operated so as to provide uniform distribution of irrigated wastewater over the entire irrigation site. A complete ground cover of vegetation shall be maintained on the irrigation site unless the system is approved for row crop irrigation. The wastewater irrigation system shall be capable of irrigating the annual design flow during an irrigation period of 100 days or less per year. If the facility determines that night time irrigation is needed, the facility shall submit a night time irrigation plan to the Department's Water Protection Program for review and approval. Night time irrigation shall only occur when the Department has approved the night time irrigation plan.
- (e) <u>Saturated/Frozen Conditions.</u> There shall be no surface irrigation during ground frost; frozen, snow-covered, or saturated soil conditions; or when precipitation is imminent or occurring.
- (f) <u>Slope Restrictions.</u> Wastewater irrigation on slopes exceeding 10%, the hourly irrigation rate shall not exceed one-half (1/2) the design sustained permeability and in no case shall exceed one-half (1/2) inch per hour.

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- (g) <u>Set Backs.</u> There shall be no irrigation within:
  - (1) 150 feet of dwelling or public use areas;
  - (2) 50 feet of the property line or public road;
  - (3) 300 feet of any sinkhole, losing stream, or any other feature that may provide a connection to the ground water table and the surface;
  - (4) 300 feet from any existing potable water supply well not located on the property;
  - (5) 100 feet of any gaining streams (classified or unclassified; perennial or intermittent), wetlands, ponds, or lakes. As a compliance alternative a 35-foot vegetative buffer that is permanently covered with perennial vegetation may be substituted for the 100 foot set-back requirement; and
  - (6) If an established vegetated buffer or the wastewater is disinfected, the setbacks established in subsections (1)-(5) above may be decreased if the permittee demonstrates the risk is mitigated.
- (h) <u>Public Access Restrictions.</u> Public access shall not be allowed to public-use-area surface irrigation sites when irrigation is occurring.
- (i) Grazing and Harvesting of Forage Crops Restrictions. Grazing of animals shall be deferred as per the following:
  - (1) From May 1 to October 31, the minimum deferment from grazing or forage harvesting shall be 14 days.
  - (2) From November 1 to April 30, the minimum deferment from grazing or forage harvesting shall be 30 days.
- (j) <u>Irrigated Wastewater Disinfection.</u> Wastewater shall be disinfected prior to irrigation (not storage) to public-use-areas.
- (k) <u>Equipment Checks during Irrigation</u>. The irrigation system, including application sites, shall be visually inspected during periods of wastewater irrigation to check for equipment malfunctions and runoff from the irrigation site. Inspections shall occur <u>once per day for surface irrigation</u>.
- 3. Wastewater irrigation records shall be maintained and summarized into an annual operating report for the previous calendar year. This annual report is in addition to the reporting requirements listed in Table A and the report shall be kept onsite and made available to Department personnel upon request. The summarized annual report shall include the following:
  - (a) Record of maintenance and repairs performed during the year, average number of times per month the facility is checked to see if it is operating properly, and description of any unusual operating conditions encountered during the year;
  - (b) The number of days the storage basin(s) has discharged during the year, the discharge flow, and the reasons discharge occurred; and
  - (c) A summary of the irrigation operations for the year including: the number of days of irrigation, the total gallons irrigated, the total acres used, the irrigation rate in inches for the year, and the annual precipitation received at the facility.
- 4. <u>Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System.</u> Per 40 CFR Part 127 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Electronic Reporting Rule, reporting of effluent monitoring data and any report required by the permit (unless specifically directed otherwise by the permit) shall be submitted by the permittee via an electronic system to ensure timely, complete, accurate, and nationally consistent set of data about the NPDES program. All reports uploaded into the system shall be reasonably named so they are easily identifiable, such as "Permitted Feature 001 Daily Data Jan 2023," or "Permitted Feature 004 Daily Irrigation Data Mar 2025."
  - (a) eDMR Registration Requirements. The permittee must register with the Department's eDMR system through the Missouri Gateway for Environmental Management (MoGEM) before the first report is due. Registration and other information regarding MoGEM can be found at <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/data-e-services/missouri-gateway-environmental-management-mogem">https://dnr.mo.gov/data-e-services/missouri-gateway-environmental-management-mogem</a>. Information about the eDMR system can be found at <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/water/business-industry-other-entities/reporting/electronic-discharge-monitoring-reporting-system-edmr">https://dnr.mo.gov/water/business-industry-other-entities/reporting/electronic-discharge-monitoring-reporting-system-edmr</a>. The first user shall register as an Organization Official and the association to the facility must be approved by the Department. Regarding Standard Conditions Part I, Section B, #7, the eDMR system is currently the only Department approved reporting method for this permit unless a waiver is granted by the Department. See paragraph (c) below.
  - (b) Electronic Submissions. To access the eDMR system, use the following link in your web browser: <a href="https://apps5.mo.gov/mogems/welcome.action">https://apps5.mo.gov/mogems/welcome.action</a>. If you experience difficulties with using the eDMR system you may contact edmr@dnr.mo.gov or call 855-789-3889 or 573-526-2082 for assistance.
  - (c) Waivers from Electronic Reporting. The permittee must electronically submit compliance monitoring data and reports unless a waiver is granted by the Department in compliance with 40 CFR Part 127. The permittee may obtain an electronic reporting waiver by first submitting an eDMR Waiver Request Form: <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/electronic-discharge-monitoring-report-waiver-request-form-mo-780-2692">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/electronic-discharge-monitoring-report-waiver-request-form-mo-780-2692</a>. The Department will either approve or deny this electronic reporting waiver request within 120 calendar days

- 5. The full implementation of this operating permit, which includes implementation of any applicable schedules of compliance, shall constitute compliance with all applicable federal and state statutes and regulations in accordance with §644.051.19, RSMo, and the Clean Water Act (CWA) section 402(k); however, this permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued:
  - (a) To comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a)(2) of the CWA, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
    - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
    - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
  - (b) To incorporate an approved pretreatment program or modification thereto pursuant to 40 CFR 403.8(c) pursuant to 40 CFR or 403.18(e), respectively.
- 6. Report as no-discharge when irrigation does not occur during the report period.
- 7. It is a violation of the Missouri Clean Water Law to fail to pay fees associated with this permit (644.055 RSMo).
- 8. The permittee shall comply with any applicable requirements listed in 10 CSR 20-9. The monitoring frequencies contained in Table A of this permit shall not be construed by the permittee as a modification of the monitoring frequencies listed in 10 CSR 20-9. To request modification of the operational control testing requirements, the permittee shall submit a permit modification application and fee to the Department requesting a deviation from the operational control monitoring requirements. If the request is approved, the Department will modify the permit.
- 9. The permittee shall continue to implement and update if necessary, the program for maintenance and repair of its collection system. The permittee may compare collection system performance results and other data with the benchmarks used in the Departments' Capacity, Management, Operation, And Maintenance (CMOM) Model, located at <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/capacity-management-operations-maintenance-plan-editable-template">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/capacity-management-operations-maintenance-plan-editable-template</a>. Additional information regarding the Departments' CMOM Model is available at <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/print/document-search/pub2574">https://dnr.mo.gov/print/document-search/pub2574</a>.

The permittee shall also submit a report via the Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System annually, by <u>January 28<sup>th</sup></u>, for the previous calendar year. The report shall contain the following information:

- (a) A summary of the efforts to locate and eliminate specific sources of excessive infiltration and inflow into the collection system serving the facility for the previous year.
- (b) A summary of the general maintenance and repairs to the collection system serving the facility for the previous year.
- (c) A summary of any planned maintenance and repairs to the collection system serving the facility for the upcoming calendar year. This list shall include locations (GPS, 911 address, manhole number, etc.) and actions to be taken.
- 10. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
- 11. The permittee shall develop, maintain and implement an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manual that includes all necessary items to ensure the operation and integrity of the waste handling and wastewater irrigation systems, including key operating procedures, an aerial or topographic site map with the permitted features, irrigation fields, and irrigation buffer zones marked, and a brief summary of the operation of the facility. The O&M manual shall be made available to the operator and shall be reviewed and updated at least every five years or when there is a change in equipment or irrigation sites.
- 12. Reporting of Non-Detects:
  - (a) An analysis conducted by the permittee or their contracted laboratory shall be conducted in such a way that the precision and accuracy of the analyzed result can be enumerated.
  - (b) See sufficiently sensitive test method requirements in Standard Conditions Part I, Section A, No. 4 regarding proper testing and method minimum levels used for sample analysis.
  - (c) The permittee shall not report a sample result as "Non-Detect" without also reporting the method minimum level of the test. Reporting as "Non Detect" without also including the method minimum level, will be considered failure to report, which is a violation of this permit.
  - (d) The permittee shall provide the "Non-Detect" sample result using the less than symbol and the method minimum level (e.g.,  $<50 \mu g/L$ ), if the method minimum level for the parameter is  $50 \mu g/L$ ).
  - (e) Where the permit contains a Department determined Minimum Quantification Level (ML) and the permittee is granted authority in the permit to report zero in lieu of the < ML for a specified parameter (conventional, priority pollutants, metals, etc.), then zero (0) is to be reported for that parameter.
  - (f) For the daily maximum, the facility shall report the highest value. If the highest value was a non-detect, use the less than "<" symbol and the laboratory's highest method minimum level.
  - (g) For reporting an average based on all non-detected values, remove the "<" sign from the values, average the values, and then add the "<" symbol back to the resulting average.

- (h) For reporting an average based on a mix of detected and non-detected values (not including *E. coli*), assign a value of "0" for all non-detects for that reporting period and report the average of all the results.
- (i) When *E. coli* is not detected above the method minimum level, the permittee must report the data qualifier signifying less than detection limit for that parameter (e.g., <1 #/100mL, if the method minimum level is 1 #/100mL). For reporting a geometric mean based on a mix of detected and non-detected values, use one-half of the detection limit (instead of zero) for non-detects when calculating geometric means.
- (j) See the Fact Sheet Appendix Non-Detect Example Calculations for further guidance.
- 13. Access to the storage basin(s) and any associated wastewater irrigation equipment must be sufficiently restricted or secured to prevent entry by children, livestock and unauthorized persons as well as to protect the facility from vandalism.
- 14. An all-weather access road shall be provided to the treatment facility.
- 15. The berms of the storage basin(s) shall be mowed and kept free of any deep-rooted vegetation, animal dens, or other potential sources of damage to the berms.
- 16. The facility shall ensure that adequate provisions are provided to prevent surface water intrusion into the storage basin(s) and to divert stormwater runoff around the storage basin(s) and protect embankments from erosion.
- 17. <u>Wastewater Irrigation Sites</u>. To add additional irrigation sites or to convert any of the land to public-use-areas, a construction permit, geohydrologic evaluation, soils report, and permit modification may be required. The facility shall contact the Department for a written determination.

#### **D. NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL**

If you were adversely affected by this decision, you may be entitled to pursue an appeal before the administrative hearing commission (AHC) pursuant to Sections 621.250 and 644.051.9 RSMo. To appeal, you must file a petition with the AHC within thirty days after the date this decision was mailed or the date it was delivered, whichever date was earlier. If any such petition is sent by registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is mailed; if it is sent by any method other than registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is received by the AHC. Any appeal should be directed to:

Administrative Hearing Commission U.S. Post Office Building, Third Floor 131 West High Street, P.O. Box 1557 Jefferson City, MO 65102-1557 Phone: 573-751-2422

> Fax: 573-751-5018 Website: <a href="https://ahc.mo.gov">https://ahc.mo.gov</a>

# MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES FACT SHEET FOR THE PURPOSE OF RENEWAL OF MO-0031585 WESTON WWTF

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act ("Clean Water Act" Section 402 Public Law 92-500 as amended) established the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program. This program regulates the discharge of pollutants from point sources into the waters of the United States, and the release of stormwater from certain point sources. All such discharges are unlawful without a permit (Section 301 of the "Clean Water Act"). After a permit is obtained, a discharge not in compliance with all permit terms and conditions is unlawful. Missouri State Operating Permits (MSOPs) are issued by the Director of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) under an approved program, operating in accordance with federal and state laws (Federal "Clean Water Act" and "Missouri Clean Water Law" Section 644 as amended). MSOPs are issued for a period of five (5) years unless otherwise specified.

As per [40 CFR Part 124.8(a)] and [10 CSR 20-6.020(1)(A)2.] a Factsheet shall be prepared to give pertinent information regarding the applicable regulations, rationale for the development of effluent limitations and conditions, and the public participation process for the Missouri State Operating Permit (operating permit) listed below.

A Factsheet is not an enforceable part of an operating permit.

#### **Part I – Facility Information**

Facility Type and Description: POTW

Bar screen / four-cell storage lagoon with cells 1 and 2 aerated / wastewater is irrigated to the surface / sludge is retained in lagoon until biosolids are land applied.

Application Date: 12/16/22 Expiration Date: 09/30/22

#### PERMITTED FEATURE(S) TABLE:

PERMITTED FEATURE	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	TREATMENT LEVEL	EFFLUENT TYPE	
#001	0.18	Storage Basin(s)	Domestic	
#002, #003, #004 & #005	Irrigation Fields			

#### Comments:

There are no changes from previous permit regarding monitoring and reporting of parameters. Special conditions were updated to include the removal of: the requirement to cease discharge and connection to a continuing authority with a qualifying area-wide management plan as this facility has a management agreement with MARC, the special condition regarding changes to existing pollutants or addition of new pollutants to the treatment facility, however, this facility is still subject to Standard Conditions Part I, Section B, special conditions requiring gates and warning signs, but the facility must remain sufficiently secured to restrict access per special condition 13, and a condition regarding sludge storage and disposal as this facility is subject to Standard Conditions Part III.

#### Part II - Receiving Stream Information

While this facility is no discharge, a receiving stream is listed for the purposes of showing what stream would be affected in the event of a discharge due to an acute or chronic rain event.

#### RECEIVING STREAM(S) TABLE: PERMITTED FEATURE #001

WATER-BODY NAME	CLASS	WBID	DESIGNATED USES*	12-Digit HUC
Missouri River	P	226	AHP (WWH), IND, DWS, IRR, LWP, SCR, WBC-B, HHP	10240011-0306

#### RECEIVING STREAM(S) TABLE: PERMITTED FEATURE #002 & #005

WATER-BODY NAME	CLASS	WBID	DESIGNATED USES*	12-Digit HUC
Tributary to Missouri River				10240011 0206
Missouri River	P	226	AHP (WWH), IND, DWS, IRR, LWP, SCR, WBC-B, HHP	10240011-0306

#### RECEIVING STREAM(S) TABLE: PERMITTED FEATURE #003 & #004

WATER-BODY NAME	CLASS	WBID	DESIGNATED USES*	12-Digit HUC
Tributary to Bear Creek				10240011 0206
Bear Creek	С	272	AHP (WWH), IRR, LWP, HHP, SCR, WBC-B	10240011-0306

<sup>\*</sup>As per 10 CSR 20-7.031 Missouri Water Quality Standards, the Department defines the Clean Water Commission's water quality objectives in terms of "water uses to be maintained and the criteria to protect those uses." The receiving stream and 1st classified receiving stream's beneficial water uses to be maintained are in the receiving stream table in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(F)].

Uses found in the receiving streams table, above:

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(F)1.:

**AHP** = Aquatic Habitat Protection - To ensure the protection and propagation of fish, shellfish, and wildlife. AHP is further subcategorized as:

**WWH** = Warm Water Habitat;

**CLH** = Cool Water Habitat;

**CDH**= Cold Water Habitat;

**EAH** = Ephemeral Aquatic Habitat;

**MAH** = Modified Aquatic Habitat;

**LAH** = Limited Aquatic Habitat.

This permit uses Aquatic Life Protection effluent limitations in 10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A for all aquatic habitat designations unless otherwise specified.

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(F)2.: Recreation in and on the water

**WBC** = Whole Body Contact recreation where the entire body is capable of being submerged. WBC is further subcategorized as:

**WBC-A** = Whole body contact recreation that supports swimming uses and has public access;

**WBC-B** = Whole body contact recreation that supports swimming;

**SCR** = Secondary Contact Recreation (like fishing, wading, and boating).

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(F)3. to 7.:

**HHP** = Human Health Protection as it relates to the consumption of fish;

**IRR** = Irrigation - Application of water to cropland or directly to cultivated plants that may be used for human or livestock consumption;

**LWP** = Livestock and wildlife protection - Maintenance of conditions in waters to support health in livestock and wildlife;

**DWS** = Drinking water supply;

**IND** = Industrial water supply

10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(F)8-11.: Wetlands (10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A currently does not have corresponding habitat use criteria for these defined uses)

**WSA** = Storm- and flood-water storage and attenuation;

**WHP** = Habitat for resident and migratory wildlife species;

WRC = Recreational, cultural, educational, scientific, and natural aesthetic values and uses;

**WHC** = Hydrologic cycle maintenance.

10 CSR 20-7.031(6):

GRW = Groundwater

#### Receiving Water Body's Water Quality

This facility is designed for wastewater irrigation; therefore, it does not discharge to a 303(d) listed stream or to a stream with an EPA approved TMDL. Should a discharge occur, the Missouri River has a TMDL for chlordane and PCBs, and is on the 2022 303(d) list for *E. coli*.

#### **Permit Limits Determination**

#### PERMITTED FEATURE #001 – STORAGE BASIN

- Freeboard. Monitoring requirement to verify adequate freeboard is maintained, so as to avoid an overflow of the storage basin.
- <u>Precipitation.</u> Monitoring requirement to ensure appropriate irrigation is conducted to account for accumulated water in the storage basin.

#### PERMITTED FEATURES #002, #003, #004 & #005 - IRRIGATION FIELD

- <u>Irrigation Period.</u> Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for the Irrigation Period is included to determine if proper irrigation is occurring on the irrigation fields.
- <u>Volume Irrigated</u>. Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for the Volume Irrigated is included to determine if proper irrigation is occurring on the irrigation fields.
- <u>Irrigation Area.</u> Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for the Irrigation Area is included to determine if proper irrigation is occurring on the irrigation fields.
- <u>Irrigation Rate</u>. Monitoring requirement only. Monitoring for the Irrigation Rate is included to determine if proper irrigation is occurring on the irrigation fields.

#### **Sampling Frequency Justification:**

Sampling frequency has been determined to be appropriate so it has been retained from the previous state operating permit.

#### **Sampling Type Justification:**

Due to the discharge being from irrigation from a storage basin, a grab sample is a representative and appropriate sample type. Variation in nutrient concentration is not expected over a 24 hour period. Sampling type has been determined to be appropriate so it has been retained from the previous state operating permit.

**DISCHARGE PARAMETERS** – BOD<sub>5</sub>, TSS, Ammonia, pH, Oil & Grease, *E. coli*, Total Phosphorus, and Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, and Nitrite + Nitrate are conventional pollutants found in domestic wastewater. These parameters shall be monitored at least once during the discharge event. Additional monitoring may be required by the Department on a case-by-case basis. All samples shall be collected as grab samples. pH samples cannot be preserved and must be sampled in the field.

#### OUTFALL #001 – GENERAL CRITERIA CONSIDERATIONS:

In accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(d)(1), effluent limitations shall be placed into the permit for those pollutants which have been determined to cause, have the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above any State water quality standard, including State narrative criteria for water quality. The rule further states that pollutants which have been determined to cause, have the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an excursion above a narrative criterion within an applicable State water quality standard, the permit shall contain a numeric effluent limitation to protect that narrative criterion. In order to comply with this regulation, the permit writer will complete reasonable potential determinations on whether the discharge will violate any of the general criteria listed in 10 CSR 20-7.031(4). These specific requirements are listed below followed by derivation and discussion (the lettering matches that of the rule itself, under 10 CSR 20-7.031(4)). It should also be noted that Section 644.076.1, RSMo as well as Section D – Administrative Requirements of Standard Conditions Part I of this permit states that it shall be unlawful for any person to cause or permit any discharge of water contaminants from any water contaminant or point source located in Missouri that is in violation of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated by the commission.

(A) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses. This facility utilizes irrigation of domestic wastewater to the land surface and therefore does not discharge. Based upon a review of a recent Report of Compliance Inspection for the inspection conducted on February 25, 2020, no evidence of an excursion of this criterion has been observed by the Department in the past and the facility has not disclosed any other information their permit application which has the potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this narrative criterion. Additionally, there had been no indication to the Department that the stream has had issues maintaining beneficial uses as a result of the wastewater irrigation. Therefore, based on the information reviewed during the drafting of this permit, and the fact that the facility does not discharge, no reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this criterion exists.

- (B) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (C) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (D) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (E) Waters shall provide for the attainment and maintenance of water quality standards downstream including waters of another state. Please see (D) above as justification is the same.
- (F) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (G) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (H) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community. Please see (A) above as justification is the same.
- (I) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247. The discharge from this facility is made up of treated domestic wastewater. No evidence of an excursion of this criterion has been observed by the Department in the past and the facility has not disclosed any other information related to the characteristics of the discharge on their permit application which has the potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this narrative criterion. Additionally, any solid wastes received or produced at this facility are wholly contained in appropriate storage facilities, are not discharged, and are disposed of offsite. This discharge is subject to Standard Conditions Part III, which contains requirements for the management and disposal of sludge to prevent its discharge. Therefore, this discharge does not have reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of this criterion.

#### Part III – Rationale and Derivation of Effluent Limitations & Permit Conditions

#### **ALTERNATIVE EVALUATIONS FOR NEW FACILITIES:**

✓ The facility does not discharge to a Losing Stream as defined by [10 CSR 20-2.010(40)] & [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(O)], or is an existing facility.

#### **ANTI-BACKSLIDING:**

✓ All limits in this operating permit are at least as protective as those previously established; therefore, backsliding does not apply.

#### **ANTIDEGRADATION:**

✓ No degradation proposed and no further review necessary. Facility did not apply for authorization to increase pollutant loading or to add additional pollutants to their discharge.

#### AREA-WIDE WASTE TREATMENT MANAGEMENT & CONTINUING AUTHORITY:

As per [10 CSR 20-6.010(2)(C)], an applicant may utilize a lower preference continuing authority when a higher level authority is available by submitting information as part of the application to the Department for review and approval, provided it does not conflict with any area-wide management plan approved under section 208 of the Federal Clean Water Act or any other regional sewage service and treatment plan approved for higher preference authority by the Department.

#### **BIOSOLIDS & SEWAGE SLUDGE:**

Biosolids are solid materials resulting from domestic wastewater treatment that meet federal and state criteria for beneficial uses (i.e. fertilizer). Sewage sludge is solids, semi-solids, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works; including but not limited to, domestic septage; scum or solids removed in primary, secondary, or advanced wastewater treatment process; and a material derived from sewage sludge. Sewage sludge does not include ash generated during the firing of sewage sludge in a sewage sludge incinerator or grit and screening generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works.

✓ Permittee is authorized to land apply biosolids in accordance with Standard Conditions III.

#### **COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT:**

Enforcement is the action taken by the Water Protection Program (WPP) to bring an entity into compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and conditions of an operating permit. The primary purpose of the enforcement activity in the WPP is to resolve violations and return the entity to compliance.

#### Facility Performance History:

✓ The facility is not currently under Water Protection Program enforcement action. This facility was last inspected on February 25, 2020. The conditions of the facility at the time of inspection were found to be satisfactory.

#### **CONTINUING AUTHORITY:**

Each application for an operating permit shall identify the person, as that term is defined in section 644.016(15), RSMo, that is the owner of, operator of, or area-wide management authority for a water contaminant source, point source, wastewater treatment facility, or sewer collection system. This person shall be designated as the continuing authority and shall sign the application. By doing so, the person designated as the continuing authority acknowledges responsibility for compliance with all permit conditions.

10 CSR 20-6.010(2) establishes preferential levels for continuing authorities: Levels 1 through 5 (with Level 1 as the highest level), and requires a higher preference continuing authority be utilized if available. A Level 3, 4, or 5 applicant may constitute a continuing authority by showing that the authorities listed under paragraphs (B)1.–2. of 10 CSR 20-6.010(2) are not available; do not have jurisdiction; are forbidden by state statute or local ordinance from providing service to the person; or that it has met one of the requirements listed in paragraphs (2)(C)1.–7. of 10 CSR 20-6.010(2). The seven options in paragraphs (2)(C)1.–7. for a lower-level authority to demonstrate that it is the valid continuing authority are:

- A waiver from the existing higher authority declining the offer to accept management of the additional wastewater or stormwater:
- 2. A written statement or a demonstration of non-response from the higher authority;
- 3. A to-scale map showing all parts of the legal boundary of the facility's property are beyond 2000 feet from the collection (sewer) system operated by the higher preference authority;
- 4. A proposed connection or adoption charge by the higher authority that would equal or exceed what is economically feasible for the applicant, which may be in the range of one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the applicant's cost for constructing or operating a wastewater treatment system;
- 5. A proposed service fee on the users of the system by the higher authority that is above what is affordable for existing homeowners in that area;
- 6. Terms for connection or adoption by the higher authority that would require more than two (2) years to achieve full sewer service; or
- 7. A demonstration that the terms for connection or adoption by the higher authority are not viable or feasible to homeowners in the area.

Permit applicants that are Levels 3, 4, and 5 must, as part of their application, identify their method of compliance with this regulation. The following are the methods to comply.

- o No higher level authorities are available to the facility;
- No higher level authorities have jurisdiction;
- o Higher level authorities are forbidden by state statute or local ordinance from providing service to the person;
- The existing higher level authority is available to the facility, however the facility has proposed the use of a lower preference continuing authority and has submitted one of the following as part of their application (See Fact Sheet Appendix Continuing Authority for more information on these options):
  - o A waiver from the existing higher authority;
  - o A written statement or a demonstration of non-response from the higher authority;
  - O A to-scale map showing all parts of the legal boundary of the facility's property are beyond 2000 feet from the collection (sewer) system operated by the higher preference authority;
  - O Documentation that the proposed connection or adoption charge by the higher authority would equal or exceed what is economically feasible for the applicant, which may be in the range of one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the applicant's cost for constructing or operating a wastewater treatment system;
  - O Documentation that the proposed service fee on the users of the system by the higher authority is above what is affordable for existing homeowners in that area;
  - O Documentation that the terms for connection or adoption by the higher authority would require more than two (2) years to achieve full sewer service;
  - o A demonstration that the terms for connection or adoption by the higher authority are not viable or feasible to homeowners in the area;
- ✓ The continuing authority listed on the application is a municipality, and therefore a Level 3 Authority. MARC Gateway has an approved Clean Water Act Section 208 plan in Platte County. The applicant has shown that:
  - o A higher level authority is not available to the facility; MARC has not made a notice of availability to this facility, additionally MARC has a management agreement with this facility.

#### ELECTRONIC DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (EDMR) SUBMISSION SYSTEM:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) promulgated a final rule on October 22, 2015, to modernize Clean Water Act reporting for municipalities, industries, and other facilities by converting to an electronic data reporting system. This final rule requires regulated entities and state and federal regulators to use information technology to electronically report data required by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program instead of filing paper reports. To comply with the federal rule, the Department is requiring all permittees to begin submitting discharge monitoring data and reports online. In an effort to aid facilities in the reporting of applicable information electronically, the Department has created several new forms including operational control monitoring forms and an I&I location and reduction form. These forms are optional and can be provided upon request to the Department.

Per 40 CFR 127.15 and 127.24, permitted facilities may request a temporary waiver for up to 5 years or a permanent waiver from electronic reporting from the Department. To obtain an electronic reporting waiver, a permittee must first submit an eDMR Waiver Request Form: <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/electronic-discharge-monitoring-report-waiver-request-form-mo-780-2692">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/electronic-discharge-monitoring-report-waiver-request-form-mo-780-2692</a>. A request must be made for each facility. If more than one facility is owned or operated by a single entity, then the entity must submit a separate request for each facility based on its specific circumstances. An approved waiver is non-transferable.

The Department must review and notify the facility within 120 calendar days of receipt if the waiver request has been approved or rejected [40 CFR 124.27(a)]. During the Department review period as well as after a waiver is granted, the facility must continue submitting a hard-copy of any reports required by their permit. The Department will enter data submitted in hard-copy from those facilities allowed to do so and electronically submit the data to the EPA on behalf of the facility.

✓ The permittee/facility is currently using the eDMR data reporting system.

#### NUMERIC LAKE NUTRIENT CRITERIA

✓ This facility does not discharge into a lake watershed where numeric lake nutrient criteria are applicable.

#### **OPERATOR CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS:**

As per [10 CSR 20-6.010(8) Terms and Conditions of a Permit], the permittee shall operate and maintain facilities to comply with the Missouri Clean Water Law and applicable permit conditions and regulations. Operators at regulated wastewater treatment facilities shall be certified in accordance with [10 CSR 20-9.020(2)] and any other applicable state law or regulation. As per [10 CSR 20-9.020(2)(A)], requirements for operation by certified personnel shall apply to all wastewater treatment systems with population equivalents greater than 200 and are owned or operated by or for municipalities, public sewer districts, counties, public water supply districts, private sewer companies regulated by the Public Service Commission and state or federal agencies.

✓ This facility is required to have a certified operator as it has a population equivalent greater than 200 and is owned or operated by or for a municipality, public sewer district, county, public water supply district, private sewer company regulated by the PSC, state or federal agency.

This facility currently requires a chief operator with a <u>D</u> Certification Level. Please see **Appendix - Classification Worksheet**. Modifications made to the wastewater treatment facility may cause the classification to be modified.

Operator's Name: Eric Mosier Certification Number: 9752 Certification Level: WW-D

The listing of the operator above only signifies that staff drafting this operating permit have reviewed appropriate Department records and determined that the name listed on the operating permit application has the correct and applicable Certification Level.

#### OPERATIONAL CONTROL TESTING REQUIREMENTS

Missouri Clean Water Commission regulation 10 CSR 20-9.010 requires certain publically owned treatment works and privately owned facilities regulated by the Public Service Commission to conduct internal operational control monitoring to further ensure proper operation of the facility and to be a safeguard or early warning for potential plant upsets that could affect effluent quality. This requirement is only applicable if the publically owned treatment works and privately owned facilities regulated by the Public Service Commission has a Population Equivalent greater than two hundred (200).

10 CSR 20-9.010(3) allows the Department to modify the monitoring frequency required in the rule based upon the Department's judgement of monitoring needs for process control at the specified facility

✓ As per [10 CSR 20-9.010(4)], the facility is required to conduct operational monitoring. These operational monitoring reports shall be submitted to the Department along with the MSOP discharge monitoring reports.

✓ The facility is a lagoon that is designed as a no-discharge lagoon and is required to conduct operational control monitoring as follows:

Operational Monitoring Parameter	Frequency
Precipitation	Twice/Month
Flow – Influent or Effluent	Twice/Month
pH – Primary Cell	Twice/Month
Dissolved Oxygen – Primary Cell	Twice/Month

#### PRETREATMENT PROGRAM:

✓ The permittee, at this time, is not required to have a Pretreatment Program or does not have an approved pretreatment program.

#### **REMOVAL EFFICIENCY:**

Removal efficiency is a method by which the Federal Regulations define Secondary Treatment and Equivalent to Secondary Treatment, which applies to Biochemical Oxygen Demand 5-day (BOD<sub>5</sub>) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) for publically owned treatment works (POTWs). See 40 CFR Part 133.102(a)(3) & (b)(3) and 40 CFR 133.105(a)(3)&(b)(3). This is a no-discharge facility, therefore removal efficiency is 100% and influent monitoring is not required.

#### SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOWS (SSO) AND INFLOW AND INFILTRATION (I&I):

Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs) are defined as untreated sewage releases and are considered bypassing under state regulation [10 CSR 20-2.010(12)] and should not be confused with the federal definition of bypass. SSOs result from a variety of causes including blockages, line breaks, and sewer defects that can either allow wastewater to backup within the collection system during dry weather conditions or allow excess stormwater and groundwater to enter and overload the collection system during wet weather conditions. SSOs can also result from lapses in sewer system operation and maintenance, inadequate sewer design and construction, power failures, and vandalism. SSOs include overflows out of manholes, cleanouts, broken pipes, and other into waters of the state and onto city streets, sidewalks, and other terrestrial locations.

Inflow and Infiltration (I&I) is defined as unwanted intrusion of stormwater or groundwater into a collection system. This can occur from points of direct connection such as sump pumps, roof drain downspouts, foundation drains, and storm drain cross-connections or through cracks, holes, joint failures, faulty line connections, damaged manholes, and other openings in the collection system itself. I&I results from a variety of causes including line breaks, improperly sealed connections, cracks caused by soil erosion/settling, penetration of vegetative roots, and other sewer defects. In addition, excess stormwater and groundwater entering the collection system from line breaks and sewer defects have the potential to negatively impact the treatment facility.

Missouri RSMo §644.026.1.(13) mandates that the Department issue permits for discharges of water contaminants into the waters of this state, and also for the operation of sewer systems. Such permit conditions shall ensure compliance with all requirements as established by sections 644.006 to 644.141. Standard Conditions Part I, referenced in the permit, contains provisions requiring proper operation and maintenance of all facilities and systems of treatment and control. Missouri RSMo §644.026.1.(15) instructs the Department to require proper maintenance and operation of treatment facilities and sewer systems and proper disposal of residual waste from all such facilities. To ensure that public health and the environment are protected, any noncompliance which may endanger public health or the environment must be reported to the Department within 24 hours of the time the permittee becomes aware of the noncompliance. Standard Conditions Part I, referenced in the permit, contains the reporting requirements for the permittee when bypasses and upsets occur. The permit also contains requirements for permittees to develop and implement a program for maintenance and repair of the collection system. The permit requires that the permittee submit an annual report to the Department for the previous calendar year that contains a summary of efforts taken by the permittee to locate and eliminate sources of excess I & I, a summary of general maintenance and repairs to the collection system, and a summary of any planned maintenance and repairs to the collection system for the upcoming calendar year.

✓ At this time, the Department recommends the US EPA's Guide for Evaluating Capacity, Management, Operation and Maintenance (CMOM) Programs at Sanitary Sewer Collection Systems (Document # EPA 305-B-05-002) or the Departments' CMOM Model located at <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/capacity-management-operations-maintenance-plan-editable-template">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/capacity-management-operations-maintenance-plan-editable-template</a>. For additional information regarding the Departments' CMOM Model, see the CMOM Plan Model Guidance document at <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/print/document-search/pub2574">https://dnr.mo.gov/print/document-search/pub2574</a>. The CMOM identifies some of the criteria used to evaluate a collection system's management, operation, and maintenance and was intended for use by the EPA, state, regulated community, and/or third party entities. The CMOM is applicable to small, medium, and large systems; both public and privately owned; and both regional and satellite collection systems. The CMOM does not substitute for the Clean Water Act, the Missouri Clean Water Law, and both federal and state regulations, as it is not a regulation.

#### SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE (SOC):

This permit does not contain a SOC.

#### **SEWER EXTENSION AUTHORITY SUPERVISED PROGRAM:**

✓ The permittee does not have a Department approved Sewer Extension Authority Supervised Program.

#### VARIANCE:

✓ This operating permit is not drafted under premises of a petition for variance.

#### **40 CFR 122.41(M) - BYPASSES:**

✓ This facility does not anticipate bypassing.

#### Part IV - Cost Analysis for Compliance

Pursuant to Section 644.145, RSMo, when issuing permits under this chapter that incorporate a new requirement for discharges from publicly owned combined or separate sanitary or storm sewer systems or publicly owned treatment works, or when enforcing provisions of this chapter or the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., pertaining to any portion of a publicly owned combined or separate sanitary or storm sewer system or [publicly owned] treatment works, the Department of Natural Resources shall make a "finding of affordability" on the costs to be incurred and the impact of any rate changes on ratepayers upon which to base such permits and decisions, to the extent allowable under this chapter and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. This process is completed through a cost analysis for compliance. Permits that do not include new requirements may be deemed affordable.

✓ Not Applicable; The Department is not required to complete a cost analysis for compliance because the permit contains no new conditions or requirements that convey a new cost to the facility.

#### Part V – Administrative Requirements

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Department, as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions contained herein and within the operating permit. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

#### WATER QUALITY STANDARD REVISION:

✓ This operating permit does not contain requirements for a water quality standard that has changed twenty-five percent or more since the previous operating permit.

#### **PUBLIC NOTICE:**

The Department shall give public notice that a draft permit has been prepared and its issuance is pending. Additionally, public notice will be issued if a public hearing is to be held because of a significant degree of interest in and water quality concerns related to a draft permit. No public notice is required when a request for a permit modification or termination is denied; however, the requester and permittee must be notified of the denial in writing. The Department must issue public notice of a pending operating permit or of a new or reissued statewide general permit. The public comment period is the length of time not less than 30 days following the date of the public notice which interested persons may submit written comments about the proposed permit. For persons wanting to submit comments regarding this proposed operating permit, then please refer to the Public Notice page located at the front of this draft operating permit. The Public Notice page gives direction on how and where to submit appropriate comments.

✓ The Public Notice period for this operating permit was from October 20, 2023 to November 20, 2023. No response received.

DATE OF FACT SHEET: SEPTEMBER 7, 2023

#### COMPLETED BY:

ASHLEY KNEEMUELLER, ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAM ANALYST MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM OPERATING PERMITS SECTION - DOMESTIC WASTEWATER UNIT (573) 526-1503
Ashley.Kneemueller@dnr.mo.gov

### **Appendices**

#### **APPENDIX - CLASSIFICATION WORKSHEET:**

Item	Points Possible	Points Assigned
Maximum Population Equivalent (P.E.) served, peak day	1 pt./10,000 PE or major fraction	
Design Flow (avg. day) or peak month's flow (avg. day) whichever is larger	thereof. (Max 10 pts.)  1 pt. / MGD or major fraction thereof. (Max 10 pts.)	
Effluent Discharge		
Missouri or Mississippi River	0	
All other stream discharges except to losing streams and stream reaches supporting whole body contact recreation	1	
Discharge to lake or reservoir outside of designated whole body contact recreational area	2	
Discharge to losing stream, lake or reservoir area supporting whole body contact recreation	3	
Direct reuse or recycle of effluent	6	
Land Application/Irriga	tion	
Drip Irrigation	3	
Land application/irrigation	5	5
Overland flow	4	
Variation in Raw Wastes (highes	at level only)	
Variations do not exceed those normally or typically expected	0	
Reoccurring deviations or excessive variations of 100 to 200 percent in strength and/or flow	2	
Reoccurring deviations or excessive variations of more than 200 percent in strength and/or flow	4	
Department-approved pretreatment program	6	
Preliminary Treatmer	nt	
STEP systems (operated by the permittee)	3	
Screening and/or comminution	3	3
Grit removal	3	
Plant pumping of main flow	3	
Flow equalization	5	
Primary Treatment		
Primary clarifiers	5	
Chemical addition (except chlorine, enzymes)	4	
Secondary Treatmen	t	
Trickling filter and other fixed film media with or without secondary clarifiers	10	
Activated sludge (including aeration, oxidation ditches, sequencing batch reactors, membrane bioreactors, and contact stabilization)	15	
Stabilization ponds without aeration	5	
Aerated lagoon	8	8
Advanced Lagoon Treatment – Aerobic cells, anaerobic cells, covers, or fixed film	10	
Biological, physical, or chemical	12	
Carbon regeneration	4	
Total from page ONE (1)		16

#### **APPENDIX - CLASSIFICATION WORKSHEET (CONTINUED):**

ITEM	POINTS POSSIBLE	POINTS ASSIGNED
Solids Handling		
Sludge Holding	5	
Anaerobic digestion	10	
Aerobic digestion	6	
Evaporative sludge drying	2	
Mechanical dewatering	8	
Solids reduction (incineration, wet oxidation)	12	
Land application	6	
Disinfection		
Chlorination or comparable	5	
On-site generation of disinfectant (except UV light)	5	
Dechlorination	2	
UV light	4	
Required Laboratory Control Performed by Plant	Personnel (highest level only)	
Lab work done outside the plant	0	
Push – button or visual methods for simple test such as pH, settleable solids	3	
Additional procedures such as DO, COD, BOD, titrations, solids, volatile content	5	5
More advanced determinations, such as BOD seeding procedures, fecal coliform, nutrients, total oils, phenols, etc.	7	
Highly sophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chromatograph	10	
Total from page TWO (2)		5
Total from page ONE (1)		16
Grand Total		21

☐ - A: 71 points and greater
 ☐ - B: 51 points - 70 points
 ☐ - C: 26 points - 50 points
 ☐ - D: 0 points - 25 points

#### **APPENDIX – Non-Detect Example Calculations:**

**Example**: Permittee has four samples for Pollutant X which has a method minimum level of 5 mg/L and is to report a Daily Maximum and Monthly Average.

```
Week 1 = 11.4 mg/L

Week 2 = Non-Detect or <5.0 mg/L

Week 3 = 7.1 mg/L

Week 4 = Non-Detect or <5.0 mg/L
```

For this example, use subpart (h) - For reporting an average based on a mix of detected and non-detected values (not including *E. coli*), assign a value of "0" for all non-detects for that reporting period and report the average of all the results.

```
11.4 + 0 + 7.1 + 0 = 18.5 \div 4 (number of samples) = 4.63 mg/L.
```

The Permittee reports a Monthly Average of 4.63 mg/L and a Daily maximum of 11.4 mg/L (Note the < symbol was dropped in the answers).

**Example**: Permittee has five samples for Pollutant Y that has a method minimum level of  $9 \mu g/L$  and is to report a Daily Maximum and Monthly Average.

```
Day 1 = Non-Detect or <9.0 \mu g/L
Day 2 = Non-Detect or <9.0 \mu g/L
Day 3 = Non-Detect or <9.0 \mu g/L
Day 4 = Non-Detect or <9.0 \mu g/L
Day 5 = Non-Detect or <9.0 \mu g/L
```

For this example, use subpart (g) - For reporting an average based on all non-detected values, remove the "<" sign from the values, average the values, and then add the "<" symbol back to the resulting average.

```
(9 + 9 + 9 + 9 + 9) \div 5 (number of samples) = <9 \mu g/L.
```

The Permittee reports a Monthly Average of  $<9.0 \,\mu\text{g/L}$  (retain the 'less than' symbol) and a Daily Maximum of  $<9.0 \,\mu\text{g/L}$ .

**Example**: Permittee has four samples for Pollutant Z where the first two tests were conducted using a method with a method minimum level of 4  $\mu$ g/L and the remaining two tests were conducted using a different method that has a method minimum level of <6  $\mu$ g/L and is to report a Monthly Average and a Weekly Average.

```
Week 1 = Non-Detect or <4.0 \mug/L
Week 2 = Non-Detect or <4.0 \mug/L
Week 3 = Non-Detect or <6.0 \mug/L
Week 4 = Non-Detect or <6.0 \mug/L
```

For this example, use subpart (g) - For reporting an average based on all non-detected values, remove the "<" sign from the values, average the values, and then add the "<" symbol back to the resulting average.

```
(4+4+6+6) \div 4 (number of samples) = <5 \mu g/L. (Monthly)
```

The facility reports a Monthly Average of  $<5.0 \mu g/L$  and a Weekly Average of  $<6.0 \mu g/L$ .

#### **APPENDIX – Non-Detect Example Calculations (Continued):**

**Example:** Permittee has five samples for Pollutant Z where the first two tests were conducted using a method with a method minimum level of 4  $\mu$ g/L and the remaining three tests were conducted using a different method that has a method minimum level of <6  $\mu$ g/L and is to report a Monthly Average and a Weekly Average.

```
Week 1 = Non-Detect or <4.0 \mug/L
Week 2 = Non-Detect or <4.0 \mug/L
Week 2 = Non-Detect or <6.0 \mug/L
Week 3 = Non-Detect or <6.0 \mug/L
Week 4 = Non-Detect or <6.0 \mug/L
```

For this example, use subpart (g) - For reporting an average based on all non-detected values, remove the "<" sign from the values, average the values, and then add the "<" symbol back to the resulting average.

```
(4 + 4 + 6 + 6 + 6) \div 5 (number of samples) = <5.2 \mu g/L. (Monthly) (4 + 6) \div 2 (number of samples) = <5 \mu g/L. (Week 2)
```

The facility reports a Monthly Average of  $<5.2 \mu g/L$  and a Weekly Average of  $<6.0 \mu g/L$  (report highest Weekly Average value)

**Example**: Permittee has four samples for Pollutant Z where the tests were conducted using a method with a method minimum level of  $10 \mu g/L$  and is to report a Monthly Average and Daily Maximum. The permit lists that Pollutant Z has a Department determined Minimum Quantification Level (ML) of  $130 \mu g/L$ .

```
Week 1 = 12 \mu g/L
Week 2 = 52 \mu g/L
Week 3 = \text{Non-Detect or } <10 \mu g/L
Week 4 = 133 \mu g/L
```

For this example, use subpart (h) - For reporting an average based on a mix of detected and non-detected values (not including *E. coli*), assign a value of "0" for all non-detects for that reporting period and report the average of all the results.

```
For this example, (12 + 52 + 0 + 133) \div 4 (number of samples) = 197 \div 4 = 49.3 \mu g/L.
```

The facility reports a Monthly Average of 49.3 µg/L and a Daily Maximum of 133 µg/L.

**Example**: Permittee has five samples for *E. coli* which has a method minimum level of 1 #/100mL and is to report a Weekly Average (seven (7) day geometric mean) and a Monthly Average (thirty (30) day geometric mean).

```
Week 1 = 102 #/100mL

Week 2 (Monday) = 400 #/100mL

Week 2 (Friday) = Non-Detect or <1 #/100mL

Week 3 = 15 #/100mL

Week 4 = Non-Detect or <1 #/100mL
```

For this example, use subpart (i) - When E. coli is not detected above the method minimum level, the permittee must report the data qualifier signifying less than detection limit for that parameter (e.g., <1 #/100mL), if the method minimum level is 1 #/100mL). For reporting a geometric mean based on a mix of detected and non-detected values, use one-half of the detection limit (instead of zero) for non-detects when calculating geometric means. The Geometric Mean is calculated by multiplying all of the data points and then taking the nth root of this product, where n = # of samples collected.

```
The Monthly Average (30 day Geometric Mean) = 5th root of (102)(400)(0.5)(15)(0.5) = 5th root of 153,000 = 10.9 \#/100mL. The 7 day Geometric Mean = 2nd root of (400)(0.5) = 2nd root of 200 = 14.1 \#/100mL. (Week 2)
```

The Permittee reports a Monthly Average (30 day Geometric Mean) of 10.9 #/100mL and a Weekly Average (7 day geometric mean) of 102 #/100mL (report highest Weekly Average value)



## THE MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION REVISED AUGUST 1, 2014

These Standard Conditions incorporate permit conditions as required by 40 CFR 122.41 or other applicable state statutes or regulations. These minimum conditions apply unless superseded by requirements specified in the permit.

#### Part I – General Conditions Section A – Sampling, Monitoring, and Recording

#### 1. Sampling Requirements.

- Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.
- b. All samples shall be taken at the outfall(s) or Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) approved sampling location(s), and unless specified, before the effluent joins or is diluted by any other body of water or substance.

#### 2. Monitoring Requirements.

- a. Records of monitoring information shall include:
  - i. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
  - ii. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
  - iii. The date(s) analyses were performed;
  - iv. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
  - v. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
  - vi. The results of such analyses.
- b. If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by the permit at the location specified in the permit using test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136, or another method required for an industry-specific waste stream under 40 CFR subchapters N or O, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reported to the Department with the discharge monitoring report data (DMR) submitted to the Department pursuant to Section B, paragraph 7.
- Sample and Monitoring Calculations. Calculations for all sample and monitoring results which require averaging of measurements shall utilize an arithmetic mean unless otherwise specified in the permit.
- Test Procedures. The analytical and sampling methods used shall conform to the reference methods listed in 10 CSR 20-7.015 unless alternates are approved by the Department. The facility shall use sufficiently sensitive analytical methods for detecting, identifying, and measuring the concentrations of pollutants. The facility shall ensure that the selected methods are able to quantify the presence of pollutants in a given discharge at concentrations that are low enough to determine compliance with Water Quality Standards in 10 CSR 20-7.031 or effluent limitations unless provisions in the permit allow for other alternatives. A method is "sufficiently sensitive" when; 1) the method minimum level is at or below the level of the applicable water quality criterion for the pollutant or, 2) the method minimum level is above the applicable water quality criterion, but the amount of pollutant in a facility's discharge is high enough that the method detects and quantifies the level of pollutant in the discharge, or 3) the method has the lowest minimum level of the analytical methods approved under 10 CSR 20-7.015. These methods are also required for parameters that are listed as monitoring only, as the data collected may be used to determine if limitations need to be established. A permittee is responsible for working with their contractors to ensure that the analysis performed is sufficiently sensitive.
- 5. Record Retention. Except for records of monitoring information required by the permit related to the permittee's sewage sludge use and disposal activities, which shall be retained for a period of at least five (5) years (or longer as required by 40 CFR part 503), the permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by the permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for the permit, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Department at any time.

#### Illegal Activities.

- a. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under the permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both. If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed after a first conviction of such person under this paragraph, punishment is a fine of not more than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than four (4) years, or both.
- b. The Missouri Clean Water Law provides that any person or who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or by both. Second and successive convictions for violation under this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.

#### Section B – Reporting Requirements

#### 1. Planned Changes.

- a. The permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility when:
  - The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in 40 CFR 122.29(b); or
  - ii. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements under 40 CFR 122.42;
  - iii. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan;
- iv. Any facility expansions, production increases, or process modifications which will result in a new or substantially different discharge or sludge characteristics must be reported to the Department 60 days before the facility or process modification begins. Notification may be accomplished by application for a new permit. If the discharge does not violate effluent limitations specified in the permit, the facility is to submit a notice to the Department of the changed discharge at least 30 days before such changes. The Department may require a construction permit and/or permit modification as a result of the proposed changes at the facility.

#### 2. Non-compliance Reporting.

a. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. Relevant information shall be provided orally or via the current electronic method approved by the Department, within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances, and shall be reported to the appropriate Regional Office during normal business hours or the Environmental Emergency Response hotline at 573-634-2436 outside of normal business hours. A written submission shall also be provided within five (5) business days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.



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- b. The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours under this paragraph.
  - Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
  - ii. Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
  - Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Department in the permit required to be reported within 24 hours.
- c. The Department may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis for reports under paragraph 2. b. of this section if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.
- Anticipated Noncompliance. The permittee shall give advance notice to the
  Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity
  which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements. The notice
  shall be submitted to the Department 60 days prior to such changes or
  activity.
- 4. Compliance Schedules. Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of the permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date. The report shall provide an explanation for the instance of noncompliance and a proposed schedule or anticipated date, for achieving compliance with the compliance schedule requirement.
- 5. Other Noncompliance. The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs 2, 3, and 6 of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph 2. a. of this section.
- 6. Other Information. Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.

#### 7. Discharge Monitoring Reports.

- a. Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified in the
- b. Monitoring results must be reported to the Department via the current method approved by the Department, unless the permittee has been granted a waiver from using the method. If the permittee has been granted a waiver, the permittee must use forms provided by the Department.
- Monitoring results shall be reported to the Department no later than the 28<sup>th</sup> day of the month following the end of the reporting period.

#### Section C – Bypass/Upset Requirements

#### 1. **Definitions.**

- a. Bypass: the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility, except in the case of blending.
- Severe Property Damage: substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
- c. Upset: an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

#### 2. Bypass Requirements.

a. Bypass not exceeding limitations. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2. b. and 2. c. of this section.

#### b. Notice.

- Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least 10 days before the date of the bypass.
- ii. Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in Section B – Reporting Requirements, paragraph 5 (24-hour notice).

#### c. Prohibition of bypass.

- i. Bypass is prohibited, and the Department may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:
  - Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
  - 2. There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
  - The permittee submitted notices as required under paragraph 2.
     b. of this section.
- ii. The Department may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Department determines that it will meet the three (3) conditions listed above in paragraph 2. c. i. of this section.

#### 3. Upset Requirements.

- a. Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of paragraph 3. b. of this section are met. No determination made during administrative review of claims that noncompliance was caused by upset, and before an action for noncompliance, is final administrative action subject to judicial review.
- b. Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
  - An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
  - ii. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated; and
  - iii. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in Section B Reporting Requirements, paragraph 2. b. ii. (24-hour notice).
  - iv. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Section D – Administrative Requirements, paragraph 4.
- Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

#### Section D – Administrative Requirements

- Duty to Comply. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this
  permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Missouri
  Clean Water Law and Federal Clean Water Act and is grounds for
  enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or
  modification; or denial of a permit renewal application.
  - a. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the CWA within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
  - b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who violates section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any such sections in a permit issued under section 402, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under sections 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 per day for each violation. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who negligently violates sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the Act, or any condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, or any requirement



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imposed in a pretreatment program approved under section 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to criminal penalties of \$2,500 to \$25,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than one (1) year, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a negligent violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than two (2) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates such sections, or such conditions or limitations is subject to criminal penalties of \$5,000 to \$50,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment for not more than three (3) years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than \$100,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than six (6) years, or both. Any person who knowingly violates section 301, 302, 303, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, and who knows at that time that he thereby places another person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury, shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not more than \$250,000 or imprisonment of not more than 15 years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing endangerment violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$500,000 or by imprisonment of not more than 30 years, or both. An organization, as defined in section 309(c)(3)(B)(iii) of the CWA, shall, upon conviction of violating the imminent danger provision, be subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000,000 and can be fined up to \$2,000,000 for second or subsequent convictions.

- c. Any person may be assessed an administrative penalty by the EPA Director for violating section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of this Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of this Act. Administrative penalties for Class I violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per violation, with the maximum amount of any Class II penalty assessed not to exceed \$25,000. Penalties for Class II violations are not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day during which the violation continues, with the maximum amount of any Class II penalty not to exceed \$125,000.
- It is unlawful for any person to cause or permit any discharge of water contaminants from any water contaminant or point source located in Missouri in violation of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law, or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated by the commission. In the event the commission or the director determines that any provision of sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or standard, rules, limitations or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or permits issued by, or any final abatement order, other order, or determination made by the commission or the director, or any filing requirement pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 of the Missouri Clean Water Law or any other provision which this state is required to enforce pursuant to any federal water pollution control act, is being, was, or is in imminent danger of being violated, the commission or director may cause to have instituted a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction for the injunctive relief to prevent any such violation or further violation or for the assessment of a penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day for each day, or part thereof, the violation occurred and continues to occur, or both, as the court deems proper. Any person who willfully or negligently commits any violation in this paragraph shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$25,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. Second and successive convictions for violation of the same provision of this paragraph by any person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.

#### 2. Duty to Reapply.

- a. If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit.
- b. A permittee with a currently effective site-specific permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 180 days before the expiration date of the existing permit, unless permission for a later date has been granted by the Department. (The Department shall not grant permission

- for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)
- c. A permittees with currently effective general permit shall submit an application for renewal at least 30 days before the existing permit expires, unless the permittee has been notified by the Department that an earlier application must be made. The Department may grant permission for a later submission date. (The Department shall not grant permission for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.)
- Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense. It shall not be a defense
  for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to
  halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the
  conditions of this permit.
- Duty to Mitigate. The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize
  or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit
  which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the
  environment.
- 5. Proper Operation and Maintenance. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

#### 6. Permit Actions.

- a. Subject to compliance with statutory requirements of the Law and Regulations and applicable Court Order, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to, the following:
  - i. Violations of any terms or conditions of this permit or the law;
  - Having obtained this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully any relevant facts;
  - A change in any circumstances or conditions that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge; or
  - iv. Any reason set forth in the Law or Regulations.
- The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

#### 7. Permit Transfer.

- a. Subject to 10 CSR 20-6.010, an operating permit may be transferred upon submission to the Department of an application to transfer signed by the existing owner and the new owner, unless prohibited by the terms of the permit. Until such time the permit is officially transferred, the original permittee remains responsible for complying with the terms and conditions of the existing permit.
- b. The Department may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Missouri Clean Water Law or the Federal Clean Water Act.
- c. The Department, within 30 days of receipt of the application, shall notify the new permittee of its intent to revoke or reissue or transfer the permit.
- 8. Toxic Pollutants. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the Federal Clean Water Act within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
- Property Rights. This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.



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- 10. Duty to Provide Information. The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, any information which the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Department upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
- 11. Inspection and Entry. The permittee shall allow the Department, or an authorized representative (including an authorized contractor acting as a representative of the Department), upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:
  - Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
  - Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
  - d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Federal Clean Water Act or Missouri Clean Water Law, any substances or parameters at any location.

#### 12. Closure of Treatment Facilities.

- a. Persons who cease operation or plan to cease operation of waste, wastewater, and sludge handling and treatment facilities shall close the facilities in accordance with a closure plan approved by the Department.
- b. Operating Permits under 10 CSR 20-6.010 or under 10 CSR 20-6.015 are required until all waste, wastewater, and sludges have been disposed of in accordance with the closure plan approved by the Department and any disturbed areas have been properly stabilized. Disturbed areas will be considered stabilized when perennial vegetation, pavement, or structures using permanent materials cover all areas that have been disturbed. Vegetative cover, if used, shall be at least 70% plant density over 100% of the disturbed area.

#### 13. Signatory Requirement.

- All permit applications, reports required by the permit, or information requested by the Department shall be signed and certified. (See 40 CFR 122.22 and 10 CSR 20-6.010)
- b. The Federal Clean Water Act provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months per violation, or by both.
- c. The Missouri Clean Water Law provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed or required to be maintained pursuant to sections 644.006 to 644.141 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by both.
- 14. Severability. The provisions of the permit are severable, and if any provision of the permit, or the application of any provision of the permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of the permit, shall not be affected thereby.



## THE MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION REVISED MAY 1, 2013

PART II - SPECIAL CONDITIONS – PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS
SECTION A – INDUSTRIAL USERS

#### 1. Definitions

Definitions as set forth in the Missouri Clean Water Laws and approved by the Missouri Clean Water Commission shall apply to terms used herein.

Significant Industrial User (SIU). Except as provided in the *General Pretreatment Regulation* 10 CSR 20-6.100, the term Significant Industrial User means:

- 1. All Industrial Users subject to Categorical Pretreatment Standards; and
- 2. Any other Industrial User that: discharges an average of 25,000 gallons per day or more of process wastewater to the Publicly-Owned Treatment Works (POTW) (excluding sanitary, noncontact cooling and boiler blowdown wastewater); contributes a process wastestream which makes up 5 percent or more of the average dry weather hydraulic or organic capacity of the POTW treatment plant; or is designated as such by the Control Authority on the basis that the Industrial User has a reasonable potential for adversely affecting the POTW's or for violating any Pretreatment Standard or requirement.

Clean Water Act (CWA) is the the federal Clean Water Act of 1972, 33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq. (2002).

#### 2. Identification of Industrial Discharges

Pursuant to 40 CFR 122.44(j)(1), all POTWs shall identify, in terms of character and volume of pollutants, any Significant Industrial Users discharging to the POTW subject to Pretreatment Standards under section 307(b) of the CWA and 40 CFR 403.

#### 3. Application Information

Applications for renewal or modification of this permit must contain the information about industrial discharges to the POTW pursuant to 40 CFR 122.21(j)(6)

#### 4. Notice to the Department

Pursuant to 40 CFR 122.42(b), all POTWs must provide adequate notice of the following:

- 1. Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to section 301 or 306 of CWA if it were directly discharging these pollutants; and
- 2. Any substantial change into the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit.
- 3. For purposes of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on:
  - i. the quality and quantity of effluent introduced into the POTW, and
  - ii. any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

For POTWs without an approved pretreatment program, the notice of industrial discharges which was not included in the permit application shall be made as soon as practicable. For POTWs with an approved pretreatment program, notice is to be included in the annual pretreatment report required in the special conditions of this permit. Notice may be sent to:

Missouri Department of Natural Resources Water Protection Program Attn: Pretreatment Coordinator P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, MO 65102

## THE MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION August 1, 2019

#### PART III - BIOSOLIDS AND SLUDGE FROM DOMESTIC TREATMENT FACILITIES

#### SECTION A – GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 1. PART III Standard Conditions pertain to biosolids and sludge requirements under the Missouri Clean Water Law and regulations for domestic and municipal wastewater and also incorporates federal sludge disposal requirements under 40 CFR Part 503 for domestic wastewater. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has principal authority for permitting and enforcement of the federal sludge regulations under 40 CFR Part 503 for domestic biosolids and sludge.
- 2. PART III Standard Conditions apply only to biosolids and sludge generated at domestic wastewater treatment facilities, including public owned treatment works (POTW) and privately owned facilities.
- 3. Biosolids and Sludge Use and Disposal Practices:
  - a. The permittee is authorized to operate the biosolids and sludge generating, treatment, storage, use, and disposal facilities listed in the facility description of this permit.
  - b. The permittee shall not exceed the design sludge/biosolids volume listed in the facility description and shall not use biosolids or sludge disposal methods that are not listed in the facility description, without prior approval of the permitting authority.
  - c. For facilities operating under general operating permits that incorporate Standard Conditions PART III, the facility is authorized to operate the biosolids and sludge generating, treatment, storage, use and disposal facilities identified in the original operating permit application, subsequent renewal applications or subsequent written approval by the department.
- 4. Biosolids or Sludge Received from other Facilities:
  - a. Permittees may accept domestic wastewater biosolids or sludge from other facilities as long as the permittee's design sludge capacity is not exceeded and the treatment facility performance is not impaired.
  - b. The permittee shall obtain a signed statement from the biosolids or sludge generator or hauler that certifies the type and source of the sludge
- 5. Nothing in this permit precludes the initiation of legal action under local laws, except to the extent local laws are preempted by state law.
- 6. This permit does not preclude the enforcement of other applicable environmental regulations such as odor emissions under the Missouri Air Pollution Control Lawand regulations.
- 7. This permit may (after due process) be modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to comply with any applicable biosolids or sludge disposal standard or limitation issued or approved under Section 405(d) of the Clean Water Act or under Chapter 644 RSMo.
- 8. In addition to Standard Conditions PART III, the Department may include biosolids and sludge limitations in the special conditions portion or other sections of a site specific permit.
- 9. Exceptions to Standard Conditions PART III may be authorized on a case-by-case basis by the Department, as follows:
  - a. The Department may modify a site-specific permit following permit notice provisions as applicable under 10 CSR 20-6.020, 40 CFR § 124.10, and 40 CFR § 501.15(a)(2)(ix)(E).
  - b. Exceptions cannot be granted where prohibited by the federal sludge regulations under 40 CFR Part 503.

#### SECTION B - DEFINITIONS

- 1. Best Management Practices are practices to prevent or reduce the pollution of waters of the state and include agronomic loading rates (nitrogen based), soil conservation practices, spill prevention and maintenance procedures and other site restrictions.
- 2. Biosolids means organic fertilizer or soil amendment produced by the treatment of domestic wastewater sludge.
- 3. Biosolids land application facility is a facility where biosolids are spread onto the land at agronomic rates for production of food, feed or fiber. The facility includes any structures necessary to store the biosolids until soil, weather, and crop conditions are favorable for land application.
- 4. Class A biosolids means a material that has met the Class A pathogen reduction requirements or equivalent treatment by a Process to Further Reduce Pathogens (PFRP) in accordance with 40 CFR Part 503.
- 5. Class B biosolids means a material that has met the Class B pathogen reduction requirements or equivalent treatment by a Process to Significantly Reduce Pathogens (PSRP) in accordance with 40 CFR Part 503.
- 6. Domestic wastewater means wastewater originating from the sanitary conveniences of residences, commercial buildings, factories and institutions; or co-mingled sanitary and industrial wastewater processed by a (POTW) or a privately owned facility.
- 7. Feed crops are crops produced primarily for consumption by animals.
- 8. Fiber crops are crops such as flax and cotton.
- 9. Food crops are crops consumed by humans which include, but is not limted to, fruits, vegetables and tobacco.
- 10. Industrial wastewater means any wastewater, also known as process wastewater, not defined as domestic wastewater. Per 40 CFR Part 122.2, process wastewater means any water which, during manufacturing or processing, comes into direct contact with or results from the production or use of any raw material, intermediate product, finished product, byproduct, or waste product. Land application of industrial wastewater, residuals or sludge is not authorized by Standard Conditions PART III.
- 11. Mechanical treatment plants are wastewater treatment facilities that use mechanical devices to treat wastewater, including, sand filters, extended aeration, activated sludge, contact stabilization, trickling filters, rotating biological contact systems, and other similar facilities. It does not include wastewater treatment lagoons or constructed wetlands for wastewater treatment.
- 12. Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) is nitrogen that will be available to plants during the growing seasons after biosolids application.
- 13. Public contact site is land with a high potential for contact by the public. This includes, but is not limited to, public parks, ball fields, cemeteries, plant nurseries, turf farms, and golf courses.
- 14. Sludge is the solid, semisolid, or liquid residue removed during the treatment of wastewater. Sludge includes septage removed from septic tanks or equivalent facilities. Sludge does not include carbon coal byproducts (CCBs), sewage sludge incinerator ash, or grit/screenings generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage.
- 15. Sludge lagoon is part of a mechanical wastewater treatment facility. A sludge lagoon is an earthen or concrete lined basin that receives sludge that has been removed from a wastewater treatment facility. It does not include a wastewater treatment lagoon or sludge treatment units that are not a part of a mechanical wastewater treatment facility.
- 16. Septage is the sludge pumped from residential septic tanks, cesspools, portable toilets, Type III marine sanitation devices, or similar treatment works such as sludge holding structures from residential wastewater treatment facilities with design populations of less than 150 people. Septage does not include grease removed from grease traps at a restaurant or material removed from septic tanks and other similar treatment works that have received industrial wastewater. The standard for biosolids from septage is different from other sludges. See Section H for more information.

#### SECTION C - MECHANICAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES

- 1. Biosolids or sludge shall be routinely removed from wastewater treatment facilities and handled according to the permit facility description and the requirements of Standard Conditions PART III or in accordance with Section A.3.c., above.
- 2. The permittee shall operate storage and treatment facilities, as defined by Section 644.016(23), RSMo, so that there is no biosolids or sludge discharged to waters of the state. Agricultural storm water discharges are exempt under the provisions of Section 644.059, RSMo.
- 3. Mechanical treatment plants shall have separate biosolids or sludge storage compartments in accordance with 10 CSR 20, Chapter 8. Failure to remove biosolids or sludge from these storage compartments on the required design schedule is a violation of this permit.

#### SECTION D - BIOSOLIDS OR SLUDGE DISPOSED AT OTHER TREATMENT FACILITY OR BY CONTRACT HAULER

- 1. Permittees that use contract haulers, under the authority of their operating permit, to dispose of biosolids or sludge, are responsible for compliance with all the terms of this permit. Contract haulers that assume the responsibility of the final disposal of biosolids or sludge, including biosolids land application, must obtain a Missouri State Operating Permit unless the hauler transports the biosolids or sludge to another permitted treatment facility.
- 2. Testing of biosolids or sludge, other than total solids content, is not required if biosolids or sludge are hauled to a permitted wastewater treatment facility, unless it is required by the accepting facility.

#### SECTION E - INCINERATION OF SLUDGE

- Please be aware that sludge incineration facilities may be subject to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 503 Subpart E, Missouri Air Conservation Commission regulations under 10 CSR 10, and solid waste management regulations under 10 CSR 80, as applicable.
- 2. Permittee may be authorized under the facility description of this permit to store incineration ash in lagoons or ash ponds. This permit does not authorize the disposal of incineration ash. Incineration ash shall be disposed in accordance with 10 CSR 80; or, if the ash is determined to be hazardous, with 10 CSR 25.
- 3. In addition to normal sludge monitoring, incineration facilities shall report the following as part of the annual report, mass of sludge incinerated and mass of ash generated. Permittee shall also provide the name of the ash disposal facility and permit number if applicable.

#### SECTION F – SURFACE DISPOSAL SITES AND BIOSOLIDS AND SLUDGE LAGOONS

- 1. Please be aware that surface disposal sites of biosolids or sludge from wastewater treatment facilities may be subject to other laws including the requirements in 40 CFR Part 503 Subpart C, Missouri Air Conservation Commission regulations under 10 CSR 10, and solid waste management regulations under 10 CSR 80, as applicable.
- 2. Biosolids or sludge storage lagoons are temporary facilities and are not required to obtain a permit as a solid waste management facility under 10 CSR 80. In order to maintain biosolids or sludge storage lagoons as storage facilities, accumulated biosolids or sludge must be removed routinely, but not less than once every two years unless an alternate schedule is approved in the permit. The amount of biosolids or sludge removed will be dependent on biosolids or sludge generation and accumulation in the facility. Enough biosolids or sludge must be removed to maintain adequate storage capacity in the facility.
  - a. In order to avoid damage to the lagoon seal during cleaning, the permittee may leave a layer of biosolids or sludge on the bottom of the lagoon, upon prior approval of the Department; or
  - b. Permittee shall close the lagoon in accordance with Section I.

#### SECTION G - LAND APPLICATION OF BIOSOLIDS

- 1. The permittee shall not land apply biosolids unless land application is authorized in the facility description, the special conditions of the issued NPDES permit, or in accordance with Section A.3.c., above.
- 2. This permit only authorizes "Class A" or "Class B" biosolids derived from domestic wastewater to be land applied onto grass land, crop land, timber, or other similar agricultural or silviculture lands at rates suitable for beneficial use as organic fertilizer and soil conditioner.
- 3. Class A Biosolids Requirements: Biosolids shall meet Class A requirements for application to public contact sites, residential lawns, home gardens or sold and/or given away in a bag or other container.
- 4. Class B biosolids that are land applied to agricultural and public contact sites shall comply with the following restrictions:
  - a. Food crops that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after application of biosolids.
  - b. Food crops below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for four months or longer prior to incorporation into the soil.
  - c. Food crops below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months after application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for less than four months prior to incorporation into the soil.
  - d. Animal grazing shall not be allowed for 30 days after application of biosolids.
  - e. Food crops, feed crops, and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after application of biosolids.
  - f. Turf shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids if used for lawns or high public contact sites in close proximity to populated areas such as city parks or golf courses.
  - g. After Class B biosolids have been land applied to public contact sites with high potential for public exposure, as defined in 40 CFR § 503.31, such as city parks or golf courses, access must be restricted for 12 months.
  - h. After Class B biosolids have been land applied public contact sites with low potential for public exposure as defined in 40 CFR § 503.31, such as a rural land application or reclamation sites, access must be restricted for 30 days.

#### 5. Pollutant limits

- a. Biosolids shall be monitored to determine the quality for regulated pollutants listed in Table 1, below. Limits for any pollutants not listed below may be established in the permit.
- b. The number of samples taken is directly related to the amount of biosolids or sludge produced by the facility (See Section J, below). Samples should be taken only during land application periods. When necessary, it is permissible to mix biosolids with lower concentrations of biosolids as well as other suitable Department approved material to achieve pollutant concentration below those identified in Table 1, below.
- c. Table 1 gives the ceiling concentration for biosolids. Biosolids which exceed the concentrations in Table 1 may not be land applied.

TABLE 1

Biosolids ceiling concentration				
Pollutant	Milligrams per kilogram dry weight			
Arsenic	75			
Cadmium	85			
Copper	4,300			
Lead	840			
Mercury	57			
Molybdenum	75			
Nickel	420			
Selenium	100			
Zinc	7,500			

d. Table 2 below gives the low metal concentration for biosolids. Because of its higher quality, biosolids with pollutant concentrations below those listed in Table 2 can safely be applied to agricultural land, forest, public contact sites, lawns, home gardens or be given away without further analysis. Biosolids containing metals in concentrations above the low metals concentrations but below the ceiling concentration limits may be land applied but shall not exceed the annual loading rates in Table 3 and the cumulative loading rates in Table 4. The permittee is required to track polluntant loading onto application sites for parameters that have exceeded the low metal concentration limits.

TABLE 2

IABLE Z			
Biosolids Low Metal Concentration			
Pollutant	Milligrams per kilogram dry weight		
Arsenic	41		
Cadmium	39		
Copper	1,500		
Lead	300		
Mercury	17		
Nickel	420		
Selenium	100		
Zinc	2,800		

e. Annual pollutant loading rate.

Table 3

Biosolids Annual Loading Rate			
Pollutant	Kg/ha (lbs./ac) per year		
Arsenic	2.0 (1.79)		
Cadmium	1.9 (1.70)		
Copper	75 (66.94)		
Lead	15 (13.39)		
Mercury	0.85 (0.76)		
Nickel	21 (18.74)		
Selenium	5.0 (4.46)		
Zinc	140 (124.96)		

f. Cumulative pollutant loading rates.

Table 4

Biosolids Cumulative Pollutant Loading Rate		
Pollutant	Kg/ha (lbs./ac)	
Arsenic	41 (37)	
Cadmium	39 (35)	
Copper	1500 (1339)	
Lead	300 (268)	
Mercury	17 (15)	
Nickel	420 (375)	
Selenium	100 (89)	
Zinc	2800 (2499)	

- 6. Best Management Practices. The permittee shall use the following best management practices during land application activities to prevent the discharge of biosolids to waters of the state.
  - a. Biosolids shall not be applied to the land if it is likely to adversely affect a threatened or endangered species listed under § 4 of the Endangered Species Act or its designated critical habitat.
  - $b. \quad Apply \ biosolids \ only \ at the \ agronomic \ rate \ of \ nitrogen \ needed \ (see \ 5.c. \ of \ this \ section).$
  - c. The applicator must document the Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) loadings, available nitrogen in the soil, and crop

nitrogen removal when either of the following occurs: 1) When biosolids are greater than 50,000 mg/kgTN; or 2) When biosolids are land applied at an application rate greater than two dry tons per acre per year.

- i. PAN can be determined as follows:
  - (Nitrate + nitrite nitrogen) + (organic nitrogen x 0.2) + (ammonia nitrogen x volatilization factor  $^{1}$ ).

    Volatilization factor is 0.7 for surface application and 1 for subsurface application. Alternative volitalization factors and mineralization rates can be utilized on a case-by-case basis.
- ii. Crop nutrient production/removal to be based on crop specific nitrogen needs and realistic yield goals. NO TE: There are a number of reference documents on the Missouri Department of Natural Resources website that are informative to implement best management practices in the proper management of biosolids, including crop specific nitrogen needs, realistic yields on a county by county basis and other supporting references.
- iii. Biosolids that are applied at agronomic rates shall not cause the annual pollutant loading rates identified in Table 3 to be exceeded.
- d. Buffer zones are as follows:
  - i. 300 feet of a water supply well, sinkhole, water supply reservoir or water supply intake in a stream;
  - 300 feet of a losing stream, no discharge stream, stream stretches designated for whole body contact recreation, wild and scenic rivers, Ozark National Scenic Riverways or outstandingstate resource waters as listed in the Water Quality Standards, 10 CSR 20-7.031;
  - iii. 150 feet of dwellings or public use areas;
  - iv. 100 feet (35 feet if biosolids application is down-gradient or the buffer zone is entirely vegetated) of lake, pond, wetlands or gaining streams (perennial or intermittent);
  - v. 50 feet of a property line. Buffer distances from property lines may be waived with written permission from neighboring property owner.
  - vi. For the application of dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected, buffer zones identified in 5.d.i. through 5.d.iii above, may be reduced to 100 feet. The buffer zone may be reduced to 35 feet if the buffer zone is permanently vegetated. Subsurface injection does not include methods or technology reflective of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation.
- e. Slope limitation for application sites are as follows:
  - i. For slopes less than or equal to 6 percent, no rate limitation;
  - ii. Applied to a slope 7 to 12 percent, the applicator may apply biosolids when soil conservation practices are used to meet the minimum erosion levels;
  - iii. Slopes > 12 percent, apply biosolids only when grass is vegetated and maintained with at least 80 percent ground cover at a rate of two dry tons per acre per year or less.
  - iv. Dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected, may be applied on slopes not to exceed 20 percent. Subsurface injection does not include the use of methods or technology reflective of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation.
- f. No biosolids may be land applied in an area that it is reasonably certain that pollutants will be transported into waters of the state.
- g. Biosolids may be land applied to sites with soil that are snow covered, frozen, or saturated with liquid when site restrictions or other controls are provided to prevent pollutants from being discharged to waters of the state during snowmelt or stormwater runoff. During inclement weather or unfavorable soil conditions use the following management practices:
  - A maximum field slope of 6% and a minimum 300 feet grass buffer between the application site and waters of the state. A 35 feet grass buffer may be utilized for the application of dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected. Subsurface injection does not include the use of mthods or technology refletive of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation;
  - ii. A maximum field slope of 2% and 100 feet grass buffer between the application site and waters of the state. A 35 feet grass buffer may be used for the application of dry, cake or liquid biosolids that are subsurface injected. Subsurface injection does not included the use of methods or technology refletive of combination surface/shallow soil incorporation;
  - iii. Other best management practices approved by the Department.

#### SECTION H - SEPTAGE

- 1. Haulers that land apply septage must obtain a state permit. An operating permit is not required for septage haulers who transport septage to another permitted treatment facility for disposal.
- 2. Do not apply more than 30,000 gallons of septage per acre per year or the volume otherwise stipulated in the operating permit.
- 3. Septic tanks are designed to retain sludge for one to three years which will allow for a larger reduction in pathogens and vectors, as compared to mechanical treatment facilities.
- 4. Septage must comply with Class B biosolids regarding pathogen and vector attraction reduction requirements before it may be applied to crops, pastures or timberland. To meet required pathogen and vector reduction requirements, mix 50 pounds of hydrated lime for every 1,000 gallons of septage and maintain a septage pH of at least 12 pH standard units for 30 minutes or more prior to application.
- 5. Lime is to be added to the pump truck and not directly to the septic tanks, as lime would harm the beneficial bacteria of the septic tank.
- 6. As residential septage contains relatively low levels of metals, the testing of metals in septage is not required.

#### SECTION I— CLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

- 1. This section applies to all wastewater facilities (mechanical and lagoons) and sludge or biosolids storage and treatment facilities. It does not apply to land application sites.
- 2. Permittees of a domestic wastewater facility who plan to cease operation must obtain Department approval of a closure plan which addresses proper removal and disposal of all sludges and/or biosolids. Permittee must maintain this permit until the facility is closed in accordance with the approved closure plan per 10 CSR 20 6.010 and 10 CSR 20 6.015.
- 3. Biosolids or sludge that are left in place during closure of a lagoon or earthen structure or ash pond shall not exceed the agricultural loading rates as follows:
  - a. Biosolids and sludge shall meet the monitoring and land application limits for agricultural rates as referenced in Section G, above.
  - b. If a wastewater treatment lagoon has been in operation for 15 years or more without sludge removal, the sludge in the lagoon qualifies as a Class B biosolids with respect to pathogens due to anaerobic digestion, and testing for fecal coliform is not required. For other lagoons, testing for fecal coliform is required to show compliance with Class B biosolids limitations. In order to reach Class B biosolids requirements, fecal coliform must be less than 2,000,000 colony forming units or 2,000,000 most probable number. All fecal samples must be presented as geometric mean per gram.
  - c. The allowable nitrogen loading that may be left in the lagoon shall be based on the plant available nitrogen (PAN) loading. For a grass cover crop, the allowable PAN is 300 pounds/acre. Alternative, site-specific application rates may be included in the closure plan for department consideration.
    - i. PAN can be determined as follows:
       (Nitrate + nitrite nitrogen) + (organic nitrogen x 0.2) + (ammonia nitrogen x volatilization factor<sup>1</sup>).

       <sup>1</sup> Volatilization factor is 0.7 for surface application and 1 for subsurface application. Alternative volitalization factors and mineralization rates can be utilized on a case-by-case basis
- 4. Domestic wastewater treatment lagoons with a design treatment capacity less than or equal to 150 persons, are "similar treatment works" under the definition of septage. Therefore the sludge within the lagoons may be treated as septage during closure activities. See Section B, above. Under the septage category, residuals may be left in place as follows:
  - a. Testing for metals or fecal coliform is not required.
  - b. If the wastewater treatment lagoon has been in use for less than 15 years, mix lime with the sludge at a rate of 50 pounds of hydrated lime per 1000 gallons (134 cubic feet) of sludge.
  - c. The amount of sludge that may be left in the lagoon shall be based on the plant available nitrogen (PAN) loading. 100 dry tons/acre of sludge may be left in the basin without testing for nitrogen. If 100 dry tons/acre or more will be left in the lagoon, test for nitrogen and determine the PAN using the calculation above. Allowable PAN loading is 300 pounds/acre.
- 5. Biosolids or sludge left within the domestic lagoon shall be mixed with soil on at least a 1 to 1 ratio, and unless otherwise approved, the lagoon berm shall be demolished, and the site shall be graded and contain ≥70% vegetative density over 100% of the site so as to avoid ponding of storm water and provide adequate surface water drainage without creating erosion. Alternative biosolids or sludge and soil mixing ratios may be included in the closure plan for department consideration.
- 6. Lagoon and earthen structure closure activities shall obtain a storm water permit for land disturbance activities that equal or exceed one acre in accordance with 10 CSR 20-6.200.
- 7. When closing a mechanical wastewater plant, all biosolids or sludge must be cleaned out and disposed of in accordance with the Department approved closure plan before the permit for the facility can be terminated.
  - a. Land must be stabilized which includes any grading, alternate use or fate upon approval by the Department, remediation, or other work that exposes sediment to stormwater per 10 CSR 20-6.200. The site shall be graded and contain  $\geq 70\%$  vegetative density over 100% of the site, so as to avoid ponding of storm water and provide adequate

- surface water drainage without creating erosion.
- b. Hazardous Waste shall not be land applied or disposed during mechanical plant closures unless in accordance with Missouri Hazardous Waste Management Law and Regulations pursuant to 10 CSR 25.
- c. After demolition of the mechanical plant, the site must only contain clean fill defined in Section 260.200.1(6) RSMo as uncontaminated soil, rock, sand, gravel, concrete, asphaltic concrete, cinderblocks, brick, minimal amounts of wood and metal, and inert solids as approved by rule or policy of the Department for fill, reclamation, or other beneficial use. Other solid wastes must be removed.
- 8. If biosolids or sludge from the domestic lagoon or mechanical treatment plant exceeds agricultural rates under Section G and/or I, a landfill permit or solid waste disposal permit must be obtained if the permittee chooses to seek authorization for onsite sludge disposal under the Missouri Solid Waste Management Law and regulations per 10 CSR 80, and the permittee must comply with the surface disposal requirements under 40 CFR Part 503, Subpart C.

#### SECTION J – MONITORING FREQUENCY

1. At a minimum, biosolids or sludge shall be tested for volume and percent total solids on a frequency that will accurately represent sludge quantities produced and disposed. Please see the table below.

#### TABLE 5

THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT O			
Biosolids or Sludge	Monitoring Freq	nd 2)	
produced and disposed (Dry Tons per Year)	Metals, Pathogens and Vectors, Total Phosphorus, Total Potassium	Nitrogen TKN, Nitrogen PAN <sup>1</sup>	Priority Pollutants <sup>2</sup>
319 or less	1/year	1 per month	1/year
320 to 1650	4/year	1 per month	1/year
1651 to 16,500	6/year	1 per month	1/year
16,501+	12/year	1 per month	1/year

Calculate plant available nitrogen (PAN) when either of the following occurs: 1) when biosolids are greater than 50,000 mg/kg TN; or 2) when biosolids are land applied at an application rate greater than two dry tons per acre per year.

Note 1: Total solids: A grab sample of sludge shall be tested one per day during land application periods for percent total solids. This data shall be used to calculate the dry tons of sludge applied per acre.

Note 2: Table 5 is not applicable for incineration and permit holders that landfill their sludge.

- 2. Permittees that operate wastewater treatment lagoons, peak flow equalization basins, combined sewer overflow basins or biosolids or sludge lagoons that are cleaned out once a year or less, may choose to sample only when the biosolids or sludge is removed or the lagoon is closed. Test one composite sample for each 319 dry tons of biosolids or sludge removed from the lagoon during the reporting year or during lagoon closure. Composite sample must represent various areas at one-foot depth.
- 3. Additional testing may be required in the special conditions or other sections of the permit.
- 4. Biosolids and sludge monitoring shall be conducted in accordance with federal regulation 40 CFR § 503.8, Sampling and analysis.

#### SECTION K - RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The permittee shall maintain records on file at the facility for at least five years for the items listed in Standard Conditions PART III and any additional items in the Special Conditions section of this permit. This shall include dates when the biosolids or sludge facility is checked for proper operation, records of maintenance and repairs and other relevant information.
- 2. Reporting period
  - a. By February 19<sup>th</sup> of each year, applicable facilities shall submit an annual report for the previous calendar year period for all mechanical wastewater treatment facilities, sludge lagoons, and biosolids or sludge disposal facilities.
  - b. Permittees with wastewater treatment lagoons shall submit the above annual report only when biosolids or sludge are removed from the lagoon during the report period or when the lagoon is closed.
- 3. Report Form. The annual report shall be prepared on report forms provided by the Department or equivalent forms approved by the Department.
- 4. Reports shall be submitted as follows:
  - Major facilities, which are those serving 10,000 persons or more or with a design flow equal to or greater than 1 million gallons per day or that are required to have an approved pretreatment program, shall report to both the Department and EPA if the facility land applied, disposed of biosolids by surface disposal, or operated a sewage sludge incinerator. All other facilities shall maintain their biosolids or sludge records and keep them available to Department personnel upon request. State reports shall be submitted to the address listed as follows:

DNR regional or other applicable office listed in the permit (see cover letter of permit)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Priority pollutants (40 CFR 122.21, Appendix D, Tables II and III) are required only for permit holders that must have a pre-treatment program. Monitoring requirements may be modified and incorporated into the operating permit by the Department on a case-by-case basis.

Reports to EPA must be electronically submitted online via the Central Data Exchange at: https://cdx.epa.gov/ Additional information is available at: https://www.epa.gov/biosolids/compliance-and-annual-reporting-guidance-about-clean-water-act-laws

- 5. Annual report contents. The annual report shall include the following:
  - a. Biosolids and sludge testing performed. If testing was conducted at a greater frequency than what is required by the permit, all test results must be included in the report.
  - b. Biosolids or sludge quantity shall be reported as dry tons for the quantity produced and/or disposed.
  - c. Gallons and % solids data used to calculate the dry ton amounts.
  - d. Description of any unusual operating conditions.
  - e. Final disposal method, dates, and location, and person responsible for hauling and disposal.
    - This must include the name and address for the hauler and sludge facility. If hauled to a municipal
      wastewater treatment facility, sanitary landfill, or other approved treatment facility, give the name of that
      facility.
    - ii. Include a description of the type of hauling equipment used and the capacity in tons, gallons, or cubic feet.

#### f. Contract Hauler Activities:

If using a contract hauler, provide a copy of a signed contract from the contractor. Permittee shall require the contractor to supply information required under this permit for which the contractor is responsible. The permittee shall submit a signed statement from the contractor that he has complied with the standards contained in this permit, unless the contract hauler has a separate biosolids or sludge use permit.

#### g. Land Application Sites:

- i. Report the location of each application site, the annual and cumulative dry tons/acre for each site, and the landowners name and address. The location for each spreading site shall be given as alegal description for nearest 1/4, 1/4, Section, Township, Range, and county, or UTM coordinates. The facility shall report PAN when either of the following occurs: 1) When biosolids are greater than 50,000 mg/kgTN; or 2) when biosolids are land applied at an application rate greater than two dry tons per acre per year.
- ii. If the "Low Metals" criteria are exceeded, report the annual and cumulative pollutant loading rates in pounds per acre for each applicable pollutant, and report the percent of cumulative pollutant loading which has been reached at each site.
- iii. Report the method used for compliance with pathogen and vector attraction requirements.
- iv. Report soil test results for pH and phosphorus. If no soil was tested during the year, report the last date when tested and the results.



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

RECEIVED

FORM B2 – APPLICATION FOR AN OPERATING PERMIT FOR A FACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW MORE THAN 100,000 GWEED TO A TO THE TOTAL TO THE PROPERTY OF THE P

FOR AGENCY	USE ONLY
CHECK NUMBER	
32470	
DATE RECEIVED	FEE SUBMITTED
12-16-22	43,006.70
IET DAY CONCIDMA	TION NUMBER

PART A - BASIC APPLICATION INFOR	MATION	STEPHEN	ALLE SERVICE SERVICES			
1. THIS APPLICATION IS FOR:	To A Valoria and					
<ul> <li>An operating permit for a new or (Include completed Antidegradat</li> <li>✓ An operating permit renewal: Pe</li> </ul>	ion Review or requ rmit #MO- <u>003158</u>	uest to cond	Construction Permit duct an Antidegradation Expiration Date Se	Review, see	instruction	s)
An operating permit modification	: Permit #MO		Reason:			
1.1 Is the appropriate fee included wit	th the application (	see instruct	ions for appropriate fee	)?	✓ YES	□ NO
2. FACILITY						
Weston Wastewater Treatment Facility  ADDRESS (PHYSICAL)		CITY			640-5477	WITH AREA CODE
South terminus of Kirk Road		Weston		MO		64098
2.1 LEGAL DESCRIPTION (Facility	Site): Sec. 36	, T 75 , R	22E	41.	COUNTY Platte	
2.2 UTM Coordinates Easting (X): For Universal Transverse Merca		ing (Y): <u>43</u> 5 North ref		can Datum 1		3)
2.3 Name of receiving stream: Misso	uri River - Emerge	ncy Only (I	No Discharge)			
2.4 Number of Outfalls: 0	wastewater outfa	lls: 0 s	stormwater outfalls:	instream	monitoring	sites:
3. OWNER			IAIL ADDRESS	TELED	HOME NUMBER	WITH AREA CODE
City of Weston			c.mosier@westonmo.us		1640-5477	WITH AREA CODE
ADDRESS 725 Market Street		Weston		STATE		ZIP CODE 64098
3.1 Request review of draft permit per	rior to Public Notice	e? 🔽	YES NO			
<ul><li>3.2 Are you a Publically Owned Treat</li><li>If yes, please attach the Financial Question</li><li>3.3 Are you a Privately Owned Treat</li></ul>	onnaire. See: <u>https</u> ment Facility?	://dnr.mo.g	YES NO			
3.4 Are you a Privately Owned Treat	ment Facility regul	ated by the	Public Service Commis	sion (PSC)?	YES	S ☑ NO
4. CONTINUING AUTHORITY						
same as owner		EN	IAIL ADDRESS	TELEP	HONE NUMBER	WITH AREA CODE
ADDRESS		CITY		STATE		ZIP CODE
CHARTER NUMBER						J.
If the Continuing Authority is different than description of the responsibilities of both p			f the contract agreemen	t between th	e two partie	es and a
5. OPERATOR						
NAME Eric Mosier			lic Works Superintendent 9752 W/W D		R (IF APPLICABLE)	
eric.mosier@westonmo.us	AIL ADDRESS TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE  c.mosier@westonmo.us (816) 803-3682					
6. FACILITY CONTACT		(6.6) 66				
NAME			TITLE			
same as operator						
EMAIL ADDRESS			TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH	I AREA CODE		
ADDRESS		CITY		STATE		ZIP CODE
FACILITY NAME	PERMIT NO.		OUT	FALL NO.		

PART A - BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION						
7.	FACILITY INFORMATION					
FACILITY NAME Weston Wastewater Treatment Facility				OUTFALL NO N/A - Emergency	Only	
	PART A - BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION					
7.	FACILITY INFORMATION (continu			W 1811		
7.2						
7.3	Number of people presently connec	ted or population equiv	ralent (P.E.): <u>1759</u>	Design P.E	3,000	
7.4	Connections to the facility:  Number of units presently connections residential: 844 Commercial		ı <u>2</u>			
7.5	Design Flow 159,000		Actual Flow 68,500	)		
7.6	7.6 Will discharge be continuous through the year?  Discharge will occur during the following months:  How many days of the week will discharge occur?  No ☑ N/A - No discharge					
7.8	7.7 Is industrial wastewater discharged to the facility?  If yes, describe the number and types of industries that discharge to your facility. Attach sheets as necessary  Refer to the APPLICATION OVERVIEW to determine whether additional information is needed for Part F.  7.8 Does the facility accept or process leachate from landfills?  Yes No V					
7.9	Is wastewater land applied? If yes,		See:			
https	://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/form-i	-permit-application-ope		Yes 🗹 No 🛭	]	
7.10	ewater-irrigation-systems-mo-780-168  Does the facility discharge to a losin			Yes No w	7	
7.11	Has a wasteload allocation study be			Yes No W		
			domey :	103 🗀		
8.	LABORATORY WORK CONDUCTE		N/A - No	o discharge		
	Lab work conducted outside of plant Push-button or visual methods for s Additional procedures such as Disso Oxygen Demand, titrations, solids, v	imple test such as pH, olved Oxygen, Chemic olatile content.	al Oxygen Demand, E	Yes 🔲	No	
	More advanced determinations such as BOD seeding procedures, fecal coliform, nutrients, total oils, phenols, etc.  Highly sophisticated instrumentation, such as atomic absorption and gas chromatograph.  Yes No					

	ITY NAME PERMIT NO. On Wastewater Treatment Facility MO- 0031585		OUTFALL NO. N/A - Emergency Only			
PART	PART A – BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION					
9.	SLUDGE HANDLING, USE AND DIS	POSAL				
9.1	Is the sludge a hazardous waste as d	efined by 10 CSR 25? Yes 🗹	No 🗌			
9.2	Sludge production (Including sludge re	eceived from others): Design Dry Tons/Yea	r 10.5 Actual Dry Tons/Year			
9.3	Sludge storage provided: Cubi	ic feet; Days of storage; Aver	age percent solids of sludge;			
	☐ No sludge storage is provided.   ✓	Sludge is stored in lagoon.				
9.4		Holding Tank ☐ Building  Basin ☑ Lagoon  Concrete Pad ☐ Other (Description)	ribe)			
9.5	Sludge Treatment:					
	Anaerobic Digester Storage Aerobic Digester Air or He		✓ Lagoon ☐ Other (Attach Description)			
9.6	9.6 Sludge use or disposal:  Land Application Contract Hauler Hauled to Another Treatment Facility Solid Waste Landfill Surface Disposal (Sludge Disposal Lagoon, Sludge Held For More Than Two Years)  Other (Attach Explanation Sheet)					
9.7	Person responsible for hauling sludge By Applicant By Others		stored in lagoon			
NAME	y I I Rosent		ALL ADDRESS			
ADDRES	S	CITY	STATE ZIP CODE			
CONTAC	T PERSON	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CO	DE PERMIT NO.			
			MO-			
9.8	Sludge use or disposal facility:  By Applicant By Others (	Complete below) N/A - Sludge is	stored in lagoon			
NAME			AIL ADDRESS			
100000						
ADDRES	S	CITY	STATE ZIP CODE			
CONTAC	T PERSON	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CO.	DE PERMIT NO.			
			MO-			
9.9 Does the sludge or biosolids disposal comply with Federal Sludge Regulation 40 CFR 503? Yes No (Explain)						
	N/A - Sludge is stored in lage	oon				
		END OF PART A				

FACILIT Westor	Y NAME n Wastewater Treatment Facility	PERMIT NO. MO- 0031585		OUTFALL NO. N/A - Emergency	Only
PART	B - ADDITIONAL APPLICATION INF			wester wil	
10.	COLLECTION SYSTEM				
10.1	Are there any municipal satellite collection	ction systems connec	cted to this facility? Yes	☐ No ✓	
	If yes, please list all connected to this	facility, contact phon	e number and length of	each collection sy	ystem
FACIL	ITY		CONTACT PHO	ONE NUMBER	LENGTH OF SYSTEM (FEET OR MILES)
	same as above				
10.2	Length of sanitary sewer collection sy	retem in miles (If avai	lable, include totals from	m satallita callactic	on systems) 10 miles
10.3	Does significant infiltration occur in th		Yes Z No	ii satellite collectio	
	If yes, briefly explain any steps under		nimize inflow and infiltra	ation:	( €
	eted Washington Street Sewer Replace		1		
	5 LF of old 8" VCP replaced with 10" SE service laterals replaced	DR 26 PVC			
	lanhole replaced with new pipe connec	tions			
Compl	eted inspection of 97 manholes in 2020	)			
о отпр.	oted mapped of or marmolog in 2020	,			
11.	BYPASSING				
	any bypassing occur anywhere in the c	ollection system or at	the treatment facility?	Yes ☐ No 🗸	7 ←
If yes,	explain:				
12.	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PI	EDECOMED BY COL	NTD A CTODIO	ATOMINE DESIGN	
respor	y operational or maintenance aspects ( sibility of the contractor?	(related to wastewate	er treatment and effluent	t quality) of the tre	eatment works the
Yes [					
If Yes,	list the name, address, telephone num	ber and status of eac	ch contractor and descri	be the contractor's	s responsibilities.
	n additional pages if necessary.)				
NAME					
MAILING	ADDRESS				
TELEPHO	ONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE		EMAIL ADDRESS		
1227110	THE NOMBER WITH MENGOSE		LIND WE FIEDDINESS		
RESPONS	SIBILITIES OF CONTRACTOR		<del>7</del>		
13.	SCHEDULED IMPROVEMENTS AND	SCHEDIII ES OF IM	IDI EMENTATION	tence in a	
	e information about any uncompleted in			ns for improvemen	ats that will affect the
wastev	vater treatment, effluent quality, or desi	gn capacity of the tre	atment works. If the treatment	atment works has	several different
implem N/A	entation schedules or is planning seve	ral improvements, su	bmit separate response	es for each.	
11//1					

FACILITY NAME	PERMIT NO.	OUTFALL NO.
Weston Wastewater Treatment Facility	MO- 0031585	N/A - Emergency Only
PART B - ADDITIONAL APPLICATION II	FORMATION 3	THIS SECTION NOT APPLICABLE - NO
14. EFFI LIENT TESTING DATA	3	DISCHARGE (CONFIRM WITH MONR)

**EFFLUENT TESTING DATA** 14.

Applicants must provide effluent testing data for the following parameters. Provide the indicated effluent data for each outfall through which effluent is discharged. Do not include information of combined sewer overflows in this section. All information reported must be based on data collected through analysis conducted using 40 CFR Part 136 methods. In addition, this data must comply with QA/QC requirements of 40 CFR Part 136 and other appropriate QA/QC requirements for standard methods for analytes not addressed by 40 CFR Part 136. At a minimum, effluent testing data must be based on at least three samples and must be no more than four and one-half years apart. See 40 CFR 136.3 for sufficiently sensitive methods: https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/textidx?SID=2d29852e2dcdf91badc043bd5fc3d4df&mc=true&node=se40.25.136 13&rgn=div8

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM DAIL	AVERAGE DAILY VALUE				
FANAMETER	Value	Units	Value	Units	Number of Samples	
pH (Minimum)		S.U.		S.U.		
pH (Maximum)		S.U.		S.U.		
Flow Rate		MGD		MGD		

\*For pH report a minimum and a maximum daily value

POLLUTAI	МТ		JM DAILY HARGE	AVER	AGE DAILY DI	ISCHARGE	ANALYTICAL	A41 /A4D1
POLLUTAI	VII	Conc.	Units	Conc.	Units Number of Samples		METHOD	ML/MDL
Conventional and N	<b>l</b> onconvention	onal Compou	unds					
BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN	BOD₅		mg/L		mg/L			
DEMAND (Report One)	CBOD <sub>5</sub>		mg/L		mg/L			
E. COLI			#/100 mL		#/100 mL			
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS (TSS)			mg/L		mg/L			
TOTAL PHOSPHO	RUS		mg/L		mg/L			
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN			mg/L		mg/L			
NITRITES + NITRA	TES		mg/L		mg/L			
AMMONIA AS N			mg/L		mg/L			
CHLORINE* (TOTAL RESIDUAL	., TRC)		mg/L		mg/L			
DISSOLVED OXYG	DISSOLVED OXYGEN		mg/L		mg/L			
OIL and GREASE			mg/L		mg/L			
OTHER:			mg/L		mg/L			

<sup>\*</sup>Report only if facility chlorinates

#### **END OF PART B**

FACILITY NAME	PERMIT NO.		OUTFALL NO.						
Weston Wastewater Treatment Facility	MO- 0031585		N/A - Emergency Only						
PART C - CERTIFICATION									
15. ELECTRONIC DISCHARGE MONIT	ORING REPORT (eDI	IR) SUBMISSION SY	STEM						
Per 40 CFR Part 127, National Pollutant Dis and monitoring shall be submitted by the pe consistent set of data. One of the following of https://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/edmr.htm to for	rmittee via an electroni options must be checke	c system to ensure a ted in order for this app	lication to be considered complete. Visit						
☐ I will register an account online to partici Management (MoGEM) before any repo	orting is due, in complia	ince with the Electroni	c Reporting Rule.						
I have already registered an account on	line to participate in the	department's eDMR	system through MoGEM.						
☐ I have submitted a written request for a ☐ ☐ The permit I am applying for does not re			ions for further information regarding waivers.						
	quire trie submission o	r discharge monitoring	reports.						
16. JETPAY									
Permit fees may be payed online by credit c and make an online payment.									
New Site Specific Permit: https://magic. Construction Permits: https://magic.colle Modification Fee: https://magic.collector	ectorsolutions.com/mac	ic-ui/payments/mo-na	tural-resources/592/						
OPPTIONAL QUESTIONS REGARDING A			100001003/030/						
Have you or an immediate family member e		Yes	□ No						
Armed Forces?  If yes, would you like information about militation.		☐ Yes	□ No						
in Missouri?	ary-related services	L les	L] NO						
17. CERTIFICATION									
applicants must complete all applicable sect applicants confirm that they have reviewed t application is submitted.	ions as explained in the	e Application Overview e completed all section	y an officer of the company or city official. All y. By signing this certification statement, ns that apply to the facility for which this						
ALL APPLICANTS MUST COMPLETE THE	FOLLOWING CERTI	FICATION.							
I certify under penalty of law that this docum with a system designed to assure that qualifi inquiry of the person or persons who manag information submitted is, to the best of my kr penalties for submitting false information, income	ed personnel properly ; e the system or those p rowledge and belief, tru	gather and evaluate the persons directly respor se, accurate and comp	e information submitted. Based on my nsible for gathering the information, the elete. I am aware that there are significant						
PRINTED NAME Eric L. Mosier		OFFICIAL TITLE (MUST BE AI Public Works Superin	N OFFICER OF THE COMPANY OR CITY OFFICIAL)						
SIGNATURE ON	,								
TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE 816-803-3682									
DATE SIGNED 12/5/2022									
Upon request of the permitting authority, you at the treatment works or identify appropriate	must submit any other permitting requiremen	information necessar ts.	y to assess wastewater treatment practices						
	Send Comple	eted Form to							
Electronic Submission	;		Mail:						
	PDF Version of the form can be submitted through email to cleanwaterpermits@dnr.mo.gov  Department of Natural Resources Water Protection Program ATTN: NPDES Permits and Engineering Section P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176								
		1 .O. DOX 1	76 Jenerson City, MO 65102-0176						
REFER TO THE APPLICATION OVE	END OF RVIEW TO DETERMIN	PART C							
Do not complete the remainder of this application of this application.  1. Your facility design flow is 2. Your facility is a pretreatment 3. Your facility is a combined Submittal of an incomplete application may refer to the property of	RVIEW TO DETERMIN ation, unless at least or equal to or greater than ent treatment works. sewer system.	PART C IE WHICH PARTS OF the of the following state 1,000,000 gallons pe	FFORM B2 YOU MUST COMPLETE.  ements applies to your facility:  or day.						

MAKE ADDITIONAL C	OPIES C	F THIS F	ORM FO	R EACH	OUTFA	LL						
FACILITY NAME			PERM MO-	IIT NO. -				OUTF	ALL NO.			
PART D - EXPANDED	EFFLUE	NT TES	TING DA	TA								
18. EXPANDED EFF	LUENT	TESTING	DATA				i de porton					
Refer to the APPLICATI												
f the treatment works has a design flow greater than or equal to 1 MGD or it has (or is required to have) a pretreatment program, or is otherwise required by the permitting authority to provide the data, then provide effluent testing data for the following pollutants. Provide the indicated effluent testing information for each outfall through which effluent is discharged. Do not include information of combined sewer overflows in this section. All information reported must be based on data collected and analyzed using sufficiently sensitive methods found in 40 CFR Part 136. See 40 CFR 136.3 for sufficiently sensitive methods: <a href="https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-dx?SID=2d29852e2dcdf91badc043bd5fc3d4df&amp;mc=true&amp;node=se40.25.136">https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-dx?SID=2d29852e2dcdf91badc043bd5fc3d4df&amp;mc=true&amp;node=se40.25.136</a> 13&rgn=div8. In addition, all data must comply with QA/QC requirements of 40 CFR Part 136 and other appropriate QA/QC requirements for standard methods for analytes not addressed by 40 CFR Part 136. At a minimum, effluent testing data must be based on at least three pollutant scans and must be no more than our and one-half years prior to the date of the permit application submittal. In the blank rows provided at the end of this list, include any additional data for pollutants not specifically listed in this form. Information may be written in the blanks below or provided as attached documents containing the laboratory test results.												
Outfall Number (Complete Once for Each Outfall Discharging Effluent to Waters of the State.)  MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE  AVERAGE DAILY DISCHARGE												
POLLUTANT	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	No. of Samples	ANALYTICAL METHOD	ML/MDL	
METALS (TOTAL RECOV	ERABLE)	, CYANID	E, PHENC	LS AND	HARDNES	SS						
ALUMINUM												
ANTIMONY												
ARSENIC												
BERYLLIUM												
CADMIUM												
CHROMIUM III												
CHROMIUM VI												
COPPER										1		
IRON												
LEAD												
MERCURY												
NICKEL												
SELENIUM												
SILVER												
THALLIUM												
ZINC												
CYANIDE												
TOTAL PHENOLIC COMPOUNDS												
HARDNESS (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )												
VOLATILE ORGANIC COM	IPOUNDS	;										
ACROLEIN												
ACRYLONITRILE												
BENZENE												
BROMOFORM												
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE												

FACILITY NAME		MO-	PERMIT NO.  MO-					OUTFALL NO.				
PART D - EXPANDED	EFFLUE	NT TES	TING DA	TA			H-W					
18. EXPANDED EF	FLUENT	TESTING	DATA									
Complete Once for Eac	ch Outfall	Discharg	ing Efflue	ent to Wa	ters of the	e State						
	MAXIMUM DAILY DISCHARGE				F	AVERAGE DAILY DISCHARGE						
POLLUTANT	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	No. of Samples	ANALYTICAL METHOD	ML/MDL	
CHLOROBENZENE												
CHLORODIBROMO- METHANE												
CHLOROETHANE												
2-CHLORO-ETHYLVINYL ETHER												
CHLOROFORM												
DICHLOROBROMO- METHANE												
1,1-DICHLORO-ETHANE												
1,2-DICHLORO-ETHANE												
TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE												
1,1-DICHLORO- ETHYLENE												
1,2-DICHLORO-PROPANE												
1,3-DICHLORO- PROPYLENE												
ETHYLBENZENE												
METHYL BROMIDE												
METHYL CHLORIDE												
METHYLENE CHLORIDE												
1,1,2,2-TETRA- CHLOROETHANE												
TETRACHLOROETHYLEN E												
TOLUENE												
1,1,1-TRICHLORO- ETHANE												
1,1,2-TRICHLORO- ETHANE												
TRICHLOROETHYLENE												
VINYL CHLORIDE												
ACID-EXTRACTABLE CO	OMPOUND	s										
P-CHLORO-M-CRESOL												
2-CHLOROPHENOL												
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL												
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL												
4,6-DINITRO-O-CRESOL												
2,4-DINITROPHENOL												
2-NITROPHENOL												
4-NITROPHENOL												

FACILITY NAME			PERMIT NO.  MO-					OUTFALL NO.					
PART D - EXPANDED	) EFFLUE	ENT TES											
18. EXPANDED EF	FLUENT	TESTIN	G DATA										
Complete Once for Eac	ch Outfall	Discharg	jing Efflu	ent to Wa	iters of th	e State.							
	MAXIN	IUM DAI	LY DISCI	HARGE		AVERAGE DAILY DISCHARGE							
POLLUTANT	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	No. of Samples	ANALYTICAL METHOD	ML/MDL		
PENTACHLOROPHENOL													
PHENOL													
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL													
BASE-NEUTRAL COMPO	DUNDS												
ACENAPHTHENE													
ACENAPHTHYLENE													
ANTHRACENE													
BENZIDINE													
BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE													
BENZO(A)PYRENE													
3,4-BENZO- FLUORANTHENE													
BENZO(GH) PHERYLENE													
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE													
BIS (2-CHLOROTHOXY) METHANE													
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) – ETHER													
BIS (2-CHLOROISO- PROPYL) ETHER													
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE													
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER													
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE													
2-CHLORONAPH- THALENE							I						
4-CHLORPHENYL PHENYL ETHER													
CHRYSENE													
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE													
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE													
DIBENZO (A,H) ANTHRACENE													
1,2-DICHLORO-BENZENE													
1,3-DICHLORO-BENZENE													
1,4-DICHLORO-BENZENE													
3,3-DICHLORO- BENZIDINE													
DIETHYL PHTHALATE													
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE													

FACILITY NAME		MO-	PERMIT NO.  MO-					OUTFALL NO.					
PART D - EXPANDED	EFFLUEN	T TESTI							We diek fi				
18. EXPANDED EFFI	LUENT TE	STING I	DATA										
Complete Once for Each	Outfall Di	schargin	g Effluent	t to Wate	rs of the	State.							
	MAXIN	-	LY DISCH	HARGE	/	AVERAG	E DAILY	DISCHARGE		ANALYTICAL			
POLLUTANT	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	Conc.	Units	Mass	Units	No. of Samples	METHOD	ML/MDL		
2,4-DINITRO-TOLUENE													
2,6-DINITRO-TOLUENE													
1,2-DIPHENYL-HYDRAZINE													
FLUORANTHENE													
FLUORENE													
HEXACHLOROBENZENE													
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE													
HEXACHLOROCYCLO- PENTADIENE													
HEXACHLOROETHANE													
INDENO (1,2,3-CD) PYRENE													
ISOPHORONE													
NAPHTHALENE													
NITROBENZENE													
N-NITROSODI- PROPYLAMINE													
N-NITROSODI- METHYLAMINE													
N-NITROSODI- PHENYLAMINE													
PHENANTHRENE													
PYRENE													
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE													
Use this space (or a sepa	arate shee	t) to prov	vide inform	nation on	other po	llutants n	ot specifi	cally liste	d in this form	1.			
NVOW EVE E HE FOR	Lange William		852,000	L.	ID OF PA	DTN							

MAKE ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THIS FORM F	OR EACH OUTFALL									
	RMIT NO.	OUTFALL NO.								
M	O-									
PART E - TOXICITY TESTING DATA										
19. TOXICITY TESTING DATA										
Refer to the APPLICATION OVERVIEW to determ	mine whether Part E applies to the t	reatment works.								
tests for acute or chronic toxicity for each of the fat.  A. POTWs with a design flow rate greate.  B. POTWs with a pretreatment program ( C. POTWs required by the permitting aut.  • At a minimum, these results must is species (minimum of two species), prior to the application, provided the on the range of receiving water dilustriation information reported must be based addition, this data must comply with standard methods for analytes not.  • If EPA methods were not used, repall of the information requested below.	acility's discharge points.  If than or equal to 1 million gallons por those that are required to have on hority to submit data for these parametude quarterly testing for a 12-moor the results from four tests performeresults show no appreciable toxicution. Do not include information about on data collected through analysism QA/QC requirements of 40 CFR paddressed by 40 CFR Part 136.  The reason for using alternative tow, they may be submitted in place	ne under 40 CFR Part 403).								
Indicate the number of whole effluent toxicity tests										
Complete the following chart <b>for the last three whole effluent toxicity tests.</b> Allow one column per test. Copy this page if more than three tests are being reported.										
	Most Recent	2 <sup>ND</sup> Most Recent 3 <sup>RD</sup> Most Recent								
A. Test Information	T									
Test Method Number										
Final Report Number										
Outfall Number										
Dates Sample Collected										
Date Test Started										
Duration										
B. Toxicity Test Methods Followed										
Manual Title										
Edition Number and Year of Publication										
Page Number(s)										
C. Sample collection method(s) used. For multipl	e grab samples, indicate the number	er of grab samples used								
24-Hour Composite	J. S.	, or grap campios assu								
Grab										
D. Indicate where the sample was taken in relation	n to disinfection (Check all that app	ly for each)								
Before Disinfection		, is such,								
After Disinfection										
After Dechlorination										
E. Describe the point in the treatment process at										
Sample Was Collected:	when the cample was conceded									
F. Indicate whether the test was intended to asset	ss chronic toxicity, acute toxicity, or	hoth								
Chronic Toxicity		DOLL T								
Acute Toxicity										
G. Provide the type of test performed										
Static		In .								
Static-renewal										
Flow-through										
Source of dilution water. If laboratory water, spe	ecify type: if receiving water, specif	/ SOUICO								
Laboratory Water	Conf. type, in receiving water, specify									
Receiving Water										

FACILITY NAME	PERMIT NO. MO-	OUTFALL NO.	OUTFALL NO.			
PART E - TOXICITY TESTING DATA			Effect Co., early, the last of			
19. TOXICITY TESTING DATA (continued						
	Most Recent	Second Most Recent	Third Most Recent			
I. Type of dilution water. If salt water, specifi			Time Most Peoblic			
Fresh Water						
Salt Water						
J. Percentage of effluent used for all concent	ations in the test series					
<ol><li>Parameters measured during the test (Stat</li></ol>	e whether parameter meets	test method specifications)				
рН						
Salinity						
Temperature						
Ammonia						
Dissolved Oxygen						
Test Results						
Acute:						
Percent Survival in 100% Effluent						
LC50						
95% C.I.						
Control Percent Survival						
Other (Describe)						
Chronic:						
NOEC						
IC <sub>25</sub>						
Control Percent Survival						
Other (Describe)						
I. Quality Control/ Quality Assurance						
Is reference toxicant data available?						
Was reference toxicant test within acceptable bounds?						
What date was reference toxicant test run (MM/DD/YYYY)?						
Other (Describe)						
the treatment works involved in a toxicity rec	luction evaluation?	Yes				
yes, describe:						
you have submitted biomonitoring test inform ears, provide the dates the information was so	ation, or information regarding authorithment and attention attention and attention attentio	ng the cause of toxicity, within the	past four and one-half			
ate Submitted (MM/DD/YYYY)		mon, and a canmary of the root				
ummany of Pagulta (See Instructions)						
ummary of Results (See Instructions)						

MAK	E ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THIS FOR	M FOR EACH OUTFALL				
FACILI <sup>*</sup>	TY NAME	PERMIT NO. MO-		OUTFALL NO.		
PAR	T F - INDUSTRIAL USER DISCHARGE	S AND RCRA/CERCLA	WASTES			
Refe	r to the APPLICATION OVERVIEW to de	etermine whether Part F a	pplies to the treatme	ent works.		
20.	GENERAL INFORMATION					
20.1	Does the treatment works have, or is it ☐ Yes ☐ No	t subject to, an approved p	retreatment prograr	m?		
20.2	Number of Significant Industrial Users types of industrial users that discharge Number of non-categorical SIUs  Number of CIUs	to the treatment works:				
21.	INDUSTRIES CONTRIBUTING MORE INDUSTRIAL USERS INFORMATION					
	ly the following information for each SIU ested for each. Submit additional pages a		charges to the treatr	ment works, provide the	e inforn	mation
NAME						
MAILING	G ADDRESS		CITY	Sī	ΓATE	ZIP CODE
21.1	Describe all of the industrial processes	that affect or contribute to	the SIU's discharg	e		1,
21.3	Describe all of the principle processes Principal Product(s):  Raw Material(s):  Flow Rate  a. PROCESS WASTEWATER FLOW F collection system in gallons per da gpd	RATE. Indicate the averagy	e daily volume of predischarge is contin	ocess wastewater disc	harged	f into the
	b. NON-PROCESS WASTEWATER FL the collection system in gallons pe gpd	г day, or gpd, and whether	r the discharge is co			discharged into
21.4	Pretreatment Standards. Indicate whet	ther the SIU is subject to the	ne following:			
	a. Local Limits	Yes	No			
	b. Categorical Pretreatment Standard	ds Yes	☐ No			
	If subject to categorical pretreatment st	andards, which category a	and subcategory?			
21.5	Problems at the treatment works attribute.g., upsets, interference) at the treatment works attribute.	_	-	SIU caused or contribu	ited to	any problems

MAK	E ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THIS FO	ORM FOR EACH OUTFALL		
FACILI	TY NAME	PERMIT NO. MO-	OUTFALL NO.	
PAR	T F - INDUSTRIAL USER DISCHARG		res	
22.	RCRA HAZARDOUS WASTE RECE	IVED BY TRUCK, RAIL, OR DE	DICATED PIPELINE	
22.1		has it in the past three years rece	eived RCRA hazardous waste by truck, ra	ail or dedicated
22.2	Method by which RCRA waste is rece ☐ Truck		ated Pipe	
22.3	Waste Description			
	EPA Hazardous Waste Number	Amount (volume or m	nass) Units	)
23.	CERCLA (SUPERFUND) WASTEWA REMEDIAL ACTIVITY WASTEWAT		DRRECTIVE ACTION WASTEWATER, A	AND OTHER
23.1	Does the treatment works currently (currently (conclusion))  Yes Provide a list of sites and the request	s 🔲 No	eceive waste from remedial activities?	***************************************
23.2			LA/RCRA/or other remedial waste origina	ates (or is expected
23.3	List the hazardous constituents that a known. (Attach additional sheets if ne		e received). Included data on volume and	d concentration, if
23.4	Waste Treatment			
	a. Is this waste treated (or will it be tre	eated) prior to entering the treatm	ent works?	
	If yes, describe the treatment (pro	ovide information about the remo	val efficiency):	
	b. Is the discharge (or will the dischar	ge be) continuous or intermittent?	?	
	If intermittent, describe the discha	arge schedule:		
DEE	ED TO THE ADDITION OVERVIEW	END OF PART F	FR DARTS OF EODM R2 VOI MILET C	

MAK	E ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THIS FOR	M FOR EAC	H OUTFALL		
FACILI	TY NAME	PERMIT NO.			OUTFALL NO.
DAD.	T G - COMBINED SEWER SYSTEMS	MO-		WALL DO	
	r to the APPLICATION OVERVIEW to de	tormino who	than Part C applies	to the treatmen	
		sterrinie wrie	inei Fait G applies	to the treatmen	it works.
24.	GENERAL INFORMATION	Ale e felle vise e	- / A 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		
24.1	System Map. Provide a map indicating A. All CSO Discharges.	the following	: (Iviay be included	with basic appi	ication information.)
		ially Affected	by CSOs. (e.g., be-	aches, drinking	water supplies, shellfish beds, sensitive
	aquatic ecosystems and Ou	ıtstanding Na	tural Resource Wat	ters.)	
	C. Waters that Support Threat	ened and En	dangered Species F	Potentially Affe	cted by CSOs.
24.2	,	either in the m	nap provided above	or on a separa	te drawing, of the Combined Sewer
	Collection System that includes the follo				
	<ul><li>A. Locations of Major Sewer T</li><li>B. Locations of Points where S</li></ul>				
	C. Locations of In-Line or Off-L				ica dewer dystern.
	<ul> <li>D. Locations of Flow-Regulating</li> </ul>				
24.0	E. Locations of Pump Stations				
24.3	Percent of collection system that is com				
24.4	Population served by combined sewer of				
24.5	Name of any satellite community with o				
25.	CSO OUTFALLS. COMPLETE THE FO	OLLOWING	ONCE FOR EACH	CSO DISCHAI	RGE POINT
25.1	Description of Outfall				
	a. Outfall Number     b. Location				
	b. Location				
	c. Distance from Shore (if applicable)	ft			
	d. Depth Below Surface (if applicable)				
	e. Which of the following were monitore		ast year for this CS	0?	
			nt Concentrations	□ cso	
	CSO Flow Volume	Receiving Wa	ater Quality		
	f. How many storm events were monito	red last year	?		
25.2	CSO Events				
	a. Give the Number of CSO Events in the		Events	☐ Actual	☐ Approximate
	b. Give the Average Duration Per CSO I		Hours	☐ Actual	☐ Approximate
	c. Give the Average Volume Per CSO E		Million Gallons	☐Actual	☐ Approximate
	d. Give the minimum rainfall that caused	d a CSO ever	nt in the last year	inches	of rainfall
25.3	Description of Receiving Waters				
	a. Name of Receiving Water				
	b. Name of Watershed/River/Stream Sy				1
	c. U.S. Soil Conservation Service 14-Dig		d Code (If Known)		
	d. Name of State Management/River Ba				
05.4	e. U.S. Geological Survey 8- Digit Hydro	ologic Catalog	ging Unit Code (If K	nown)	
Descr perma	CSO Operations ibe any known water quality impacts on to intermittent shellfish bed closing quality standard.)	the receiving s, fish kills, fis	water caused by thi sh advisories, other	is CSO (e.g., p recreational lo	ermanent or intermittent beach closings, ss, or violation of any applicable state
10 20 Hz		1989 W. C. L.	END OF DATE		
REFE	R TO THE APPLICATION OVERVIEW		END OF PART G INE WHICH OTHEI	R PARTS OF F	FORM B2 YOU MUST COMPLETE.

MO 780-1805 (03-22)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING FORM B2**

## APPLICATION FOR OPERATING PERMIT FOR FACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW MORE THAN 100,000 GALLONS PER DAY, Form 780-1805

(Facilities less than or equal to 100,000 gallons per day of domestic waste must use Form B, 780-1512.)

#### PART A - BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION

1. Check the appropriate box. Do not check more than one item. Operating permits refer to permits issued by the Department of Natural Resources, Water Protection Program. If an Antidegradation Review has not been conducted, submit the application located at the following link, to the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, Water Protection Program, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102: <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/water-quality-review-assistance-antidegradation-review-request-mo-780-1893">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/water-quality-review-assistance-antidegradation-review-request-mo-780-1893</a>

#### 1.1 Fees Information:

#### DOMESTIC OPERATING PERMIT FEES - PRIVATELY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS (Non-POTW)

Annual operating permit fees are based on flow.

 Annual fee/Design flow
 Annual fee/Design flow
 Annual fee/Design flow

 \$150.......<5,000 gpd</td>
 \$1,000......15,000-24,999 gpd
 \$4,000.......100,000-249,999 gpd

 \$300.......5,000-9,999 gpd
 \$1,500......25,000-29,999 gpd
 \$5,000......≥250,000 gpd

 \$600.......10,000-14,999 gpd
 \$3,000.....30,000-99,999 gpd
 \$5,000......≥250,000 gpd

New domestic wastewater treatment facilities must submit the annual fee with the original application.

If the application is for a site-specific permit re-issuance, send no fees. You will be invoiced separately by the department on the anniversary date of the original permit. Permit fees must be current for the department to reissue the operating permit. Late fees of 2% per month are charged and added to outstanding annual fees.

PUBLICLY OWNED SEWER SYSTEM OPERATING PERMIT FEES (City, public sewer district, public water district, or other publicly owned treatment works that charge a service connection fee.) Annual fee is based on number of service connections. Fees listings are found in 10 CSR 20-6.011 which is available at

http://s1.sos.mo.gov/cmsimages/adrules/csr/current/10csr/10c20-6.pdf. New public sewer system facilities should not submit any fee as the department will invoice the permittee.

#### OPERATING PERMIT MODIFICATIONS, including transfers, are subject to the following fees:

- a. Operating permits that charge a service connection fee \$200 each.
- b. All other permits
  - (1) \$100 each for a minor modification (name changes, address changes, other non-substantive changes) or
  - (2) A fee equal to 25% of the facility's annual operating fee for a major modification.
- Name of Facility Include the name by which this facility is locally known. Example: Southwest Sewage Treatment Plant, Country Club Mobile Home Park, etc. Provide the street address or location of the facility. If the facility lacks a street name or route number, provide the names of the closest intersection, highway, country road, etc.
- 2.1 Self-explanatory.
- Global Positioning System, or GPS, is a satellite-based navigation system. The department prefers that a GPS receiver is used and the displayed coordinates submitted. If access to a GPS receiver is not available, use a mapping system to approximate the coordinates; the department's mapping system is available at <a href="https://modnr.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=1d81212e0854478ca0dae87c33c8c5ce">https://modnr.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=1d81212e0854478ca0dae87c33c8c5ce</a>.
- 2.3-2.4 Self-explanatory. For the No Exposure Certification for Exclusion Application: <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/no-exposure-certification-exclusion-npdes-stormwater-permitting-under-missouri-clean-water-law-mo-780-2828">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/no-exposure-certification-exclusion-npdes-stormwater-permitting-under-missouri-clean-water-law-mo-780-2828</a>
- 3. Owner Provide the legal name, mailing address, phone number, and email address of the owner of the regulated activity or discharge. The owner identified in this section and subsequently reflected on the certificate page of the operating permit should be the owner of the regulated activity/discharge being applied for and is not necessarily the owner of the real property on which the activity or discharge is occurring.
- Prior to submitting a permit to public notice, the Department of Natural Resources shall provide the permit applicant 10 days to review the draft permit for nonsubstantive drafting errors. In the interest of expediting permit issuance, permit applicants may waive the opportunity to review draft permits prior to public notice.
- 3.2-3.4 Self-explanatory. See the following link for Financial Questionnaire: <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/financial-questionnaire-mo-780-2511">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/financial-questionnaire-mo-780-2511</a>
- 4. Continuing Authority A continuing authority is a company, business, entity, or person(s) that will be legally responsible for ensuring compliance with the permit requirements and provide continuous stable oversight of the permitted facility or activity. The Continuing authority should be a relatively permanent entity responsible for the ongoing operation, maintenance, and modernization, when needed, of the permitted facility or activity. A continuing authority is not, however, an entity or individual that is contractually hired by the permittee to sample or operate and maintain the system for a defined time period, such as a certified operator or analytical laboratory. To access the regulatory requirement regarding continuing authority, 10 CSR 20-6.010(2), please visit <a href="https://s1.sos.mo.gov/cmsimages/adrules/csr/current/10csr/10c20-6.pdf">https://s1.sos.mo.gov/cmsimages/adrules/csr/current/10csr/10c20-6.pdf</a>. A continuing authority's name must be listed exactly as it appears on the Missouri Secretary of State's (SoS's) webpage:

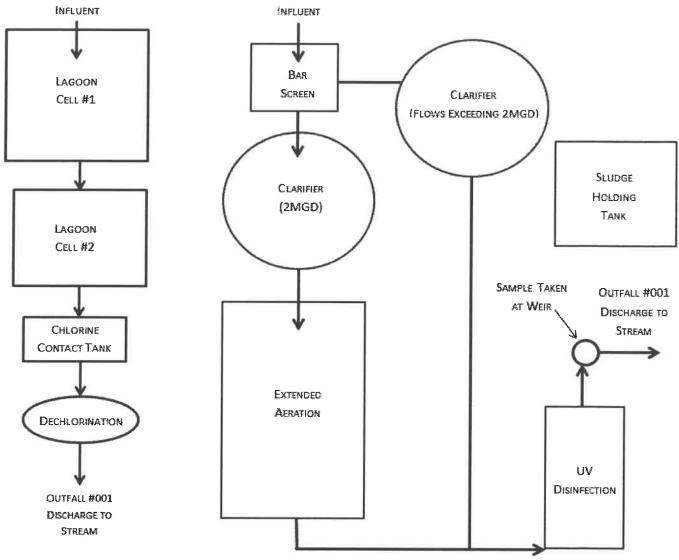
  <a href="https://bsd.sos.mo.gov/BusinessEntity/BESearch.aspx?SearchType=0">https://bsd.sos.mo.gov/BusinessEntity/BESearch.aspx?SearchType=0</a>, unless the continuing authority is an individual(s), government entity, or otherwise not required to register with the SoS.
- 5. Operator Provide the name, certificate number, title, mailing address, primary phone number, and email address of the operator of the facility.
- 6. Provide the name, title, mailing address, primary phone number, and email address of a person who is thoroughly familiar with the operation of the facility and with the facts reported in this application and who can be contacted by the department.

Instructions Page 1 of 3

#### 7.1 Process Flow Diagram Examples

Wastewater Treatment Lagoon

WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY



- 7.2 A map is available on the web at <a href="https://modnr.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=1d81212e0854478ca0dae87c33c8c5ce">https://modnr.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=1d81212e0854478ca0dae87c33c8c5ce</a> or from the Department of Natural Resources' Geological Survey in Rolla at 573-368-2125.
- 7.3-7.8 Self explanatory.
- 7.9 If wastewater is land-applied submit Form I: <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/form-i-permit-application-operation-wastewater-irrigation-systems-mo-780-1686">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/form-i-permit-application-operation-wastewater-irrigation-systems-mo-780-1686</a>.
- 7.10-8. Self-explanatory
- 9.1 A copy of 10 CSR 25 is available at <a href="https://www.sos.mo.gov/adrules/csr/current/10csr/10csr.asp#10-25">www.sos.mo.gov/adrules/csr/current/10csr/10csr.asp#10-25</a>.
- 9.2-9.9 Self explanatory.

#### PART B - ADDITIONAL APPLICATION INFORMATION

10.-14. Self-explanatory

#### PART C - CERTIFICATION

- 15. Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System Visit the eDMR site at <a href="http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/edmr.htm">http://dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/edmr.htm</a> and click on the "Facility Participation Package" link. The eDMR Permit Holder and Certifier Registration Form and information about the eDMR system can be found in the Facility Participation Package. Waivers to electronic reporting may be granted by the department per 40 CFR 127.15 under certain, special circumstances. A written request must be submitted to the department for approval. Waivers may be granted to facilities owned or operated by:
  - a. members of religious communities that choose not to use certain technologies or
  - b. permittees located in areas with limited broadband access. The National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) in collaboration with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) have created a broadband internet availability map: <a href="https://broadbandmap.fcc.gov/#/">https://broadbandmap.fcc.gov/#/</a>. Please contact the department if you need assistance.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING FORM B2**

#### APPLICATION FOR OPERATING PERMIT FOR FACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW MORE THAN 100,000 GALLONS PER DAY (continued)

16. JetPay- Applicants can pay fees online by credit card or eCheck through a system called JetPay.

- a. Per Section 37.001, RSMo, a transaction fee will be included. The transaction fee is paid to the third party vendor JetPay, not the Department of Natural Resources.
- b. Be sure to select the correct fee type and corresponding URL to ensure your payment is applied appropriately. If you are unsure what type of fee to pay, please contact the Water Protection Program's Budget, Fees, and Grants Management Unit by phone at (573) 522-1485 for assistance.
- c. Upon successful completion of your payment, JetPay provides a payment confirmation. Submit this form with a copy of the payment confirmation if requesting a new permit or a permit modification. For permit renewals of active permits, the department will invoice fees annually in a separate request.
- d. If you are unable to make your payment online, but want to pay with credit card, you may email your name, phone number, and invoice number, if applicable, to <a href="mailto:wppfees@dnr.mo.gov">wppfees@dnr.mo.gov</a>. The Budget, Fees, and Grants Management Unit will contact you to assist with the credit card payment. Please do not include your credit card information in the email.
- e. Applicants can find fee rates in 10 CSR 20-6.011 (<a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/wastewater-treatment-facility-permit-fees-pub2564/pub2564">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/wastewater-treatment-facility-permit-fees-pub2564/pub2564</a>).
- 17. Signature All applications must be signed as follows and the signatures must be original:
  - For a corporation, by an officer having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity or for environmental matters.
  - b. For a partnership or sole proprietorship, by a general partner or the proprietor.
  - c. For a municipal, state, federal or other public facility, by either a principal executive officer or by an individual having overall responsibility for environmental matters at the facility.

#### PART D - EXPANDED EFFLUENT TESTING DATA

18. Self-explanatory, ML/MDL means minimum limit or minimum detection limit.

#### PART E - TOXICITY TESTING DATA

Self- explanatory.

### PART F - INDUSTRIAL USER DISCHARGES AND RCRA/CERCLA WASTES

- 20. Federal regulations are available through the U.S. Government Printing Office at https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/browse/collectionCfr.action?collectionCode=CFR.
- 20.1 Self explanatory
- 20.2 A noncategorical significant industrial user is an industrial user that is not a CIU and meets one or more of the following:
  - i. Discharges an average of 25,000 gallons per day or more of process wastewater to the treatment works (with certain exclusions).
  - Contributes a process waste stream that makes up 5% or more of the average dry weather hydraulic or organic capacity of the treatment plant.
  - Is designated as an SIU by the control authority.

21.-23.4 Self-explanatory.

#### PART G - COMBINED SEWER SYSTEMS

24.-25.4 Self-explanatory.

#### Submittal of an incomplete application may result in the application being returned.

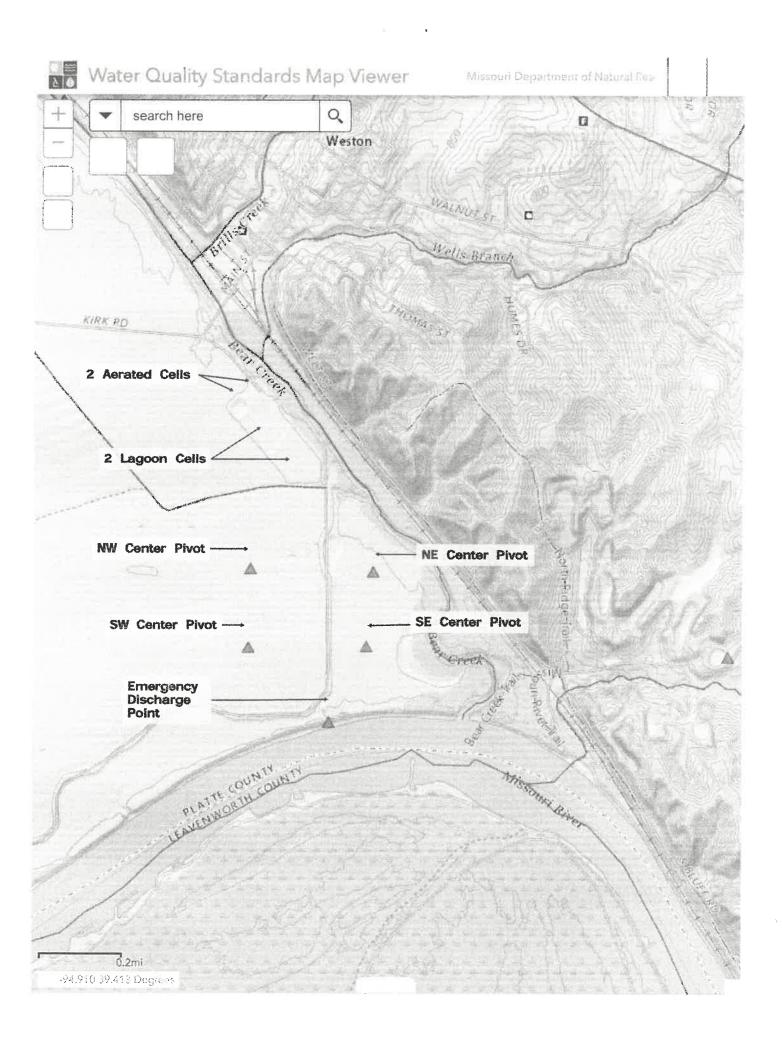
This completed form and any attachments along with the applicable permit fees, should be submitted to:

cleanwaterpermits@dnr.mo.gov

0

Department of Natural Resources
Water Protection Program
ATTN: NPDES Permits and Engineering Section
P.O. Box 176
Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176

Map of regional offices with addresses and phone numbers are available on the web at <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/about-us/division-environmental-quality/regional-office">https://dnr.mo.gov/about-us/division-environmental-quality/regional-office</a>. If there are any questions concerning this form, contact the appropriate regional office or the Department of Natural Resources, Water Protection Program, Operating Permits Section at 800-361-4827 or 573-522-4502.





## MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

## FORM I – PERMIT APPLICATION FOR OPERATION OF WASTEWATER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

FOR	AGEN	CY	USE	ONL	Y
DAART AH	IMPED				_

PERMIT NUMBER
MO DATE RECEIVED

INSTRUCTIONS: The following forms must be submitted with	FORM A for industrial wastewater.
1. FACILITY INFORMATION	
1.1 Facility Name Weston Wastewater Treatment Facility	1.2 Permit Number  MO- 0031585
Municipal with Pretreatment Program or Significant Indus SIC Codes (list all that apply, in order of importance) 4952	
<ul> <li>1.4 Months when the business or enterprise will operate or gene</li> <li>✓ 12 months per year</li></ul>	
✓ No-discharge ☐ Partial irrigation when feasible and ☐ Irrigation during recreation season (April – October) and ☐ Other (explain)	
1.6 List the Facility outfalls which will be applicable to the irrigation outfall Numbers:N/A- Emergency Only	on system.
2. STORAGE BASINS	
2.1 Number of storage basins: 2  Type of basin: ☐ Steel ☐ Concrete  ☑ Earthen with membrane liner	☐ Fiberglass ☐ Earthen
3. LAND APPLICATION SYSTEM	
3.1 Number of irrigation sites 1 Total Acres  Location: ¼, ¼, ¼, Sec T R  Location: ¼, ¼, ¼, Sec T R  Attach pages as needed. see attached pages for ir	CountyAcresAcres
3.2 Attach a site map showing topography, storage basins, irriga other pertinent features.	tion sites, property boundary, streams, wells, roads, dwellings, and
3.3 Type of vegetation: ☑ Grass hay ☐ Pasture ☐	Timber
3.4 Wastewater flow (dry weather) gallons/day:  Average annual: 116,000 Seasonal Months of seasonal flow:	Off-season

780-1686 (08-14)

3. L/	AND APPLICATION SYSTEM (continued)			
3.5	Land Application rate per acre (design flow including 1 in 10 year storr	nwater flows):		
	Design: 24 inches/year 0.017 inches/hour 0.1	3_ inches/day	0.91 inches/week	
	Actual: inches/year inches/hour	inches/day	inches/week	
	Total Irrigation per year (gallons): 58.1 MG Design 25.	5MG Actual		<
	Actual months used for Irrigation (check all that apply):  ☐ Jan ☐ Feb ☐ Mar ☐ Apr ☐ May ☐ Jun ☐ Jul ☐ Au	g 🗌 Sep 🔲 Oct	t Nov Dec	
3.6	Land Application Rate is based on:  ☐ Nutrient Management Plan (N&P)  ☐ Hydraulic Loading ☐ Other (describe)			
3.7	Equipment type: Sprinklers Gated pipe  Center pivot  Equipment Flow Capacity: 33,000 Gallons per hour 1,480 Tot			
3.8	Public Use Areas. Public access shall not be allowed to public use a of Public Access Restriction:  Site is Fenced  Wastewater disinfection prior to irrigation.  Other (describe):	ation 🔽 Site is	when application is occurring. Method not for public use	
3.9	Separation distance (in feet) from the outside edge of the wetted irrigation    Permanent flowing stream   Losing Stream   Interest   Property boundary   Dwellings   Water supply we	ermittent (wet weat	ther) stream Lake or pond	
3.10	The facility must develop and retain an Operation and Maintenance (C	&M) Plan for the in	rigation system.	1
	Date of O&M Plan: 05/11/2022			<
4. C	ERTIFICATION	48 (61.94.)		
attac the i	rtify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familia schments and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant to the possibility of fine or imprisonment.	esponsible for obta	aining this information, I believe that	
		FFICIAL TITLE		1
Eric L		ublic Works Superi		<
EMAIL	E / IOS/IESO	ELEPHONE NUMBER WITH	H AREA CODE	
EF	100/100/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10	16) 803-3682		-
SIGNA	NATURE CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE		ATE SIGNED 2/05/2022	

#### Irrigation Site Information Page 1 of 2

#### Permitted Feature #002 - NW Center Pivot Irrigation Field

Legal Description: **UTM Coordinates:**  Sec. 36, T7S, R22E, Platte County

X=336236.19 m E

Receiving Stream:

X=336620, Y= 4362863

Y=4362803.73 m N

Missouri River (P)

First Classified Stream and ID:

Missouri River (P) (226) 303(d) List

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:

(10240011-0306)

#### Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Minimum irrigation volume per year: 13.4 million gallons (based on average design flow)

Irrigation volume per year at Design Flow: 18.4 million gallons

Irrigation areas: 28.3 acres at design loading

Irrigation rates: 0.017 inch/hour; 0.13 inch/day; 0.91 inches/week; 24 inches/year

Field slopes: 0-2% percent Equipment: Center pivot

Vegetation: Pasture, Hay, Grass, or Row Crop Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate

### Permitted Feature #003 - NE Center Pivot Irrigation Field

Legal Description:

Sec. 31, T7S, R22E, Platte County

UTM Coordinates:

X=336180, Y=4362861

X=336638.42 m E

Receiving Stream:

Missouri River (P)

Y=4362785.05 m N

First Classified Stream and ID:

Missouri River (P) (226) 303(d) List

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:

(10240011-0306)

#### Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Minimum irrigation volume per year: 12 million gallons (based on average design flow)

Irrigation volume per year at Design Flow: 16.5 million gallons

Irrigation areas: 25.3 acres at design loading

Irrigation rates: 0.017 inch/hour; 0.13 inch/day; 0.91 inches/week; 24 inches/year

#### Irrigation Site Information Page 2 of 2

Field slopes: 0-2% percent Equipment: Center pivot

Vegetation: Pasture, Hay, Grass, or Row Crop Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate

#### Permitted Feature #004 - SE Center Pivot Irrigation Field

Legal Description:

Sec. 31, T75, R23E, Platte County

**UTM Coordinates:** 

X=336173, Y=4362503

X=336597.15 m E

Receiving Stream:

Missouri River (P)

Y=4362473.38 m N

First Classified Stream and ID:

Missouri River (P) (226) 303(d) List

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:

(10240011-0306)

#### Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Minimum irrigation volume per year: 6.6 million gallons (based on average design flow)

Irrigation volume per year at Design Flow: 9.1 million gallons

Irrigation areas: 14 acres at design loading

Irrigation rates: 0.017 inch/hour; 0.13 inch/day; 0.91 inches/week; 24 inches/year

Field slopes: 0-2% percent Equipment: Center pivot

Vegetation: Pasture, Hay, Grass, or Row Crop Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate

#### Permitted Feature #005 - SW Center Pivot Irrigation Field

Legal Description:

Sec. 36, T7S, R23E, Platte County

X=336232.15 m E

**UTM Coordinates:** 

X=336595, Y=4362515

Y=4362467.31 m N

Receiving Stream:

Missouri River (P)

First Classified Stream and ID:

Missouri River (P) (226) 303(d) List

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (10240011-0306)

### Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Minimum irrigation volume per year: 10.2 million gallons (based on average design flow)

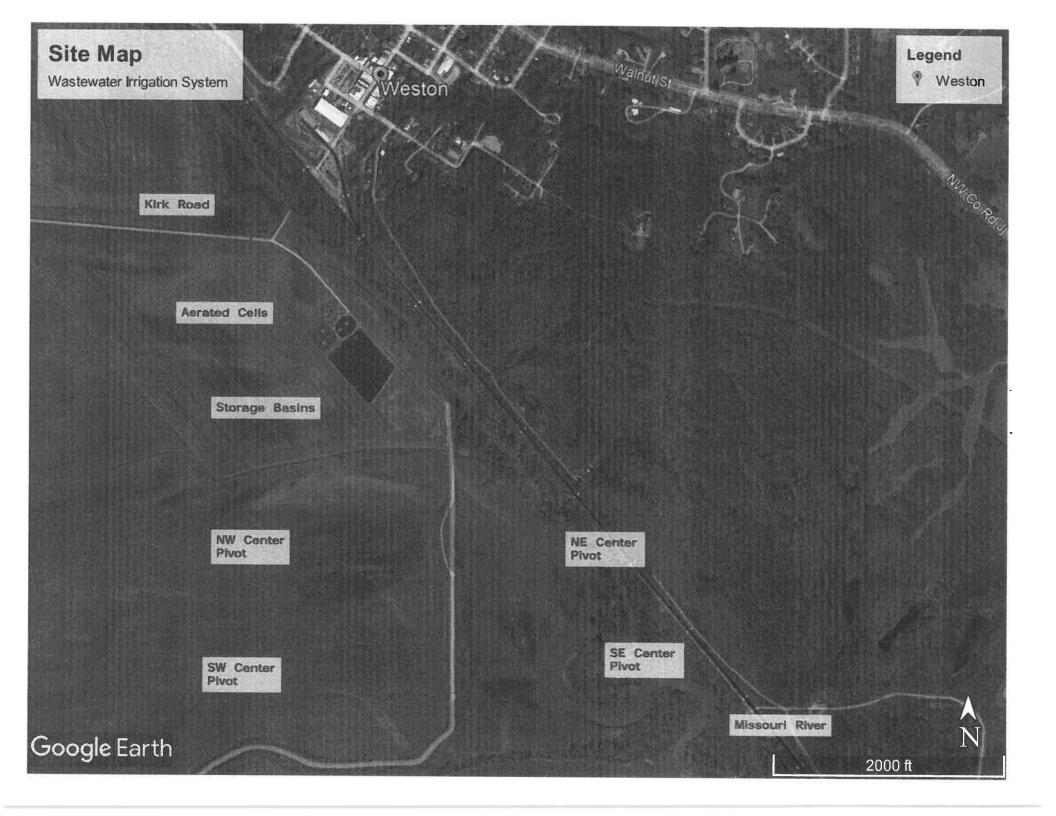
Irrigation volume per year at Design Flow: 14.1 million gallons

Irrigation areas: 21.6 acres at design loading

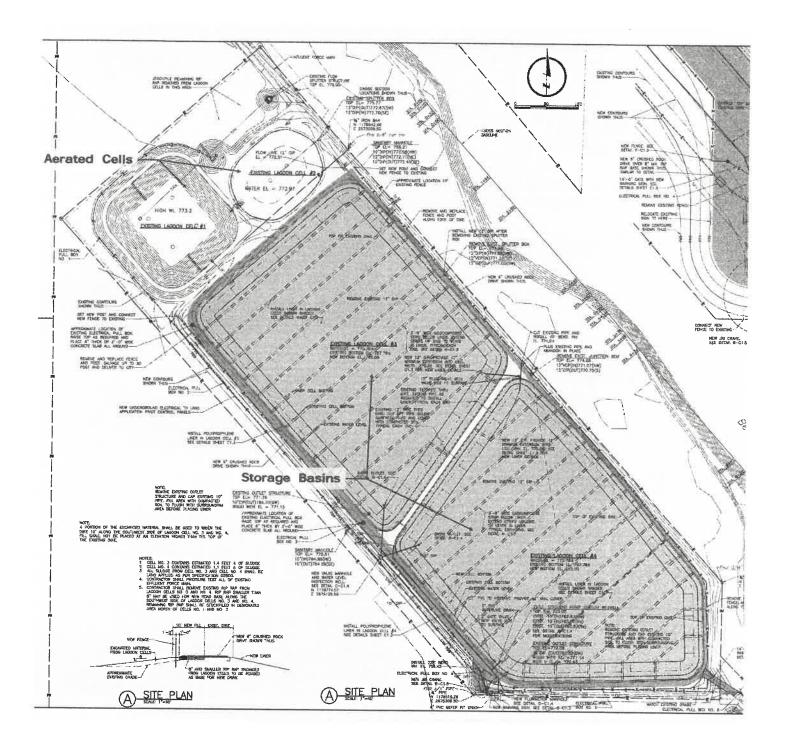
Irrigation rates: 0.017 inch/hour; 0.13 inch/day; 0.91 inches/week; 24 inches/year

Field slopes: 0-2% percent Equipment: Center pivot

Vegetation: Pasture, Hay, Grass, or Row Crop Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate



NW Center Pivot NE Center Pivot SE Center Pivot SW Center Pivot OUTFALL FOR EMERGENCY USE ONLY Missouri River



#### STATE OF MISSOURI

### DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



### MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92nd Congress) as amended,

Permit No.	MO-0031585
Owner: Address:	City of Weston 300 Main Street, Weston, MO 64098
Continuing Authority: Address:	Same as above Same as above
Facility Name: Facility Address:	Weston Wastewater Treatment Facility South terminus of Kirk Road, Weston, MO 64098
Legal Description: UTM Coordinates:	See Page 2 See Page 2
Receiving Stream: First Classified Stream and ID: USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:	See Page 2 See Page 2 See Page 2
is authorized to discharge from the facility of	described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements

as set forth herein:

#### **FACILITY DESCRIPTION**

See Page 2

This permit authorizes only irrigation of wastewater under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of the Law.

10 11.

January 1, 2018	January 1, 2022	Chie Wubug	
Effective Date	Modification Date	Chris Wieberg, Director, Water Projection Program	

September 30, 2022	
Expiration Date	

#### **FACILITY DESCRIPTION (continued):**

#### Permitted Feature #001 – POTW – SIC #4952

The use or operation of this facility shall be by or under the supervision of a Certified "D" Operator.

Bar screen/two cell aerated lagoon with two storage basins/ wastewater is irrigated to the surface/ sludge is land applied.

Design population equivalent is 3,000.

Average design flow is 116,000 gallons per day (dry weather flows).

Design Flow is 159,000 gallons per day (Design Flow plus 10-year rainfall minus evaporation, does not account for inflow and infiltration)

Design sludge production is 10.5 dry tons per year.

Legal Description:

Sec. 36, T75, R22E, Platte County

**UTM Coordinates:** 

X= 336447, Y= 4362272

Receiving Stream:

Missouri River (P)

First Classified Stream and ID:

Missouri River (P) (226) 303(d) List

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:

(10240011-0306)

#### Storage Basin:

Maximum Operating Level: 2 foot of freeboard (storage basin water level in feet below the overflow level)

Storage volume (min to max water levels, in gallons):

Lagoon

Lagoon

Storage

Storage

**Total** 

Cell #1 2,070,000

Cell #2 866,000

Cell#1 11,509,000

Cell#2 11,734,000

26,179,000

Storage Capacity (in Days):

Design for Dry weather flows: 222 days Design with 1-in 10 year flows: 216 days

#### Permitted Feature #002 - NW Center Pivot Irrigation Field

Legal Description:

Sec. 36, T75, R22E, Platte County

UTM Coordinates:

X=336620, Y=4362863

Receiving Stream:

Missouri River (P)

First Classified Stream and ID:

Missouri River (P) (226) 303(d) List

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (10240011-0306)

#### Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Minimum irrigation volume per year: 13.4 million gallons (based on average design flow)

Irrigation volume per year at Design Flow: 18.4 million gallons

Irrigation areas: 28.3 acres at design loading

Irrigation rates: 0.017 inch/hour; 0.13 inch/day; 0.91 inches/week; 24 inches/year

Field slopes: 0-2% percent Equipment: Center pivot

Vegetation: Pasture, Hay, Grass, or Row Crop

Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate

#### Permitted Feature #003 - NE Center Pivot Irrigation Field

Legal Description:

Sec. 36, T75, R22E, Platte County

UTM Coordinates:

X=336180, Y= 4362861

Receiving Stream:

Missouri River (P)

First Classified Stream and ID:

Missouri River (P) (226) 303(d) List

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:

(10240011-0306)

#### Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Minimum irrigation volume per year: 12 million gallons (based on average design flow)

Irrigation volume per year at Design Flow: 16.5 million gallons

Irrigation areas: 25.3 acres at design loading

Irrigation rates: 0.017 inch/hour; 0.13 inch/day; 0.91 inches/week; 24 inches/year

Field slopes: 0-2% percent Equipment: Center pivot

Vegetation: Pasture, Hay, Grass, or Row Crop Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate

#### Permitted Feature #004 - SE Center Pivot Irrigation Field

Legal Description: Sec. 31, T75, R23E, Platte County

UTM Coordinates: X=336173, Y= 4362503 Receiving Stream: Missouri River (P)

First Classified Stream and ID: Missouri River (P) (226) 303(d) List

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (10240011-0306)

#### Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Minimum irrigation volume per year: 6.6 million gallons (based on average design flow)

Irrigation volume per year at Design Flow: 9.1 million gallons

Irrigation areas: 14 acres at design loading

Irrigation rates: 0.017 inch/hour; 0.13 inch/day; 0.91 inches/week; 24 inches/year

Field slopes: 0-2% percent Equipment: Center pivot

Vegetation: Pasture, Hay, Grass, or Row Crop Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate

#### Permitted Feature #005 - SW Center Pivot Irrigation Field

Legal Description: Sec. 31, T75, R23E, Platte County

UTM Coordinates: X=336595, Y= 4362515 Receiving Stream: Missouri River (P)

First Classified Stream and ID: Missouri River (P) (226) 303(d) List

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (10240011-0306)

### Wastewater Irrigation Design Parameters:

Minimum irrigation volume per year: 10.2 million gallons (based on average design flow)

Irrigation volume per year at Design Flow: 14.1 million gallons

Irrigation areas: 21.6 acres at design loading

Irrigation rates: 0.017 inch/hour; 0.13 inch/day; 0.91 inches/week; 24 inches/year

Field slopes: 0-2% percent Equipment: Center pivot

Vegetation: Pasture, Hay, Grass, or Row Crop Irrigation rate is based on: Hydraulic loading rate PERMITTED FEATURE #001

## TABLE A-1 IRRIGATION SYSTEM LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

The permittee is authorized to conduct irrigation of wastewater as specified in the application for this permit. The final limitations shall become effective on <u>January 1, 2022</u> and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. The irrigation of wastewater shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	T D TYPIC	FINAL LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
STORAGE BASIN PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY TOTAL	WEEKLY TOTAL	MONTHLY TOTAL	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Storage Basin Freeboard**	feet	*			once/week	measured
Precipitation	inches	*		*	daily	total

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED MONTHLY; THE NEXT REPORT IS DUE FEBRUARY 28, 2022.

PERMITTED FEATURE #002, 003, 004 & 005\*\*\*

## TABLE A-2 IRRIGATION SYSTEM LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

The permittee is authorized to conduct irrigation of wastewater as specified in the application for this permit. The final limitations shall become effective on <u>January 1, 2022</u> and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. The irrigation of wastewater shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

IRRIGATION OPERATIONAL	TATEO	FINAL LIMITATIONS			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
MONITORING PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY TOTAL	WEEKLY TOTAL	MONTHLY TOTAL	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Irrigation Period	hours	*		*	daily	total
Volume Irrigated	gallons	*		*	daily	total
Irrigation Area	acres	*		*	daily	total
Irrigation Rate	inches	*		*	daily	total

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED MONTHLY; THE NEXT REPORT IS DUE FEBRUARY 28, 2022.

- \* Monitoring requirement only.
- \*\* Storage Basin Freeboard shall be reported as storage basin water level in feet below the overflow level.
- \*\*\* Monitoring data from each Permitted Feature shall be reported separately.

#### **B. STANDARD CONDITIONS**

In addition to specified conditions stated herein, this permit is subject to the attached Parts I, II, & III standard conditions dated August 1, 2014, May 1, 2013, and August 1, 2019, and hereby incorporated as though fully set forth herein.

#### C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

#### 1. Emergency Discharges.

(a) Monitoring. Any emergency discharge shall be monitored for the parameters in the table below at least once during the discharge event. Additional monitoring may be required by the Department on a case-by-case basis. The facility shall submit test results, along with the number of days the storage basin(s) has discharged during the month, via the Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System by the 28th day of the month after the discharge ceases. Permittee shall monitor for the following constituents:

Constituent	Units
Effluent Flow	MGD
Biochemical Oxygen Demands	mg/L
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L
Ammonia as N	mg/L
pH – Units	SU
Oil & Grease	mg/L
E. coli*	#/100mL
Total Nitrogen	mg/L
Total Phosphorus	mg/L

<sup>\*</sup> Sampling for *E. coli* is only required during the recreational months of April – October.

(b) <u>Authorized Discharges</u>. An emergency discharge from wastewater storage structures may only occur if rainfall exceeds the 10-year 365-day rainfall event (chronic) or the 25-year 24-hour rainfall event (catastrophic). The facility shall make all reasonable attempts to return the water level in the lagoon to below the maximum operating level. Design Storm Maps and Tables to determine chronic/catastrophic conditions can be found at <a href="http://ag3.agebb.missouri.edu/design\_storm/">http://ag3.agebb.missouri.edu/design\_storm/</a>. For this facility:

Platte County	Data Collected: 04/22/18
10-year 365-day rainfall event	46.9 inches
25-year 24-hour rainfall event	6.4 inches

(c) <u>Unauthorized Discharges</u>. Discharge for any other reason than what is stated in 1(b) of this Special Condition shall constitute a permit violation and shall be reported in accordance with Standard Conditions Part 1 Section B.2. Unauthorized discharges are to be reported to the Kansas City Regional Office during normal business hours or by using the online Sanitary Sewer Overflow/Facility Bypass Application located at: <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/data-e-services/missouri-gateway-environmental-management-mogem">https://dnr.mo.gov/data-e-services/missouri-gateway-environmental-management-mogem</a> or the Environmental Emergency Response spill-line at 573-634-2436 outside of normal business hours.

#### 2. <u>Wastewater Irrigation System.</u>

- (a) <u>No-discharge facility requirements</u>. Wastewater shall be stored and irrigated during suitable conditions so that there is no discharge from the storage basins or irrigation sites.
- (b) Storage Basin Operating Levels No-discharge Systems. The minimum and maximum operating water levels for the storage basin(s) shall be clearly marked in each of the storage basins. Each storage basin shall be operated so that the maximum water elevation does not exceed two feet below the Emergency Spillway except due to exceedances of the 10-year 365-day rainfall event or 25-year 24-hour rainfall event as detailed in Special Condition 1. Wastewater shall be irrigated whenever feasible based on soil, weather conditions, and permit requirements. To ensure maximum storage capacity for the winter months when soil conditions may not be suitable for wastewater irrigation, the storage basin(s) shall be lowered to the two-foot minimum operating level during the months of September through November unless the Department approves a specific deviation from this requirement.
- (c) <u>Emergency Spillway.</u> Lagoons and earthen storage basins should have an emergency spillway to protect the structural integrity of earthen structures during operation at near full water levels and in the event of overflow conditions. The spillway shall be at least one foot below top of berm.

- (d) General Irrigation Requirements. The wastewater irrigation system shall be operated so as to provide uniform distribution of irrigated wastewater over the entire irrigation site. A complete ground cover of vegetation shall be maintained on the irrigation site unless the system is approved for row crop irrigation. If the facility determines that night time irrigation is needed, the facility shall submit a night time irrigation plan to the Department's Water Protection Program for review and approval. Night time irrigation shall only occur when the Department has approved the night time irrigation plan.
- (e) <u>Saturated/Frozen Conditions</u>. There shall be no irrigation during ground frost; frozen, snow-covered, or saturated soil conditions; or when precipitation is imminent or occurring.
- (f) <u>Slope Restrictions.</u> Wastewater irrigation on slopes exceeding 10%, the hourly irrigation rate shall not exceed one-half (1/2) the design sustained permeability and in no case shall exceed one-half (1/2) inch per hour.
- (g) Set Backs. There shall be no irrigation within:
  - (1) 300 feet of any sinkhole, losing stream, or any other feature that may provide a connection to the ground water table and the surface;
  - (2) 300 feet from any existing potable water supply well not located on the property;
  - (3) 150 feet of dwelling or public use areas;
  - (4) 100 feet of any gaining perennial or intermittent streams or tributaries or any publicly or privately owned ponds or lakes. As a compliance alternative a 35-foot vegetative buffer that is permanently covered with perennial vegetation may be substituted for the 100 foot set-back requirement;
  - (5) 50 feet of the property line or public road.
- (h) Public Access Restrictions. Public access shall not be allowed to public-use-area irrigation sites when irrigation is occurring.
- (i) Grazing and Harvesting of Forage Crops Restrictions. Grazing of animals shall be deferred as per the following:
  - (1) From May 1 to October 31, the minimum deferment from grazing or forage harvesting shall be 14 days.
  - (2) From November 1 to April 30, the minimum deferment from grazing or forage harvesting shall be 30 days.
- (j) Irrigated Wastewater Disinfection. Wastewater shall be disinfected prior to irrigation (not storage) to public-use-areas.
- (k) Agronomic Irrigation Rates. Wastewater irrigation shall not exceed agronomic rates to ensure agricultural use of nutrients and prevent contamination of surface and groundwater. The agronomic rate is the amount of wastewater applied to a field to meet the fertilizer recommendation.
- (I) <u>Equipment Checks during Irrigation</u>. The irrigation system and irrigation site shall be visually inspected at least <u>once/day</u> during wastewater irrigation to check for equipment malfunctions and runoff from the irrigation site.
- 3. Wastewater irrigation records shall be maintained and summarized into an annual operating report, which shall be submitted by January 28th of each year for the previous calendar year period. The summarized annual report is in addition to the reporting requirements listed in Table A. The summarized annual report shall include the following:
  - (a) Record of maintenance and repairs performed during the year, average number of times per month the facility is checked to see if it is operating properly, and description of any unusual operating conditions encountered during the year;
  - (b) The number of days the storage basin(s) has discharged during the year, the discharge flow, and the reasons discharge occurred; and
  - (c) A summary of the irrigation operations for the year including: the number of days of irrigation, the total gallons irrigated, the total acres used, the irrigation rate in inches for the year, and the annual precipitation received at the facility.
- 4. Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System. Per 40 CFR Part 127 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Electronic Reporting Rule, reporting of effluent monitoring data and any report required by the permit (unless specifically directed otherwise by the permit) shall be submitted by the permittee via an electronic system to ensure timely, complete, accurate, and nationally consistent set of data about the NPDES program. All reports uploaded into the system shall be reasonably named so they are easily identifiable, such as "Permitted Feature 001 Daily Data Jan 2023," or "Permitted Feature 004 Daily Irrigation Data Mar 2025."
  - (a) eDMR Registration Requirements. The permittee must register with the Department's eDMR system through the Missouri Gateway for Environmental Management (MoGEM) before the first report is due. Registration and other information regarding MoGEM can be found at <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/data-e-services/missouri-gateway-environmental-management-mogem">https://dnr.mo.gov/data-e-services/missouri-gateway-environmental-management-mogem</a>. Information about the eDMR system can be found at <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/water/business-industry-other-entities/reporting/electronic-discharge-monitoring-reporting-system-edmr">https://dnr.mo.gov/water/business-industry-other-entities/reporting/electronic-discharge-monitoring-reporting-system-edmr</a>. The first user shall register as an Organization Official and the association to the facility must be approved by the Department. Regarding Standard Conditions Part I, Section B, #7, the eDMR system is currently the only Department approved reporting method for this permit unless a waiver is granted by the Department. See paragraph (c) below.
  - (b) Electronic Submissions. To access the eDMR system, use the following link in your web browser: <a href="https://apps5.mo.gov/mogems/welcome.action">https://apps5.mo.gov/mogems/welcome.action</a>. If you experience difficulties with using the eDMR system you may contact edmr@dnr.mo.gov or call 855-789-3889 or 573-526-2082 for assistance.

- (c) Waivers from Electronic Reporting. The permittee must electronically submit compliance monitoring data and reports unless a waiver is granted by the Department in compliance with 40 CFR Part 127. The permittee may obtain an electronic reporting waiver by first submitting an eDMR Waiver Request Form: <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/electronic-discharge-monitoring-report-waiver-request-form-mo-780-2692">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/electronic-discharge-monitoring-report-waiver-request-form-mo-780-2692</a>. The Department will either approve or deny this electronic reporting waiver request within 120 calendar days
- 5. The full implementation of this operating permit, which includes implementation of any applicable schedules of compliance, shall constitute compliance with all applicable federal and state statutes and regulations in accordance with §644.051.16, RSMo, and the Clean Water Act (CWA) section 402(k); however, this permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued:
  - (a) To comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a)(2) of the CWA, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
    - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
    - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
  - (b) To incorporate an approved pretreatment program pursuant to 40 CFR 403.8(a).
- 6. Permittee will cease discharge by connection to a facility with an area-wide management plan per 10 CSR 20-6.010(3)(B) within 90 days of notice of its availability.
- 7. Changes in existing pollutants or the addition of new pollutants to the treatment facility

The permittee must provide adequate notice to the Director of the following:

- (a) Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to section 301 or 306 of CWA if it were directly discharging those pollutants; and
- (b) Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit.
- (c) For purposes of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on;
  - (1) the quality and quantity of effluent introduced into the POTW, and
  - (2) any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.
- 8. Report as no-discharge when irrigation does not occur during the report period.
- 9. It is a violation of the Missouri Clean Water Law to fail to pay fees associated with this permit (644.055 RSMo).
- 10. The permittee shall comply with any applicable requirements listed in 10 CSR 20-9. For lagoon systems that are designed as no-discharge systems followed by wastewater irrigation the monitoring frequencies of all applicable parameters have been reduced to twice a month. The monitoring frequencies contained in Table A of this permit shall not be construed by the permittee as a modification of the monitoring frequencies listed in 10 CSR 20-9. To request further modification of the operational control testing requirements, the permittee shall submit a permit modification application and fee to the Department requesting a deviation from the operational control monitoring requirements. If the request is approved, the Department will modify the permit.
- 11. The permittee shall develop and implement a program for maintenance and repair of its collection system. The permittee may compare collection system performance results and other data with the benchmarks used in the Departments' Capacity, Management, Operation, And Maintenance (CMOM) Model located at <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/capacity-management-operations-maintenance-plan-editable-template">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/capacity-management-operations-maintenance-plan-editable-template</a>. Additional information regarding the Departments' CMOM Model is available at <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/print/document-search/pub2574">https://dnr.mo.gov/print/document-search/pub2574</a>.

The permittee shall also submit a report to the Kansas City Regional Office via the Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) Submission System annually, by <u>January 28<sup>th</sup></u>, for the previous calendar year. The report shall contain the following information:

- (a) A summary of the efforts to locate and eliminate sources of excessive infiltration and inflow into the collection system serving the facility for the previous year.
- (b) A summary of the general maintenance and repairs to the collection system serving the facility for the previous year.
- (c) A summary of any planned maintenance and repairs to the collection system serving the facility for the upcoming calendar year. This list shall include locations (GPS, 911 address, manhole number, etc.) and actions to be taken.

- 12. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field. Permitted features, including storage basins and irrigation sites, shall be marked on an aerial or topographic site map included with the Operation and Maintenance manual.
- 13. The permittee shall develop, maintain and implement an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manual that includes all necessary items to ensure the operation and integrity of the waste handling and wastewater irrigation systems, including key operating procedures, an aerial or topographic site map with the permitted features, irrigation fields, and irrigation buffer zones marked, and a brief summary of the operation of the facility. The O&M manual shall be made available to the operator and shall be reviewed and updated at least every five years or when there is a change in equipment or irrigation sites.
- 14. Reporting of Non-Detects:
  - (a) An analysis conducted by the permittee or their contracted laboratory shall be conducted in such a way that the precision and accuracy of the analyzed result can be enumerated.
  - (b) See sufficiently sensitive test method requirements in Standard Conditions Part I, Section A, No. 4 regarding proper testing and method minimum levels used for sample analysis.
  - (c) The permittee shall not report a sample result as "Non-Detect" without also reporting the method minimum level of the test. Reporting as "Non Detect" without also including the method minimum level, will be considered failure to report, which is a violation of this permit.
  - (d) The permittee shall provide the "Non-Detect" sample result using the less than symbol and the method minimum level (e.g., <50 µg/L), if the method minimum level for the parameter is 50 µg/L).
  - (e) Where the permit contains a Department determined Minimum Quantification Level (ML) and the permittee is granted authority in the permit to report zero in lieu of the < ML for a specified parameter (conventional, priority pollutants, metals, etc.), then zero (0) is to be reported for that parameter.
  - (f) For the daily maximum, the facility shall report the highest value. If the highest value was a non-detect, use the less than "<" symbol and the laboratory's highest method minimum level.
  - (g) For reporting an average based on all non-detected values, remove the "<" sign from the values, average the values, and then add the "<" symbol back to the resulting average.
  - (h) For reporting an average based on a mix of detected and non-detected values (not including *E. coli*), assign a value of "0" for all non-detects for that reporting period and report the average of all the results.
  - (i) When *E. coli* is not detected above the method minimum level, the permittee must report the data qualifier signifying less than detection limit for that parameter (e.g., <1 #/100mL, if the method minimum level is 1 #/100mL). For reporting a geometric mean based on a mix of detected and non-detected values, use one-half of the detection limit (instead of zero) for non-detects when calculating geometric means.
  - (j) See the Fact Sheet Appendix Non-Detect Example Calculations for further guidance.
- 15. Access to the storage basin(s) and any associated wastewater irrigation equipment must be sufficiently restricted or secured to prevent entry by children, livestock and unauthorized persons as well as to protect the facility from vandalism.
- 16. At least one gate must be provided to access the wastewater treatment facility and provide for maintenance and mowing. The gate shall remain closed except when temporarily opened by the permittee to access the facility to perform operational monitoring, sampling, maintenance, or mowing. The gates shall also be temporarily opened for inspections by the Department. The gate shall be closed and locked when the facility is not staffed.
- 17. At least one (1) warning sign shall be placed on each side of the facility enclosure (does not pertain to irrigation fields) in such positions as to be clearly visible from all directions of approach. There shall also be one (1) sign placed for every five hundred feet (500') (150 m) of the perimeter fence. A sign shall also be placed on each gate. Minimum wording shall be SEWAGE TREATMENT FACILITY—KEEP OUT. Signs shall be made of durable materials with characters at least two inches (2") high and shall be securely fastened to the fence, equipment or other suitable locations.
- 18. An all-weather access road shall be provided to the treatment facility.
- 19. The berms of the storage basin(s) shall be moved and kept free of any deep-rooted vegetation, animal dens, or other potential sources of damage to the berms.
- 20. The facility shall ensure that adequate provisions are provided to prevent surface water intrusion into the storage basin(s) and to divert stormwater runoff around the storage basin(s) and protect embankments from erosion.

- 21. <u>Wastewater Irrigation Sites</u>. To add additional irrigation sites or to convert any of the land to public-use-areas, a construction permit, geohydrological evaluation, soils report, and permit modification may be required. The facility shall contact the Department for a written determination.
- 22. Sludge treatment storage and disposal practices shall be conducted in accordance with Standard Conditions Part III. The permittee shall receive approval for any sludge treatment, storage, or disposal practices not identified in the facility description of the operating permit.

#### **D. NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL**

If you were adversely affected by this decision, you may be entitled to pursue an appeal before the administrative hearing commission (AHC) pursuant to Sections 621.250 and 644.051.6 RSMo. To appeal, you must file a petition with the AHC within thirty days after the date this decision was mailed or the date it was delivered, whichever date was earlier. If any such petition is sent by registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is mailed; if it is sent by any method other than registered mail or certified mail, it will be deemed filed on the date it is received by the AHC. Any appeal should be directed to:

Administrative Hearing Commission U.S. Post Office Building, Third Floor 131 West High Street, P.O. Box 1557 Jefferson City, MO 65102-1557 Phone: 573-751-2422

Fax: 573-751-5018 Website: https://ahc.mo.gov

## RECEIVED

DEC 16 2022

Water Protection Program

#### Weston WWTF Permit Application

#### **City Action Items**

#### Form B2:

- 1.1 Include payment for any applicable fees (per 10 CSR 20-6.011)
  - o \$3.42 per commercial or industrial customer
  - \$3.00 per water service connection for all other customers with water service connections ≤ 1" (exclude taps for fire and irrigation systems)
  - \$11 per water service connection >1" and ≤ 4" (exclude taps for fire and irrigation systems)
  - \$29 per water service connection >4" (exclude taps for fire and irrigation systems)
- 3.2 Financial Questionnaire: See: <a href="https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/financial-questionnaire-mo-780-2511">https://dnr.mo.gov/document-search/financial-questionnaire-mo-780-2511</a>
- 6 Facility contact same as operator?
- 7.3 number of people
- 7.4 number of connections
- 10.3 Does significant infiltration occur in the collection system? (Yes or No)
  - o Any other steps underway or plans to minimize I/I?
- 11 Does any bypassing occur anywhere? (Yes or No)
- Part B confirm with MDNR that this section not applicable for no-discharge system
- Part C
  - o already registered on eDMR site?
  - Complete the certification section

#### Form I

- 3.3 type of vegetation
- 3.4 waste water flow (dry weather) 116,000 on current permit, verify if correct. Any seasonal flow?
- 3.5 Actual irrigation per year (gallons) calculate based on pump run times? (33,000 gallons per hour)
- 3.10 date of O&M plan for irrigation system attached is a word doc "land-application-management-plan-template" to fill out if not already done. It doesn't have to be submitted but need to enter the date of the document.
- 4. Complete the certification section

### **Land Application Management Plan**

fill out sections 3, 4, 5, 7 through 12

# MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

### FINANCIAL QUESTIONNAIRE

### **RECEIVED**

DEC 16 2022

**Water Protection Program** 

NOT	EÞ	FINANCIAL INFORMATION THAT IS NOT PROVIDED THROUGH THIS FORM WILL BE OBTAINED BY THE DEPARTMENT FROM READILY AVAILABLE SOURCES.					
1.	GENI	ERAL INFORMATION					
FACILITY NAME Weston Wastewater Treatment Facility			PERMIT NUMBER #MO- 0031585				
Weston			COUNTY Platte				
2.	GEN	ERAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION (ALL FACILITIES)					
2.1	2.1 Number of connections to the facility: Residential $844$ Commercial $83$ Industrial $2$						
2.2	2.2 Current sewer user rate (Based on a 5,000 gallon per month usage):						
2.3	Curre	nt annual operating costs for the facility (excludes deprecia	ition):				
2.4	Bond	rating (if applicable):		NIA			
2.5	5 Bonding capacity:						
2.6	Current outstanding debt relating to wastewater collection and treatme		eatment:	3,436,381.35			
2.7	Amount within the current user rate used toward payments on or related to the current wastewater infrastructure:		ıtstanding debt	Un Known?			
2.8							
3.	3. FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED FROM MUNICIPALITIES						
3.1	Munic	ipality's Full Market Property Value:		8 million			
3.2	Munic	ipality's Overall Net Debt:		5,424,594.48			
3.3	Municipality's Property Tax Revenues (levied) [A]:			15:11 d 1;			
3.4	Municipality's Property Tax Revenues (collected) [B]:			222,703			
3.5	Munic	ipality's Property Tax Collection Rate ([B]/[A]):		,			
4.	4. FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED FROM SEWER DISTRICTS						
4.1	1 Total connections to the sewer district: Residential 747 Commercial 83 Industrial 2						
4.2							
Cos	Will the costs be divided across the sewer district? Costs are divided a moung all users and sewer Hookupfes at the time New Service is						
added.							
5.	ADDI"	TIONAL CONSIDERATIONS (ALL FACILITIES)					
5.1 La	indica	le a list of major infrastructure or other investments in envir te any possible overlap or complications (attach sheets as pplication Project: Completed		clude project timing and costs and			
5.2	5.2 Provide a list of any other relevant local community economic conditions that may impact the ability to afford new permit requirements (attach sheets as necessary):						

6. CERTIFICATION					
FINANCIAL CONTACT	OFFICIAL TITLE				
Ed farrand	Treasurer				
EMAIL ADDRESS	TELEPHONE NUMBER WITH AREA CODE				
Ed. Farrand@weston mo.us	816-640-2752				
I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.					
owner or authorized representative	OFFICIAL TITLE				
SIGNATURE	/ DATE SIGNED				
INICITELICATIONIC FOR COMPILETING THE FINANCIAL CHECKIONINALIES					
INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE FINANCIAL QUESTIONNAIRE					
The Financial Questionnaire it to be completed by municipalities, sewer districts, and water supply districts when filing for renewal of their Missouri State Operating Permit. The Financial Questionnaire is to be submitted as an attachment to FORM B: APPLICATION					
their Missouri State Operating Permit. The Financial Questionnaire is to	De submitted as an attachment to FORM B: APPLICATION				
FOR OPERATING PERMIT FOR FACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW.					

1. GENERAL INFORMATION – Provide the name by which the facility is locally known, the Missouri State Operating Permit number, and the city and county where the facility is located.

LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 100,000 GALLONS PER DAY and FORM B2: APPLICATION FOR OPERATING PERMIT FOR FACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW MORE THAN 100,000 GALLONS

 GENERAL FINANCÍAL INFORMATION (ALL FACILITIES) – Municipalities, sewer districts, and water supply districts are to complete.

2.1 Self-explanatory.

PER DAY.

2.2 Provide the rate that a household would be charged for sewer service if they use 5,000 gallons per month.

2.3 Provide the cost to operate and maintain the wastewater facility annually.

- 2.4 Bond ratings can be found here: <a href="https://emma.msrb.org/lssuerHomePage/HomepagesForC6?cusip6=795169">https://emma.msrb.org/lssuerHomePage/HomepagesForC6?cusip6=795169</a>.
- 2.5 General obligation bond capacity allowed by constitution: Cities = up to 20% of taxable tangible property; Sewer districts = up to 5% of taxable tangible property.
- 2.6 Provide the amount of debt owed on wastewater collection and treatment. Debt information is typically available from your community's annual financial statements
- 2.7 Provide the amount of a user's monthly sewer bill that is used toward debt owed on wastewater collection and treatment. This may be a percentage or dollar amount.

2.8 Self-explanatory.

- 3. FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED FROM MUNICIPALITIES Municipalities are to complete.
- 3.1 Full Market Property Value is typically available through your community or state assessor's office.

3.2 Debt information is typically available from your community's annual financial statements.

- 3.3 Property tax revenues are typically available from your community's annual financial statements. Property tax rates for Missouri communities can be found in the annual auditor's report: https://app.auditor.mo.gov/AuditReports/AudRpt2.aspx?id=31.
- Property Taxes Levied = (Real Property Assessed Value) \* (Property Tax Rate).

  This information is typically available through your community or state assessor's office and your community's annual financial statements. Property tax rates for Missouri communities can be found in the annual auditor's report: <a href="https://app.auditor.mo.gov/AuditReports/AudRpt2.aspx?id=31">https://app.auditor.mo.gov/AuditReports/AudRpt2.aspx?id=31</a>.

3.5 Property tax collection rate = (Property Tax Revenues) ÷ (Property Taxes Levied).

4. FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED FROM SEWER DISTRICTS – Sewer Districts and Water Supply Districts are to complete.

4.1-4.2 Self-explanatory.

 ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS (ALL FACILITIES) – Municipalities, sewer districts, and water supply districts are to complete.

5.1-5.2 Self-explanatory.

6. CERTIFICATION – Provide the name and contact information for the individual who can respond to financial information requests for your community. This form must be signed by your community's "owner" or "authorized representative". The owner for a municipality is either the principal executive officer or ranking elected official.

If there are any questions concerning this form or your Missouri State Operating Permit, contact the Department of Natural Resources, Water Protection Program, Operating Permits Section at 800-361-4827 or 573-751-6825.



MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM



FORM B2 – APPLICATION FOR OPERATING PERMIT FOR FACILITIES THAT RECEIVE PRIMARILY DOMESTIC WASTE AND HAVE A DESIGN FLOW MORE THAT Program 100.000 GALLONS PER DAY

FACILITY NAME				
Weston Wastewater Treatment Facility				
PERMIT NO.	COUNTY			
0031585	Platte			
A MARINE DE MARINE MARINE DE MARINE DE MINERE DE MINERE DE MARINE				

#### **APPLICATION OVERVIEW**

Form B2 has been developed in a modular format and consists of Parts A, B and C and a Supplemental Application Information (Parts D, E, F and G) packet. All applicants must complete Parts A, B and C. Some applicants must also complete parts of the Supplemental Application Information packet. The following items explain which parts of Form B2 you must complete. Submittal of an incomplete application may result in the application being returned.

#### **BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION**

- A. Basic application information for all applicants. All applicants must complete Part A.
- B. Additional application information for all applicants. All applicants must complete Part B.
- C. Certification. All applicants must complete Part C.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL APPLICATION INFORMATION

- D. Expanded Effluent Testing Data. A treatment works that discharges effluent to surface water of the United States and meets one or more of the following criteria must complete Part D Expanded Effluent Testing Data:
  - 1. Has a design flow rate greater than or equal to 1 million gallons per day.
  - 2. Is required to have or currently has a pretreatment program.
  - 3. Is otherwise required by the permitting authority to provide the information.
- E. Toxicity Testing Data. A treatment works that meets one or more of the following criteria must complete Part E Toxicity Testing Data:
  - Has a design flow rate greater than or equal to 1 million gallors per day.
  - 2. Is required to have or currently has a pretreatment program.
  - 3. Is otherwise required by the permitting authority to provide the information.
- F. Industrial User Discharges and Resource Conservation and Recovery Act / Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act Wastes. A treatment works that accepts process wastewater from any significant industrial users, also known as SIUs, or eceives a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act or CERCLA wastes must complete Part F Industrial User Discharges and Resource Conservation and Recovery Act /CERCLA Wastes.

SIUs are defined as:

- All Categorical Industrial Users or CIUs, subject to Categorical Pretreatment Standards under 40 Code of Federal Regulations 403.6 and 40 Code of Federal Regulations 403.6 and 40 CFR Chapter 1, Subchapter N.
- Any other industrial user that meets one or more of the following:
  - Discharges an average of 25,000 gallons per day or more of process wastewater to the treatment works (with certain exclusions).
  - ii. Contributes a process waste stream that makes up 5%or more of the average dry weather hydraulic or organic capacity of the treatment plant.
  - iii. Is designated as an SIU by the control authority.
  - iv. Is otherwise required by the permitting authority to provide the information.
- G. Combined Sewer Systems. A treatment works that has a combined sewer system must complete Part G -Combined Sewer Systems.

#### ALL APPLICANTS MUST COMPLETE PARTS A, B and C